63003A1-1/53



Complete Directions for Use

EPA Reg. No. 524-537

AVOID CONTACT OF HEABICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS).

DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Herbicide for Roundup Ready Crops.

Selective broad-spectrum weed control in Roundup Ready crops. Non-selective, broad-spectrum weed control for many cropping systems, farmsleads and Conservation Reserve Program acres.



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Not all products recommended on this tabet are registered for use in California. Check the registration status of each product in California before using.

Read the entire label before using this product.

Use only according to label instructions.

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" statement at the end of the label before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION. SEE INDIVIDUAL CONTAINER LABEL FOR REPACKAGING LIMITATIONS.

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1.0 INGREDIENTS

**Contains 660 grams per litre or 5.5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its potassium salt. Equivalent to 540 grams per litre or 4.5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

This product is projected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,688,085 and 6,365,551. Other patents pending. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

2.0 IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS

- FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION OR ASSISTANCE IN USING THIS PRODUCT, CALL TOLL-FREE.
 1-800-332-3111.
- IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS HERBICIDE PRODUCT, OR FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL COLLECT, DAY OR NIGHT.

(314)-694-4000.

INGREDIENTS

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3.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

3.1 Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION!

CAUSES MODERATE EYE IRRITATION. HARMFUL IF INHALED.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.

FIRST AID:	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
	Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye.
IF ON SKIN	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
IF INHALED	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. This product is identified as Roundup WEATHERMAX™ herbicide, EPA Registration No. 524-537. You may also contact (314) 594-4000, collect day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater, composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment), if no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other taundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 [d] (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

- · Users should:
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using lobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside.
 Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

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3.2 Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

3.3 Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product can only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label or in separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions perfaming to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (RPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted. Under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plaints, soil or water, is: coveralls, shoes plus socks and chemical resistant, gloves (CPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 milis in thickness of greater composed of materials, such as butyl rubber, natural; nubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried to prevent transfer of this product onto desirable vegetation.

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GENERAL INFORMATION 10. 4.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodsfulfs, leed or seed by storage or disposal.

Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state, or local procedures.

Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

See container label for STORAGE AND DISPOSAL instructions.

5.0 GENERAL INFORMATION (How this product works)

Product Description: This product is a postemergent, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is generally non-selective and gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field-type sprayers after dilution and thorough mixing with water or other carriers according to label instructions.

Do not add surfactants, additives containing surfactants, buffering agents or pH adjusting agents to the spray solution when Roundup WEATHERMAX herbicide is the only pesticide used unless otherwise directed. Ammonium sulfate, drift control additives, or dyes and colorants may be used. See the "MIXING" section of this label for instructions.

Time to Symptoms: This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4

days, but on most perennial weeds may not occur for 7 days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms. Visible effects are a gradual willing and yellowing of the plant which advances to complete browning of above-ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

Stage of Weeds: Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when treatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" for recommendations for specific weeds.

Always use the higher rate of this product per acre within the recommended range when weed growth is heavy or dense or weeds are growing in an undisturbed (noncultivated) area.

Do not treat weeds with disease or insect damage, as reduced weed control may result. Reduced results may also occur when treating weeds under poor growing conditions or that are heavily covered with dust.

Cultural Considerations: Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed, or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

Raintastness: Heavy raintall soon after application may wash this product off of the foliage and a repeat application may be required for adequate control.

Spray Coverage: For best results, spray coverage should be uniform and complete, Do not spray weed toliage to the point of runoff.

Mode of Action: The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme found only in plants and microorganisms that is essential to formation of specific amino acids.

No Soil Activity: Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by this product. Weeds germi-

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GENERAL INFORMATION 12

nating from seed after application will not be controlled. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground thizomes or root stocks of perennials will not be affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow.

Biological Degradation: Degradation of this product is primarily a biological process carried out by soil microbes.

Tank Mixing: This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control, follow a label-approved herbicide program. Read and carefully observe the cautionary slatements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly recommended in this labeling. Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials may result in reduced performance.

Annual Maximum Use Rate: Except as otherwise specified in a crop section of this label, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 5.3 quarts of this product per acre per year. For applications in non-crop sites or in tree, vine, or shrub crops, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 7 quarts of this product per acre per year. The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active lagredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences.

6.0 MIXING

Use the following conversion table to help determine application rates of Roundup WEATHERMAX herbicide based on commonly used rates of Roundup Original** and Roundup UltraMAX** herbicides.

NOW EVEN I Roundup WEAT	MORE CON IERMAX COM	CENTRATED VERSION TABLE
Roundup WEATHERMAX (Ounces)	Roundup UltraMAX (Ounces)	Roundup Original (Ounces)
16	20	24
22	26	32
27	32	40
32	40	48

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Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

NOTE: REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED, SUCH AS VISIBLY MUDDY WATER OR WATER FROM PONDS AND DITCHES THAT IS NOT CLEAR

6.1 Mixing with Water

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the recommended amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix well. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or mini-

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mize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by-pass and return fines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent.

6.2 Tank Mixing Procedure

Mix labeled tank mixtures of this product with water as follows:

- Place a 20- to 35-mesh screen or wetting basket over filling port.
- Through the screen, fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start agitation.
- If ammonium suttate is used add it slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation. Ensure that dry ammonium suttate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding other products.
- If a wettable powder is used, make a slurry with the water carrier, and add it SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agilation.
- If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water. Add diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- If an emulsiliable concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water. Add diluted mixture slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- Continue filling the spray tank with water and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
- Add individual termulations to the spray tank as follows: wettable powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, drift control additive and water soluble liquid.

Maintain good agilation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle,

thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

Keep by-pass line on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh.

Always predetermine the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Refer to the "Tank Mixing" section of "GENERAL INFORMA-TION" for additional precautions.

6.3 Mixing for Hand-Held Sprayers

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

Spray Solution

Desired	Desired Amount of Roundup WEATHERMAX					
Volume	0.4%	0.7%	1%	1.5%	4%	7%
1 gal	Q.5 oz	1 07	1.3 02	2 07	5 oz	9 oz
25 gal	0.8 pt	0.7 qt	1 qt	1,5 qt	4 q!	7 qt
100 oat	1.6 ot	2.8 ot	t gal	1.5 gal	4 oai	7 gat

2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

for use in knapsack sprayers, it is suggested that the recommended amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

6.4 Ammonium Sulfate

The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product, particularly under hard water conditions, drought conditions or when tank

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VIXING 16

mixed with certain residual herbicides, on annual and perennial weeds. The equivalent rate of ammonium sullate in a liquid formulation may also be used. Ensure that dry ammonium sullate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion.

NOTE: When using ammonium sultate, apply this product at rates recommended in this label. Lower rates will result in reduced performance.

6.5 Colorants or Dyes

Agriculturally approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilutions. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

6.6 Drift Control Additives

Drift control additives may be used with all equipment types, except wiper applicators, sponge bars and Controlled Broplet Applicator (CDA) equipment. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label. The use of drift control additives can affect spray coverage which may result in reduced performance.

7.0 APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

On not apply this product through any type of irrigation system

This product may be applied with the following application equipment:

Aerial-Fixed Wing and Helicopter

Ground Broadcast Spray—Boom or boomless systems, pull-type sprayer, floaters, pick-up sprayers, spray coupes and other ground broadcast equipment.

Hand-Held or High-Volume Spray Equipment—Knapsack and backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwands, mistblowers*, lances and other hand-held and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto weed foliage.

*This product is not registered in California or Arizona for use in mistolowers.

Selective Equipment—Recirculating sprayers, shielded and hooded sprayers, wiper applicators and sponge bars.

Injection Systems-Aerial or ground injection sprayers.

Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA)—Hand-held or boommounted applicators which produce a spray consisting of a narrow range of droplet sizes.

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

7.1 Aerial Equipment

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THIS LABEL.

Use the recommended rates of this herbicide in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified on this label. Unless otherwise specified, do not exceed 22 fluid ounces per acre. Refer to the individual use area sections of this label for recommended volumes, application rates, and further instructions.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA OR SPECIFIC COUNTIES THEREIN, OR IN ARKANSAS, REFER TO THE FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL FOR AERIAL APPLICA-

TIONS IN THAT STATE OR COUNTY FOR SPECIFIC IN-STRUCTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS.

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

Ensure uniform application—To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-larget drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops.

- The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward, parallet with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperty, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see the "Wind", "Temperature and Humidity", and "Temperature Inversions" sections of this label).

Controlling Droplet Size

- Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with the higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure: Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream, will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using lowdrift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.
- Boom length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application height: Applications should not be made at a
 height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest
 plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.
 Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces
 the exposure of the droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind, Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.).

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 miles per hour. However, many factors, including droptet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 miles per hour due to variable wind direction and high inversion.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT 20

potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drill.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The product should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

Aircraft Maintenance

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART, LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint), which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413, may prevent corrosion.

7.2 Ground Broadcast Equipment

Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzles to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat spray nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

7.3 Hand-Held or High-Volume Equipment

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For applications made on a spray-to-wet basis, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff. Use coarse sprays only. For recommended rates and timing, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS—HAND-HELD OR HIGH-VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section of this product label.

7.4 Selective Equipment

This product may be applied through recirculating spray systems, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars, after dilution and thorough mixing with water, to listed weeds growing in any non-crop site specified on this label.

In cropping systems, hooded sprayers, shielded sprayers, and wipers may be used in row middles (in between rows of crop plants) where any dripping or leaking will not contact crop foliage. Such equipment must be capable of preventing all crop contact with herbicide solutions and operated without leakage of spray mists or dripping onto crop. Wipers over-the-top of crops may be used only when specifically recommended in this product's labeling.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators used above desirable vegetation should be adjusted so that the lowest spray stream or wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Applications made above the crops should be made when the weeds are a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatment may be necessary.

Recirculating Spray System

A recirculating spray system directs the spray solution ento weeds growing above desirable vegetation, white spray solution not intercepted by weeds is collected and returned to the spray tank for reuse.

Shielded and Hooded Applicators

When applied under the conditions described in the following paragraphs for shielded and hooded applications, this product at recommended rates will control those weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" sections of this label. A hooded sprayer is a type of shielded applicator where the spray pattern is fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back, thereby shielding the crop from the spray solution. Keep shields on these sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegetation. When applying to crops grown on raised beds, ensure that the hood is designed to completely enclose the spray solution. If necessary, extend the front and rear flaps of the hoods to reach the ground in deep furrows, EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

This equipment must be set up and operated in a manner that avoids bouncing or raising the hoods off the ground in any way. If the hoods are raised, spray particles may escape and come into contact with the crop, causing damage or destruction of the crop. Avoid operation on rough or sloping ground where the spray hoods might be raised off the ground.

Use hoods designed to minimize excessive dripping or runoff down the insides of the hoods. A single, low pressure/ low drift flat-fan nozzle with an 80 to 95 degree spray angle positioned at the top center of the hood is recommended. Spray volume should be 20-30 gallons per acre.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENTS 23

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7.6 CDA Equipment

างใจดาเดิม ริงิสเธิเมื่อ" product with the concentrate of other products when using prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this systems. It may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted This product may be used in serial or ground injection spray

7.5 Injection Systems

applicators." percent of this product in water may be used in panel wiper

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Apply this solution to weeds listed above in this section. from 33 to 75 percent of this product in water may be used. Far Rope or Spange Wick Applicalars—Salutions ranging

Do not add surfactant to the herbicide solution.

product by thoroughly flushing with water solutions. Clean wiper parts immediately after using this period, as reduced activity may result from use of leftover

Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a 1-day

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

and of a wiper applicator. ping on the lower and and drying of the wicks on the upper

Keep wiping surtaces clean. Be aware that, on sloping ground, the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripheight of applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds. feuibA noiselagav alderiabb onto eniopin to agastable biova obtained if two applications are made in opposite directions. ensure adequate wiper saturation. Better results may be

by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to greater than 5 miles per hour. Performance may be improved vegetation. Operate this equipment at ground speeds no prevent the herbicide solution from confacting desirable

Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to

priate amounts of this product directly onto the weed. Wiger applicators are devices that physically wipe appro-

Canada thistle, musk thistle, vaseygrass, velvetleat.

redroot pigweed, giant ragweed, smutgrass, sunflower, disas' joursondisas' milkweed, silverleaf nightshade,

weed, Bermudagrass, hemp dogbane, dogfennel, guineaand SUPPRESSES many weeds including Florida beggatshattercane, sicklepod, spanishneedtes and bristly starbur; including volunteer corn, Texas panicum, common tye, ing paragraphs, this product CONTROLS many weeds, When applied under the conditions described in the follow-

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crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction. foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds

Leaner Deseats ans · Use low-drift nozzles that provide unitorm coverage within

mumixeM • Maximum wind speed: 10 miles per hour.

ing of the spray hoods.

Maximum fractor speed: 5 miles per hour to avoid bouncunion width of the spray bood should be 30 inches.

For example, if the crop row width is 38 inches, the maxi-· Leave at least an 8-inch uniteated strip over the drill row.

ming across the ground. · The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimtypese bloccontes will tegrice the botential for ctob infath:

equipment. For vehicte-mounted CDA equipment, apply 2 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

For the control of annual weeds with hand-held CDA units, apply a 20 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 miles per hour (1 quart per acre). For the control of perennial weeds. apply a 20 to 30 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 miles per hour (2 to 3 quarts per acre).

Controlled droplet application equipment produces a spray pattern that is not easily visible. Extreme care must be exercised to avoid spray or drift-contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage or destruction may result

8.0 ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (Alphabetical)

NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED CROPS WITHIN SECTION 8 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW, SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PRE-HARVEST INTERVALS, AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label or separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling for instructions for treating Roundup Ready crops.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Hooded Sprayers in Row-Middles, Shielded Sprayers in Row-Middles, Wiper Applicators in Row-Middles, and Post-Harvest treatments.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS:

Apply this product during fallow intervals preceding planting, prior to planting or transplanting, at-planting, or pre-

emergent to annual and perennial crops listed in this label, except where specifically limited. For any crop not listed in this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Unless otherwise specified, weed control applications may be made according to the rates listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" in this label. Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 5.3 quarts per acre per year.

Post-directed hooded sprayers and wiper equipment capable of preventing all crop contact with herbicide solutions may be used in mulched or unmulched row middles after crop establishment. Where specifically noted below, wipers may also be used above certain crops to control tall weeds. Refer to the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label for essential precautions when using hooded sprayers or wipers to avoid crop injury caused by leakage of spray mists or dripping onto crops. Crop injury is possible with these applications and shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

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The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at-planting applications applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Broadcast applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. Unless otherwise specified in

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this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

In crops where spot treatments are allowed, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the larget area for the same reason.

For broadcast postemergent treatments, do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application, unless otherwise specified.

8.1 Cereal and Grain Crops

LABELEO CROPS: Barley, Buckwheat, Millet (pearl, proso), Oats, Rice, Rye, Ouinoa, Teff, Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat (all types), Wild Rice.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat rice fields or levees when field contains water.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice, Spot Treatment (except Rice), Wiper Applications Over-the-Top (Feed Barley and Wheat only), Preharvest (Feed Barley and Wheat only).

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting of cereal crops. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 32 Illuid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Flush fields prior to application to obtain uniform germination and stand of red

rice. Make application when the majority of the red rice plants are in the 2-leaf stage and no more than 4 inches tall. Red rice plants with less than 2 true leaves may be only partially controlled.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid spraying during low humidity conditions, as reduced control may result. Do not treat rice fields or levees when the fields contain floodwater. Do not re-flood treated fields for 8 days following application.

Spot Treatment (except Rice)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in cereal crops. Apply this product before heading in small grains.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Oo not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Wiper Applications Over-the-Top (Feed Barley and Wheat only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Wiper applications may be used in feed barley and wheat. To control common rye or cereal rye, apply after the weeds have headed and achieved maximum growth, and when the rye is at least 6 inches above the wheat crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 35 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators.

Preharvest (Feed Barley and Wheat only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of feed barley or wheat, for wheat, apply after the hard-dough stage of grain (30 percent or less grain moisture). For feed barley, apply after the hard-dough stage and when the grain contains 20 percent moisture or less. Stubble may be grazed immediately after harvest

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This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. For ground applications, apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

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PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Allow 7 days between application and harvest or grazing. Preharvest application is not recommended for wheat or barley grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Posi-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of cereal crops. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting the next crop. Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

8.2 Corn

TYPES OF CORN: Field Corn, Seed Corn, Silage Corn, Sweet Corn and Popcorn.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Preharvest.

For Roundup Ready corn, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting corn. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

2,4-D
Aimim
Atrazine
Atrazine
Balance™
Balance™
Bicep MAGNUM™
Bicep II MAGNUM™
Bulle™
Degree™
Degree™
Dual MAGNUM™
Dual MAGNUM™
Epic™

Frontier^{IM}/OutlookTM
FultimeTM
GuardsmanTM/LeadotfTM
Harness XIra
Harness XIra 5.6L
LariatSM
LassoSM/Alachlor
LinexTM/LoroxTM
MarksmanTM
Micro-TechSM
PythonTM
Simazine
TopNotchTM

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signal-grass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 22 fluid ounces per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 16 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 22 to 32 fluid ounces when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS, Applications of 2,4-D or dicamba must be made at least 7 days prior to planting corn.

For Southern states, do not apply in nitrogen solutions to tough-to-control grasses such as barnyardgrass, fall panicum, broadleaf signalgrass, annual ryegrass and any perennial weeds. The area covered by this recommendation includes from Route 50 South in Illinois and Indiana and the following states: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oktahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia.

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Hooded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of corn. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instruction for the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Corn must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator. Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre for each application and no more than 84 fluid ounces per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to silking of corn.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Oo not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Proharvect

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed). For ground applications, apply up to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre. For aerial applications, apply up to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest. Preharvest application is not recommended for corn grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

8.3 Cotton

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Selective Equipment, Spot Trealment, Preharvest.

For Roundup Ready cotton, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this labet.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before during or after planting cotton. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

Hooded Sprayer, Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied through hooded sprayers, recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators or wiper applicators in cotton. Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to boll opening of cotton.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop

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receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control and cotton regrowth inhibition when applied prior to harvest of cotton. For weed control, apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" sections of this label. For cotton regrowth inhibition, apply 11 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

Up to 44 fluid ounces of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. Apply after sufficient bolls have developed to produce the desired yield of cotton. Applications made prior to this time could affect maximum yield potential.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with DEFTM 6, FolexTM, Ginstar, or PrepTM to provide additional enhancement of cotton leaf drop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. Preharvest application is not recommended for cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

8.4 Fallow Systems

LABELED CROPS: This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop on this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Aid-to-Tillage.

Chemical Fallow

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this labet. This product may be used as a substitute

for tillage to control annual weeds in fallow fields. Also, broadcast or spot treatments will control or suppress many perennial weeds in fallow fields. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used. Applications up to 44 fluid ounces per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent crops.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Do not apply dicamba tank mixtures by air in California.

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Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba is applied within 45 days of planting.

Preplant Fallow Beds

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to fallow beds prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 3D days prior to planting. This product will control weeds fisted in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" sections of this label.

TANK MIXTURES: In addition, 8 fluid ounces of this product plus 2 to 3 fluid ounces of GoalTM 2XL per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 3 inches-common cheeseweed, chickweed, groundsel; 6 inches-London rocket, shepherd's purse.

11 fluid ounces of this product plus 2 to 3 fluid ounces of Goal 2XL per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6 inches-common cheeseweed, groundsel, marestail (Conyza canadensis), 12 inches-chickweed, London rocket, shepherd's-purse.

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Aid-to-Tillage

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in conjunction with tillage practices in fallow systems or preplant to labeled crops to control downy brome, cheat, volunteer wheat, tansy mustard and loxtail. Apply 8 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Make applications before weeds are 6 inches in height. Application must be followed by conventional tillage practices no later than 15 days after treatment and before regrowth occurs. Allow at least 1 day after application before tillage.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Tank mixtures with residual herbicides may result in reduced performance.

8.5 Grain Sorghum (Milo)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Applications, Preharvest.

Preplant, Preemergence, Al-Planling

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in tank-mixture before, during or after planting grain sorghum. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre

Atrazine

Larial

Bicep II MAGNUM

Lasso

8ullet

Micro-Tech

Dual II MAGNUM

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signal-grass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 22 fluid ounces per acre

in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 16 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 22 to 32 fluid ounces when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, the use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.

Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Applications

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in grain sorghum. Make spot treatments before heading of millo. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "Wiper Applicators" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label.

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PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

For wiper applicators, allow at least 40 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators. Do not feed or graze treated milo fodder. Do not ensile treated vegetation.

Hooded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of milo. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instruction for the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.

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PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Millo must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Treat before millo sends tillers between the drill rows. It such tillers are contacted with the spray solution, the main plant may be killed. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the application. Do not graze or feed milo forage or fodder following applications of this product through hooded sprayers. Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre per application and no more than 64 fluid ounces per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Make applications at 30 percent grain moisture or less.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 44 stuid ounces of this product per acre. As with other herbicides that cause sudden plant death, avoid preharvest applications of this product to mile infected with charcoal rot as lodging can occur. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of sorghum. Preharvest application is not recommended for sorghum grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur. The use of this product for preharvest grain sorghum (mile) is not registered in California.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of grain sorghum. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

This product may be applied to grain sorghum (mile) stubble following harvest to suppress or control regrowth. Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre for control, or 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre for suppression.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

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8.6 Herbs and Spices

LABELED CROPS: Allspice, Angelica, Star anise, Annatto (seed), Balm, Basil, Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper buds, Caraway, Black caraway, Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried), Chive, Chinese chive, Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander leaf (cilantro or chinese parsley), Coriander seed (cilantro), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Culantro (seed), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (diliweed), Dill (seed), Epazote, Fennel seed (common and Florence), Fenugreek, White ginger flower, Grains of paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf and seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (including oregano), Mexican oregano, Mioga flower, Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper (black and white), Pepper leaves, Peppermint, Perilla, Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Sattron, Sage, Savory (summer and winter), Spearmint, Stevia leaves, Sweet bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Peppermint and Spearmint only), Spot Treatments (Peppermint and Spearmint only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mutch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinker system.

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Over-the-Top Wiper Applications, Spot Treatments (Peppermint and Spearmint only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a spot treatment or wiper application in spearmint and peppermint. Apply spot freatments on a spray-to-wet basis with handheld equipment, such as backpack and knapsack sprayers. pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, hand-wands or any other hand-held or motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray solution to a limited area. In wiper applications, the applicator should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the crop. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches taller than the crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest. Further applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals. In spot treatment applications, no more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested should be treated at one time. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for this reason. In wiper applications, contact of the herbicide solution with the crop may result in damage or destruction.

8.7 Oil Seed Crops

LABELED CROPS: Borage, Bulfalo gourd (seed), Canola, Crambe, Flax, Jojoba, Lesquerella, Meadowtoam, Mustard (seed). Rape, Sattlower, Sesame, Sunflower.

For Roundup Ready canola, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting oil seed crops. Broadcast applications must be made prior to emergence of the listed oil seed crops. Wiper applicators or hooded sprayers may be used between the rows once the crop is established.

TANK MIXTURES: For sunflowers, a tank mixture with Providence may be applied before, during or after planting in conventional tillage systems, into a cover crop, established sod or in previous crop residue.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre on canola. Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre for sunflowers as a single preplant or preemergent application per year. Do not feed or graze sunflower forage following application of this product.

2.8 Soybeans

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Preharvest, Selective Equipment,

For Roundup Ready soybeans, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting soybeans. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

Aim™ Dual II MAGNUM Amplify?# Firstrate** Assure IIIM Flexstariu Authority** Frontier^{1M}/Outlook^{1M} Boundary Fusion™ Сапорутм Gauntlet** Сапору ХЕТМ Lasso Commandia Linexia Command Xira™ Lorox/Linuran Domain^{IM}

Lorox Plustu Dual MAGNUM Micro-Tech

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Prowl Pursuil™ Sencor^{an}/Lexone^{ra} Squadron***

Pursuit Plus Reflex***

Steeliu Valorim

Scepter 1M This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-0 or 2,4-0B. See the 2,4-D label for intervals between application and plant-

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum. barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 22 fluid ounces per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 16 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 22 to 32 fluid ounces when weeds are over 6 inches tall.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Tank-mixtures with some of the above listed herbicides may result in reduced weed control due to antagonism. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the product labels, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately for all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive directions for each product in the mixture.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to initial pod set in soybeans.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans.

Apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES".

This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. Apply after pods have set and lost all green color. Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts per acre of this product for preharvest applications. Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces per acre of this product by air. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of soybeans. Do not graze or harvest treated hay or fodder for livestock feed within 25 days of last preharvest application. (If the application rate is 22 fluid ounces per acre or lower, the grazing restriction is reduced to 14 days after last preharvest application.) Preharvest application is not recommended for soybeans grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied through recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars in soybeans. Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

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8.9 Sugarcane

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus Spot Treatment.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied in or around sugarcane fields or in fields prior to the emergence

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply to vegetation in or around ditches, canals or ponds containing water to be used for irrigation.

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Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in sugarcane. For control of volunteer or diseased sugarcane, make a 1 percent solution of this product in water and spray-to-wet the foliage of vegetation to be controlled. Volunteer or diseased sugarcane should have at least 7 new leaves.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid spray contact with healthy cane plants since severe damage or destruction may result. Do not feed or graze treated sugarcane foliage following application.

Fallow Treatments

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a replacement for tillage in fields that are lying fallow between sugarcane crops. This product may also be used to remove the last stubble of ration cane. For removal of last stubble of ration cane, apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to new growth having at least 7 new leaves. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Applications up to 64 fluid ounces per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent crops. Tank mixtures wilh 2.4-0 and dicamba may be used.

Hooded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of sugarcane. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional use instructions.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not allow treated weeds to come into contact with the crop. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on the crop may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction, Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

8.10 Vegetable Crops

NOTE: THIS "VEGETABLE CROPS" SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTEO VEGETABLE CROPS WITHIN SECTION 8.10 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

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TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, Preemergence, Prior to Transplanting Vegetables, At-Planting, Hooded Sprayers in Row-Middles, Shielded Sprayers in Row-Middles, Wiper Applications in Row-Middles, and Post-Harvest, Directed Applications (non-bearing Ginseng), Over-the-Top Wipers (Rutabagas only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system. Care should be taken to insure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. In crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles should be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this

CROPS 45

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product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this tabel for additional information.

8.10.1 Brassica Vegetables

LABELEO CROPS: Broccoli, Chinese broccoti (gai lon), Broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy), Chinese cabbage (napa), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), Caulittower, Cavato broccolo, Collards, Kate, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens.

8.10.2 Bulb Vegetables

LABELEO CROPS: Garlic, Great-headed garlic, Leek, Onion (dry bulb and green), Welsh onion, Shallot.

8.10.3 Cucurbit Vegetables and Fruits

LABELED CROPS: Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible gourd (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), Melons (all), Momordica spp (includes batsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmeton (includes cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey ball meton, mango melon, Persian meton, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon), Pumpkin, Summer squash (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, cegetable marrow, zucchini), Winter squash (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, spaghetti squash), Watermelon.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Cantaloupe, Casaba melon, Crenshaw melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourds, Honeydev melon, Honey ball melon, Mango melon, Melons (all), Muskmelon, Persian melon, Pumpkin, Squash (summer, winter), and Watermelon, allow at least 3 days between application and planting.

8.10.4 Leafy Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Amaranth (Chinese spinach), Arugula (roquette), Beet greens, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese celery, Cettuce, Chaya, Chervil, Edibte-teaved chrysanthemum, Garland chrysanthemum, Corn salad, Cress (garden and upland), Dandellon, Dock (sorrel), Dokudami, Endive (escarole), Florence tennel, Gow kee, Lettuce (head and teat), Orach, Parsiey, Pursiane (garden and winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach, New Zealand spinach, Vine spinach, Swiss chard, Watercress (upland), Water spinach.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Watercress, avoid applications within 3 days prior to seeding and during the period between seeding and emergence to minimize the risk of injury.

8.10.5 Fruiting Vegetables

LABELEO CROPS: Eggplant, Groundcherry (Physalis spp), Pepino, Pepper (includes belt pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), Tomatillo, Tomato.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Eggptant, Ground cherry, Pepper (all), and Tomatillo, allow at least 3 days between application and planting. For Tomato, do not make hooded or shielded sprayer applications in row middles because of the potential for crop injury.

CROPS: 42-47.

10.6 Legume Vegetables (succulent or dried)

LABELED CROPS: Bean (Lupinus: includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin), Bean (Phaseolus: includes field bean, kidney bean, fima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean. wax bean). Bean (Vigna: includes adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, callang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean). Broad bean (fava), Chickpea (garbanzo), Guar, Jackbean, Lablab bean, Lentil, Pea (Pisum: includes dwarf pea, edible-podded pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snowpea, sugar snap pea), Pigeon pea, Soybean (immature seed). Sword bean.

8.10.7 Root and Tuber Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, Beet (garden), Burdock, Canna, Carrot, Cassava (bitter and sweet), Celeriac, Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip-rooted), Chicory, Chula, Dasheen (taro), Galangal, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Kava (turnip-rooted), Parsley (turnip-rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Oriental radish, Rutabaga, Salsify, Black salsify, Spanish salsify, Skirret, Sweet potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Turnip, Wasabi

Directed Applications (Non-bearing Ginseng only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used for general weed control in established non-bearing ginseng. Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA. shielded sprayers, hand-held and high volume wands. lances, and orchard guns or with wiper application equip-

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Direct applications so that there is no contact of this product with the ginseng plant, Applications must be made at least one year prior to harvest.

Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Bulabagas only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS; Wiper applicators may be used overthe-top of rutabagas.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 14 days between application and harvest of rulabagas.

8.11 Miscellaneous Crops

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LABELED CROPS: Aloe vera, Asparagus, Bamboo shoots, Globe artichoke, Okra, Peanut (ground nut), Pineapple, Strawberry, Sugar beet.

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TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: General Weed Control, Site Preparation, Spot Treatment (Asparagus).

For Roundup Ready sugar beets, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. In crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles should be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See

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APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

General Weed Control, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for general weed control or for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting crops listed in this section.

PRECAUTIONS; RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system. Care should be taken to insure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Do not apply within a week before the first asparagus spears emerge. Do not feed or graze treated pineapple forage following application.

Spot Treatment (Asparagus)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied immediately after cutting, but prior to the emergence of new spears.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Do not harvest within 5 days of treatment.

Post-Harvesi (Asparagus)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after the last harvest and all spears have been removed. If spears are allowed to regrow, detay application until terms have developed. Delayed treatments should be applied as a directed or shielded spray in order to avoid contact of the spray with terns, stems or spears.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Direct contact of the spray with the asparagus may result in serious crop injury. Select

and use recommended types of spray equipment for postemergence post-harvest applications. A directed spray is any application where the spray pattern is aligned in such a way as to avoid direct contact of the spray with the crop. A shielded spray is any application where a physical barrier is positioned and maintained between the spray and the crop to prevent contact of spray with the crop.

.0 TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS (Alphabetical)

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NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED THEE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS WITHIN SECTION 9 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant (Site Preparation) Broadcast Sprays, General Weed Control, Middles (between rows of trees, vines or bushes). Strips (within rows of trees, vines or bushes). Selective Equipment (shielded sprayers, wiper treatments), Directed Sprays, Spot Treatments, Perennial Grass Suppression, Cut Stump.

Applications may be made with boom equipment, COA equipment, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high-volume wands, lances, orchard guns or with wiper applicator equip-

ment, except as directed. GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied in middles (between rows of trees or vines), strips (within rows of trees or vines), and for general weed control or perennial grass suppression in established tree fruit and nut groves, orchards, berries, and vineyards. It may also be used for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting these crops. Apply 11 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts per acre according to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS

TREE AND VINE CROPS

RATE TABLES" sections of this label. Utilize rates at the higher end of the recommended rate range when weeds are stressed, growing in dense populations or are greater than 12 inches tall. Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 7 quarts per acre per year.

The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other phyphosate or sulfasate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Extreme care must be exercised to avoid contact of herbicide solution. spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of trunk, branches, suckers, fruit or other parts of trees, canes and vines. Avoid applications when recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury has occurred. Contact of this product with other than matured brown bark can result in serious crop damage or destruction. Only shielded or directed sprayers may be used in crops with potential for crop contact, and then only where there is sufficient clearance. For applications in strips (within rows of trees), only selective equipment (directed sprays, hooded sprayers, shielded applicators, or wipers) should be used to minimize the potential for leakage or drift of herbicide sprays onto crop. For berry crops, hooded or shielded sprayers must be fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back. Only wipers or shielded applicators capable of preventing all contact with crop may be used. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional directions and precautions.

Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and transolanting.

Middles (between rows)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control or suppress annual and perennial weeds and ground covers growing between the rows of labeled tree and vine crops. If weeds are under drought stress, irrigate prior to application. Reduced control may result if weeds have been mowed prior to application.

TANK MIXTURES: A Lank mixture of this product plus Goal 2XL may be used for annual weeds in middles between rows of citrus crops, tree fruits, tree nuts and vine crops. This mixture is recommended when weeds are stressed or growing in dense populations. 11 to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus 3 to 12 fluid ounces per acre of Goal 2XL will control annual weeds with a maximum height or diameter of 6 inches, including crabgrass, common groundsel. junglerice, common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, London rocket, common ryegrass, shepherd's-purse, annual sowthistle, filaree (suppression), horseweed/marestail, stinging nettle and common purstane (suppression). 11 to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus 3 to 12 fluid ounces per acre of Goal 2XL will control common cheeseweed (malva) or hairy fleabane with a maximum height or diameter of 3 inches.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied in rows of tree or vine crops in tank mixtures with the following

btooners.	Simazine 4L
Devrino(TM 50 DF	Simazine 80V
DirexTM 4L	sim-Tre!™4\
Goal 2XL	Solicam TM DF
Karmex ^{IM} DF	Surllan™ AS
Krovar I	Surflan 75W
Provi	

Princep Caliber M 90 Do not apply these lank mixtures in Puerto Rico.

Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rales, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

Perennial Grass Suppression

This product will suppress perennial grasses such as bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, tall fescue, orchardgrass, Kentucky bluegrass, and quackgrass that are grown as ground covers in tree and vine crops.

For suppression of tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass and quackgrass, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

For suppression of Kentucky bluegrass covers, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Do not add ammonium sulfate.

For best results, mow cool season grass covers in the spring to even their height and apply this product 3 to 4 days after

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 25 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up or after moving to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 3 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 3 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

For burndown of Bermudagrass, apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Use this treatment only if reduction of the Bermudagrass stand can be tolerated. When burndown is required prior to harvest, allow at least 21 days to ensure sufficient time for burndown

For suppression of Bermudagrass, apply 4 to 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre east of the Rocky Mountains

and 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre west of the Rocky Mountains. Apply in a total spray volume of 3 to 20 gallons per acre, no sooner than 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up. If the Bermudagrass is mowed prior to application, maintain a minimum of 3 inches in height. Sequential applications may be made when regrowth occurs and Bermudagrass injury and stand reduction can be tolerated. East of the Rocky Mountains, rates of 4 to 7 fluid ounces of this product per acre should be used in shaded conditions or where a lesser degree of suppression is desired.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Cut stump applications of this product may be made during site preparation or site renovation, prior to transplanting tree crops. This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of tree species, some of which are listed below.

Citrus Trees: Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (Tangerine). Orange (all), Pummelo, Tangelo, Tangor.

Fruit Trees: Apple, Apricot, Cherry (sweet, sour), Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Neclarine, Olive, Peach, Pear, Plum/Prune

Nut Trees: Almond, Beechnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory Nut, Macadamia, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut (black, English).

Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance, For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT MAKE CUT STUMP APPLICATIONS WHEN THE ROOTS OF ADJACENT

TREE AND VINE CROPS

DESIRABLE TREES MAY BE GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP. INJURY RESULTING FROM ROOT GRAFT-ING MAY OCCUR IN ADJACENT TREES. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

9.1 Berry Crops

LABELED CROPS: Blackberry (including bingleberry, black satin berry, boysenberry, Cherokee blackberry, chesterberry, Cheyenne blackberry, coryberry, darrowberry, dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, Himalayaberry, hullberry, juneberry, lavacaberry, lowberry, lucretiaberry, marionberry, nectarberry, olallieberry, Oregon evergreen berry, phenomenaberry, rangeberry, ravenberry, rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, and youngberry), Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Saial.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus Spot Treatment in Granberry Production and Post-Harvest Treatments in Cranberry Production.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: To avoid damage, herbicide sprays must not be allowed to contact desirable vegetation, including green shoots, canes, or foliage. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest in crantion and harvest in other berry crops. Do not make directed sprays within the cranberry bush areas prior to berry harvest.

Spot Treatment in Cranberry Production

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Spot treatments may be used to control weeds growing in dry ditches (interior and perimeter) of cranberry production areas. Hand-held sprayers or other appropriate application equipment listed under "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" in this label may be

used. Drop water level to remove standing water in ditches prior to application. In hand-held sprayers, use 1 to 1.5 percent solution of this product. Spray to wet vegetation, not to run-off

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For treatments after draw down of water in dry ditches, allow 2 or more days after treatment before reintroduction of water to achieve maximum weed control. Apply this product within 1 day after draw down to ensure application to actively growing weeds. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest of cranberries. Do not apply this material through the irrigation system: Do not make applications by air. Do not apply directly to water. Use nozzles that emit medium to large-sized droplets to minimize drift in order to avoid crop injury.

Post-Harvest Treatments in Cranberry Production

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Application of this product may be made after the harvest of cranberries to control weeds growing within the field. Best results will be obtained if applications are made to vines that appear dormant (after they have turned red). Hand held sprayers, wipers, or other appropriate application equipment listed under "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" in this label may be used. If using hand-held sprayers, use a 0.4 to 0.7 percent solution of this product. Spray to wet vegetation, not to run-off. If using hand-held boom sprayers, apply 44 to 86 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Make applications only alter cranberries have been harvested. Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total bog. Allow a minimum of 6 months after last application and next harvest of cranberries. Do not apply this product through the irrigation system. Do not make applications by air. Do not apply directly to water. Even though vines appear dormant, contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or severe plant injury. Cranberry plants that are directly sprayed may be killed.

Q.2 Citrus

LABELED CROPS: Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citros Hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lenton, Lime, Mandarin (langerine), Orange (all), Pummelo, Satsuma Mandarin, Tangelo (ugli), Tangor.

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: (The recommendations below pertain to applications in Florida and Texas):

For burndown or control of the weeds listed below, apply the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Where weed foliage is dense, use 10 to 30 gallons of water per acre.

For goatweed, apply 44 to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Apply in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre when plants are actively growing. Use 44 fluid ounces par acre when plants are less than 8 inches tall and 64 fluid ounces per acre when plants are greater than 8 inches tall. If goatweed is greater than 8 inches tall, the addition of KrovarTM I or KarmexTM may improve control. Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

Perennial weeds:

S = SuppressionPC = Partial control $\boldsymbol{C} = \boldsymbol{Control}$ Roundup WEATHERMAX RATE PER ACRE

B = Burndown

11(40)	אשוא עטט	THE CALISTON		t free Water
SPECIES	0.7 QT	1.3 OT	2 QT	3.3 01
Bermudagrass	В		PC	C
Guineagrass				
Texas and Florida Ridge	: В	C	C	C
Florida Flatwoods		8	С	C
Paragrass	В	С	C	С
Torpedograss	S		PC	C

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in citrus crops. For citron groves, apply as directed sprays only.

9.3 Miscellaneous Tree Food Crops

LABELED CROPS: Cactus (fruit and pads), Palm (heart, leaves), Palm (oil).

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TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

.4 Non-food Tree Crops

LABELED CROPS: Pine, Poplar, Eucalyptus, Christmas Trees, Other non-food tree crops.

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

Directed Sprays, Spot Treatment, Wipers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a postdirected spray and spot treatment around established poplar, eucalyptus. Christmas trees and other non-food tree crops.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of established Christmas trees and other pine trees. Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material. THIS PRODUCT IS NOT RECOM-MENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN CHRISTMAS TREES AND OTHER PINE TREES

Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used prior to planting

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Precautions should be taken to protect nontarget plants during site preparation applications.

9.5 Pome Fruit

LABELEO CROPS: Apple, Crabapple, Loqual, Mayhaw, Pear (including oriental pear), Quince

PASTURES AND RANGELANDS 66 10.3 Grass Seed Production

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (Gramineae family) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those listed above under "CEREAL CROPS"

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation, Shielded Sprayers, Wiper Applications, Spot Treatments, Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass.

Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during, or after planting or for renovation of turn or forage grass areas grown for seed production. Applications must be made prior to the emergence of the crop to avoid crop injury. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide best control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts.

Do not feed or graze treated areas for 8 weeks following application.

Shielded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 22 to 64 fluid ounces of this product as a broadcast spray in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre to control weeds in the rows. Uniform planting in straight rows aid in shielded sprayer applications. Best results are obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by or through the protective shields.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Wiper Applications

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations, or when height of weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatments may be necessary. Better results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.

Spot Treatments

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use a 1 percent solution.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Apply this product prior to heading of grasses. Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area. The crop receiving the spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the larget area for the same reason.

Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use 11 to 22 Huid ounces of this product per acre. Use the higher rate when the ryegrass is greater than 6 inches tall. Best results are obtained when applications are made before the ryegrass reaches 6 inches in height.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Set nozzle heights to allow the establishment of the desired row spacing while preventing spray droplets, spray fines, or drift to contact the rye-

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grass plants not treated. Use of low-pressure nozzles, or drop nozzles designed to target the application over a narrow band are recommended.

Grower assumes all responsibility for crop tosses from misapplication.

10.4 Pastures

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (Gramineae lamily) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those listed above under "CEREAL CROPS", including Bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, Bluegrass, Brome, Fescue, Guineagrass, Kikuyugrass, Orchardgrass, Pangola grass, Ryegrass, Timothy, Wheatgrass.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Pasture Renovation, Spot Treatment, Wiper Application.

Preplant, Preemergence, Pasture Renovation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied prior to planting or emergence of forage grasses. In addition, this product may be used to control perennial pasture species listed on this label prior to re-planting.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

Spot Trealment, Wiper Application

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment or with wiper applicators in pastures. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than 10 percent of the total pasture area should be treated at one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

10.5 Rangelands

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Postemergence.

This product will control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool and warm-season grass rangelands.

Preventing viable seed production is key to the successful control and invasion of annual grassy weeds in rangelands. Follow-up applications in sequential years should eliminate most of the viable seeds.

Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 8 to 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre to control or suppress many weeds, including downy brome, cheatgrass, cereal rye and jointed goatgrass in rangelands. Apply when most mature brome plants are in early flower and before the plants, including seed-heads, turn color. Allowing for secondary weed flushes to occur in the spring following rain events further depletes the seed reserve and encourages perennial grass conversion on weedy sites. Fall applications are possible, and recommended, where spring moisture is usually limited and fall germination allows for good weed growth.

For medusahead, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre at the 3-leaf stage. Delaying applications beyond this stage will result in reduced or unacceptable control. Fire may be useful in eliminating the thatch tayer produced by slow decaying culms prior to application. Allow new growth to occur before spraying after a burn. Repeat applications in subsequent years may be necessary to eliminate the seedbank before reestablishing desirable perennial grasses in medusahead-dominated rangelands.

Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses may occur, but they will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying rangeland grasses with this product.

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Do not make more than one application per year.

Grazing of treated areas should be delayed to encourage growth of desirable perennials. Allowing desirable perennials to flower and reseed in the treated area will encourage successful transition.

10.6 Turf Grass Sod Production

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation, Spot Treatment.

Prepiant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turf grass areas or establishing turf grass grown for seed or sod. Broadcast or hand-heid equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting or sodding to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. For warm-season grasses such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide the best control.

Desirable turf grasses may be planted following the above procedures.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not feed or graze turf grass grown for seed or sod production for 8 weeks following application.

Spot Treatment

Hand-held equipment may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation growing in existing turf grass.

11.0 ROUNDUP READY CROPS

The following instructions or those separately published on Monsanto Supplemental labeling include all applications which can be made onto the specified Roundup Ready crops

during the complete cropping season. Do NOT combine these instructions with other recommendations made for crop varieties that do not contain the Roundup Ready gene, in the "ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (ALPHABETICAL)" section of this label.

MONSANTO COMPANY RECOMMENDS USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION ONLY ON CROP VARIETIES DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE.

Applying this product to crop varieties that are not designated as Roundup Ready will result in severe crop injury and yield loss. Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants that do not contain the Roundup Ready gene, since severe injury or destruction will result.

The Roundup Ready designation indicates that the crop variety contains a patented gene that provides tolerance to this product. Information on Roundup Ready crop varieties may be obtained from your seed supplier or Monsanto representative. Roundup Ready crop varieties must be purchased from an authorized licensed seed supplier.

NOTE: Roundup Ready seed, and the method of selectively centrolling weeds in a Roundup Ready crop by applying glyphosate to the weeds and Roundup Ready crop are protected under several U.S. Patents, including 5,352,605 and 5,633,435. A license to use Roundup Ready seed must be obtained prior to use. Monsanto retains ownership of the gene and process technologies, and the Purchaser of the seed receives the right to use the licensed genes and technologies subject to the limited use license conditions. Seed containing the Roundup Ready trait cannot be used for research and demonstration, reverse engineering or in connection with herbicide registration. Progeny seed containing the Roundup Ready trait cannot be swed for replanting or transferred to others for replanting. Contact your Authorized Monsanto Retailer for information on obtaining a limited use license.

ROUNDUP READY CROPS

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Preharvest (Alfalla only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in declining allalfa stands or any stand of allalfa where crop destruction is acceptable. This application will severely injure or destruction the stand of allalfa. This product will control annual and perenniat weeds, including quackgrass, when applied prior to the harvest of allalfa. The treated crop and weeds can be harvested and fed to tivestock after 36 hours. Allow a minimum of 36 hours between application and harvest. Applications may be made at any time of the year. Make only one application to an existing stand of allalfa per year, for control of quackgrass, apply in the spring, late summer or fall when quackgrass is actively growing. Treatments for quackgrass must be followed by deep tillage for complete control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre as a preharvest treatment. Preharvest application is not recommended for alfalfa grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Spot Treatment or Wiper Applications (Atlalfa and Clover only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in altalla or clover. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "Wiper Applications" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than 10 percent of the total field area should be treated at one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

Renovation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a broadcast spray to renovate existing stands of alfalfa, clover,

and other labeled forage legumes. Labeled crops may be planted into the treated area.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Remove domestic livestock before application. If application rates of 44 fluid ounces per acre or less are used wait 36 hours after application before grazing or harvesting. If application rates greater than 44 fluid ounces per acre are used, wait 8 weeks between applications and grazing or harvesting.

10.2 Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Renovation (rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation, Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Wiper Applications.

Renovation (rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to prepare CRP land for crop production. Refer to Federal, state or local use guides for CRP renovation recommendations.

Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Wiper Applications

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation in CRP acres. Such applications may be made with wiper application equipment or as a broadcast or spot treatment to dormant CRP grasses. For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 8 to 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre in early spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth, tate tall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if broadcast applications are made when plants are not dormant.

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TREE AND VINE CROPS 60

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in pome crops.

Q.6 Stone Fruit

LABELED CROPS: Apricot, Cherry (sweet, fart), Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Plum/Prune (all types), Plumcot.

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 17 days between last application and harvest in stone fruit crops. For olive groves, apply as directed sprays only.

Restrictions on Application Equipment

For cherries, any application equipment listed in Section 9.0 may be used in all states.

Any application equipment listed in Section 9.0 may be used in apricots, nectarines, peaches and plums/prunes growing in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, New Jersey, North Oakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah and Washington, except for peaches grown in the states specified in the following paragraph. In all other states, use wiper equipment only.

For PEACHES grown in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee only, apply with a shielded boom sprayer or shielded wiper applicator, which prevents any contact of this product with the foliage or bark of trees. Apply no faler than 90 days after first bloom. Applications made after this time may result in severe damage. Remove suckers and low-hanging limbs at least 10 days prior to application. Avoid applications near trees with recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury. Apply only near trees that have been planted in the orchard for 2 or more years. EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE NO PART OF THE PEACH TREE IS CONTACTED.

9.7 Tree Nuts

LABELED CROPS: Almond, Beechnut, Beteinut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Coconut, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory nut, Macadamia, Pecan, Pine nut, Pistachio, Walnut (black, English)

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 3 days between last application and harvest of tree nuls, except coconut. Allow 14 days between application and harvest in coconut.

9.8 Tropical and Subtropical Trees and Fruits

LABELEO CROPS: Ambarella, Aternoya, Avocado, Banana, Barbados cherry (acerola), Biriba, Blimbe, Breadtruit, Cacao (cocoa) bean, Canistel, Carambola (startruit), Cherimoya, Coffee, Custard apple, Dates, Durian, Feijoa, Figs, Governor's plum, Guava, Itama, Imbe, Imbu, Jaboticaba, Jackfruit, Longan, Lychee, Mamey apple, Mango, Mangosteen, Marmaladebox (genip), Mountain papaya, Papaya, Pavpaw, Planlain, Persimmon, Pomegranate, Pulasan, Rambutan, Rose apple, Sapodilla, Sapote (black, mamey, white), Spanish lime, Soursop, Star apple, Surgar apple, Surinam cherry, Tamarind,Tea, Ti (roots and leaves), Wax jambu.

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus Bananacide (banana only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in banana, guava, papaya, and plantain crops. Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest for any other tropical or subtropical tree fruit. Allow a minimum of 28 days between last application and harvest in coffee crops. In coffee and banana, delay applications 3 months alter transplanting to allow the new coffee or banana plant to become established.

Bananacide (Banana only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to destroy banana plants infected with the Banana Bunchy Top Virus as well as non-infected banana plants to establish disease free buffers around plantations. Remove all fruit from the plants within the treatment area prior to treatment. Inject 1/25 fluid ounce (1 mL) of this product's concentrate per 2 to 3 inches of pseudostem diameter. Make the injection at least one foot above the ground, except for very small plants, which should be injected vertically into the top. Any subsequent regrowth must also be destroyed. All plants and mats (or units) adjacent (within a 4-foot radius) to a treated mat shall be mechanically destroyed.

For control of the Banana Bunchy Top Virus, it is critical that the grower follow a strict control program involving monitoring for diseased plants, spraying to control the aphid vector, and destruction of all infected mats (or units). An infected plant may not show symptoms of the banana bunchy top virus for up to 125 days, therefore it is critical that the entire mat (or unit) containing the diseased plant be destroyed immediately.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 0.5 fluid ounce (15 mL) of this product's concentrate per mat (or unit). Remove all fruit from plants and mats (or units) prior to treatment. Do not harvest any fruit or plant materials from treated mats (or units) following injection. Do not allow livestock to consume treated plant materials. Following transplant of new banana plants into treated areas, allow plants to become established for 3 months before applying this product for general weed control.

9.9 Vine Crops

LABELED CROPS: Grapes (raisin, table, wine), Hops, Kiwi, Passion fruit.

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Applications should not be made when green shoots, canes or lollage are in the spray zone.

In the northeast and Great Lakes regions, applications must be made prior to the end of bloom stage of grapes to avoid injury, or make applications with shielded sprayers or wiper equipment. Į,

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PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest in vine crops. Do not use selective equipment in kivil.

10.0 PASTURE GRASSES, FORAGE LEGUMES AND RANGELANDS

10.1 Alfalfa, Clover, and Other Forage Legumes

LABELED CROPS: Alfalfa, Clover, Kenaf, Kudzu, Lespedeza, Leucaena, Lupin, Sainloin, Trefoil, Velvet bean, Vetch (all types).

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Preharvest (Alfalfa only), Spot Treatment or Wiper Applications (Alfalfa and Clover only), Renovation.

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting crops listed in this section. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: If a single application is made at rates of 44 fluid ounces per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or grazing is required. If applications rates greater than 44 fluid ounces per acre are made, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

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ROUNDUP READY CROPS

For ground applications with broadcast equipment, apply this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment use tlat spray nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for procedures to avoid spray drift that may cause injury to any vegetation not intended for treatment. Use of appropriate buffer zones will help prevent injury to adjacent vegetation.

For proper stewardship of aerial-applications over-the-top of Roundup Ready crops, Monsanto recommends that growers and applicators read and follow all precautions and procedures contained in the use guide "A Guide to On-Target Aeria! Application" available by calling 1-800-ROUNDUP (1-800-768-6387) or on the internet at www.FARM-SOURCETM.com.

ATTENTION: AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE.

See the "MIXING" and "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" sections of this label for additional directions and restrictions on the application of this product.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers may result in reduced weed control or crop injury and are NOT recommended for over-the-top applications of this product unless otherwise noted in this product label, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately by Monsanto.

Ammonium sulfate may be mixed with this product for applications to Roundup Ready crops. Refer to the "MIXING" section for use instructions for ammonium sulfate.

Sprayer Preparation: It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before making applications of this product. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) previously used. THOROUGHLY CLEAN THE SPRAY TANK AND ALL LINES AND FILTERS TO ELIMINATE POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION FROM OTHER HERBICIDES PRIOR TO MIXING AND APPLYING THIS PRODUCT.

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NOTE: The following recommendations are based on a clean start at planting by using a burndown application or tillage to control existing weeds before crop emergence. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, a preplant burn-down treatment of this product is recommended to control existing weeds prior to crop emergence. Some weeds, such as black nightshade, broadleaf signalgrass, sicklepod, Texas panicum, sandbur, annual morningglory, woolly cupgrass, shattercane, with proso millet, burcucumber, and giant ragweed with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require a second application of this product for complete control. The second application should be made after some regrowth has occurred and at least 10 days after a previous application of this product.

11.1 Canola with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting. Preemergence, Postemergence.

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT ON CANOLA WITH THE ROUNDUP READY GENE PLANTED IN THE FOLLOWING STATES: ALABAMA, DELAWARE, FLORIDA, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY, MARYLAND, NEW JERSEY, NORTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND WEST VIRGINIA.

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OVER ROUNDUP READY CANOLA MAY NOT BE PRACTICED

ROUNDUP READY CROPS

IN CALIFORNIA UNLESS THE APPLICATOR HAS AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION A CALIFORNIA-APPROVED SUP-PLEMENTAL LABEL SPECIFYING THE ACCEPTED DIREC-TIONS FOR USE.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Preplant, At-planting.

Preemergence applications

44 fluid ounces per acre

Total in-crop application from

emergence to 6-leaf stage

22 fluid ounces per acre

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting canola.

Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready candla from emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development. Applications made during botting or flowering may result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds.

Weeds Controlled: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this booklet.

Single Application -- Apply 11 to 16 fluid ounces per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage for the control of annual weeds. Avoid overlapping applications that may result in temporary yellowing, delayed flowering, and or growth reduction. Similar injury may result when applications of more than 11 fluid ounces per acre are applied after the 4-leaf stage.

Sequential Application -- Apply 11 fluid ounces per acre to 1to 3-leaf canola followed by a sequential application at a minimum interval of 10 days, but no later than the 6-leaf stage. Sequential applications are recommended for early emerging annual weeds and perennial weeds such as

Canada thistle and quackgrass or when controlling weeds with multiple application times.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development and the total in-crop application should not exceed 22 fluid ounces per acre. Allow a minimum of 60 days between last application and canola harvest.

.2 Corn with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (in-crop), Spot Treatment, Preharvest, Post-Harvest.

Maximum Allowable Combined <u>Application Quantities Per Season</u>

Combined total per year

for all applications

5.3 quarts per acre

Preplant, At-planting,

Preemergence applications

3.3 quarts per acre

Total in-crop applications from emergence through the

V8 stage or 30 inches

44 fluid ounces per acre

Maximum preharvest application rate after maximum kernel fill is complete and the crop is physiologically mature (black layer (ormation)

until 7 days before harvest

22 fluid ounces per acre

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting corn.

ROUNDUP READY CROPS

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with Bullet, Degree, Degree Xtra, Harness, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6t., Lariat, Lasso or Micro-Tech at 50 to 100 percent of labeled rate. Refer to the specific product label and observe all precautions and limitations on the label for any preemergence herbicide application, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum recropping interval and rotational guidelines—the more restrictive requirements apply.

NOTE: For maximum weed control, a postemergence (incrop) application of this product should be applied toflowing the use of less than labeled rales of the preemergence residual products listed above.

Postemergence (in-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready corn from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars) or until corn height reaches 30 inches, whichever comes first.

When applied as directed, this product controls labeled annual grass and broadleal weeds in Roundup Ready corn. Many perennial grasses and broadleat weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more application of this product. The postemergent application of 15 to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product should be made before the weeds reach a height and/or density that the weeds become competitive with the crop, generally 4 inch tall weeds or tess.

This product may be applied alone as a postemergence incrop application to provide control of emerged weeds fisted on this labet. If new flushes of weeds occur, a sequential application of this product at 16 to 22 fluid ounces per acre will control the labeled grasses and broadlea! weeds

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied in tank mixture with Bullet, Degree, Degree Xtra, Harness, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L, and Micro-Tech at 50 to 100 percent of labeled rate. This product may be applied in tank mixture with Permit® and atrazine at labeled rates. Refer to the speci-

tic product label and observe all precautions and timitations on the label for all products used in tank mixtures, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum recropping interval and rotational guidelines—the more restrictive requirements apply.

Tank-Mix Partner	Maximum Height of Corn For Application
Degree Degree Xtra Harness Harness Xtra Harness Xtra 5.6 L	11 inches
Bullet* Micro-Tech*	5 inches
Permit	30 inches
atrazine	12 inches

 Bullet and Micro-Tech are not registered for use as a postemergence application in Texas.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. Single in-crop applications of this product are not to exceed 22 fluid ounces per acre. Sequential in-crop applications of this product from emergence through the V8 stage or 30 inches must not exceed 44 fluid ounces per acre per growing season. Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product. Allow a minimum of 50 days between application of this product and harvest of corn forage.

Preharves

USE INSTRUCTIONS: In Roundup Ready corn, up to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product can be applied preharvest. Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed).

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PROUNDUP READY CROPS

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days. between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vege-

3 Cotton with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Over-the-Top, Selective Equipment, Preharvest.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Combined total per year for all applications

5.3 quarts per acre

Preplant, At-planting,

Preemergence applications

3.3 quarts per acre

Total in-crop applications from

2.5 quarts per acre

ground cracking to layby Maximum preharvest

application rate

44 fluid ounces per acre

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. The combined total application of this product from cotton emergence until harvest must not exceed 4 quarts per acre. NO MORE THAN TWO OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST APPLICATIONS MAY BE MADE FROM CROP EMERGENCE THROUGH THE 4-LEAF (NODE) STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT, NO MORE THAN TWO

APPLICATIONS SHOULD BE MADE FROM THE 5-LEAF STAGE THROUGH LAYBY, SEQUENTIAL IN-CROP OVER-THE-TOP OR POST-DIRECTED APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MUST BE AT LEAST 10 DAYS APART AND COT-TON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS, ALLOW A MINIMUM OF 7 DAYS BETWEEN APPLICATION AND HARVEST.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton.

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USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment at rates up to 22 fluid ounces per acre per application postemergence to Roundup Ready cotton from the ground cracking stage until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the lifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter). Over-the-top applications made after the 4-leaf (node) stage of development may result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

Salvage Treatment. This treatment may be used after the 4leaf stage of development and should only be used where weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop. 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product may be applied either as an overthe-top application or as a post-directed treatment sprayed higher on the cotton plants and over the weeds. NOTE: SAL-VAGE TREATMENTS WILL RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS. NO MORE THAN ONE SALVAGE TREATMENT SHOULD BE USED. PER GROWING SEASON

NOTE: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this booklet.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS' section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

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Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers at rates up to 22 liuid ounces per acre per application to Roundup Ready cotton through layby. At this stage, post-directed equipment should be used which directs the spray to the base of the cotton plants. Contact of the spray with cotton leaves should be avoided to the maximum extent possible. To minimize spray onto the leaves of the cotton plants, place nozzles in a low position directing a horizontal spray pattern under the cotton leaves to contact weeds in the row, and maintain tow spray pressure (less than 30 psi). For best results, make applications while weeds are small (less than 3 inches).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for preharvest annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast treatment to Roundup Ready cotton after 20 percent boll crack. Up to 44 fluid ounces of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. NOTE: This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready cotton

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. Do not apply this product to cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF ROUNDUP READY COTTON, HOWEVER, VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGROHOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH

THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LABEL SPECIFICATIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

11.4 Soybeans with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence, Preharvest, Post-Harvest.

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OVER ROUNDUP READY SOYBEANS MAY NOT BE PRACTICED IN CALIFORNIA UNLESS THE APPLICATOR HAS AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION A CALIFORNIA-APPROVED SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL SPECIFYING THE ACCEPTED DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Combined total per year for all applications

5.3 quarts per acre

Preplant, At-planting,

3.3 quarts per acre

Preemergence applications
Total in-crop applications from

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cracking throughout flowering

64 fluid ounces per acre

Maximum preharvest application rate

22 fluid ounces per acre

PRECAUTIONS/RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting soybeans.

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Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: When applied as directed, this product will control labeled annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in Roundup Ready soybeans. Applications of this product can be made in Roundup Ready soybeans from emergence (cracking) throughout flowering. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" in this label for rate recommendations for specific annual weeds. In general, an initial application of 22 fluid ounces per acre on 2 to 8 inch tall weeds is recommended. Weeds will generally be 2 to 8 inches tall, 2 to 5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are larger, apply a higher rate of this product. This product may be used up to 44 fluid ounces per acre in any single in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where heavy weed densities exist.

A 22- to 44-fuld-ounce per acre rate (single or multiple applications) of this product will control or suppress perennial weeds such as: Bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem muhly. For best results, allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6 inches of growth before spraying with this product.

Under adverse growing conditions such as drought, hail, wind damage or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this may be necessary to control late flushes of weeds. IN THE SOUTHERN STATES, A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE REDUIBED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN CROP. To control giant ragweed, it is recommended that 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product be applied when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and possibly avoid the need for a sequential application.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 64 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 44 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum combined total of this product that can be applied during flowering is 44.fluid ounces per acre.

Preharves

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans. Up to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product can be applied by aerial or ground application.

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PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment. Allow a minimum of 14 days between final application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain, forage or hay.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of Roundup Ready soybeans. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-0 or dicamba may be used.

.5 Sugar Beets with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Combined total per year for

all applications

5.3 quarts per acre

Preplant, At-planting,

Preemergence applications

3.3 quarts per acre

Emergence to 8-leaf stage

56 fluid ounces per acre

Between 8-leaf stage and canopy closure

44 fluid ounces per acre

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS; See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 3 quarts per acre. The maximum rate for any single application from crop emergence until the 8-leaf stage is 32 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single application between the 8-leaf stage and canopy closure is 22 fluid ounces per acre. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and sugar beet harvest.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting of Roundup Ready sugar beets.

Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergent over-the-top to Roundup Ready sugar beets from emergence to 30 days prior to harvest. To maximize yield potential spray sugar beets early to eliminate competing weeds. Up to 4 sequential applications of this product may be made with at least 10 days between applications. Refer to

the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this label for rate recommendations for specific annual weeds. This product will control or suppress most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, repeat applications may be required to eliminate crop competition throughout the growing season.

2.0 NONCROP USES AROUND THE **FARMSTEAD**

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: General Weed Control, Trim-and-Edge, Greenhouse/Shadehouse, Chemical Mowing, Cut Stumps, Habitat Management.

12.1 General Weed Control and Trim-and-Edge

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual weeds, perennial weeds and woody brush which are found in any part of the farmstead, including building foundations, along and in fences, in dry ditches and canals, along ditchbanks, farm roads, shelterbelts, prior to landscape plantings and equipment storage areas.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the following products. Refer to these product labels for approved farmstead sites and application rates. For annual weeds, use 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 32 fluid ounces per acre when weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall and 44 fluid ounces per acre when weeds are greater than 12 inches tall. For perennial weeds, apply 44 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts per acre in these tank mixes. For tank mixtures with these products through backpack sprayers, handguns or other high-volume spray-to-wel applications, see the "ANNUAL WEEDS— HAND-HELD OR HIGH VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section of this label for recommended rates

FARMSTEADS

FARMSTEADS

Arsenal Banvel/Clarity BarricadeTM 65WG Diuron

Plateau Princep OF Princep Liquid Ronstar 50 WP Sahara

Endurance™ Escon™ Karmex OF Krovar I DF

Sahara Simazine Surflan Telar^{IM} Vanquish^{IM}

2.4·D

Oustin ...
Pendulum 3.3 EC
Pendulum WDG

Pendulum WDG

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied

12.2 Greenhouse/ Shadehouse

This product may be used to control weeds in and around greenhouses and shadehouses. Desirable vegetation must not be present during application and air circulation fans must be turned off. Do not use in residential greenhouses.

12.3 Chemical Mowing

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Use 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Use 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass, bahiagrass or quackgrass covers. Use 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Bermudagrass. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating torpedograss or paragrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Chemical mowing applications may be made along farm ditches and other parts of farmsteads.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

12.4 Cut Stumps

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Treating cut stumps in any non-crop site listed on this label

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

Alder Eucalyptus Madrone Oak Pepper, Brazilian Pine, Austrian Reed, giant Saltcedar Sweetgum Tan oak Willow

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not make cut stump applications when the roots of desirable woody brush or trees may be grafted to the roots of the cut stump. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

12.5 Habitat Management

TYPES OF USES: Habital Restoration and Maintenance, Wildlife Food Plots.

Habitat Restoration and Maintenance

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habital management areas. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad spectrum vegetation control requirements in habital management areas. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habital maintenance and enhancement.

Wildlife Food Plots

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a site preparation treatment to control annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage.

13.0 ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

WATER CARRIER VOLUMES OF 3 TO 10 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR GROUND APPLICATIONS AND 3 TO 5 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS ARE RECOM-MENDED.

Apply to actively growing annual weeds. Annual weeds are generally easiest to control when they are small.

Older, mature (hardened) annual weed species may require higher rates even if they meet the size requirements.

Do not tank mix with soil residual herbicides when using these rates unless otherwise specified.

For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment.

This product may be used up to 32 fluid ounces per acre where heavy weed densities exist.

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

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	(fluid o	unces	per ac	re)
WEED SPECIES	11	15	22	27	32
	Maximum	heighl	l/length	ı (in iı	nches)
Ammannia purple	- L-2-3-	. 6	12.	ing in the	_ 18
Annoda, spurred		2	. 3	5	8
Barley	. 18	18∔	10000		
Barnyardgrass	-	3	6	_ 7	. 9
Bassia fivehook			6.		
Beggarweed, Florida	-	5	8	-	
Bittercress	12	20 -			1,23
Bluegrass, annual	10	.	. <u></u> _	-	
Bluegrass, bulbous	556	- 7		-	- 1
Brome, downy 12	_ 6	12		•	-
Brome; Japanese	,	12 -	24	-	•
Browntop panicum	6	8	12	≥.	24
Buckwheat, wild 3		1	.2	•	-
Burcucumber	-	6	12	1	18
Buttercup	12	20		•	-
Carolina geranium		-	4	-	9
Carpetweed	-	6	12	-	-
Cheat?	6	20	-	-	-
Chervil	20	-	-	•	-
Chickweed		12	18	-	-
Cocklebur	., 12	18	24	-	36
Copperleat, hophorn	beam -	2	. 4	-	6
Copperleaf, Virginia		2	. 4	•	6
Coreopsis, plains	-	6	12	-	18

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE 89

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ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE 390

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE RATE

		(fluid	ounce	s per a	scre)
WEED SPECIES	- 11	15	22	27	32
	Maximur	n heig	ht/Teng	ith (in	inches)
Corn, volunteer	6	12	. 20		
Corn speedwell	12	-	-	٠.	-
Crabgrass	. 3	6	12	` <u>`</u> -	• ′
Crowlootgrass	•	-	6	-	12
Cutleaf evening prim	rose 🥍 🐣	M KŽ	: 3 :	12.	6
Devilsclaw (unicorn)	plant) -	3	6	-	-
Dwarfdandelion	# /P - 12	100			
Eastern mannagrass	8	12	•	-	
Eclipta 5		. 4	8	12	
Fall panicum	4		6		12
Falsedandelion	Estate.	20		10.00	
Falseflax, smallseed	12	•	-	-	
Fiddleneck	188	. 6	12		7.7
Field pennycress	6	12		-	-
Filaree (75)			- 6		-12
Fleabane, annual	6	50		-	-
Fleabane, hairy	7.79				
(Conyza bonariensi	s)	•	6	-	10
Fleabane, rough	3	- 6	12	. •	-
Florida pusley		3.71	4	r. •	6 ,
Foxtail, giant, bristly,		12	20	-	
Foxlail/Carolina	, 10	100	200	V	1000
Foxlail, green		- 	-		
Goatgrass jointed	公共206	_12		-	
Goosegrass		3	6	eday e	12
¿Grain, sorghum (milo	155章 6.	::::\ <u>!</u>	20_	gw -	1
Groundcherry	- A. Warr & Ch	3		-	9
Groundsel common		6	≓£10;		
Hemp sesbania	-	2	4	6	8
	KAR T		6	300	्र ^{ुत्} 12्
Horseweed/ Maresta	ij				
(Conyza canadensis	5) -	6	12	-	18

Commission and the commission of the		1.011	4765000		440
Altengrassi - Alternation	6	8	.12 <i>.</i> 6.		18
Jimsonweed	-		12	•	18
Johnsongrass, seedling.	.6	~∮12 ÷.₹	18:	· <u>-</u>	24
Junglerice		3	6	- 7	9
Knotweed			- 5 🕒	";	12.
Kochia4		3 to 5	12	. •	
Lambsquarters	275	6.	. 12 -		್ಷ20 ಚ
Little barley	6	12			-
London rocket	. 6	- 2	24. *		÷ ž
Mayweed	-	2	. 6	.12	18
Morningglory, annual					
(Ipomoca spp)	, - ·		3		6
Mustard, blue	6	12	18	.	-
Mustard tansy	6 _	. 12.	18		1
Mustard tumble	6	12	18	-	· -
Mustard; wild	6	S-127	187	777	
Nightshade, black	-	4	6	-	12
Nightshade hairy.	3.0	4	6		12.
Oals	3~	6	18		
		: 123g	18	24	
Pigweed species	7519 -	<u> </u>	₹18€ 12	24	-
Pigweed species Prickly lettuce	758 E	7122 6	18 12 3	24"	16 S
Pigweed species Prickly lettuce Purslane	79 5 90 2	12.2 6 6	18 12 3 12	24	-
Prigweed species Prickly lettuce Purslane Ragweed, common	7.2.0 -	6 2	18 12 3 12 12 12	24	6
Proveed Species Prickly lettuce Purslane Ragweed, common Ragweed, giant	79.538 - -	6 	12 3 12	? 24 "	6 18
Proveed Species Prickly lettuce Purslane Ragweed, common Ragweed, giant Red rice	7.530 - - 6	6 	12 3 12	24°;	6 18
Proveed Species Prickly lettuce Purslane Ragweed, common Ragweed, glant Red rice Rye, volunteer/cereal ²	Ē	6 6 6	12 3 12 12 4	24	6 18
Proveed species Prickly lettuce Purslane Ragweed, common Ragweed, giant Red rice Rye, volunteer/cereal ² Ryegrass		6 6 6	12 12 12 12 4 18+	247	18 18
Prickly lettuce Prickly lettuce Purstane Ragweed, common Ragweed, giant Red rice Rye, volunteer/cereal ² Ryegrass Sandbur, field	6 6	6 6 6 18	12 12 12 12 4 18+	24	18 18
Prickly lettuce Prickly lettuce Purstane Ragweed, common Ragweed, giant Red rice Rye, volunteer/cereal ² Ryegrass Sandbur, field Sandbur, longspine	6 · 6 6	6 6 6 18 12	12 12 12 12 4 18+ 6	247	18 18
Prickly lettuce Prickly lettuce Purstane Ragweed, common Ragweed, glant Red rice Rye, volunteer/cereal ² Ryegrass Sandbur, field Sandbur, longspine Shattercane	5 · 6 6 6	6 6 6 - 18 12 12 12	12 12 12 12 4 18+	247	18 18
Prickly lettuce Prickly lettuce Purslang Ragweed, common Ragweed, giant Red rice Rye, volunteer/cereal ² Ryegrass Sandbur, field Sandbur, longspine Shattercane Shepherd's-purse	6 · 6 6	6 6 6 18 12 12 12	12 12 12 4 18+ 6	24	18 18 18 12
Prickly lettuce Prickly lettuce Purslane Ragweed, common Ragweed, giant Red rice Rye, volunteer/cereal ² Ryegrass Sandbur, field Sandbur, longspine Shattercane Shepherd's-purse Sicklepod	5 · 6 6 6	6 6 6 - 18 12 12 12 12 12	12 12 12 4 18+ 6	24	18 18 18 12 -
Prickly lettuce Prickly lettuce Purslane Ragweed, common Ragweed, giant Red rice Rye, volunteer/cereal ² Ryegrass Sandbur, field Sandbur, longspine Shattercane Shepherd's-purse Sicklepod Signalgrass, broadleal	5 · 6 6 6	6 6 6 18 12 12 12	12 12 12 18+ 6	24 7	18 18 18 12 - - - 8 9
Prickly lettuce Prickly lettuce Purslane Ragweed, common Ragweed, giant Red rice Rye, volunteer/cereal ² Ryegrass Sandbur, field Sandbur, longspine Shattercane Shepherd's-purse Sicklepod Signalyrass, broadleal Smartweed, ladysthumb	5 · 6 6 6	6 6 6 - 18 12 12 12 12 12	12 12 12 18+ 6	24 7	18 18 18 12 - - 8 9
Prickly lettuce Prickly lettuce Purslane Ragweed, common Ragweed, giant Red rice Rye, volunteer/cereal ² Ryegrass Sandbur, field Sandbur, longspine Shattercane Shepherd's-purse Sicklepod Signalgrass, broadleal Smartweed, ladysthumb Smartweed, Pennsylvania	5 · 6 6 6	6 6 6 - 18 12 12 12 12 12	12 12 12 4 18+ 6 - 20 4 6 6	24	18 18 18: - 12: - 8 9
Prickly lettuce Prickly lettuce Purslane Ragweed, common Ragweed, giant Red rice Rye, volunteer/cereal ² Ryegrass Sandbur, field Sandbur, longspine Shattercane Shepherd's-purse Sicklepod Signalyrass, broadleal Smartweed, ladysthumb	5 · 6 6 6	6 6 6 - 18 12 12 12 12 12	12 12 12 18+ 6	24	18 18 18 12 - - 8 9

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE 92

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

			MATE		
		(lluid :	ounces	per ac	cre)
WEED SPECIES	11	15	22	27	32
	Maximur	n heial	t/lengt/	ı (in i	nchesi
Spanishneedles		.	6	_	12
Speedwell, purslane	. % .: 12	140			
Sprangletop	6	12	20	17.	- **- '
Sourge, prostrate		- 6°			
Spurge, spotted		6	12		
Spurry, umbrella	6.3	心恐怖	HÜV		1.2
Sunkgrass	Andrea Profession Con-	12	illuder die lande	gag dang Jawa M	
Sunflowers	12:12	2018	10 Z 20		\$275g
Swinecress		5	12	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
Eleavieed/Prickly sida		V-1/20	27.0	S-10	孫624
Texas panicum	6	8	12	-	24
Thistle, Russlane of		6	12		
Velvetieaf	_	-	6		12
Virginia pepperweed		. 18	Tangai Telogografia		
Waterhemp	-		5	·	12
Wheat?	. 6 - ر ر د	12	18	-	
Wheat (overwintered)		6	12	•	18
Wild oats	3.,	6).	18	-	
Wild prose millet	-	- 6	12	•	18
Witchgrass 7	27.20	\-\12 <i>y</i>	100		-
Woolly cupgrass		5	12	•	
Yellow locket					
1 For control of downy	brome in	no-till s	ystems,	use 1	6 fluid

For control of downy brome in no-till systems, use 16 fluir ounces per acre.

2 Performance is better if application is made before this weed reaches the boot stage of growth.

¹Use 16 fluid ounces per acre of this product to control wild buckwheat in the cotyledon to 2-leaf stage. Use 22 fluid ounces per acre to control 2- to 4-leaf wild buckwheat. For improved control of wild buckwheat over 2 inches in size, use sequential treatments of 22 fluid ounces followed by 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

* Do not treat kochia in the button stage.

Control of Russian thistle may vary based on environmental conditions and spray coverage. Whenever possible, a tank mixture with 2,4-D as described below may improve control.

13.1 Annual Weeds—Rates for 10 to 40 Gallons per Acre

Apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Use 22 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 32 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall and 44 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are greater than 12 inches tall. These rates will provide control of weeds listed in the annual weed control tables when water carrier volumes are 10 to 40 gaffons per acre for ground applications. Older, mature (hardened) annual weed species may require higher rates even if they meet the size requirements.

*

13.2 Annual Weeds—Tank Mixtures with 2,4-D, Dicamba, or Tordon 22K

8 to 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.25 pound of dicamba or 0.5 pound of 2.4-0 or 1 to 2 fluid ounces of Tordon 22K per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6 inches-prickly lettuce, marestail/horseweed, morningglory, kochia (dicamba only) wild buckwheat (Tordon 22K only): 12 inches-cocklebur, lambsquarters, pigweed, Russian thistle (2.4-0 only).

11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-0 per acre will control the following weeds when they are a maximum height or tength of 6 inches: common ragweed, giant ragweed, Pennsylvania smartweed, and vetvetleaf. Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba or Tordon 22K is applied within 45 days of planting.

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE \$ 93

13.3 Annual Weeds—Hand-Held or High-Volume Equipment

For control of weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLES", apply a 0.4 percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleat weeds. For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or unless otherwise specified, use a 0.7 percent solution.

For best results, use a 1.5 percent solution on harder-tocontrol perennials, such as Bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

When using application methods that result in less than complete coverage, use a 4 percent solution for annual and perennial weeds and a 4 to 7 percent solution for woody brush and trees.

3.4 Annual Weeds—Tank Mixtures with Atrazine for Fallow and Reduced Tillage Systems

For use only in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, and Washington. In Oregon and Washington, do not exceed 1 pound of atrazine per acre.

16 to 20 fluid ounces of this product plus 1 to 2 pounds of atrazine per acre will control the following weeds: Barnyardgrass (requires 20 fluid ounces for control), Downy brome, Green foxtail, Lambsquarters, Prickly lettuce, Tansy mustard, Pigweed, Field sandbur, Stinkgrass, Russian thistle, Volunteer wheat, Witchgrass and Kochia (add 0.125 pound of dicamba for control).

14.0 PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

Apply to actively growing perennial weeds.

NOTE: If weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not treat until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the recommended stages.

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed. Repeat treatments must be made prior to crop emergence.

Unless otherwise stated, allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Best results are obtained when soil moisture is adequate for active weed growth.

veed Species Rate Water Hand-Held (QT/A) Volume (GPA) % Solution

Alfalia 9-20-20-20-150-20-108-23-2-41-5%-3-2-Make applications after the last hay cutting in the fall. Allow affalfa Applications should be followed with deep tillage at least 7 days after treatment, but before soil freeze-up.

Alligatorweed 3.20 1%
For partial control. Apply when most of the plants are in bloom.
Repeat applications will be required to maintain control.

Anise (fennel)

For hand held, apply as a spray-to-wet treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage

Bahiagrass

2-3.3 3-20

kç

Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage. 1

10-20

1.5%

For suppression in grass seed production areas. For ground applications only. Ensure entire crown area has resumed growth prior to a fall application. Bentgrass should have at least 3 inches of growth. Tillage prior to treatment should be avoided. Tillage 7 to 10 days after application is recommended for best results.

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE \$ 95

Bermudagrass

3-20 2-3.3

1.5%

For control, apply 3.3 guarts of this product per acre. For partial control, apply 64 fluid ounces per acre. Treat when Bermudagrass is actively growing and seedheads are present. Retreatment may be necessary to maintain control.

Bermudagrass water (knotgrass) 0.7-1 5:10 1.5%

Apply 32 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply when water Bermudagrass is 12 to 18 inches in length. Allow 7 or more days before tilling, flushing or flooding the field.

Fall applications only: Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Fallow fields should be tilled prior to application. Apply prior to frost on water Bermudagrass that is 12 to 18 inches in length.

This product is not registered in California for use on water Bermudaorass.

Bindweed, field 0.4-3.3 = 3-20 1.5%

Do not treat field bindweed under drought stress as good soil maisture is necessary for active growth.

For control, apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 2 to 2.5 quarts east of the Mississippi River, Apply when the weeds are at or beyond full bloom. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

Also for control, apply 44 Ituid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of dicamba in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air.

For suppression on irrigated agricultural land, apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product plus 1.0 pound of 2,4-0 in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment only. Applications should be made following harvest or in tall tallow ground when the bindweed is actively growing and the majority of runners are 12 inches or more in length. The use of at least one irrigation will promote active bindweed growth,

For suppression, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-0 in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applica-

tions. Apply by air in fallow and reduced tillage systems only. Applications should be delayed until maximum emergence has occurred and when vines are between 6 to 18 inches in length.

In California only, apply 22 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts of this prod-uct per acre. Actual rate needed for suppression or control will vary within this range depending on local conditions. For suppression on irrigated land where annual tillage is performed, apply 22 fluid nunces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to bindweed that has reached a length of 12 inches or greater. Allow maximum weed emergence and runner growth. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Bluegrass Kentucky 07-15 3-40

Apply 44 fluid nunces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Blueweed Texas 2.33 3.40 1.5%
Apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts of this product per acre west of the

Mississippi River and 2 to 2.5 quarts per acre east of the Mississippi River, Apply when plants are at or beyond full bloom. New leaf development indicates active growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

Brackenfern 12 2-3 3-40 1%

Apply to fully expanded fronds that are at least 18 inches long.

Bromegrass; smooth, 0.7-1.5 3-40 1.5%

Apply 44 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop ren-ovation, apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 galtons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Bursage, woolly-leaf -

į;

3-20

THE REPORT OF THE PERSON OF TH

For control, apply 44 third nunces of this orpduct plus 0.5 pound of dicamba per acre. For partial control, apply 22 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of dicamba per acre. Apply when plants are producing new active growth which has been initiated by moisture for at least 2 weeks and when plants are at or beyond flowering.

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE 97

PERENNIAL WEFOS RATE TABLE

Volume (GPA) % Sci

Canarygrass, reed

1.5-2 3-40

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-tohead stage of growth.

Cattail 2-3.3 / 3-40 1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage. Clover, red, white 2-3.3 3.20 1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage.

Also for control, apply 11 to 22 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 to 1 pound of 2,4-0 in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

Cogongrass 44/12/330/130/4055

Apply when cogongrass is at least 18 inches tall in late summer or tall. Due to uneven stages of growth and the dense nature of vegetation preventing good spray coverage, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control.

Oaliisgrass # 244 CAY 2 3 315 C3 20 C/22 V 15 % CA Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.

Oandelion: \$2.3.3 3.40 15%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth. Also for control, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2.4-D in 3 to 10 gattons of water per acre.

Dock curly \$2-3.3 3-40 . 1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of prowth. Also for control, apply 11 to 22 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 to 1.0 pound of 2.40 in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

Dogbane, hemp 3.3 1233 40 135 5 155 4

Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage

of growth. Following crop harvest or mowing, allow weeds to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment. For best results, apply in late summer or lall,

For suppression, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2.4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Delay applications until maximum emergence of dogbane has

eFescue (except tall) 2-3.3; 3-3-20 1.5%

Appty when most plants have reached the early head stage.
Fescue stall \$20,72,340

Apply 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development.

Fall applications only: Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gailons of water per acre. Apply to fescue in the fall when plants have 6 to 12 inches of new growth. A sequential application of 11 fluid nunces per acre of this product will improve long-term control and control seedlings germinating after fall treatments or the

following spring.
Guineagrass: 15-2 c 340 table the 7-leaf stage of Apply when most plants have reached at least the 7-leaf stage of growth. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. In Texas and ridge of Florida, use 44 fluid ounces for control. In the flatwoods region of Ronida, 54 fluid ounces is required for control. Horsenettle243322332433203

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage.

Hoss radish
Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage

of growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall.

iceplant should be affire the property of the party bud stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

Jerusalem artichoke 2-3.3 3-20 Apply when most plants are in the early bud stage.

Johnsongrass 0.4-2 3-40 In annual cropping systems apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. In non-crop, or areas where annual tillage (no-till) is not practiced, apply 44 to 64 fluid

ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gattons of water per acre. For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-tohead stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Do not lank mix with residual herbicides when using 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE 99

For burndown of Johnsongrass, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before the plants reach a height of 12 inches. For this use, allow at least 3 days after treatment before tillage.

Spot treatment (panial control or suppression)-Apply a 0.7 percent solution of this product when Johnsongrass is 12 to 18 inches in height. Coverage should be uniform and complete.

Kikuyugrass 1.5-2 3-40

Spray when most kikuyugrass is at least 8 inches in height (3- or 4-leaf stage of growth). Allow 3 or more days after application

Knapweed 3 3-40 1.5% Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall.

Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Use the higher application rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Cespedeza 2 2 3 3 2 3 20 5 1 5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage.

Milkweed, common 2 3-40-

Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage

Muhly, wirestem

0.7-1.5 3-40

Use 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre or in pasture, sod, or non-crop areas. Spray when the wirestem muthly is 8 inches or more in height. Do not bit between harvest and fall applications or in the fall or spring prior to spring applications. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Mullein, common 2-3-3-3-20 1.5%

Apply when most plants are in the early bud stage.

Naplergrass 2.3.3 3.20 1.5%

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Nightshade, Applications should be made when at least 60 percent of the plants have berries. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Nutsenge

purple or yellow 0.4-2 3-40

Apply 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre or apply a 1 to 1.5 percent solution for control of nutsedge plants and immature nutlets attached to treated plants. Treat when plants are in flower or when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets that have not germinated will not be controlled and may germinate following treatment. Regeat treatments will be required for long-term control of unperminated tubers.

Sequential applications: 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre will also provide control. Make applications when a majority of the plants are in the 3- to 5-leaf stage (less than 6 inches tall). Repeat this application, as necessary, when newly emerging plants reach the 3- to 5-leaf stage. Subsequent applications will be necessary for long-term control.

For partial control of existing plants, apply 11 to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Treat when plants have 3 to 5 leaves and most are less than 6 inches tall. Repeat treatments will be required to control subsequent emerging plants or regrowth of existing plants.

Orchardgrass 0.7-1:5 3-40 1.5%

Apply 44 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 callons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 galtons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Orchardgrass sods going to no-till corn: Apply 22 to 32 fluid nunces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to orchardgrass that is a minimum of 12 inches tall for spring applications and 6 inches tall for fall applications. Allow at least 3 days following application before planting. A sequential application of atrazine will be necessary for optimum results.

PERENNIAL WEEDS HATE TABLE

Pampasgrass

1-1.5%

Pampasgrass should be at or beyond the boot stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

Paragrass 2-3.3 3-20 . 1.5%

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Phragmiles 2-3.35 10-40 1-1.5%

For partial control and best results, treat during late symmer or fall when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Treatment before or after this slage may lead to reduced control. Due to the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage or uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to

maintain control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop.

Polson nemlocks

For hand held, apply as a spray-to-wet treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth, Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

Pokeweed common 1.5%

Apply to actively growing plants up to 24 inches tall.

Quackgrass 0.7-2 3-40

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6. 据行法

In annual cropping systems, or in pastures and sods followed by deep Idlage: Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre, apply 44 fluid ounces of this product. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using the 22-fluid-ounce rate. Spray when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applicallons or in lall or spring prior to spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. In pastures or sods, use a moldboard plow for best results.

In pastures, sods or noncrop areas where deep tillage does not follow application: Apply 44 to 64 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when the quackgrass is greater than

Redvine 1.5% 5-10 1.5%

For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre at each of two applications 7 to 14 days apart or a single application of 44 fluid ounces per acre. Apply recommended rates in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply in late September or early October to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.

Beed countries and the second Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer

Ryegrass perennal 07-2 3-404 1% In annual cropping systems apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 44 fluid gunces of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. In noncrop, or areas where annual tillage (no-till) is not practiced, apply 44 to 64 (luid nunces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-tohead stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when using 1 quart of this product per acre.

Smartweed swamp 2 3 37 2 3 40 2 15% Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth. Also for control, apply 11 fluid curices of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-0 in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall.

Sowthistle, perennial: 1.5-2 3-40

Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tiltage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing (rost, Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Spurge, leafy

3-10

For suppression, apply 11 fluid dunces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4.D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall. It moving has occurred prior to treatment, apply when most of the plants are 12 inches tall

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

10-40

Starthistle, yellow

Best results are obtained when applications are made during the rosette, bolting and early flower stages.

Sweet potato, wild ---

For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be required.

Thistle: Canada 15-2 3-40 15%
Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

For suppression in the spring, apply 22 fluid ounces of this product, or 11 fluid ounces at this product plus 0.5 pound of 2.4-0, in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Allow rosette regrowth to a minimum of 6 inches in diameter before treating. Applications can be made as long as leaves are still green and plants are actively growing at the time of application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

-Timothy -1.5%. 1.5%.

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-

head stage of growth.

Torpedograss 2.5-3.3 3-40

For partial control, apply when most plants are at or beyond the seedhead stage of growth. Repeat applications will be required to

maintain control. Fall treatments must be applied before trost.

1 Trumpel Creeper 1.5 5-10 1.5%

For partial control, apply in late September or October, to plants that are at least 1B inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week

before a killing frost.

Vaseygrass 2.3.3 3-20

1.5%

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage. Velvetgrass 2.3.3 3-20

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Wheatgrass, western; 15-2; 20-3-40.

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-tohead stage of growth.

15.0 WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

Apply this product after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Unless otherwise directed, apply broadcast treatments in 3-40 gallons of water per acre. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, mowing or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall freatments are made following

titled Charles 1990	810 6 A S 20	ESTAVATOR S	254-7-4-7-1
	SUM S		
PC=Partial Control: C=	Control		
Alder	2-3	1%	C
Ash	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Aspen, quaking	. 1.5-2	1%	С
Bearmat (Bearclover)	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Beech	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PĊ
Birch	1.5-2	1%	С
Blackberry	2-3	. 1%	. C.

Make applications after plants have reached fulf leaf maturity. Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer or fall. Applications may also be made after leaf drop and until a killing frost or as long as stems are green. After berries have set or dropped in late fall, blackberry can be controlled by applying a 0.7 percent solution of this product. For control of blackberries after leaf drop and until killing frost or as long as stems are green, apply 2 to 2.5 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

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Blackgum	1,5-3,3	1-1.5%	C
Bracken	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	C
Broom French, Scotch		1-1.5%	С
Buckwheat, California		1-1.5%	PĈ
Thorough coverage	of foliage is neces		
Cascara	1,5-3,3	;1-1.5%	PC
Catsclaw		1%	PĈ
Ceanothus	1.5 3.3	1.1.5%	PC
Chamise	_	1%	С
Thorough coverage	of foliage is neces	sary for best resi	ilis.
Cherry bitter 🐍		et - amazen en e	
black, pin	7 3 1.5- 2 5 -	1%	C.

Coyote brush

Manzanita

nunces of this product per acre.

aped.			
Dogwood	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Elderberry	1.5-2	1%	C
Elm	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Eucalyptus		1.5%	C
For control of eucalyptus 12 feet tall. Ensure con drought-stressed eucalypt	mplete covera tus plants.	oly when resprout age. Avoid appli	s are 6 to ication to
Florida holly (Brazilian	1522	1.15%	PC
Peppertree)	1.5-3.3		PC
Gorse		1.5%	PC
Hasardia - San		A STATE OF THE STA	
Thorough coverage of following			
Hawthorn	1.5-2	21%	. C.
Hazel	1.5-2	1% -	С
Hickory	1.5-3 3 %	§1,1.5% \$	PC
Honeysuckle	2-3	1%	С
Hornbeam, American	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Kudzu	2.0 0.0	1.5%	rc.
Repeat applications may	pe tedniteg to	maintain control.	
Locust, black	1.5-3	1-1.5%	,PC
Madrone resprouts		1.5%	PC
Apply to resprouts that a with spring/early summe	ere 3 to 6 feet t er freatments.	all. Best results a	re obtained
		4	D.C.

Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully devel-

C

PC

5

1-1.5%

1.5-3.3

1.5-3 Apply a 1 percent solution when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed. For partial control, apply 44 to 86 fluid

1-1.5%

1%

Weed Species Rate Hand-Held Comment (QT/A) 4% Solution

THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLU			20.00
PC=Partial Control: C=0	Control		
Maple, sugar	_	1%	C.
Apply when at least 50 pr	ercent of the ne	ew leaves are fu	lly developed.
Monkey flower	-		· PC
Thorough coverage of to			ulis.
Oak; black, white	1.5-3	- 1-1.5%	PC
Oak, post	2-3	1%	C
Oak, northern		1%	C
Apply when at least 50 developed.	percent of 1	he new pin lea	ves are fully
Oak southern red	152833	\$1% > \$36	C2.
Persimmon	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Pine Research	15334	W1-15% 55%	C C
Poison tvy/	THE PARTY OF THE PARTY.	Caronina aprilamental St.	amagnaga sereti
Poison oak	2.5-3.3	1.5%	С
Repeat applications may ments must be applied by			ol. Fall treat-
Poplar, yellow	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Redbud, eastern	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	С
Rose, multiflora	1.5	ु 1%	C ·
Treatments should be mainsects.	de prior to lea	f deterioration b	y leaf-eating
Russian olive	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Sage, black		1%	Č
Thorough coverage of fol	iage is necessa	iry for best resu	ilis.
	1533		PC 🔊
Sage brush,			- 1 / 2 O - y

Thorough coverage of tollage is necessary for best results.

Salmon berry: 15-21 1% C 11-2

California

Saltcedar	1.5-3,3	1-1.5%	С
Sassafras	215335	11.5%	CC PC-
Sourwood	1.5-3.3	1-1,5%	PC
Sumac; poison,	S. YES		
smooth winged		3.111.5%	PC.
Sweelgum	1.5-2	1%	Ċ
iSwordfern?	1.5-3.3	j-1,1.5%	NOT PC
Tallowtree, Chinese	+	1%	C
Thorough coverage of t	loliage is neces	sary for best res	ults.
Jan oak resprouts		15%	Tipe"
Apply to resprouts that		l to 5 feet (all. B	est results are
obtained with fall applic	rations.		
Thimbleberry,	115 2015	(3.1%:	5.3.C+ ; 4.
Tobacco, tree		1-1.5%	PC
Trumpetcreepeix	1.5 21	1%7	\$47C,
Vine maple	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Vijoida Greeper New	601.533.G	C.1 1.5% -7	Cons
Waxmyrtle,			
southern	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Willow	2.3	1.1%	· C

16.0 LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

This Company warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the Complete Directions for Use label booklet ("Directions") when used in accordance with those Directions under the conditions described therein. NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR MERCHANTABILITY IS MADE. This warranty is also subject to the conditions and limitations stated herein.

LIMIT OF WARRANTY 2 109

Buyer and all users shall promptly notily this Company of any claims whether based in contract, negligence, strict liability, other tort or otherwise.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage from use or handling which results from conditions beyond the control of this Company, including, but not limited to, incompatibility with products other than those set forth in the Directions, application to or contact with desirable vegetation, unusual weather, weather conditions which are outside the range considered normal at the application site and for the time period when the product is applied, as well as weather conditions which are outside the application ranges set forth in the Directions, application in any manner not explicitly set forth in the Directions, moisture conditions outside the moisture range specified in the Directions, or the presence of products other than those set forth in the Directions in or on the soil, crop or treated vegetation.

This Company does not warrant any product reformulated or repackaged from this product except in accordance with this Company's stewardship requirements and with express written permission from this Company.

For over-the-top uses on Roundup Ready crop varieties crop. safety and weed control performance are not warranted by Monsanto when this product is used in conjunction with "brown bag" or "bin run" seed saved from previous year's production and replanted.

THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE LIMIT OF THE LIABILITY OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OTHER TORT OR OTHERWISE) SHALL BE THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID BY THE USER OR BUYER FOR THE QUANTITY OF THIS PROD-UCT INVOLVED, OR, AT THE ELECTION OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF SUCH QUANTITY, OR, IF NOT ACQUIRED BY PURCHASE, REPLACEMENT OF SUCH QUANTITY. IN NO EVENT SHALL

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Valor is a trademark of Valent USA Corporation.

TEINITEOEWARRANTY

Goal is a trademark of Rohm and Haas Company.

Devrinot is a trademark of United Phosphorus Inc.

This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,688,085 and 6,365,551. Other patents pending. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

EPA Reg. No. 524-537

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, (314) 694-4000.

MONSANTO

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63003A1-1/53



Complete Directions for Use

EPA Reg. No. 524-537

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR HODVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Herbicide for Roundup Ready Crops.

Selective broad-spectrum weed control in Roundup Ready crops. Non-selective, broad-spectrum weed control for many cropping systems, farmsleads and Conservation Reserve Program acres.

9

MONSANTO COMPANY
600 13TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 600
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005
http://www.monsanto.com

March 6, 2003

Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)
Document Processing Center (NOTIF)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Crystal Mall #2; Room 266A
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

Roundup WeatherMAX Herbicide (EPA Reg. No 524537)

Submission of Final Printed Supplemental Label for

Control and Management of Glyphosate Resistant Horseweed (Marestail, Conyza Canadensis) in Cotton, Corn, and Soybeans

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

Monsanto is submitting for your files, five (5) copies of the final printed supplemental label for Roundup WeatherMAX Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 524-537, Print Plate No. 63003B1-21/53) approved by the EPA on February 6, 2003.

EPA approved use of this label for use across the US, but Monsanto has chosen to implement it only in a limited geography as stated on the label because this is where the glyphosate resistant weed population has been found.

"This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA."

If you have any questions regarding this submission, please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha Gray or directly at 314-694-9036.

Sincerely,

Debra Hinton

Registration Specialist

cc:

M. Gray

S. Wratten

.

United States

Environmental Protection Agency

Registration
Amendment
Other

Form Approved. OM8 No. 2070-0060

OPP Identifier Number

Washington, DC 20460	X Other 295599
Application for F	Pesticide - Section I
Company/Product Number Monsanto / 524-537	2. EPA Product Manager Mr. James Tompkins
Company/Product (Name) Roundup WeatherMAX Herbicide	PM# X None Restricted
Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W., Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005 Check if this is a new address	6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. Product Name
Sec	tion - II
Amendment - Explain below, Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated Notification - Explain below.	X Finel printed labels in response to Agency letter dated 2/6/2003 Me Too* Application. Other - Explain below.
xplanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Se	
	tion - III
Yes" Yes No. per If "Yes" No. per	Soluble Packaging Yes No No No, per ge wgt container 2. Type of Container Metal Plastic Glass Paper Other (Specify)
Location of Net Contents Information 4. Size(s) Retail Contail Label Conteiner	ner 5. Location of Label Directions On Label On Labeling accompanying product
. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product Lithograph Paper glued Stanciled	Other
	ion - IV
Contact Point <i>(Complete items directly below for identification of indiverse)</i> Br. Marsha Gray Title Regi	Telephone No. (Include Area Code) (202) 783-2450
Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attach I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement ma both under applicable law.	
Signature 3. Title	Registration Specialist
. Typed Name Debra Hinton	3/6/03

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE and INSTRUCTIONS.

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.85 hour response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other espect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch, (2136), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460.

INSTRUCTIONS: This form is to be used for all applications for new registration, and use reregistration, amendment, resubmission, to application for notifications, final printed labeling, reregistration, etc. In order to process an application for a new registration aubmitted on this form, the confoliowing material must accompany the application:

- 1. Certification with Respect to Citation of Data (EPA Form 8570-29). [If not exempted by 40 CFR 152.81 (b) (4)];
- 2. Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4);
- -3. Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA Form 8570-27);
- 4. Five copies of draft labeling;
- 5. Three copies of any data submitted;
- 6. Authorization letter where applicable;
- 7. Matrices where applicable...

Submission of Labeling - Labeling should first be submitted in the form of dreft labels with all applications for new registration. Such draft labels may in the form of typed label text on 8.5 x 11 inch paper for submission or a mockup of the proposed label. If prepared for mockup, it should be constructed in a way as to facilitate storage in an 8.5 x 11 inch file. Mockup labels significantly smaller than 8.5 x 11 inches should be mounted on / x 11 inch paper for submission.

Submission of Data - Data submitted in support of this application must be submitted in accordance with PR Notice 86-5.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the instructions listed below before completing this application. First determine the type of registration action, listed in Block A, for which you are submitting this application. For applications submitted in connection with New Registration actions, Section, III, and IV must be completed by the applicant. For applications submitted in connection with amended reregistration actions; resubmissions; notifications, reregistrations, etc., Sections I, II, and IV must be completed by the applicant.

Block A - Check the appropriate action for which you are submitting this form.

SECTION I - This section must be completed, as applicable, for all registration ections.

- 1. Company/Product Number Insert your Company Number, if one has been assigned by EPA. This number may have been assigned to you as a basic registrant, a distributor, or as an establishment. If your product is registered, insert the Product Number.
- 2. EPA Product Manager If known, fill in the name and PM number of the EPA Product Manager.
- 3. Proposed Classification Specify the proposed classification of this product.
- 4. Product Name Enter the complete product name of this pesticide as it will appear on the label. The name must be specific to this product only. Duplication of names is not permitted among products of the same company. Do not include any brand name or company line designations.
- 5. Name and Address of Applicant The name of the firm or person and address shown in your application is the person or firm to whom the registration will be issued. If you are acting in behalf of another party, you must submit authorization from that party to act for them in registration matters. An applicant not residing in the United States must have an authorized agent residing in the United States to act for them in all registration matters. The name and complete mailing address of such an agent must accompany this application.
- 6. Expedited Review FIFRA section 3 (c) 3 (B) provides for expedited review of applications for registration, or amendments to existing registration that are similar or identical to other pesticide products that are currently registered with the EPA. In order for your application to be eligible for expedited review, your must provide us with the EPA Registration Number and product name of the product you believe is similar to or identical to your product. The product must be similar or identical in both formulation and labeled uses.

SECTION 11 - This section must be completed for all applications submitted to amend the registration only of a currently registered product (Amendment), for a resubmission in response to an Agency letter, for notifications to the Agency, for the submission of final printed labeling, for reregistration and for any other action that pertains to a specific EPA-registered product. This section is not to be used for a new application for registration.

1. Subject of submission - Check the applicable block and provide the Agency letter date if appropriate. Provide a brief explanation of the purpose(s for the submission, such as "the addition of a site, pest or crop (specify)"; "amend the Confidential Statement of Formula by..."; "reregistration submission"; "general label revision of use directions." Attach a separate page if additional space is needed.

SECTION III (Packaging and Container Information) - This Section must be completed for all applications submitted in connection with new registration or applicable amendments.

- 1. Type of Packaging Check the appropriate block if your product will be packaged in the indicated packaging types, indicate the size of the individual packets and number per retail container.
- 2. Type of Retail Contriner Indicate type of container in which product will be marketed.
- 3. Location of Net Contents Indicate the location of the net contents information for your product.
- 4. Shels) of Retail Container Specify the net contents of all retail containers for your product.
- 5. Location of Use Directions Indicate the location of the use directions for your product.
- 6. Manner in which label is affilied to product Indicated the method product label is attached to retail container.

SECTION IV (Contact Point) - This Section must be completed for all applications for Registration actions, i.e., new products registration, tesubmission, "me-too," reregistration, etc.

- 1-5. Self-explanator/:-
- 6. EPA Use Only,

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Supplemental Labeling

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX™ HERBICIDE BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using Roundup WeatherMAX Herbicide as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container for each product and on this supplemental labeling.



EPA Reg. No. 524-537

FOR CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT OF GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT HORSEWEED (MARESTAIL, *Conyza canadensis*) IN COTTON, CORN, AND SOYBEANS IN THE FOLLOWING GEOGRAPHIES:

- All counties in the states of Delaware, Kentucky and New Jersey.
- All counties South of Interstate 70 in the states of Indiana and Ohio.
- All counties West of State Highway 13 in the state of Tennessee.
- Maryland counties of Caroline, Cecil, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Annes, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico and Worcester.
- Missouri counties of Bollinger, Butler, Cape Giradeau, Dunklin, Mississippi, New Madrid, Pemiscot, Scott and Stoddard.

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION!

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night (314) 694-4000.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application. AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESTRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS).

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide for essential product performance information.

For ground applications, use 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, use 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. For tank-mix recommendations, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the product labels, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately for all herbicides used.

Cotton:

Preplant:

For control of horseweed, apply this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) in a tank-mix with Clarity® (8 fluid ounces per acre). This application must be made 21 to 35 days before planting and before horseweed reaches 6 inches in height. In order to avoid crop injury, a minimum interval of 21 days during which there is at least 1 inch of cumulative rainfall must be observed between Clarity application and planting of cotton.

Post-directed (Roundup Ready® Cotton varieties only):

Management of early season weed competition and the development of a crop height differential between cotton and the horseweed is often achieved by a combination of preplant burndown and post emergent—over-the-top and/or directed applications of Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide. These measures enhance the development of a height differential that is necessary to successfully make post-directed treatments. In-crop post-directed applications of MSMA (2 pounds active ingredient per acre) tankmixed with diuron (0.5 to 0.75 pounds active ingredient per acre) should be made when the temperature is 80°F or higher.

Soybeans:

with a second to the

Preplant:

Apply a tank mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) with 2,4-D (0.5 pounds a.i. per acre) before horseweed exceeds 6 inches in height. See the 2,4-D product label for time intervals that are required between application and planting. For areas

where 2,4-D cannot be applied due to application restrictions or proximity to a sensitive crop, contact your local retailer and Monsanto representative.

In-crop (Roundup Ready Soybean varieties only):

It is strongly encouraged that horseweed should be controlled prior to planting using recommended preplant burndown treatments. In-crop Roundup Ready soybeans, apply a tank mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) with AmplifyTM (0.3 ounces per acre). This treatment should be used as a salvage treatment only for a horseweed infestation that was not controlled preplant. Application should be made between full emergence of the first trifoliate leaf and 50 percent flowering stage of soybeans. At the time of treatment, horseweed should not exceed 6 inches in height.

Corn:

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence:

Apply a tank mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) plus 2,4-D (0.5 pounds a.i. of per acre) before horseweed exceeds 6 inches in height. See the 2,4-D product label for time intervals that are required between application and planting.

Atrazine (1 to 2 pounds active ingredient per acre) may be included in the tank-mixture to provide residual control. Refer to the atrazine product label for specific use instructions.

In-crop (Roundup Ready Corn hybrids only):

In-crop Roundup Ready corn, apply a tank-mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) plus Clarity (8 to 16 fluid ounces per acre) or 2,4-D (0.5 to 1.0 pounds a.i. per acre). Apply between corn emergence and the 5-leaf stage of growth (approximately 8 inches fall).

ATTENTION:

AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

Amplify, Roundup WeatherMAX, Roundup Ready, and Transorb II are registered trademarks of Monsanto Technology LLC.

Clarity is a trademark of BASF Corp.

63003B1-21/53 2/6/2003

Supplemental Labeling

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX™ HERBICIDE BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

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EPA Reg. No. 524-537

FOR CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT OF GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT HORSEWEED (MARESTAIL, Conyza canadensis) IN COTTON, CORN, AND SOYBEANS IN THE FOLLOWING GEOGRAPHIES:

- All counties in the states of Delaware, Kentucky and New Jersey.
- All counties South of Interstate 70 in the states of Indiana and Ohio.
- All counties West of State Highway 13 in the state of Tennessee.
- Maryland counties of Caroline, Cecil, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Annes, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico and Worcester.
- Missouri counties of Bollinger, Butler, Cape Giradeau, Dunklin, Mississippi, New Madrid, Perniscot, Scott and Stoddard.

Keep out of reach of children. CAUTION!

CAUTION

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night (314) 694-4000.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application. AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS).

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide for essential product performance information.

For ground applications, use 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, use 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. For tank-mix recommendations, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the product labels, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately for all herbicides used.

Cotton:

Preplant:

For control of horseweed, apply this product {22 fluid ounces per acre} in a tank-mix with Clarity® {8 fluid ounces per acre}. This application must be made 21 to 35 days before planting and before horseweed reaches 6 inches in height. In order to avoid crop injury, a minimum interval of 21 days during which there is at least 1 inch of cumulative rainfall must be observed between Clarity application and planting of cotton.

Post-directed (Roundup Ready® Cotton varieties only):

Management of early season weed competition and the development of a crop height differential between cotton and the horseweed is often achieved by a combination of preplant burndown and post emergent over-the-top and/or directed applications of Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide. These measures enhance the development of a height differential that is necessary to successfully make post-directed treatments. In-crop post-directed applications of MSMA (2 pounds active ingredient per acre) tankmixed with diuron (0.5 to 0.75 pounds active ingredient per acre) should be made when the temperature is 80°F or higher.

Soybeans:

Preplant:

Apply a tank mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) with 2,4-D (0.5 pounds a.i. per acre) before horseweed exceeds 6 inches in height. See the 2,4-D product label for time intervals that are required between application and planting. For areas

where 2,4-D cannot be applied due to application restrictions or proximity to a sensitive crop, contact your local retailer and Monsanto representative.

In-crop (Roundup Ready Soybean varieties only):

It is strongly encouraged that horseweed should be controlled prior to planting using recommended preplant burndown treatments. In-crop Roundup Ready soybeans, apply a tank mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) with Amplify™ (0.3 ounces per acre). This treatment should be used as a salvage treatment only for a horseweed infestation that was not controlled preplant. Application should be made between full emergence of the first trifoliate leaf and 50 percent flowering stage of soybeans. At the time of treatment, horseweed should not exceed 6 inches in height.

Corn:

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence:

Apply a tank mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) plus 2,4-D (0.5 pounds a.i. of per acre) before horseweed exceeds 6 inches in height. See the 2,4-D product label for time intervals that are required between application and planting.

Atrazine (1 to 2 pounds active ingredient per acre) may be included in the tank-mixture to provide residual control. Refer to the atrazine product tabel for specific use instructions.

In-crop (Roundup Ready Corn hybrids only):

In-crop Roundup Ready corn, apply a tank-mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) plus Clarity (8 to 16 fluid ounces per acre) or 2,4-D (0.5 to 1.0 pounds a.i. per acre). Apply between corn emergence and the 5-leaf stage of growth (approximately 8 inches tall).

ATTENTION:

AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

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Clarity is a trademark of BASF Corp.

6300381-21/53 2/6/2003

Supplemental Labeling

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EPA Reg. No. 524-537

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- All-counties in the states of Delaware, Kentucky and New Jersey.
- All counties South of Interstate 70 in the states of Indiana and Ohio.
- All counties West of State Highway 13 in the state of Tennessee.
- Maryland counties of Caroline, Cecil, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Annes, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico and Worcester.
- Missouri counties of Bollinger, Butler, Cape Giradeau, Dunklin, Mississippi, New Madrid, Pemiscot, Scott and Stoddard.

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION!

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

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See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide for essential product performance information.

For ground applications, use 10 to 20 gallons of water a per acre. For aerial applications, use 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. For tank-mix recommendations, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the product labels, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately for all herbicides used.

Cotton:

Preplant:

For control of horseweed, apply this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) in a tank-mix with Clarity® (8 fluid ounces per acre). This application must be made 21 to 35 days before planting and before horseweed reaches 6 inches in height. In order to avoid crop injury, a minimum interval of 21 days during which there is at least 1 inch of cumulative rainfall must be observed between Clarity application and planting of cotton.

Post-directed (Roundup Ready® Cotton varieties only):

Management of early season weed competition and the development of a crop height differential between cotton and the horseweed is often achieved by a combination of preplant burndown and post emergent over-the-top and/or directed applications of Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide. These measures enhance the development of a height differential that is necessary to successfully make post-directed treatments. In-crop post-directed applications of MSMA (2 pounds active ingredient per acre) tankmixed with diuron (0.5 to 0.75 pounds active ingredient per acre) should be made when the temperature is 80°F or higher.

Soybeans:

Preplant:

Apply a tank mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) with 2,4-D (0.5 pounds a.i. per acre) before horseweed exceeds 6 inches in height. See the 2,4-D product label for time intervals that are required between application and planting. For areas

where 2,4-D cannot be applied due to application restrictions or proximity to a sensitive crop, contact your local retailer and Monsanto representative.

In-crop (Roundup Ready Soybean varieties only):

It is strongly encouraged that horseweed should be controlled prior to planting using recommended preplant burndown treatments. In-crop Roundup Ready soybeans, apply a tank mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) with AmplifyTM (0.3 ounces per acre). This treatment should be used as a salvage treatment only for a horseweed infestation that was not controlled preplant. Application should be made between full emergence of the first trifoliate leaf and 50 percent flowering stage of soybeans. At the time of treatment, horseweed should not exceed 6 inches in height.

Corn:

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence:

Apply a tank mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) plus 2,4-D (0.5 pounds a.i. of per acre) before horseweed exceeds 6 inches in height. See the 2,4-D product label for time intervals that are required between application and planting.

Atrazine (1 to 2 pounds active ingredient per acre) may be included in the tank-mixture to provide residual control. Refer to the atrazine product label for specific use instructions.

In-crop (Roundup Ready Corn hybrids only):

In-crop Roundup Ready corn, apply a tank-mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) plus Clarity (8 to 16 fluid ounces per acre) or 2,4-D (0.5 to 1.0 pounds a.i. per acre). Apply between corn emergence and the 5-leaf stage of growth (approximately 8 inches tall).

ATTENTION:

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Clarity is a trademark of BASF Corp.

6300381-21/53 2/6/2003

Supplemental Labeling

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EPA Reg. No. 524-537

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- All counties in the states of Delaware, Kentucky and New Jersey.
- All counties South of Interstate 70 in the states of Indiana and Ohio.
- All counties West of State Highway 13 in the state of Tennessee.
- Maryland counties of Caroline, Cecil, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Annes, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico and Worcester.
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For ground applications, use 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, use 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. For tank-mix recommendations, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the product labels, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately for all herbicides used.

Cotton:

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Soybeans:

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Preplant:

Apply a lank mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) with 2,4-D (0.5 pounds a.i. per acre) before horseweed exceeds 6 inches in height. See the 2,4-D product label for time intervals that are required between application and planting. For areas

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Corn:

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence:

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6300381-21/53 2/6/2003

Supplemental Labeling

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EPA Reg. No. 524-537

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Soybeans:

Preplant:

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In-crop (Roundup Ready Soybean varieties only):

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Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence:

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In-crop (Roundup Ready Corn hybrids only):

In-crop Roundup Ready corn, apply a tank-mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) plus Clarity (8 to 16 fluid ounces per acre) or 2,4-D (0.5 to 1.0 pounds a.i. per acre). Apply between corn emergence and the 5-leaf stage of growth (approximately 8 inches tall).

ATTENTION:

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Clarity is a trademark of BASF Corp.

6300381-21/53 2/6/2003



MONSANTO COMPANY
600 13TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 600
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005
http://www.monsanto.com

March 6, 2003

Document Processing Center (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

Roundup WeatherMAX® Herbicide (EPA Reg. No.524-5377)

Final Printed Labeling

Roundup Ready® Soybean Uses in California

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

Roundup WeatherMAX Herbicide is a recently introduced brand of potassium glyphosate that was registered by the Agency on 11-April-2002. In the Final Printed Label booklets (forwarded to EPA on 3-Jun-2002 and 11-Nov-2002) Section 11.4 includes a statement specifying that this product may only be used in California on Roundup Ready soybeans in conjunction with a CA-approved supplemental label specifying use directions. This element of the label was designed from the beginning to provide a means for California to approve this soybean use pattern on a timing that was independent from the rest of the labeled instructions.

That California approval has now occurred, and I attach for your records five (5) examples of Final Printed Labeling that will be used in California. Although US EPA has not explicitly approved this precise text in a draft form ahead of time, CDPR has done so. Monsanto is confident that the Agency will accept it because it only says, in effect, to follow the published label directions. Therefore, as such, it does not constitute any change in the terms of the registration. At the next printing of this booklet, Monsanto will delete the statement in Section 11.4 that references this supplemental label and make this present supplemental label obsolete.

Mr. Tompkins Page 2 6-Mar-03

This notification of a California specific supplemental label is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR§ 152.46, and no other changes (beside those outlined herein) have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 USC Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statements to the EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement actions and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202-383-2878) or by direct phone (314-694-1582), fax (314-694-4028), or electronic mail at stephen.j.wratten@monsanto.com.

Sincerely,

Stephen J. Wratten Manager, Registrations

cc: M. C. Gray

WeatherMAX CA soybean FPL.doc

Please read	Instructions	on reverse	before	completing	form
	-	•			

United States

Environmental Protection Agency

	Registration
::"	Amendment
Χ.	Other

Form Approved, OMB No. 2070-0080

OPP Identifier Number

295525

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PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE and INSTRUCTIONS

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.85 hour per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gethering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch, (2136), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460.

INSTRUCTIONS: This form is to be used for all applications for new registration, end use reregistration, amendment, resubmission, to applications for notifications, final printed labeling, reregistration, etc. In order to process an application for a new registration submitted on this form, the second following material must accompany the application:

- Certification with Respect to Citation of Data (EPA Form 8570-29). [If not exempted by 40 CFR 152.81 (b) (4)];
- 2. Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4);
- 3. Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA Form 8570-27);
- 4. Five copies of draft labeling:
- 5. Three copies of any data submitted;
- 6. Authorization letter where applicable;
- 7. Matrices where applicable.

Submission of Labeling - Labeling should first be submitted in the form of draft labels with all applications for new registration. Such draft labels may be in the form of typed label text on 8.5 x 11 inch paper for submission or a mockup of the proposed label. If prepared for mockup, it should be constructed in a way as to facilitate storage in an 8.5 x 11 inch file. Mockup labels significantly smaller than 8.5 x 11 inches should be mounted on x 11 inch paper for submission.

Submission of Data - Data submitted in support of this application must be submitted in accordance with PR Notice 86-5.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the instructions listed below before completing this application. First determine the type of registration action, listed in Block A, for which you are submitting this application. For applications submitted in connection with New Registration actions, Sections I, III, and IV must be completed by the applicant. For applications submitted in connection with amended reregistration actions, resubmissions, notifications, reregistrations, etc., Sections I, II, and IV must be completed by the applicant.

Block A - Check the appropriate action for which you are submitting this form.

SECTION 1 - This section must be completed, as applicable, for all registration actions.

- 1. Company/Product Number Insert your Company Number, if one has been assigned by EPA. This number may have been assigned to you as a basic registrant, a distributor, or as an establishment. If your product is registered, insert the Product Number.
- 2. EPA Product Manager If known, fill in the name and PM number of the EPA Product Manager,
- 3. Proposed Classification Specify the proposed classification of this product.
- 4. Product Name Enter the complete product name of this pesticide as it will appear on the label. The name must be specific to this product only. Duplication of names is not permitted among products of the same company. Do not include any brand name or company line designations.
- 5. Name and Address of Applicant The name of the firm or person and eddress shown in your application is the person or firm to whom the registration will be issued. If you are acting in behalf of enother party, you must submit authorization from that party to act for them in registration matters. An applicant not residing in the United States must have an authorized agent residing in the United States to act for them in all registration matters. The name and complete mailing address of such an agent must accompany this application.
- 6. Expedited Review FIFRA section 3 (c) 3 (8) provides for expedited review of applications for registration, or amendments to existing registrations, that are similar or identical to other posticide products that are currently registered with the EPA. In order for your application to be eligible for expedited review, you must provide us with the EPA Registration Number and product name of the product you believe is similar to or identical to your product. The product must be similar or identical in both formulation and labeled uses.

SECTION II - This section must be completed for all applications submitted to amend the registration only of a currently registered product (Amendment), for a resubmission in response to an Agency letter, for notifications to the Agency, for the submission of final printed labeling, for resegistration and for any other action that pertains to a specific EPA-registered product. This section is not to be used for a new application for registration.

1. Subject of submission - Check the applicable block and provide the Agency letter date if appropriate. Provide a brief explanation of the purpose(s) for the submission, such as "the addition of a site, past or crop (specify)"; "amend the Confidential Statement of Formula by..."; "reregistration submission"; "general label revision of use directions." Attach a separate page if additional space is needed.

SECTION III (Packaging and Container Information) - This Section must be completed for all applications submitted in connection with new registration or applicable emendments.

- 1. Type of Packaging. Check the appropriate block if your product will be packaged in the indicated packaging types. Indicate the size of the individual packets and number per retail container.
- 2. Type of Retail Container Indicate type of container in which product will be marketed.
- 3. Location of Not Contents Indicate the location of the not contents information for your product.
- 4. Sizels) of Retail Container Specify the net contents of all retail containers for your product.
- 5. Location of Use Directions Indicare the location of the use directions for your product.
- 6. Manner in which lake is affixed to product Indicated the method product label is attached to retail container.

SECTION IV (Contact Point) - This Section must be completed for all applications for Registration actions, i.e., new products registration, resubmission, "ma-too," reregistration, etc.

- 1-5. Self-explanatory.
- 6. EPA Use Only.

7/6

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX™ HERBICIDE BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.



EPA Reg. No. 524-537

Roundup WeatherMAX, Transorb and Roundup Ready are trademarks of Monsanto Technology LLC.

FOR APPLICATION TO ROUNDUP READY SOYBEANS IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA ONLY

Keep out of reach of children. CAUTION!

Ha-case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, 314-694-4000.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for this product for essential product performance information.

The California Department of Pesticide Regulation has reviewed and authorized the use of this product for applications in Roundup Ready soybeans. Applicators must read and follow the Directions for Use specified in Section 11.4 of the label booklet provided with the product for applications to Roundup Ready soybeans in California.

Read the "Limit of Warranty and Liability" in the label booklet for Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide before using. These terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

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63003B1-22

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX™ HERBICIDE BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.



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63003B1-22

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EPA Reg. No. 524-537

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A

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX™ HERBICIDE BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.



EPA Reg. No. 524-537

Roundup WealherMAX, Transorb and Roundup Ready are trademarks of Monsanto Technology LLC.

FOR APPLICATION TO ROUNDUP READY SOYBEANS IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA ONLY

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63003B1-22



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EPA Reg. No. 524-537

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Read the "Limit of Warranty and Liability" in the label booklet for Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide before using. These terms apply to this supplemental tabeling and if these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

FEB - 6 2003

Mr. Stephen J. Wratten Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W. Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005

Mr. Wratten:

Subject: Roundup Weather Max Herbicide (Control of Glyphosate Tolerant Horseweed

(Marestail)

EPA Registration No. 524-537

Your Application Dated December 2, 2002

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended is acceptable. A stamped copy of labeling is enclosed for your records.

Supplemental labeling must be incorporated into a master label and copies of the master labeling submitted to the Agency for our files at your next printing or within 2 years from the date of acceptance of supplemental labeling. The Agency will consider a convincing argument as to why a supplemental label should not appear on a master label on a case by case basis.

Sincerely,

James A. Tompkins
Product Manger 25
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505C)

Supplemental Labeling

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX HERBICIDE BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container for each product and on this supplemental labeling.

Roundup WeatherMAX Herbicide Logo

EPA Reg. No. 524-537

Roundup WeatherMAX and Roundup Ready are registered trademarks of Monsanto Company

FOR CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT OF GLYPHOSATE RESISTANT HORSEWEED (MARESTAIL, Conyza canadensis) IN COTTON, CORN, AND SOYBEANS.

Keep out of reach of children. CAUTION!

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night (314) 694-4000.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application. AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY CROPS).

See "GENERAL-INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide for essential product performance information.

For ground applications, use 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, use 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. For tank-mix recommendations, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the product labels, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately for all herbicides used.

Cotton:

Preplant:

For control of horseweed, apply this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) in a tank-mix with Clarity (8 fluid ounces per acre). This application must be made 21 to 35 days before planting and before horseweed reaches 6 inches in height. In order to avoid crop injury, a minimum interval of 21 days during which there is at least 1 inch of cumulative rainfall must be observed between Clarity application and planting of cotton.

ACCEPTED

FEB = 6 2003

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungolde, and Rodsniiside Act, as emended, for the pesticide registered under 1974 Reg. No 524-537

Post-directed (Roundup Ready® Cotton varieties only):

Management of early season weed competition and the development of a crop height differential between cotton and the horseweed is often achieved by a combination of preplant burndown and post emergent over-the-top and/or directed applications of Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide. These measures enhance the development of a height differential that is necessary to successfully make post-directed treatments. In-crop post-directed applications of MSMA (2 pounds active ingredient per acre) tank-mixed with diuron (0.5 to 0.75 pounds active ingredient per acre) should be made when the temperature is 80°F or higher.

Soybeans:

Preplant:

Apply a tank mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) with 2,4-D (0.5 pounds a.i. per acre) before horseweed exceeds 6 inches in height. See the 2,4-D product label for time intervals that are required between application and planting. For areas where 2,4-D cannot be applied due to application restrictions or proximity to a sensitive crop, contact your local retailer and Monsanto representative.

In-crop (Roundup Ready Soybean varieties only):

It is strongly encouraged that horseweed should be controlled prior to planting using recommended preplant burndown treatments. In-crop Roundup Ready soybeans, apply a tank mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) with AmplifyTM (0.3 ounces per acre). This treatment should be used as a salvage treatment only for a horseweed infestation that was not controlled preplant. Application should be made between full emergence of the first trifoliate leaf and 50% flowering stage of soybeans. At the time of treatment, horseweed should not exceed 6 inches in height.

Corn:

Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence:

Apply a tank mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) plus 2,4-D (0.5 pounds a.i. of per acre) before horseweed exceeds 6 inches in height. See the 2,4-D product label for time intervals that are required between application and planting.

Atrazine (1 to 2 pounds active ingredient per acre) may be included in the tank-mixture to provide residual control. Refer to the atrazine product label for specific use instructions.

In-crop (Roundup Ready Corn hybrids only):

In-crop Roundup Ready corn, apply a tank-mixture of this product (22 fluid ounces per acre) plus Clarity (8 to 16 fluid ounces per acre) or 2,4-D (0.5 to 1.0 pounds a.i. per acre). Apply between corn emergence and the 5-leaf stage of growth (approximately 8 inches tall).

ATTENTION

AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

Amplify, Roundup WeatherMAX, Roundup Ready, and Transorb II are registered trademarks of Monsanto Company. Clarity is a trademark of BASF Corp.

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600 13th Stre Washington, D	any et, N.W., Suite	Sample of the	(b)(i) to: EPA		s similar o	r identical in	vith FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) n composition and labeling
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Notification - Expl Explanation: Use addi	ssponse to Agency letter sin below.	y. (For section l			er deted application.	·	
		 -	Section -	- 111			
1. Material This Product	Will Be Packaged In:						- · · · -
Child-Resistant Packaging Yes* No Certification must be submitted	Unit Packaging Yes No It "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt:		Water Soluble Yes No If "Yes" Package wgt	No. per container			al tic sa er er (Specify)
3. Location of Net Conter	Container	4, Size(s) Retail	Container		or	of Label Dire Label Labeling ac	companying product
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			Section -	IV			
1. Contact Point Comple	ete items directly below f	or identification (of individual to	be contacted,	if necessary	, to process	this application.)
Nama Dr. Russe	Hl Schneider		tie Diffector	, Registra	tion		hone No. (Include Area Coda) -783-2460
certify that the st	stements I have made on	Certification		thereto are true	. accurata a	nd complete	6. Date Application Received

I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or

3. Title

5. Date

Manager, Registrations

December 2, 2002

Stephen J. Wratten, Ph.D.

both under applicable law.

2. Signatura

4. Typed Name

(Stamped)

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE and INSTRUCTIONS

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.85 hour per sponse, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and riewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including ggestions for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch, (2136), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, ashington, DC 20460.

ISTRUCTIONS: This form is to be used for all applications for new registration, and use reregistration, amendment, resubmission, to applications reputations, final printed labeling, reregistration, etc. In order to process an application for, a new registration submitted on this form, the lowing material must accompany the application:

- 1. Certification with Respect to Citation of Data (EPA Form 8570-29). [If not exempted by 40 CFR 152.81 (b) (4)];
- 2. Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4);
- 3. Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA Form 8570-27);
- 4. Five copies of draft labeling;
- 5. Three copies of any date submitted;
- Authorization letter where applicable;
- 7. Matrices where applicable.

bmission of Labeling - Labeling should first be submitted in the form of draft labels with all applications for new registration. Such draft labels may be the form of typed label text on 8.5 x 11 inch paper for submission or a mockup of the proposed label. If prepared for mockup, it should be instructed in a way as to facilitate storage in an 8.5 x 11 inch file. Mockup labels significantly smaller than 8.5 x 11 inches should be mounted on the paper for submission.

bmission of Data - Data submitted in support of this application must be submitted in accordance with PR Notice 86-5.

PECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the instructions listed below before completing this application. First determine the type of registration tion, listed in Block A, for which you are submitting this application. For applications submitted in connection with New Registration actions, Sections II, and IV must be completed by the applicant. For applications submitted in connection with amended reregistration actions, resubmissions, tifications, reregistrations, etc., Sections I, II, and IV must be completed by the applicant.

ECTION I - This section must be completed, as applicable, for all registration actions.

Company/Product Number - Insert your Company Number, if one has been assigned by EPA. This number may have been assigned to you as a basic registrant, a distributor, or as an establishment. If your product is registered, insert the Product Number.

EPA Product Manager - If known, fill in the name and PM number of the EPA Product Manager.

Proposed Classification - Specify the proposed classification of this product.

Product Name - Enter the complete product name of this pesticide as it will appear on the label. The name must be specific to this product only. Duplication of names is not permitted among products of the same company. Do not include any brand name or company line designations.

Name and Address of Applicant - The name of the firm or person and address shown in your application is the person or firm to whom the registration will be issued. If you are acting in behalf of another party, you must submit authorization from that party to act for them in registration matters. An applicant not residing in the United States must have an authorized agent residing in the United States to act for them in all registration matters. The name and complete mailing address of such an agent must accompany this application.

Expedited Review - FIFRA section 3 (c) 3 (B) provides for expedited review of applications for registration, or amendments to existing registrations, that are similar or identical to other perticide products that are currently registered with the EPA. In order for your application to be eligible for expedited review, you must provide us with the EPA Registration Number and product name of the product you believe is similar to or identical to your product. The product must be similar or identical in both formulation and labeled uses.

ECTION II - This section must be completed for all applications submitted to amend the registration only of a currently registered product mendment), for a resubmission in response to an Agency latter, for notifications to the Agency, for the submission of final printed labeling, for registration and for any other action that pertains to a specific EPA-registered product. This section is not to be used for a new application for gistration.

Subject of submission - Check the applicable block and provide the Agency letter date if appropriate. Provide a brief explanation of the purposets for the submission, such as "the addition of a site, past or crop (specify)"; "amend the Confidential Statement of Formula by..."; "reregistration submission"; "general label revision of use directions." Attach a separate page if additional space is needed.

ECTION III (Packaging and Container Information) - This Section must be completed for all applications submitted in connection with new gistration or applicable amendments.

Type of Packaging - Check the appropriate block if your product will be packaged in the indicated packaging types.

Indicate the size of the individual packets and number per retail container.

Type of Retail Container - Indicate type of container in which product will be marketed.

Location of Net Contents - Indicate the location of the net contents information for your product,

Size(s) of Retail Container - Specify the net contents of all retail containers for your product.

Laprice of Use Directions - Indicate the location of the use directions for your product.

Manner in which label is affixed to product - Indicated the method product label is attached to retail container.

ECTION IV (Contact Point) - This Section must be completed for all applications for Registration actions, i.e., new products registration, submission, "me-coo," reregistration, etc.

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EPA Use Only.

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MONSANTO COMPANY
600 13TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 600
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005
http://www.monsanto.com

December 2, 2002

Document Processing Center (AMEND)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

Roundup WeatherMAX Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 524-537)

Supplemental Labeling for Glyphosate Tolerant Horseweed

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

Field experiences in 2002 have reported that isolated populations exist of a common annual weed known as marestail or horseweed (Conyza canadensis) that are not controlled in all cases by labeled rates of glyphosate herbicides. Although these resistant populations are not widespread, Monsanto desires to take proactive measures to eliminate them from agricultural fields where possible and certainly to limit their spread. With that goal in mind, we desire to add supplemental labeling that provides growers with specific recommended steps to take, and provide three copies of a proposed supplemental label for Agency review and approval. Monsanto will submit this label for state approval in areas where marestail resistance has been found. It will apply on a county by county basis, as specified by Monsanto.

Generally, the approach is to use tank mixtures with other labeled herbicides in the major crops to control horseweed either before planting or when the weed is small in-crop. These tank mixtures could be practiced today, since all component herbicides are already labeled for the proposed uses, so this supplemental label seeks merely to provide a single convenient source of effective treatment directions. Once approved, this text will be

Mr. Tompkins Page 2 2-Dec-02

proposed for other Monsanto glyphosate herbicides to achieve consistency in the recommendations. We will also offer these recommendations to other glyphosate registrants.

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202-383-2878) or by direct phone (314-694-1582), fax (314-694-4028), or electronic mail at stephen.j.wratten@monsanto.com.

Sincerely,

Stephen J. Wratten Manager, Registrations

cc: M. C. Gray

Weathermax horseweed.doc

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MONSANTO COMPANY

600 13TH STREET, N.W.

SUITE 600

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005

http://www.monsanto.com

November 11, 2002

Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)
Document Processing Center (NOTIF)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Crystal Mall #2, Room 266A
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

Roundup WeatherMAX Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 524-537)

Submission of Final Printed Label Booklet

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

Monsanto is submitting for your files, three (3) copies of the final printed label booklet for Roundup WeatherMAX Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 524-537, Print Plate No. 63003A2-1/53). This alternate brand name was notified to the EPA under approved (EPA Reg. No. 524-537). The only revision to this booklet is the addition of a barcode on the cover.

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

If you have any questions regarding this submission, please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha Gray or directly at 314-694-9036.

Sincerely,

Debra Hinton

Registration Specialist

CC:

M. Gray

Debra Honton

_ S. Wratten

Of

SEPA

United States

Environmental Protection Agency

Washington, DC 20460

	Registration
	Amendment
۲	Other

Form Approved. OMB No. 2070-0060

OPP Identifier Number

265151

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Apı	plication for F	esticide - Sectio	n I		
1. Compeny/Product Number Monsanto / 524-537		2. EPA Product Manage Mr. James To		3. Proposed	Classification
4. Company/Product (Name) Roundup WeatherMAX Herbici	.de	PM# 25		X None	Restricted
Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W., Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005 Check if this is a new address		6. Expedited Revie (b)(i), my product is sto: EPA Reg. No	similar or identical		on and labeling
	Sec	tion - II			
Amendment - Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency letter date Notification - Explain below.	od	X Final printed is Agency letter "Me Too" App	olication.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (Final printed label booklet Print Plate No. 63003A2-1/53	For section I and Se	ction II.)		en generalise Single seek	
	Sect	ion - III			
Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:	Jec.	1011 - 111	 -		
Child-Resistant Packaging Yes* No Unit Packaging Yes No	lo. per If "Yes	Soluble Packaging Yes No No. per e wgt container	P	nteiner fetal lastic lass aper lther (Specify)	
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6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product	Lithograph Paper glued Stenciled	Other		<u> </u>	77, 975,7
	Sect	ion - IV			
1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for in	lentification of indivi	dual to be contacted, if	necessary, to proce	ss this applica	tion.)
Name Dr. Marsha Gray	Title Regi	stration Manage		ephone No. (ii 202) 783-	nciude Area Code) 2460
I certify that the statements I have made on this I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misle both under applicable law.			•	nte. Rec	Application eived (Stamped)
2. Signature Selve Hendes	3. Title Reg	istration Speci	alist		
4. Typed Name Debra Hinton	5. Date	November 11, 20	02	\$	91

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- 2.3 Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570,4); 12 3 4 5 1 1
 - 3. Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA Form 8570-27);
 - 4. Five copies of draft labeling:
 - 5. Three copies of any date submitted;
 - 6. Authorization letter where applicable;
 - 7. Matrices where applicable.

Submission of Labeling - Labeling should first be submitted in the form of draft labels with all applications for new registration. Such draft labels may be in the form of typed label text on 8.5 x 11 inch paper for submission or a mockup of the proposed label. If prepared for mockup, it should be constructed in a way as to facilitate storage in an 8.5 x 11 inch file. Mockup labels significantly smaller than 8.5 x 11 inches should be mounted on 8.5 x 11 inch paper for submission.

Submission of Data - Data submitted in support of this application must be submitted in accordance with PR Notice 86-5.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the instructions listed below before completing this application. First determine the type of registration action, listed in Block A, for which you are submitting this application. For applications submitted in connection with New Registration actions, Sections I, III, and IV must be completed by the applicant. For applications submitted in connection with amended reregistration actions, resubmissions, notifications, reregistrations, etc., Sections I, II, and IV must be completed by the applicant.

Block A - Check the appropriate action for which you are submitting this form.

SECTION I - This section must be completed, es applicable, for all registration actions.

- 1. Company/Product Number Insert your Company Number, if one has been assigned by EPA. This number may have been assigned to you as a basic registrant, a distributor, or as an establishment. If your product is registered, insert the Product Number.
- 2. EPA Product Manager If known, fill in the name and PM number of the EPA Product Manager.
- 3. Proposed Classification Specify the proposed classification of this product.
- 4. Product Name Enter the complete product name of this pesticide as it will appear on the label. The name must be specific to this product only. Duplication of names is not permitted among products of the same company. Do not include any brand name or company line designations:
- Name and Address of Applicant. The name of the firm or person and address shown in your application is the person or firm to whom the registration will be issued. If you are ecting in behalf of another party, you must submit authorization from that party to act for them in registration metters. An applicant not residing in the United States must have an authorized agent residing in the United States to act for them in all registration matters. The name and complete mailing address of such an agent must accompany this application.
- Expedited Review FIFRA section 3 (c) 3 (B) provides for expedited review of applications for registration, or amendments to existing registration that are similar or identical to other pesticide products that are currently registered with the EPA. In order for your application to be eligible for expedited review, you must provide us with the EPA Registration Number and product name of the product you believe is similar to or identical to your product. The product must be similar or identical in both formulation and labeled uses.

SECTION II - This section must be completed for all applications submitted to amend the registration only of a currently registered product (Amendment), for a resubmission in response to an Agency letter, for notifications to the Agency, for the submission of final printed labeling, for reregistration and for any other action that pertains to a specific EPA-registered product. This section is not to be used for a new application for registration.

1. Subject of submission - Check the applicable block and provide the Agency letter date if appropriate. Provide a brief explanation of the purpose(s) for the submission; such as "the addition of a site, pest or crop (specify)"; "amend the Confidential Statement of Formula by..."; "reregistration submission"; "general label revision of use directions." Attach a separate page if additional space is needed.

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- Type of Packaging Check the appropriate block if your product will be packaged in the indicated packaging types.
 Indicate the size of the individual packets and number per retail container.
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- Location of Net Contents Indicate the location of the net contents information for your product.
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SECTION IV (Contact Point) - This Section must be completed for all applications for Registration actions, i.e., new products registration, esubmission, "me-too," reregistration, etc.

- I-5. Self-explanatory.
- EPA Use Only.

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OCT - 9 2002

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mr. Stephen J. Wratten Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N. W. Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005

Dear Mr. Wratten:

Subject: MON 007 Herbicide (Revise Pastures, Forage Legumes, and Rangeland))

EPA Registration No. 524-537

Your Application Dated April 22, 2002

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended is acceptable. A stamped copy of labeling is enclosed for your records.

Supplemental labeling must be incorporated into a master label and copies of master labeling submitted to the Agency for our files at your next printing or within two (2) years from the date of acceptance of supplemental label, whichever comes first. The Agency will consider a convincing argument as to why a supplemental label should not appear on a master label on a case by case basis.

Sincerely,

Juku (Cualting for James A. Tompkins Product Manager 25 Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

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READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR MON 007 HERBICIDE BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using MON 007 Herbicide as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

MON 007 Herbicide Logo

EPA Reg. No. 524-537

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION!

ACCEPTED

OCT - 9 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 5274-137

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, 314-694-4000.

MON 007 is a registered trademark of Monsanto Technology LLC.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

APPLICATIONS IN PASTURE GRASSES, FORAGE LEGUMES AND RANGELANDS

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for MON 007 Herbicide for essential product performance information.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to turf or pasture grasses, forage legumes, and rangelands for weed control as directed below. Apply 8 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts per acre according to the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" in the product label booklet.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Follow the specific limitations below with regard to application methods, timing, treatment rates, and post-application intervals. All applications must be made at least 30-days before planting any crop that is not specified for treatment in the MON 007 Herbicide label booklet or its supplemental labeling.

1. Alfalfa, Clover, and Other Forage Legumes

LABELED CROPS: Alfalfa, Clover, Kenaf, Kudzu, Lespedeza, Leucaena, Lupin, Sainfoin; Trefoil, Velvet bean, Vetch (all types).

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Spot Treatment, Wiper Applications Over-the-Top, Renovation, Preharvest (except Kenaf and Leucaena).

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting crops listed in this section. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Remove domestic fivestock before application. The crop may be fed or grazed as soon as it reaches sufficient maturity.

Preharvest (except Kenaf and Leucaena)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in declining stands or any stand where severe crop injury or destruction is acceptable. This product will control annual and perennial weeds, including quackgrass, when applied prior to crop harvest. Applications may be made at any time of the year. For control of quackgrass, apply in the spring, late summer or fall when quackgrass is actively growing. Treatments for quackgrass must be followed by deep tillage for complete control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS:

Make only one application to an existing crop stand per year. The treated crop and weeds can be harvested and fed to livestock according to the intervals below.

,	Maximum Single Application Rate	Minimum Interval between application and harvest / grazing
Alfalfa	44 fluid ounces	36 hours
All other labeled legumes above	32 fluid ounces	3 days

This application-may destroy an alfalfa stand and may severely injure or destroy other labeled crops such as clover. Preharvest application is not recommended for alfalfa grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Spot Treatment or Wiper Applications Over-the-Top

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment or with wiper applicators. For wipers, see the "Wiper Applicators" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of the product label booklet. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than 10 percent of the total field use a should be treated at one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 3 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

Renovation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a broadcast spray to renovate existing stands of alfalfa, clover, and other labeled forage legumes. If the crop is to be grazed or harvested for feed, use up to 44 fluid ounces per acre in alfalfa and up to 32 fluid ounces per acre in other labeled legumes. For complete removal of established stands of clover, it may be necessary to use the higher treatment rates listed in the "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" in the label booklet.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When treatment rates of 44 fluid ounces per acre for alfalfa or 32 fluid ounces per acre for other forage legumes are used, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 3 days after application before reintroduction. If treatment rates above these levels are necessary, do not graze or harvest treated foliage for livestock feed. Crops listed for treatment in the label booklet may be planted into the treated area at any time; for other crops, wait 30 days between application and planting.

2. Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Renovation (rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation, Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Wiper Applications Over-the-Top.

Renovation (Rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to prepare CRP land for crop production. Refer to Federal, state or local use guides for CRP renovation recommendations. For any crop not listed for treatment in this product's label booklet, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting.

Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Wiper Applications Over-the-Top

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation in CRP acres. Such applications may be made with wiper application equipment or as a broadcast or spot treatment to dormant CRP grasses. For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 8 to 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre in early spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green-growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if broadcast applications are made when plants are not dormant. No waiting period is required between application and grazing or harvesting for feed. Do not apply more than 2 quarts per acre per year onto CRP grasses.

3. Grass Seed or Sod Production

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (*Gramineae* family) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those listed in this product's label booklet under "CEREAL CROPS".

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Renovation, Site Preparation, Shielded Sprayers, Wiper Applications Over-the-Top, Spot Treatments, Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Renovation, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating runf or forage grass seed areas or establishing turf grass grown for sod. Make applications before, during, or after planting or for renovation. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turf grass management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth inust be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide

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best control. Broadcast equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts. If application rates total 2 quarts per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required. If the rate is greater than 2 quarts per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after applications before grazing or harvesting. For any crop not listed for treatment in this product's label booklet, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Applications must be made prior to the emergence of the crop to avoid crop injury.

Shielded sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 22 to 64 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre to control weeds between grass seed rows. Uniform planting in straight rows aid in shielded sprayer applications. Best results are obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by the protective shields. For additional instructions, see "Hooded and Shielded Applicators" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this product's label booklet.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Wiper Applications Over-the-Top

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Applicators should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations, or when height of weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatments may be necessary. For additional instructions, see "Wiper Applicators" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this product's label booklet.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction.

Spot treatments

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use a 1.0-percent solution.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Apply this product prior to heading of grasses grown for seed. The crop receiving the spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for the same reason. Hand-held equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.

Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use 11 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Use the higher rate when the ryegrass is greater than 6 inches tall. Best results are obtained when applications are made before the ryegrass reaches 6 inches in height.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Set nozzle heights to allow the establishment of the desired row spacing while preventing spray droplets, spray fines, or drift to contact the ryegrass plants not treated. Use

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of low-pressure nozzles, or drop nozzles designed to target the application over a narrow band are recommended.

Grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses from misapplication.

4. Pastures

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (*Gramineae* family) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those listed in this product's label booklet under "CEREAL CROPS". Including Bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, Bluegrass, Brome, Fescue, Guineagrass, Kikuya grass, Orchardgrass, Pangola grass, Ryegrass, Timothy, Wheatgrass.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Spot Treatment, Wiper Applications Over-the-Top, Pasture renovation, Posternergent Weed Control (Broadcast Treatments).

Preplant, Preemergence and Pasture Renovation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied prior to planting or emergence of forage grasses. In addition, this product may be used to control perennial pasture species listed on this label prior to replanting.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: If application rates total 2 quarts per acre or tess, no waiting period between treatment and feeding of livestock grazing is required. If the rate is greater than 2 quarts per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting. Crops listed for treatment in the label booklet may be planted into the treated area at any time; for other crops, wait 30 days between application and planting.

Spot Treatment and Wiper Applications Over-the-Top

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment or with wiper applicators in pastures. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatments or wiper application methods using rates of 2 quarts per acre or less, the entire field or any portion of it may be treated. When spot treatments or wiper application are made using rates above 2 quarts per acre, no more than 10 percent of the total pasture may be treated at any one time. To achieve maximum performance, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 7 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

Postemergent Weed Control (Broadcast Treatments)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to suppress competitive growth and seed production of annual weeds and undesirable vegetation in pastures. For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 8 to 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre in early spring before desirable perennial grasses break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Some stunting of perennial grasses will occur if broadcast applications are made when plants are not dormant. No waiting period is required between application and grazing or harvesting for feed. Use of higher application rates will cause stand reductions. Do not apply more than 2 quarts per acre per year onto pasture grasses except for renovation uses (see instructions above). If replanting is needed due to severe stand reduction, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any crop not listed for treatment in this product's label booklet,

5. Rangelands

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Postemergence.

This product will control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool and warm-season grass rangelands.

Preventing viable seed production is key to the successful control and invasion of annual grassy weeds in rangelands. Follow-up applications in sequential years should eliminate most of the viable seeds.

....

Grazing of treated areas should be delayed to encourage growth of desirable perennials. Allowing desirable perennials to flower and reseed in the treated area will encourage successful transition.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 8 to 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre to control or suppress many weeds, including downy brome, cheatgrass, cereal rye and jointed goatgrass in rangelands. Apply when most brome plants are in early flower and before the plants, including seedheads, turn color. Allowing for secondary weed flushes to occur in the spring following rain events further depletes the seed reserve and encourages perennial grass conversion on weedy sites. Fall applications are possible, and recommended, where spring moisture is usually limited and fall germination allows for good weed growth.

For medusahead, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre at the 3-leaf stage. Delaying applications beyond this stage will result in reduced or unacceptable control. Controlled burning may be useful in reliminating the thatch layer produced by slow decaying culms prior to application. Allow new growth to occur before spraying after a burn. Repeat applications in subsequent years may be necessary to eliminate the seedbank before reestablishing desirable perennial grasses in medusahead-dominated rangelands.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses may occur, but they will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off. Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying rangeland grasses with this product. No waiting period between treatment and feeding of livestock grazing is required. Do not apply more than 2 quarts per acre per year.

Read the "Limit of Warranty and Liability" in the label booklet for MON 007 Herbicide before using. These terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

© [DATE] MONSANTO COMPANY ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63167

A Long at State of the Control of th

Please read instructions on reverse before completing form.	Form Approved. OMB No. 2070	-0060 B
United States Environmental Protection Age Weshington, DC 20460	Registration	OPP Identifier Number
Application for	Pesticide - Section I	
1. Company/Product Number 524-537	2. EPA Product Manager Mr. James Tompkins	3. Proposed Classification
4. Company/Product (Name) MON 007 Herbicide	РМЯ 25	X None Restricted
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W., Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005 Check if this is a new address	6. Expedited Review. In accordance (b)(i), my product is similar or identica to: EPA Reg. No. Product Name	,
Se	ction - II	
Amendment - Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated Notification - Explain below. Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and S	Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated "Me Too" Application. Other - Explain below.	
Supplemental labeling for pastures, forage	e legumes, and rangelands	
1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:		
	No P	ntainer Aetel Hestic Slase Sper

1. Company/Product Number 524-537	2. EPA Product Manager Mr. James Tompkins
4. Company/Product (Name) MON 007 Herbicide	PM# 25
5. Name and Address of Applicant IInclude ZIP Code) Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W., Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005 Check if this is a new address	6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No
Se	ction - II
Amendment - Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated Notification - Explain below.	Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated "Me Too" Application. Other - Explain below.
Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Supplemental labeling for pastures, forag	
Se	ction - III
Yes Yes No. per If "Yes" No. per If "Yes"	Per Soluble Packaging Yes No Westic Glass Peper Lage wgt container Other (Specify)
3. Location of Net Contents Information 4. Size(s) Retail Con Label Container 6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product Lithograph	5. Location of Label Directions On Label On Labeling accompanying product Other
Paper glued Stenciled	
	ction - IV
1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of inc.) Name Dr. Marsha Gray Title Proc	Telephone No. (Exclude Area Code) uct Registration Manager (202) 783-2460
Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all atternant I acknowledge that any knowlingly false or misleading statement both under applicable law.	
Super Je valige	lanager, Registrations
5. Date Stephen J. Wratten, Ph.D. PA Form 8570-1 (Rev. 8-94) Previous editions are obsolete.	April 22, 2002 Di

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE and INSTRUCTIONS

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.85 hour per esponse, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gethering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and eviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other espect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch, (2136), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460.

INSTRUCTIONS: This form is to be used for all applications for new registration, and use reregistration, amendment, resubmission, to applications for notifications, final printed labeling, reregistration, etc. In order to process an application for a new registration submitted on this form, the following material must accompany the application:

- 1. Conflication with Respect to Citation of Date (EPA Form 8570-29). [If not exempted by 40 CFR 152.81 (b) (4)];
- 2 Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4);
- 3. Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA Form 8570-27);
- 4. Five copies of draft labeling;
- 5. Three copies of any date submitted;
- 6. Authorization letter where applicable;
- 7. Matrices where applicable.

Submission of Labeling - Labeling should first be submitted in the form of draft labels with all applications for new registration. Such draft labels may be in the form of typed label text on 8.5 x 11 inch paper for submission or a mockup of the proposed label. If prepared for mockup, it should be constructed in a way as to facilitate storage in an 8.5 x 11 inch file. Mockup labels significantly smaller than 8.5 x 11 inches should be mounted on 4. 11 inch paper for submission.

Submission of Data - Data submitted in support of this application must be submitted in accordance with PR Notice 86-5.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the instructions listed below before completing this application. First determine the type of registration action, listed in Block A, for which you are submitting this application. For applications submitted in connection with New Registration actions, Sections I, III, and IV must be completed by the applicant. For applications submitted in connection with amended reregistration actions, resubmissions, notifications, reregistrations, etc., Sections I, II, and IV must be completed by the applicant.

Block A - Check the appropriate action for which you are submitting this form.

SECTION 1 - This section must be completed, as applicable, for all registration actions.

- Company/Product Number Insert your Company Number, if one has been assigned by EPA. This number may have been assigned to you as a
 basic registrant, a distributor, or as an establishment. If your product is registered, insert the Product Number.
- 2. EPA Product Manager If known, fill in the name and PM number of the EPA Product Manager.
- Proposed Classification Specify the proposed classification of this product.
- 4. Product Name Enter the complete product name of this pesticide as it will appear on the label. The name must be specific to this product only. Duplication of names is not permitted among products of the same company. Do not include any brand name or company line designations.
- 5. Name and Address of Applicant The name of the firm or person and address shown in your application is the person or firm to whom the registration will be issued. If you are acting in behalf of another party, you must submit authorization from that party to act for them in registration matters. An applicant not residing in the United States must have an authorized agent residing in the United States to act for them in all registration matters. The name and complete mailing address of such an agent must accompany this application.
- Expedited Review FIFRA section 3 (c) 3 (B) provides for expedited review of applications for registration, or amendments to existing registrations, that are similar or identical to other pesticide products that are currently registered with the EPA. In order for your application to be eligible for expedited review, you must provide us with the EPA Registration Number and product name of the product you believe is similar to or identical to your product. The product must be similar or identical in both formulation and labeled uses:

SECTION II - This section must be completed for all applications submitted to amend the registration only of a currently registered product (Amendment), for a resubmission in response to an Agency letter, for notifications to the Agency, for the submission of final printed labeling, for reregistration and for any other action that pertains to a specific EPA-registered product. This section is not to be used for a new application for registration.

1. Subject of submission - Check the applicable block and provide the Agency letter date if appropriate. Provide a brief explanation of the purpose(s) for the submission, such as "the addition of a site, past or crop (specify)"; "amend the Confidential Statement of Formula by..."; "reregistration submission"; "goneral label revision of use directions." Attach a separate page if additional space is needed.

SECTION III (Packaging and Container Information) - This Section must be completed for all applications submitted in connection with new registration or applicable amendments.

- Type of Packaging Check the appropriate block if your product will be packaged in the indicated packaging types.
 Indicate the size of the individual packets and number per retail container.
- 2. Type of Retail Containor Indicate type of container in which product will be marketed.
- 3. Location of Net Contents Indicate the location of the net contents information for your product,
- 4. Size(s) of Retail Container Specify the net contents of all retail containers for your product.
- 5. Location of Use Directions Indicate the location of the use directions for your product.
- 6. Manner in which Lobal is affixed to product Indicated the method product lebel is attached to rateil container.

SECTION IV (Contact Point) - This Section must be completed for all applications for Registration actions, i.e., new products registration, resubmission, "me-tco," (cregistration, etc.

- 1-5. Self-explanatory.
- 6. EPA Use Only.

MONSANTO COMPANY
600 13TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 660
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005
http://www.monsanto.com

April 22, 2002

Document Processing Center (AMEND)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

MON 007 Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 524-537)

Supplemental Labeling for Pastures, Forage Legumes, and Rangelands

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

Monsanto has received the Agency's letter dated 21-Mar-2002 and the associated residue study reviews and risk assessments concerning new uses in pastures, forage legumes, and rangelands. In response to the reviewers conclusions communicated in the letter, on 19-Apr-2002 we submitted revised Roundup Ultra (524-475) Section B labeling for the two pending tolerance petitions that pertain to "grass, forage, fodder, and hay group" and "non-grass animal feeds group". We desire to have the same new uses also labeled on MON 007 Herbicide, and herein are identical labels, except for adjusted use rates based on glyphosate content.

Based on the Master Label format for MON 007 Herbicide as approved 11-Apr-2002, these application instructions are located together in Section I.10 PASTURE GRASSES, FORAGE LEGUMES AND RANGELANDS. I have removed the text of that Section, amended it to include the new use patterns, and formatted it here as a 6-page Supplemental Label for ease of review. When approved, it can easily be substituted back into the Master Label.

The proposed labeling now permits the Spot Treatment, Wiper Applications Over-the-Top, and Preharvest broadcast sprays for all non-grass forage legumes, with the preharvest spray limited according to the rates and PHI / PGI specified in the table. It also permits the applications by various selective equipment or broadcast sprays at rates of 2.25 lb ae glyphosate per acre or less in all grass cropping situations without the need of waiting before harvesting or grazing.

Mr. Tompkins Page 2 22-Apr-2002

The Agency's direction regarding 30-day plant back restrictions and 0-day PHI / PGI for grasses has been implemented here as it was in the above-mentioned Roundup Ultra label.

When the tolerance petition actions are finalized, we request that you also stamp this label for MON 007 Herbicide.

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202-383-2878) or by direct phone (314-694-1582), fax (314-694-4028), or electronic mail at stephen.j.wratten@monsanto.com.

Sincerely,

Stephen J. Wratten Manager, Registrations

cc: M. C. Gray

MON 007 Grasses and Non-Grasses.doc



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

0CT - 9 2002

Mr. Stephen J. Wratten Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N. W. Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005

Dear Mr. Wratten:

Subject: MON 78270 Herbicide (Request Change In WPS)

EPA Registration No. 524-537 Your Letter Dated July 11, 2002

The scientific review and evaluation of the letter submitted above, requesting a change in the WPS language, have been completed. The following are our comments and conclusions.

1. The Personnel Protective Equipment (PPE) on your label may be revised to read as below.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Mixers, loaders, other handlers and applicators when handling this concentrated product or its application solutions of 30% concentration must wear: long sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mls in thickness or greater, composed of materials such as butyl rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, or nitrile rubber.

Applicators when handling only spray solutions where concentration is 30% of this product or less must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, and socks.

Follow manufacturers instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry...

- 2. At the beginning or the list Personal Protective Clothing (PPE) within the Precautionary Statements, add the statements "Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.
- 3. In addition, revise you may revise your current glove requirement to read "chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride.

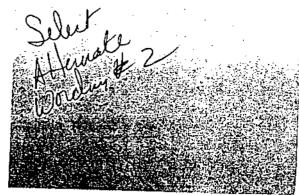
105

4. Within the list of PPE for early re-entry in the Agricultural Use Requirements box, you may revise your current glove requirement to "chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material."

Sincerely,

Vulculculation for James A. Tompkins Product Manager 25 Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

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MONSANTO COMPANY
600 13TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 660
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005
http://www.monsanto.com

July 11, 2002

Document Processing Center (AMEND)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

MON 78270 Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 524-537)

PPE -- Diluted Application Solutions

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

On 11-Apr-2002, EPA approved the registration of this new potassium glyphosate based agricultural use herbicide product. The Agency's review (Attachment A) of acute toxicity data conducted on the concentrated product as sold showed Category III Skin Irritation (MRID 45504806). In addition, Monsanto submitted a second skin irritation study (MRID 45504807) conducted on a 3:7 MON 78270: water (30%) spray dilution which was judged by the Agency to be Category IV.

Monsanto's initial label proposal for MON 78270 Herbicide included the PPE dictated by the results of testing on the concentrated product as sold, including a requirement for Chemical Resistance Category A gloves. In addition, we proposed a short paragraph to remove the glove requirement once users had diluted the product to the 30% level or lower. EPA's Label Manual (Attachment B) states that EPA policy allows such additional precautionary statements pertaining to USE DILUTIONS provided that supporting data are submitted, and we attempted to comply with that guidance. However, we learned verbally that EPA was not initially willing to approve the label as proposed with this additional PPE paragraph, and Monsanto elected to defer further discussion by removing the questionable paragraph in order to facilitate approval.

However, at this time, we wish to re-open the idea of arriving at workable label language for this product that will acknowledge the submitted and reviewed scientific data on skin irritation of diluted spray solutions of MON 78270 Herbicide. We believe that since the EPA's Label Manual clearly describes a policy framework for such supplemental Precautions, there must be wording that can be judged to be acceptable.

We believe that it is to user's benefit to share the existing skin irritation study findings for diluted concentrations via this PPE text. Although pesticide mixers and loaders may commonly wear gloves, since the work time duration is relatively short, applicators do not want to wear gloves while actually spraying for reasons of comfort and dexterity. In addition, continued wearing of the same gloves used during mixing and loading can transfer residues to steering wheels and other parts of the spray rig that later may come in contact with skin. When data and labeling can be established to permit gloves during mixing and loading but not require them during application, it serves to obviate these issues. Since the data in hand support the safety of such an approach, it remains only to arrive at appropriate language.

Monsanto chose to test (MRID 45504807) the 30% spray dilution because this concentration will exceed that of more than 98% of users' spray application solutions for MON 78270 herbicide. However, we cannot state across-the-board that gloves are not needed during any application operation, because in specialized cases, such as cut stumps or wiper treatments, higher product concentrations ranging from 33 – 100% of the concentrate level are labeled. When applications are made with these very high concentration solutions, Monsanto believes that continued use of gloves to avoid skin irritation is advisable.

Attachment C lists the presently approved PPE label text, the originally proposed language, and 2 new alternate possible wording proposals that Monsanto would willingly propose via a label amendment if either is approvable. I request that you consider the relative merit of these to determine which would be a preferable solution to this dilemma. Based on your feedback, I will submit a label amendment.

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202-783-2878) or by direct phone (314-694-1582), fax (314-694-4028), or electronic mail at stephen.j.wratten@monsanto.com.

Sincerely,

Stephen J. Wratten

Manager, Registrations

c: M. C. Gray

MON 78270 PPE.doc



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

December 26, 2001

MEMORANDUM

Attachment A: 1st Lour pages 11-July-2002 Letter MON 78270 Herbicide (524-537)

Subject:

MON 78270 Herbicide

EPA Reg. No. 524-LGT DP Barcode: D278542

Case No:071205 PC Code: 103613

From:

Tracy Keigwin

Technical Review Branch

Registration Division (7505C)

To:

Vickie Walters

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505C)

Applicant:

Monsanto Co.

800 N. Lindbergh Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63167

FORMULATION FROM LABEL:

Active Ingredient(s):

Inert Ingredient(s)

% by wt.

Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its potassium salt

48.8

Total:

51.2

100.00

ACTION REQUESTED: PM requests review of acute toxicity data for EPA File Symbol 524-LGT.

BACKGROUND: Monsanto Company has submitted seven acute toxicity studies in support of registration of MON78270, EPA Reg. No. 524-LGT. The studies were assigned the following MRID numbers:

Acute oral toxicity	MRID 45504802
Acute dermal toxicity	MRID 45504803
Acute inhalation toxicity	MRID 45504804
Primary eye irritation	MRID 45504805
Primary skin irritation*	MRID 45504806
Dermal sensitization	MRID 45504808

^{*}An additional Primary Skin Irritation Study was also submitted utilizing a 30% dilution of MON 78270. This was assigned an MRID of 45504807

The studies were conducted at Springborn Laboratories, Inc., Spencerville, Ohio.

RECOMMENDATIONS: The seven studies have been reviewed and are classified as acceptable.

The acute toxicity profile for EPA Reg. No. 524-LGT is as follows:

Dermal sensitization	No	Acceptable	MRID 45504808
Primary skin irritation*	\mathbf{H}	Acceptable	MRID 45504806
Primary eye irritation	IΠ	Acceptable	MRID 45504805
Acute inhalation toxicity	Ш	Acceptable	MRID 45504804
Acute dermal toxicity	IV	Acceptable	MRID 45504803
Acute oral toxicity	IV	Acceptable	MRID 45504802

The acute toxicity category for the additional Primary Skin Irritation Study utilizing a 30% dilution of MON 78270 is as follows:

Second Primary Skin Irritation Study
(30% dilution of MON 78270) IV Acceptable MRID45504807

NOTE TO PM: This product requires Child Resistant Packaging (CRP) since the acute Inhalation LC₅₀ for both male and female rats is between 0.77 mg/L and 2.21 mg/L (observed) and there are residential uses on the label.

LABELING: Based on the toxicity profile above, the following are the precautionary and first aid statements for this product as obtained from the Label Review System.

Label Review System

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals:

CAUTION

Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Handlers must wear:
Long sleeved shirt and pants
Shoes and socks
Chemical resistant gloves (such as nitrile or butyl) gloves

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. ——

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Wash hands before eating, drinking chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

FIRST AID

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center for treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-xxx-xxxx for emergency medical treatment information.

Attachment B

Chapter 8, pa21-23

EPA Label Manual

11-Jul-2002 Letter

MON 78270 Herbicide

(524-537

- Any product which is corrosive or classified as toxicity category I for eye or skin.
- Products that are in acute oral toxicity category III, and contain > 10% petroleum distillate.
- Any product that produces physiological effects requiring specific antidotal or medical treatment such as: Cholinesterase Inhibitors (e.g., carbamates and phosphorothioates, and organophosphates); Metabolic Stimulants (e.g., dichlorphenols); Anticoagulants (e.g., warfarin).

Contents of Note: The proposed rule does not provide specific notes to physicians except for corrosive and toxicity category I and II eye and skin irritants. The proposed rule does provide the following guidance concerning the content of notes to physicians. Check the label under review to make certain that it addresses the following information:

- · technical information on symptomatology;
- use of supportive treatments to maintain life functions; medicine that will counteract the specific physiological effects of the pesticide;
- company telephone number to specific medical personnel who can provide
- specialized medical advice.
- C. Specific Note for Corrosive or Toxicity Category I Eye or Skin Irritants:

Use the following Note to Physician:

"Note to Physician: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage."

- D. Required Location: The "Note to Physician" should be located in close proximity to the "First Aid Statement" but should be clearly distinguished from it. In other words, it should not be mixed in with the "First Aid Statement" but should appear below the last first aid statement.
- 8. LABELING STATEMENTS FOR SPECIAL SITUATIONS
 - A. Chemigation statement (PR Notice 93-7, Supplement 3, page 39)
 - B. Soil incorporation/injection/seed treatment (PR Notice 93-7, Supplement 3, page 39)
 - C. Engineering control statements (PR Notice 93-7, Supplement 3, page 50)
 - D. ULV and LV uses (PR Notice 93-7, Supplement 3, page 40)

Optional Labeling and Deviations

EPA will consider precautionary statements that deviate from the requirements of this chapter, provided they meet the conditions as described below:

- USE DILUTIONS: Additional precautionary wording and first aid statements on the label are allowed on concentrated products that correspond with a use dilution of the product that is consistent with the product's directions for use. EPA policy allows such labeling provided data are submitted to support such statements. The policy provided guidelines for the submission and review of such data and for the content and placement of associated labeling (Reference: LP96-03).
 - A. Data Requirements: All data and draft labeling for use dilution precautionary wording and first aid statements should be sent to the appropriate product manager with a request for pesticide amendment.

Use dilution precautionary wording or first aid statements triggered by systemic toxicity (acute oral, dermal or inhalation toxicity) can be supported by calculations. Most systemic toxicity categories span an order of magnitude (10-fold). Therefore, in most cases, if dilutions are an order of magnitude or more, except for category I, they will bump up at least one toxicity category. For example, if the end product toxicity category is II and it will be diluted 10-fold, the diluted product will be at toxicity category III; if it is diluted 100-fold, it will be at toxicity category IV.

Use dilution precautionary wording or first aid statements triggered by skin or eye irritation or dermal sensitization must be supported by new or cited studies. If another registered dilute product (such as a ready to use formulation) has acceptable data and is found similar to the concentrated product after it has been diluted, that data may be used to support revised labeling.

B. Labeling Requirements: It is important to remember that it is not our intent to allow dual sets of precautionary statements and/or first aid statements on the label. Rather, we will allow certain "additional" statements that are applicable to the most concentrated use dilution only. These additional statements (triggered by the toxicity category of the use dilution) should be placed directly after the required statements for the concentrate. Following are some examples (in parentheses) of how use dilution labeling should appear on product labeling: (actual use dilution statements will depend on data submitted).

Precautionary Statements:

"Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing before reuse. (After product is diluted in accordance with the directions for use, goggles or face shield are not required").

والمراكب والمراكب والمرابية والمتعلق والمتعلق المراكب والماء والمتعلق والمت

First Aid:

"If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention. (If product, diluted in accordance with the directions for use, gets on skin, medical attention is not required.)

- 2. TOXICITY CATEGORY IV PRECAUTIONARY LABELING: If the product is all toxicity category IV (non-sensitizer), precautionary labeling statements are normally not required. However, if a registrant desires to place precautionary labeling on such a product, they may do so. To promote labeling consistency it is recommended that the registrant use precautionary statements triggered by toxicity category III. Registrants may propose alternate labeling which should be reviewed by precautionary labeling reviewers.
- 3. ME-TOO DEVIATIONS: If a me-too product is citing a product that has optional precautionary statements on the label, such as 1. and/or 2. above, those statements are not required on the me-too if the acute results are available. If you have any questions about the availability of the acute studies, check with the precautionary labeling reviewers.
- 4. OTHER DEVIATIONS: Registrants may submit WPS and non-WPS precautionary labeling that differ from the requirements in this chapter. Such requests must be supported by data (or substantive justification), which should be routed to precautionary labeling reviewers or the Chemistry and Exposure Branches (CB-I or II) (for PPE). For example, the statement "Do not remove contact lenses, if worn. Get immediate medical attention.", cannot be approved by the Agency without supporting data or rationale.

LRM Index level Up | OPP Home | EPA Home | Comments Site Map | Search OPP | Search EPA

www.epa.gov/oppfead1/labeling/lrm/chap-08.htm

updated June 5, 2001

ATTACHMENT C – Alternative possible versions of PPE Statements for MON 78270 Herbicide (524-537)

Approved 11-Apr-2002:

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater, composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry....

Originally proposed format to which EPA objected:

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers of this concentrated product must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater, composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber.

Applicators, when handling spray solutions whose concentration is 30% of this product or less, must wear the above PPE, except that gloves are not required during application.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.....

Present alternate proposed format 1:

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

---- --

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater, composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber. After product is diluted in accordance with the direction for use to concentrations of 30% or less, gloves are not required.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry....

Attachment C 11-Jul-2002 PPE Wording for MON 78270 Herbicide

Present alternate proposed format 2:

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Mixers, loaders, other handlers, and Applicators when handling this concentrated product or its application solutions of 30% concentration or greater must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater, composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber.

Applicators when handling only spray solutions whose concentration is 30% of this product or less, must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, and socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry....

MONSANTO COMPANY
600 13TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 600
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005
http://www.monsanto.com

September 5, 2002

Document Processing Center (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

Roundup WeatherMAX Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 524-537)

Supplemental Label for Aerial Application in California

Final Printed Labeling

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

On 3-Jun-2002, I provided copies of Final Printed labeling for the above product, including the necessary state aerial labels, and additionally provided a listing of minor changes that were made between the stamped and printed documents.

California DPR has been reviewing our product registration application in that state, and objected to the inclusion of the "Part II Non-Crop" aerial instructions in the printed aerial label because the printed Roundup WeatherMAX booklet label does not include use sites that would require such instructions. Monsanto concurs that it was not necessary to include that portion until such use sites are incorporated into printed labeling, even though the printed aerial precautions were consistent with the overall approved language. Therefore, we now have re-printed the label to comply with the state's request. Copies are included for your records. The new print plate number is 63003A2-13.

This notification of <u>Final Printed Labeling</u> is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR§ 152.46, and no other changes (beside those outlined herein) have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 USC Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statements to the EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not

Mr. Tompkins Page 2 5-Sep-02

consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and 1 may be subject to enforcement actions and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202-783-2878) or by direct phone (314-694-1582), fax (314-694-4028), or electronic mail at stephen.j.wratten@monsanto.com.

Sincerely.

Stephen J. Wratten Manager, Registrations

cc: M. C. Gray T. R. Schafer Rup WMAX CA aerial FPL.doc

United States

Environmental Protection Agency

Washington, DC 20460

	Registration
[]	Amendment
\ge	Other

Form Approved, OMB No. 2070-0060

OPP Identifier Number

·	Other
Applicati	on for Pesticide - Section I
. Company/Product Number 524-537	2. EPA Product Manager Mr. James Tompkins
Company/Product (Name) Roundup WeatherMAX Herbicide	PM# 25
Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W., Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005 Check if this is a new address	to: EPA Reg. No
	Product Name Section - II
Amendment - Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency letter deted Notification - Explain below.	Final printed labels in response to //-Apr-2007_Agency letter dated "Me Too" Application. Other - Explain below.
Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section Print Plate No. 63003A2-13	on I and Section II.)
	Section - III
Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:	·
Child-Resistent Packeging Yes No * Certification must be submitted Unit Packeging Yes No. per Unit Packeging wgt.	Water Soluble Packaging Yes No If "Yes" Package wgt: No, per Container Ametal Plestic Glass Paper Other (Specify)
3. Location of Net Contents Information 4. Size(s) Re Label Container	atail Container 5. Location of Label Directions On Label On Labeling accompanying product
5. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product Litho Pape Sten	ogreph Other
	Section - IV
1. Contact Point <i>(Complete items directly below for identificat</i> Name Dr. Marsha Gray	Title Telephone No. (Include Area Code) Registration Manager (202) 783-2460
Certific	ation d all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. 6. Peth Application Received
2. Signature / Wildle	3. Title Manager, Registrations
Stephen J. Wratten, Ph.D.	September 5, 2002

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE and INSTRUCTIONS

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.85 hour per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch, (2136), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW. Washington, DC 20460.

INSTRUCTIONS: This form is to be used for all applications for new registration, and use reregistration, amendment, resubmission, to applications for notifications, final printed labeling, reregistration, etc. In order to process an application for a new registration submitted on this form, the following meterial must accompany the application:

- 1. Certification with Respect to Citation of Data (EPA Form 8570-29). [If not exempted by 40 CFR 152.81 (b) (4)];
 - Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4);
 - 3. Formulator's Examption Statement (EPA Form 8570-27);
 - Five copies of draft labeling;
 - Three copies of any data submitted;
 - Authorization letter where applicable;
 - 7 Matrices where applicable.

Submission of Labeling - Labeling should first be submitted in the form of draft labels with all applications for new registration. Such draft labels may be in the form of typed label text on 8.5 x 11 inch paper for submission or a mockup of the proposed label. If prepared for mockup, it should be constructed in a way as to facilitate storage in an 8.5 x 11 inch file. Mockup labels significantly smaller than 8.5 x 11 inches should be mounted on f x 11 inch paper for submission.

Submission of Data - Data submitted in support of this application must be submitted in accordance with PR Notice 86-5.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the instructions listed below before completing this application. First determine the type of registration action, listed in Block A, for which you are submitting this application. For applications submitted in connection with New Registration actions, Sections I, III, and IV must be completed by the applicant. For applications submitted in connection with amended reregistration actions, resubmissions, and its analysis of the complete of the comple notifications, reregistrations, etc., Sections I, II, and IV must be completed by the applicant. Block A - Check the appropriate action for which you are submitting this form.

SECTION 1 - This section must be completed, as applicable, for all registration actions.

- Company/Product Number Insert your Company Number, if one has been assigned by EPA. This number may have been assigned to you as a basic registrant, a distributor, or as an establishment. If your product is registered, insert the Product Number.
- 2. EPA Product Manager If known, fill in the name and PM number of the EPA Product Manager.
- Proposed Classification Specify the proposed classification of this product.
- Product Name Enter the complete product name of this pesticide as it will appear on the label. The name must be specific to this product only. Duplication of names is not permitted among products of the same company. Do not include any brand name or company line designations.
- 5. Name and Address of Applicant The name of the firm or person and address shown in your application is the person or firm to whom the registration will be issued. If you are acting in behalf of another party, you must submit authorization from that party to act for them in registration metters. An applicant not residing in the United States must have an authorized agent residing in the United States to act for them in all registration matters. The name and complete mailing address of such an agent must accompany this application.
- 6. Expedited Review FIFRA section 3 (c) 3 (B) provides for expedited review of applications for registration, or amendments to existing registrations; that are similar or identical to other pesticide products that are currently registered with the EPA. In order for your application to be eligible for 🐃 expedited review, you must provide us with the EPA Registration Number and product name of the product you believe is similar to or identical to your product. The product must be similar or identical in both formulation and labeled uses.

SECTION II - This section must be completed for all applications submitted to amend the registration only of a currently registered product Amendment), for a resubmission in response to an Agency letter, for notifications to the Agency, for the submission of final printed labeling, for eregistration and for any other action that pertains to a specific EPA-registered product. This section is not to be used for a new application for egistration.

1. Subject of submission - Check the applicable block and provide the Agency letter date if appropriate. Provide a brief explanation of the purpose(s) for the submission, such as "the addition of a site, pest or crop (specify)"; "amend the Confidential Statement of Formula by..."; "reregistration submission"; "general label revision of use directions." Attach a separate page if additional space is needed.

SECTION III (Packaging and Container Information) - This Section must be completed for all applications submitted in connection with new egistration or applicable amendments.

- 1. Type of Packaging—Check the upprepriate block if your product will be packaged in the indicated packaging types. Indicate the size of the individual packets and number per retail container.
- Type of Retail Container Indicate type of container in which product will be marketed.
- Location of Net Contents Indicate the location of the net contents information for your product.
- Sixe(s) of Retail Conteiner Specify the net contents of all retail containers for your product.
- 5. Location of Use Directions indicate the location of the use directions for your product.
- 5. Manner in which label is affixed to product Indicated the method product label is attached to retail container.

SECTION IV (Contact Point) - This Section must be completed for all applications for Registration actions, i.e., new products registration, esubmission, "mu-toc," .eregistration, etc.

- I-5. Self-explanatory.
- EPA Use Only.

SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX™ HERBICIDE BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.



EPA Reg. No. 524-537

Roundup WeatherMAX and Roundup Ready are trademarks of Monsanto Technology LLC.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY (including Fresno county, California)

Keep out of reach of children. CAUTION!

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, 314-694-4000.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NOT-VOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, RECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MtXING" sections of the label booklet for this product for essential product performance information.

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidat areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters.

AVOID DRIFT—DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are made near crops or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop, and/or near other desirable vegetation or annual crops:

- Do not apply within 100 feet of all desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crop(s), do not apply within 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crop(s) may require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.
- Do not apply when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour or when inversion conditions exist.
- 5. APPLY BY AIR ONLY TO NONRESIDENTIAL AREAS.

Coarse sprays are less tikely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations that dispense spray as fine spray...droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure. Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

Ensure uniform application—To avoid streaking, uneven, or over-lapped application, use appropriate marking devices. Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART, LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic

coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MtL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion.

CROP USES:

Aerial applications of this product are allowed in the following situations:

- in fallow and reduced tillage systems prior to the emergence or transplanting of labeled crops.
- 2. In alfalfa and pasture renovation applications.
- Over-the-top applications in Roundup Ready corn and cotton. Refer to further label instructions for Roundup Ready corn and Roundup Ready cotton for specific application instructions for over-the-top applications in these crops.
- Preharvest in alfalfa, corn, cotton, wheat, Roundup Ready corn and Roundup Ready cotton. Refer to the Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide label instructions for Roundup Ready corn and Roundup Ready cotton, for each individual crop.

Do not plant subsequent crops other than those listed in the label bookiet for 30 days following application.

When applied as recommended under the conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed in the label booklet.

Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

When tank mixing this product with 2,4-D for aerial applications, only 2,4-D amine formulations may be used. This tank mixture may be used for fallow and reduced tillage systems and alfalfa and pasture renovation applications only.

DO NOT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING MAXIMUM RATES WHEN MAKING APPLICATIONS BY AIR:

22 fluid ounces per acre	44 fluid ounces per acre
	Alfaifa
Com	
Roundup Ready® Corn	
	Cotton
	Roundup Ready® Cotton
	Fallow
`	Reduced Tillage Systems
	Pastures
Wheat	

For FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA ONLY (From February 15 through March 31 only) the following applies:

Applicable Area

This section only applies to the area contained inside the following boundaries within Fresno County, California:

North:

Fresno County line

South:

Fresno County line

East:

State Highway 99

West:

Fresno County line

General Information

Always read and follow the label directions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application.

Observe the following directions to minimize off-site movement during aerial application of this product. Minimization of off-site movement is the responsibility of the grower, Pest Control Advisor and aerial applicator.

Written Recommendations

A written recommendation MUST be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner 24 hours prior to the application. This written recommendation MUST state the proximity of surrounding crops, and that conditions of each manufacturer's product label and this label have been satisfied.

Aerial Applicator Training and Equipment

Aerial application of this product is limited to pilots who have successfully completed a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training program for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, critiqued in flight and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. Test and calibrate spray equipment at intervals sufficient to insure that proper rates of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use. Applicator must document such calibrations and testing. Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-ins constitutes such documentation, or other written records showing calculations and measurements of flight and spray parameters acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

Applications at Night—Do not apply this product by air earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and/or later than 30 minutes after sunset without prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

To report known or suspected misuse of this product, call 1-800-332-3111.

For additional information on the proper aerial application of this product, call 916-784-1718.

Note: For aerial application from April 1 through February 14, refer to the other sections of this supplemental label.

Read the "Limit of Warranty and Liabilty" in the label booklet for Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide before using. These terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

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MONSANTO COMPANY
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SUITE 660
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005
http://www.monsanto.com

June 3, 2002

Document Processing Center (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

Roundup WEATHERMAX Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 524-537)

Final Printed Labeling 11-Apr-2002 Approval

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

On 11-Apr-2002, EPA approved a new herbicide product as EPA Reg. No. 524-537. Following-that, on 26-Apr-2002, Monsanto notified the alternate brand name "Roundup WEATHERMAX Herbicide" to the Agency, and provided drafted labeling text for this product, based on the 11-Apr-2002 approval. Enclosed are three copies each of final printed booklet labels, one example container label, and aerial supplemental labels for California and Arkansas that will be used for Roundup WEATHERMAX in the marketplace.

Label Type	Print Plate No.	Comparison of stamped vs printed	
Booklet	63003A1-1/53	Printed with minor deviations from stamped text (see A attached)	
Container (30-Gal drum)	63003A1-4/53X2 *	Constructed from stamped text intended for container labeling.	
Aerial – CA / Fresno	63003A1-13	Printed with minor deviations from stamped text (see B attached)	
Aerial - AR	63003A1-12	Printed as stamped	
* Note: A photocopy of the gummed drum label is supplied for ease of storage			

This notification of minor label revisions during preparation of the Final Printed Label is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR§ 152.46, and no other changes (beside those outlined herein) have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 USC Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statements to the EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement actions and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

The submitted Final Printed Label contains several minor corrections of typographical errors and grammar improvements as described in the attached list. These changes do not expand the allowed scope of use sites, pests, or application rates beyond those already approved and serve to make the label more understandable by purchasers. There are several instances of voluntary reduction in the scope of use that are also permitted by registrants; these reductions in product scope apply solely to the marketing of this branded product and are not intended to constitute any change to the underlying scope of the registration itself that would pertain to other products or labels associated with this registration.

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202-783-2878) or by direct phone (314-694-1582), fax (314-694-4028), or electronic mail at stephen j.wratten@monsanto.com.

Sincerely,

Stephen'J. Wratten Manager, Registrations

cc: M. C. Gray

WeatherMAX FPL.doc

A. Minor differences between 11-Apr-2002 Master Label approval and Final Printed Booklet

- 1. The booklet is based on "Part I Crops" of the Master Label Parts II, III, and IV are not included.
- 2. "Roundup WEATHERMAX Herbicide" and "524-537" substituted for placeholder text throughout.
- 3. Certain approved marketing statements have not been printed at this time. (Page 2)
- 4. Container-specific statements (stamped text pages 2, 3, and 8) are removed to the appropriate containers see the enclosed box label, for example.
- 5. Monsanto's Patent Attorney has directed a patent number update. (page 5).
- 6. Monsanto has made a voluntary rate reduction at the low end of the rate ranges throughout the labeling. The approved 12-fluid-ounce rate is reduced to 11 fluid ounces to more accurately reflect an exact acid equivalent rate translation from Roundup UltraMAX. Likewise, approved 28-fluid-ounce rates reduced to 27 fluid ounces.
- 7. Section 5.0 Stage of Weeds, last paragraph. Wording of sentence concerning "poor growing conditions" was rearranged slightly to clarify meaning for precisely.
- 8. Section 7.4, For Rope or Sponge Wick Applicators. Add the word "above" to the final sentence of this paragraph to clarify which weeds are intended.
- 9. Section 8.2 Corn, Aim Herbicide was added to tank mixes based on approval of supplemental label in Master Label II.D for preplant tank mixtures with Aim.
- 10. Section 9.1, Berry Crops, LABELED CROPS, "Raspberry (black, red)" has been voluntarily deleted based on crop injury concerns.
- 11. Section 9.4, Non-Food Tree Crops. The stamped text inadvertently appeared to limit "Site Preparation" to Christmas Trees, even though LABELED CROPS clearly indicated that many types of Non-Food Tree crops are included. This error was corrected inht epinted label by the omission of the words "Christmas Trees" in the first sentence under "Site Preparation".
- 12. Section 10.4. Spelling of "kikuya grass" changed to "kikuyugrass" according to WSSA.
- 13. Section 11.0, spelling of word "burcumber" corrected to "burcucumber".

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- 14. Sections 11.1 and 11.4, California statement above boxed table: second occurrence of word "approved" changed to "accepted" based on the wording agreed with CDPR.
- 15. Section 11.1 Monsanto has voluntarily reduced the use rates over-the-top of canola in several places. Approved application rates based on submitted residue studies exceed those presently necessary in the marketplace for weed control.
- 16. Section 11.2, Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting subsection; TANK MIX TURES paragraph, 1st sentence: added missing word "rate" after "labeled" for clarity.
- 17. Section 11.3 Cotton, Salvage Treatment: Monsanto has voluntarily reduced the approved 1 quart per acre rate to 22 fluid ounces per acre to reduce the potential for crop injury.
- 18. Section 11.4, California statement above boxed table: The cut-and-paste erroneous inclusion of the word "canola" was corrected to the intended word "soybeans".



- 19. Section 14.0, PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE. Under "Bindweed, field" comments, substitute the word "bindweed" for the word "weeds" for added clarity.
- 20. Section 15, WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE, subheading "(Alphabetically by Species)" added to match other weed rate table format.
- 21. Section 15.0, WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE. Under "Eucalyptus" comments, insert the word "eucalyptus" in the final sentence for added clarity.
- 22. The trademark references were edited slightly to properly reference brand names mentioned in the printed text.

B. Minor differences between 11-Apr-2002 Master Label approval and Final Printed California Aerial Supplemental.

- 1. The label is based on Part II of the Master Label Supplemental Labeling for Crops Sections F and G, combined with Part IV Supplemental Labeling for Industrial, Turf, and Ornamental Section C.
- 2. California Department of Pesticide Regulation has requested that Monsanto combine these supplemental labeling instructions in to a single document.
- 3. "Roundup WEATHERMAX Herbicide" and "524-537" substituted for placeholder text throughout.
- 4. The headers "Part I Crop Uses" and "Part II Crop Uses" were added to segment the text derived from the two places described in point 1 above.
- 5. Text that was common to both crop and non-crop uses was moved to the beginning of the label prior to "Part 1 Crop uses".
- 6. Point 5 on page 2 of the printed supplemental label is brought forward from "Part II Non-crop uses".
- 7. In the table on page 2, the words "per acre" were added after the "22 fluid ounces" and "44 fluid ounces" headings to correct an inadvertent omission in the stamped label text.
- 8. Cross-reference statements in the Fresno Section referring to the California aerial supplemental label were changed, since both now occur in one document.
- 9. Point I in the stamped non-crop aerial label (ie., Part IV, Section C), referring to preemergence treatments in labeled crops, was omitted, since the entire "Part I Crop Uses" describes allowed crop uses and is already included in the same document.

Company/Product Number S24-537 Superior Superio
1. Company/Product Number 524-537 2. EPA Product Manager Mr. James Tompkins 4. Company/Product (Name) Roundup WEATHERMAX Herbicide 5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W., Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005 Check if this is a new address Product Name
4. Company/Product (Name) A. Company/Product (Name) Roundup WEATHERMAX Herbicide 5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W., Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005 Check if this is a new address Product Name Section - II Amendment Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated Notification - Explain below. Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.) Submission of final printed labels Section - III 1. Material This Product Will Ba Packaging Yes No No Weter Soluble Packaging Yes No Dertification must If Yes No No Page No Product Name Section - III 1. Material This Product Will Ba Packaging Yes No Metal Plastic Gless Paper Party Yes No Dertification must If Yes No Dertification wot, container Party Yes No Dertification for the Container Yes No Dertification for the Container Yes No Dertification must Paper Paper
4. Company/Product (Name) Roundup WEATHERMAX Herbicide 5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W., Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005 Check if this is a new address Product Name Section - II Amendment - Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated Notification - Explain below. Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.) Submission of final printed labels Section - III 1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In: Child-Resistant Packaging Ves* Ves* Ves No. per Packaging with container
Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W., Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005 Check if this is a new addrass Product Name Section - II Amendment - Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated Notification - Explain below. Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.) Submission of final printed labels Section - III 1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In: Child-Resistant Packaging Yes No Water Soluble Packaging Yes No Section - III 1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In: Child-Resistant Packaging Yes No No Gless Page Page
Section - II Amendment - Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated
Amendment - Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated
Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated
Section - III 1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged in: Child-Resistant Packaging Unit Packaging Water Soluble Packaging 2. Type of Container Yes Yes Mo Mo Metal Pastic Glass Pastic Glass Paper Unit Packaging wgt, container Package wgt container Certification must
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Child-Resistant Packaging Unit Packaging Water Soluble Packaging 2. Type of Container Yes Yes Metal Plastic Glass Pertification must Unit Packaging wgt, container Package wgt container Other (Specify)
be submitted
3. Location of Net Contents Information 4. Size(s) Retail Container 5. Location of Label Directions Container 0n Label 0n Companying product
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product Lithograph Paper glued Stenciled Other
Section - IV
1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)
Name Dr. Marsha Gray Title Product Registration Manager (202) 783-2460
Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law. 3. Title

Stephen J. Wratten, Ph.D.

Manager, Registrations

June 3, 2002

5. Date

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE and INSTRUCTIONS

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.85 hour per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other espect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch, (2136), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460.

INSTRUCTIONS: This form is to be used for all applications for new registration, end use reregistration, emendment, resubmission, to applications for notifications, final printed labeling, reregistration, etc. In order to process an application for a new registration submitted on this form, the following material must accompany the application:

- Certification with Respect to Citation of Data (EPA Form 8570-29). [If not exampted by 40 CFR 152.81 (b) (4)];
- 2. Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4);
- 3. Formulator's Examption Statement (EPA Form 8570-27);
- 4. Five copies of draft labeling;
- 5. Three copies of any data submitted;
- 6. Authorization letter where applicable;
- 7. Metrices where applicable.

Submission of Labeling - Labeling should first be submitted in the form of draft labels with all applications for new registration. Such draft labels may be in the form of typed label text on 8.5 x 11 inch paper for submission or a mockup of the proposed label. If prepared for mockup, it should be constructed in a way as to facilitate storage in an 8.5 x 11 inch file. Mockup labels significantly smaller than 8.5 x 11 inches should be mounted on 8.5 x 11 inch paper for submission.

Submission of Data - Data submitted in support of this application must be submitted in accordance with PR Notice 86-5.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the instructions listed below before completing this application. First determine the type of registration action, listed in Block A, for which you are submitting this application. For applications submitted in connection with New Registration actions, Sections I, III, and IV must be completed by the applicant. For applications submitted in connection with amended reregistration actions; resubmissions; notifications, reregistrations, etc., Sections I, II, and IV must be completed by the applicant.

Block A - Check the appropriate action for which you are submitting this form.

SECTION | - This section must be completed, as applicable, for all registration actions.

- 1. Company/Product Number Insert your Company Number, if one has been assigned by EPA. This number may have been assigned to you as a basic registrant, a distributor, or as an establishment. If your product is registered, insert the Product Number.
- 2. EPA Product Manager If known, fill in the name and PM number of the EPA Product Manager.
- 3. Proposed Classification Specify the proposed classification of this product.
- 4. Product Name Enter the complete product name of this pesticide as it will appear on the label. The name must be specific to this product only. Duplication of names is not permitted among products of the same company. Do not include any brand name or company line designations.
- 5. Name and Address of Applicant The name of the firm or person end address shown in your application is the person or firm to whom the registration will be issued. If you are acting in behalf of enother party, you must submit authorization from that party to act for them in registration matters. An applicant not residing in the United States must have an authorized agent residing in the United States to act for them in all registration matters. The name and complete mailing address of such an agent must accompany this application.
- 6. Expedited Review FIFRA section 3 (c) 3 (B) provides for expedited review of applications for registration, or amendments to existing registration that are similar or identical to other posticide products that are currently registered with the EPA. In order for your application to be eligible for expedited review, you must provide us with the EPA Registration Number and product name of the product you believe is similar to or identical to your product. The product must be similar or identical in both formulation and labeled uses.

SECTION II - This section must be completed for all applications submitted to amend the registration only of a currently registered product (Amendment), for a resubmission in response to an Agency letter, for notifications to the Agency, for the submission of final printed labeling, for reregistration and for any other action that pertains to a specific EPA-registered product. This section is not to be used for a new application for registration.

1. Subject of submission - Check the applicable block and provide the Agency letter date if appropriate. Provide a brief explanation of the purpose(s) for the submission, such as "the addition of a site, pest or crop (specify)"; "amend the Confidential Statement of Formula by..."; "reregistration submission"; "general label revision of use directions." Attach a separate page if additional space is needed.

SECTION III (Packaging and Container Information) - This Section must be completed for all applications submitted in connection with new registration or applicable amendments.

- 1. Type of Packaging. Check the enpromate block if your product will be packaged in the indicated packaging types. Indicate the size of the individual packets and number per retail container.
- 2. Type of Retail Container Indicate type of container in which product will be marketed.
- 3. Location of Net Contents Indicate the location of the net contents information for your product.
- 4. Size(s) of Retail Container Specify the net contents of all retail containers for your product.
- 5. Location of Use Directions Indicate the location of the use directions for your product.
- 6. Manner in which label is affixed to product. Indicated the method product label is attached to retail container.

SECTION IV (Contact Point) - This Section must be completed for all applications for Registration actions, i.e., new products registration, resubmission, "me-too," reregistration, etc.

- 1-5. Self-explanatory.
- 6. EPA Use Only.

SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX™
HERBICIDE BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS
CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using Roundup WEATHERMAX herbicide as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.



MOT REVIEWED Accordance with PR Notice B2-W. tad on Draft Labeling Dated

4/11/02

EPA Reg. No. 524-537

Roundup WEATHERMAX and Roundup Ready are trademarks of Monsanto Technology LLC.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN ARKANSAS ONLY.

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION!

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, 314-694-4000.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS

OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for this product for essential product performance information.

USE DIRECTIONS

AVOID DRIFT. DO NOT APPLY INTO STILL AIR WHERE THERE IS A TEMPERATURE INVERSION LAYER LOW ENOUGH FOR FINE SPRAY PARTICLES TO BECOME SUSPENDED AND MOVE OUTSIDE THE TARGET AREA WHEN THE INVERSION LAYER MOVES. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION THAT FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT IS LIKELY TO CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED, TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the recommended rate of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

Use sufficient carrier volume and appropriate equipment set-up to form droplets large enough to avoid drift potential. Coarse droplets in the 300 to 500 (VMD) micron range are recommended.

Applications should typically be made with the nozzle release point at 8 to 15 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 75 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor. In many cases, reducing this distance to 65 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor will improve drift control without affecting the swath width.

Nozzles must always discharge backward parallel with the air stream and never discharge downwards more than 45 degrees on fixed wing aircraft or forward of the prevailing airflow on rotary winged aircraft. Avoid the use of nozzles with wide-angle discharge. Do not apply this product when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour.

Do not apply when there is a low-level inversion where fine spray particles could be suspended in still air and move outside the target area when the inversion layer moves. These conditions may occur when wind speeds are less than 2 miles per hour.

Use the following guidelines when applications are made near crops or other desirable vegetation:

- Do not apply within 100 feet of any desirable vegetation or crops.
- If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crops, do not apply within 500 feet upwind of the desirable vegetation or crops.
- Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crops will likely require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.

Read the "Limit of Warranty and Liability" in the label booklet for Roundup WEATHERMAX herbicide before using. These terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

@2002 MONSANTO COMPANY ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63167

4/11/02

63003A1-12

SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX™ HERBICIDE BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using Roundup WEATHERMAX herbicide as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.



EPA Reg. No. 524-537

AUT REVIEWED

4/11/02

Lused on Draft Labeling Dated

Roundup WEATHERMAX and Roundup Ready are trademarks of Monsanto Technology LLC, Garlon™ is a trademark of Dow AgroSciences, LLC.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY (including Fresno county, California)

Keep out of reach of children. CAUTION!

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, 314-694-4000.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application,

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for this product for essential product performance information.

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters.

AVOID DRIFT—DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are made near crops or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop, and/or near other desirable vegetation or annual crops:

- Do not apply within 100 feet of all desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crop(s), do not apply within 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crop(s) may require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.
- Do not apply when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour or when inversion conditions exist.
- 5. APPLY BY AIR ONLY TO NONRESIDENTIAL AREAS.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations that dispense spray as fine spray droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure. Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

Ensure uniform application—To avoid streaking, uneven, or over-lapped application, use appropriate marking devices. Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PROBUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic

coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion.

PART I. CROP USES:

Aerial applications of this product are allowed in the following situations:

- In fallow and reduced tillage systems prior to the emergence or transplanting of labeled crops.
- 2. In alfalfa and pasture renovation applications.
- Over-the-top applications in Roundup Ready corn and cotton. Refer to further label instructions for Roundup Ready corn and Roundup Ready cotton for specific application instructions for over-the-top applications in these crops.
- Preharvest in alfalfa, corn, cotton, wheat, Roundup Ready corn and Roundup Ready cotton. Refer to the Roundup WEATHERMAX herbicide label instructions for Roundup Ready corn and Roundup Ready cotton, for each individual crop.

Do not plant subsequent crops other than those listed in the label booklet for 30 days following application.

When applied as recommended under the conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed in the label booklet.

Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

When tank mixing this product with 2,4-D for aerial applications, only 2,4-D amine formulations may be used. This tank mixture may be used for fallow and reduced tiflage systems and alfalfa and pasture renovation applications only.

DO NOT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING MAXIMUM RATES WHEN MAKING APPLICATIONS BY AIR:

22 fluid ounces per acre	44 fluid ounces per acre
	Affalfa
Corn	
Roundup Ready® Corn	
	Cotton
	Roundup Ready® Cotton
	Fallow
``	Reduced Tillage Systems
,	Pastures
Wheat	



For FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA ONLY (From February 15 through March 31 only) the following applies:

Applicable Area

This section only applies to the area contained inside the following boundaries within Fresno County, California:

North:

Fresno County line

South:

Fresno County line

East:

State Highway 99

West:

Fresno County line

General Information

Always read and follow the label directions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application.

Observe the following directions to minimize off-site movement during aerial application of this product. Minimization of off-site movement is the responsibility of the grower, Pest Control Advisor and aerial applicator.

Written Recommendations

A written recommendation MUST be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner 24 hours prior to the application. This written recommendation MUST state the proximity of surrounding crops, and that conditions of each manufacturer's product label and this label have been satisfied.

Aerial Applicator Training and Equipment

Aerial application of this product is limited to pilots who have successfully completed a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training program for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, critiqued in flight and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. Test and calibrate spray equipment at intervals sufficient to insure that proper rates of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use. Applicator must document such calibrations and testing. Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-ins constitutes such documentation, or other written records showing calculations and measurements of flight and spray parameters acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

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Applications at Night—Do not apply this product by air earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and/or later than 30 minutes after sunset without prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

To report known or suspected misuse of this product, call 1-800-332-3111.

For additional information on the proper aerial application of this product, call 916-784-1718.

Note: For aerial application from April 1 through February 14, refer to the other sections of this supplemental label.

PART II. NONCROP USES:

Aerial applications of this product are allowed in the following situations:

- Aid to burning for establishment and maintenance of fuel breaks
- 2 Establishing fire perimeters and black lines
- 3. Aid to prescribed burning
- Along fire roads
- Range conversion
- Habitat restoration and management
- Wildlife food plots

Apply 1 to 5 quarts of this product in 5 to 15 gallons of water per acre using aerial (helicopter only) applications.

To broaden the spectrum of control, Garlon™ 4 may be tank mixed with this product at the rate of 0.5 to 2 quarts per acre. The rate of Garlon should not exceed 1/2 the rate of this product (e.g. 1 quart of Garlon to 2 quarts of this product) for best results.

Read the "Limit of Warranty and Liability" in the label booklet for Roundup WEATHERMAX herbicide before using. These terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

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4/11/02

63003A1-13

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Keep out of reach of children,

CAUTION

CAUSES MODERATE EYE IRRITATION.

HARMFUL IF INHALED.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.

FIRST AID:	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes.
	Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 min- utes then continue rinsing eye.
IE DN 2KIN	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.
IF INHALED	Move person to fresh sir. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.

- Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment,
- You may also contact (314) 594-4000, collect day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.
- This product is identified as Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide, EPA Reg. No. 524-537.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, injection of this product of large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestic nal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Applicators and other handlers must wear, long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, spocks, chemical resistant playes (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater, composed of butyl rubber, natural rubber, nepprene rubber, or milite rubber.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements fisted in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for applicultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-8)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using lobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.



AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY* CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Herbicide for Roundup Ready Crops.

Selective broad-spectrum weed control in Roundup Ready crops. Non-selective, broad-spectrum weed control for many cropping systems, farmsteads and Conservation Reserve Program acres.

Carefully follow detailed instructions in label booklet.

Read the entire label before using this product.

Use only according to label instructions.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" statement, w. appears in the label booket, before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable, return at once upgened.

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION OR REPACKAGING.

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION!

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

*Glyphosale M-(phosphonomethyl)glycine.
in the form of its potassium salt 48.8%
OTHER INGREDIENTS: 51.2%
100.0%

*Contains 660 grams per litre or 5.5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosale, in the form of its potassium salt. Equivalent to 540 grams per litre or 4.5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosale.

This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,688,085 and 6,365,551, Other patents pending. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

...'A Reg. No. 524-537

EPA Est. (L) 524-LA-1

EPA Est. (M) \$24-1A-1

Lot number prefix L or M indicates appropriate establishment number.

Roundup WeatherMAX, Roundup Ready, and TranSorb are trademarks of Monsanto Technology LLC.

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For more product information, call tall-free 1-800-332-3111.

63003A1-4/53X2

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or t intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. On not contaminate wate when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using ond staintess steet, alminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-ligned steet containers. On NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTION: OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVAMIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEP STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spra solutions of this product react with south containers and lanks to produc hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gaminture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, it ignited by open flame, spark, welder's lotch, fighted cigarette or other ignition source.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsisten with its labeling. This product can only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label or in separately published Monsanic Supplemental Labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contac workers or other persons, either directly or though drift, Only producted handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for positicide regulations.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to supplemental tabeling under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural positicides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, brests, nurseries or greenhouses. Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried to prevent transfer of this product onto desirable vegetation.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

On not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemleally reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state or local procedures.

Emplied container retains vapor and product residue, Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned or destroyed.

Do not reuse container. Return container per the Monsanlo container return program. If not returned, triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sonitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

(See label booklet for Complete Directions for Use.)

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63003A1-1/53



Complete Directions for Use

EPA Reg. No. 524-537

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS).
DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Herbicide for Roundup Ready Crops.

Selective broad-spectrum weed control in Roundup Ready crops. Non-selective, broad-spectrum weed control for many cropping systems, farmsteads and Conservation Reserve Program acres.



63003A1-1/53



Complete Directions for Use

EPA Reg. No. 524-537

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE. GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Herbicide for Roundup Ready Crops.

Selective broad-spectrum weed control in Roundup Ready crops. Non-selective, broad-spectrum weed control for many cropping systems, farmsteads and Conservation Reserve Program acres.

CONTENTS

Not all products recommended on this label are registered for use in California. Check the registration status of each product in California before using.

Read the entire label before using this product.

Use only according to label instructions.

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" statement at the end of the label before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION. SEE INDIVIDUAL CONTAINER LABEL FOR REPACKAGING LIMITATIONS.

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1.0 INGREDIENTS

*Contains 660 grams per litre or 5.5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its potassium salt. Equivalent to 540 grams per litre or 4.5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,688,085 and 6,365,551. Other patents pending. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

2.0 IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS

- 1. FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION OR ASSISTANCE IN USING THIS PRODUCT, CALL TOLL-FREE, 1-800-332-3111.
- IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS HERBICIDE PRODUCT, OR FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL COLLECT, DAY OR NIGHT.

(314)-694-4000.

Ingredients

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

3.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

3.1 Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Keep out of reach of children

CAUTION!

CAUSES MODERATE EYE IRRITATION. HARMFUL IF INHALED.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.

FIRST AID:	Call a poison control center or doctor for treat- ment advice.
IF IN EYES	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
	 Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye.
IF ON SKIN	Take off contaminated clothing.
	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
IF INHALED	- Move person to fresh air.
	 If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. This product is identified as Roundup WEATHERMAX™ herbicide, EPA Registration No. 524-537. You may also contact (314) 694-4000, collect day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved -shirt and long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater, composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber.

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Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside.
 Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

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Q.2 Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

3.3 Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product can only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label or in separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

Agricultural Use Requirements &

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part-170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms; forests, murseries; and? greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. Itcontains/requirements for training, decontamination; notification, and emergency assistance it also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas? during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permit ted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such; as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, shoes plus socks and chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pels off treated areas until spray solution has dried to prevent transfer of this product onto desirable vegetation.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION 10. 4.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

On not contaminate water, toodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state, or local procedures.

Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

See container label for STORAGE AND DISPOSAL instructions.

5.0 GENERAL INFORMATION (How this product works)

Product Description: This product is a postemergent, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is generally non-selective and gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field-type sprayers after dilution and thorough mixing with water or other carriers according to label instructions.

Oo not add surfactants, additives containing surfactants, buffering agents or pH adjusting agents to the spray solution when Roundup WEATHERMAX herbicide is the only pesticide used unless otherwise directed. Ammonium sulfate, drift control additives, or dyes and colorants may be used. See the "MIXING" section of this label for instructions.

Time to Symptoms: This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4

days, but on most perennial weeds may not occur for 7 days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant which advances to complete browning of above-ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

Stage of Weeds: Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when treatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" for recommendations for specific weeds.

Always use the higher rate of this product per acre within the recommended range when weed growth is heavy or dense or weeds are growing in an undisturbed (noncultivated) area.

Do not treat weeds with disease or insect damage, as reduced weed control may result. Reduced results may also occur when treating weeds under poor growing conditions or that are heavily covered with dust.

Cultural Considerations: Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed, or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

RaintasIness: Heavy rainfall soon after application may wash this product off of the foliage and a repeat application may be required for adequate control.

Spray Coverage: For best results, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray weed foliage to the point of runoff.

Mode of Action: The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme found only in plants and microorganisms that is essential to formation of specific amino acids.

No Soil Activity: Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by this product. Weeds germi-

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nating from seed after application will not be controlled. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or root stocks of perennials will not be affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow.

Biological Degradation: Degradation of this product is primarily a biological process carried out by soil microbes.

Tank Mixing: This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control, tollow a label-approved herbicide program. Read and carefulty observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all toss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly recommended in this labeling. Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials may result in reduced performance.

Annual Maximum Use Rate: Except as otherwise specified in a crop section of this label, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 5.3 quarts of this product per acre per year. For applications in non-crop sites or in tree, vine, or shrub crops, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 7 quarts of this product per acre per year. The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences.

6.0 MIXING

Use the following conversion table to help determine application rates of Roundup WEATHERMAX herbicide based on commonly used rates of Roundup Original** and Roundup UltraMAX*** herbicides.

NOW EVEN I Roundup WEATH	MORE CONG	CENTRATED VERSION TABLE
Roundup WEATHERMAX (Ounces)	Roundup UltraMAX (Ounces)	Roundup Originat (Ounces)
16	20	24
22	26	32
27	32	40
32	40	48

Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

NOTE: REDUCED RESULTS MAY DCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED, SUCH AS VISIBLY MUDDY WATER OR WATER FROM PONDS AND DITCHES THAT IS NOT CLEAR.

6.1 Mixing with Water

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the recommended amount of this product near the end of the lifting process and mix well. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations. Ouring mixing and application, loaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or mini-

MIXING

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mize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent.

6.2 Tank Mixing Procedure

Mix labeled tank mixtures of this product with water as follows:

- Place a 20- to 35-mesh screen or wetting basket over filling port.
- Through the screen, fill the spray tank one-hall full with water and start apitation.
- If ammonium sulfate is used add it slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation, Ensure that dry ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding other products.
- If a wettable powder is used, make a sturry with the water carrier, and add it SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water. Add diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the lank. Continue agitation.
- If an emulsifiable concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water. Add diluted mixture slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- Continue filling the spray tank with water and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
- Add individual formulations to the spray tank as follows: wettable powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, drift control additive and water soluble liquid.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle,

thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

Keep by-pass line on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh.

Always predetermine the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Refer to the "Tank Mixing" section of "GENERAL INFORMA-TION" for additional precautions.

6.3 Mixing for Hand-Held Sprayers

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

Spray Solution

Desired		Amount	of Round	iup WEATH	ERMAX	
Valume	0.4%	0.7%	1%	1.5%	4%	7%
1 gal	0.5 oz		1.3 oz	2 oz	5 oz	9 02
25 gal		0.7 qt	1 qt	1.5 qt	4 g!	7 ot
100 gal	1.6 qt	2.8 qt	1 gal -	1.5 gal	4 pal	7 gal

2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

For use in knapsack sprayers, it is suggested that the recommended amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

6.4 Ammonium Sulfate

The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product, particularly under hard water conditions, drought conditions or when tank

MIXING

mixed with certain residual herbicides, on annual and perennial weeds. The equivalent rate of ammonium sulfate in a liguid formulation may also be used. Ensure that dry ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly close the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion.

NOTE: When using ammonium sulfate, apply this product at rates recommended in this label. Lower rates will result in reduced performance.

6.5 Colorants or Dyes

Agriculturally approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilutions. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

6.6 Drift Control Additives

Drift control additives may be used with all equipment types, except wiper applicators, sponge bars and Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA) equipment. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the addilive label. The use of drift control additives can affect spray coverage which may result in reduced performance.

7.0 APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system

This product may be applied with the following application equipment:

Aerial-Fixed Wing and Helicopter

Ground Broadcast Spray-Boom or boomless systems, pull-type sprayer, floaters, pick-up sprayers, spray coupes and other ground broadcast equipment.

Hand-Held or High-Volume Spray Equipment-Knapsack and backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, handwands, mistblowers, lances and other hand-held and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto weed foliage.

"This product is not registered in California or Arizona for use in mistblowers.

Selective Equipment-Recirculating sprayers, shielded and hooded sprayers, wiper applicators and sponge bars.

Injection Systems—Aerial or ground injection sprayers.

Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA)—Hand-held or boommounted applicators which produce a spray consisting of a narrow range of droplet sizes.

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAIN-TAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIV-ERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

7.1 Aerial Equipment

OO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THIS LABEL.

Use the recommended rates of this herbicide in 3 to 15 galions of water per acre unless otherwise specified on this label. Unless otherwise specified, do not exceed 22 fluid ounces per acre. Refer to the individual use area sections of this label for recommended volumes, application rates, and turther instructions.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA OR SPECIFIC COUNTIES THEREIN, OR IN ARKANSAS, REFER TO THE FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL FOR AERIAL APPLICA-

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APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

TIONS IN THAT STATE OR COUNTY FOR SPECIFIC IN-STRUCTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS.

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

Ensure uniform application—To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops.

- The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward, parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see the "Wind", "Temperature and Humidity", and "Temperature Inversions" sections of this label).

Controlling Oroplet Size

- Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with the higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure: Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream, will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using lowdrift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.
- Boom length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath wirth
- Application height: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.
 Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces the exposure of the droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.).

Wind

Oritt potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 miles per hour. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 miles per hour due to variable wind direction and high inversion

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground log; however, if log is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixina.

Sensitive Areas

The product should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

Aircraft Maintenance

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint), which meets aerospace specification Mil-C-38413, may prevent corrosion.

7.2 Ground Broadcast Equipment

Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzles to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat spray nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

7.3 Hand-Held or High-Volume Equipment

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For applications made on a sprzy-to-wet basis, sprzy coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not sprzy to the point of runoff. Use coarse sprzys only. For recommended rates and timing, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS—HAND-HELD OR HIGH-VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section of this product label.

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7.4 Selective Equipment

This product may be applied through recirculating spray systems, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars, after dilution and thorough mixing with water, to listed weeds growing in any non-crop site specified on this label

In cropping systems, hooded sprayers, shielded sprayers, and wipers may be used in row middles (in between rows of crop plants) where any dripping or leaking will not contact crop foliage. Such equipment must be capable of preventing all crop contact with herbicide solutions and operated without leakage of spray mists or dripping onto crop. Wipers over-the-top of crops may be used only when specifically recommended in this product's labeling.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETA-

Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators used above desirable vegetation should be adjusted so that the lowest spray stream or wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Oroplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Applications made above the crops should be made when the weeds are a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatment may be necessary.

Recirculating Spray System

A recirculating spray system directs the spray solution onto weeds growing above desirable vegetation, while spray solution not intercepted by weeds is collected and returned to the spray tank for reuse.

Shielded and Hooded Applicators

When applied under the conditions described in the following paragraphs for shielded and hooded applications, this product at recommended rates will control those weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" sections of this label. A hooded sprayer is a type of shielded applicator where the spray pattern is fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back, thereby shielding the crop from the spray solution. Keep shields on these sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegestation. When applying to crops grown on raised beds, ensure that the hood is designed to completely enclose the spray solution. If necessary, extend the front and rear flaps of the hoods to reach the ground in deep furrows. EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

This equipment must be set up and operated in a manner that avoids bouncing or raising the hoods off the ground in any way. If the hoods are raised, spray particles may escape and come into contact with the crop, causing damage or destruction of the crop. Avoid operation on rough or stoping ground where the spray hoods might be raised off the ground.

Use hoods designed to minimize excessive dripping or runoff down the insides of the hoods. A single, low pressure/ low drift flat-fan nozzle with an 80 to 95 degree spray angle positioned at the top center of the hood is recommended. Spray volume should be 20-30 gallons per acre.

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These procedures will reduce the potential for crop injury:

- The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground.
- Leave at least an 8-inch untreated strip over the drill row.
 For example, if the crop row width is 38 inches, the maximum width of the spray hood should be 30 inches.
- Maximum tractor speed: 5 miles per hour to avoid bouncing of the spray hoods.
- . Maximum wind speed: 10 miles per hour.
- Use low-drift nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Winer Annticators

When applied under the conditions described in the following paragraphs, this product CONTROLS many weeds, including volunteer corn. Texas panicum, common rye, shattercane, sicklepod, spanishneedles and bristly starbur; and SUPPRESSES many veeds including Florida beggarweed, Bermudagrass, hemp dogbane, doglennel, guineagrass, johnsongrass, milkweed, silverleaf nightshade, fedroot pigweed, glant ragweed, smulgrass, senflower, Canada thistle, musk thistle, vaseygrass, velvetleaf.

Wiper applicators are devices that physically wipe appropriate amounts of this product directly onto the weed.

Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation. Operate this equipment at ground speeds no greater than 5 miles per hour. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed intestations to

ensure adequate wiper saturation. Better results may be obtained if two applications are made in opposite directions.

Avoid teakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Adjust height of applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds. Keep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that, on sloping ground, the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of a wiper applicator.

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a 1-day period, as reduced activity may result from use of leftover solutions. Clean wiper parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

Do not add surfactant to the herbicide solution.

For Rope or Spange Wick Applicators—Solutions ranging from 33 to 75 percent of this product in water may be used. Apply this solution to weeds listed above in this section.

For Panel Applicators—Solutions ranging from 33 to 100 percent of this product in water may be used in panel wiper applicators.

7.5 Injection Systems

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This product may be used in aerial or ground injection spray systems. It may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this product with the concentrate of other products when using injection systems.

7.6 CDA Equipment

The rate of this product applied per acre by vehicle-mounted CDA equipment must not be less than the amount recommended in this label when applied by conventional broadcast

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

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equipment. For vehicle-mounted CDA equipment, apply 2 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

For the control of annual weeds with hand-held COA units, apply a 20 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 miles per hour (1 quart per acre). For the control of perennial weeds, apply a 20 to 30 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 miles per hour (2 to 3 quarts per acre).

Controlled droplet application equipment produces a spray pattern that is not easily visible. Extreme care must be exercised to avoid spray or drift contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage or destruction may result.

8.0 ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL **CROPS** (Alphabetical)

NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED CROPS WITHIN SECTION 8 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PRE-HARVEST INTERVALS, AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label or separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling for instructions for treating Roundup Ready crops.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Hooded Sprayers in Row-Middles, Shielded Sprayers in Row-Middles, Wiper Applicators in Row-Middles, and Post-Harvest treatments.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS:

Apply this product during fallow intervals preceding planting, prior to planting or transplanting, at-planting, or pre-

emergent to annual and perennial crops listed in this label, except where specifically limited. For any crop not listed in this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Unless otherwise specified, weed control applications may be made according to the rates listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIÄL WEEDS", and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" in this label. Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 5.3 quarts per acre per year.

Post-directed hooded sprayers and wiper equipment capable of preventing all crop contact with herbicide solutions may be used in mulched or unmulched row middles after crop establishment. Where specifically noted below, wipers may also be used above certain crops to control tall weeds. Refer to the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label for essential precautions when using hooded sprayers or wipers to avoid crop injury caused by leakage of spray mists or dripping onto crops. Crop injury is possible with these applications and shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at-planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Broadcast applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to turther minimize the risk of injury. Unless otherwise specified in

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this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or lablow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

In crops where spot treatments are allowed, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for the same reason.

For broadcast postemergent treatments, do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application, unless otherwise specified.

R.1 Cereal and Grain Crops

LABELEO CROPS: Barley, Buckwheat, Millet (pearl, proso), Oats, Rice, Rye, Quinoa, Teff, Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat (all types), Wild Rice.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Oo not treat rice fields or levees when field contains water.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice, Spot Treatment (except Rice), Wiper Applications Over-the-Top (Feed Barley and Wheat only), Preharvest (Feed Barley and Wheat only).

Preplant, Preemergence, Al-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting of cereal crops. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 32 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Flush fields prior to application to obtain uniform germination and stand of red

rice. Make application when the majority of the red rice plants are in the 2-leaf stage and no more than 4 inches tall. Red rice plants with less than 2 true leaves may be only partially controlled.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid spraying during low humidity conditions, as reduced control may result. Do not treat rice fields or levees when the fields contain floodwater. Do not re-flood treated fields for 8 days following application.

Spot Treatment (except Rice)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in cereal crops. Apply this product before heading in small grains

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Wiper Applications Over-the-Top (Feed Bartey and Wheat only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Wiper applications may be used in feed barley and wheat. To control common rye or cereal rye, apply after the weeds have headed and achieved maximum growth, and when the rye is at least 6 inches above the wheat crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 35 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators.

Preharvest (Feed Barley and Wheat only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of feed barley or wheat. For wheat, apply after the hard-dough stage of grain (30 percent or less grain moisture). For feed barley, apply after the hard-dough stage and when the grain contains 20 percent moisture or less. Stubble may be grazed immediately after harvest.

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This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. For ground applications, apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Allow 7 days between application and harvest or grazing. Preharvest application is not recommended for wheat or barley grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of cereal crops. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2.4-0 or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For any crop not listed on this labet, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting the next crop. Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

8.2 Corn

TYPES OF CORN: Field Corn, Seed Corn, Silage Corn, Sweel Corn and Popcorn.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Preharvest.

For Roundup Ready corn, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a lank-mixture before, during or after planting corn. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 80 gallons of nitrogen solution per

2,4-D
Aim*M
Atrazine
Axiom*M
Balance*M
Banvel*M/Clarity*M
Bicep II MAGNUM*M
Bicep II MAGNUM*M
Degree*M
Degree*M
Degree*M
Dual II MAGNUM*M
Dual II MAGNUM*M
Epic*M

Frontier^{1M}/Outlook^{1M}
Fultime^{1M}
Guardsman^{1M}/Leadoff^{1M}
Harness®
Harness Xtra
Harness Xtra 5.6L
Lariat®
Lasso®/Alachlor
Linex^{1M}/Lorox^{1M}
Marksman^{1M}
Micro-Tech®
Prowl^{1M}
Simazine
TopNotch^{1M}

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signal-grass up to 2 inches fall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches fall, apply this product at 22 fluid ounces per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 16 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches fall, and 22 to 32 fluid ounces when weeds are over 6 inches fall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Applications of 2,4-0 or dicamba must be made at least 7 days prior to planting corn.

For Southern states, do not apply in nitrogen solutions to tough-to-control grasses such as barnyardgrass, fall panicum, broadleaf signalgrass, annual ryegrass and any perennial weeds. The area covered by this recommendation includes from Route 50 South in litinois and Indiana and the following states: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia.

CROPS

Hooded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of corn. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instruction for the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Corn must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator. On not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre for each application and no more than 64 fluid ounces per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

Soot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to silking of corp.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Preharves

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed). For ground applications, apply up to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre. For aerial applications, apply up to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest. Preharvest application is not recommended for corn grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-0 or dicamba may be used. PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegeta-

8.3 Cotton

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Selective Equipment, Spot Treatment, Preharvest.

For Roundup Ready cotton, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, Preemergence, Al-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

Hooded Sprayer, Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied through hooded sprayers, recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators or wiper applicators in cotton. Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to boll opening of cotton.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop

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receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drilt or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Preharves

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control and cotton regrowth inhibition when applied prior to harvest of colton. For weed control, apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" sections of this label. For cotton regrowth inhibition, apply 11 to 44 fluid ownces of this product per acre.

Up to 44 fluid ounces of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. Apply after sufficient bolls have developed to produce the desired yield of cotton. Applications made prior to this time could affect maximum yield potential.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with DEFTM 6, FolexTM, Ginstar, or PrepTM to provide additional enhancement of cohon leaf drop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of colton. Preharvest application is not recommended for cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

8.4 Fallow Systems

LABELED CROPS: This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop on this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Aid-to-Tillage.

Chemical Fallow

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. This product may be used as a substitute

for tillage to control annual weeds in fallow fields. Also, broadcast or spot treatments will control or suppress many perennial weeds in fallow fields. Ground or aeriat application equipment may be used. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used. Applications up to 44 fluid ounces per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent cross.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Do not apply dicamba tank mixtures by air in California.

Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba is applied within 45 days of planting.

Preplant Fallow Beds

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to fallow beds prior to planting or emergence of any crop tisted on this label. For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. This product will control weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" sections of this label.

TANK MIXTURES: In addition, 8 fluid ounces of this product plus 2 to 3 fluid ounces of GoalTM 2XL per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 3 inches-common cheeseweed, chickweed, groundsel; 6 inches-London rockel, shepherd's-purse.

11 fluid ounces of this product plus 2 to 3 fluid ounces of Goal 2XL per acre with control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6 inches-common cheeseweed, groundset, marestall (Conyza canadensis), 12 inches-chickweed, London rocket, shepherd's-purse.

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Aid-to-Tislage

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in conjunction with tillage practices in fallow systems or preplant to labeled crops to control downy brome, cheat, volunteer wheat, tansy mustard and foxtail. Apply 8 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Make applications before weeds are 6 inches in height, Application must be followed by conventional tillage practices no later than 15 days after treatment and before regrowth occurs. Allow at least 1 day after application before tillage.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Tank mixtures with residual herbicides may result in reduced performance.

8.5 Grain Sorghum (Milo)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Applications, Preharvest.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in tank-mixture before, during or after planting grain sorghum. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per

Atrazine Bicep II MAGNUM Lariat Lasso Micro-Tech

Bullet Dual II MAGNUM

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleat signal-grass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 22 fluid ounces per acre

in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 16 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre-when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 22 to 32 fluid ounces when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, the use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.

Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Applications

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in grain sorghum. Make spot treatments before heading of milo. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "Wiper Applicators" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this tabel.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside larget area for the same reason.

For wiper applicators, aflow at least 40 days between application and harvest. Oo not use roller applicators. Do not feed or graze treated milo fodder. Do not ensile treated vegetation;

Hooded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of milo. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instruction for the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.

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PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Milo must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Treat before milo sends tillers between the drill rows. If such tillers are contacted with the spray solution, the main plant may be killed. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator. Do not graze or feed milo forage or fodder following applications of this product through hooded sprayers. Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre per application and no more than 64 fluid ounces per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Make applications at 30 percent grain moisture or less.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. As with other herbicides that cause sudden plant death, avoid preharvest applications of this product to milo infected with charcoal rot as lodging can occur. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of sorghum. Preharvest application is not recommended for sorghum grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur. The use of this product for preharvest grain sorghum (mile) is not registered in California.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of grain sorghum. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-0 or dicamba may be used.

This product may be applied to grain sorghum (milo) stubble following harvest to suppress or control regrowth. Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre for control, or 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre for suppression.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation,

8.6 Herbs and Spices

LABELED CROPS: Alispice, Angelica, Star anise, Annalto (seed), Balm, Basil, Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper buds, Caraway, Black caraway, Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Calnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried), Chive, Chinese chive, Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander feat (cilantro or chinese parsley), Coriander seed (cilantro), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Culantro (seed). Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed), Dill (seed), Epazote, Fennel seed (common and Florence), Fenugreek, White ginger flower, Grains of paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf and seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (including oregano), Mexican oregano, Mioga flower, Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper (black and white), Pepper leaves, Peppermint, Perilla, Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory (summer and winter), Spearmint, Stevia leaves, Sweet bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood,

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Peppermint and Spearmint only). Spot Treatments (Peppermint and Spearmint only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system.

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Over-the-Top Wiper Applications, Spot Treatments (Peppermint and Spearmint only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a spot treatment or wiper application in spearmint and peppermint. Apply spot treatments on a spray-to-wet basis with handheld equipment, such as backpack and knapsack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, hand-wands or any other hand-held or motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray solution to a limited area. In wiper applications, the applicator should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the crop. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches taller than the crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest. Further applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals. In spot treatment applications, no more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested should be treated at one time. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for this reason. In wiper applications, contact of the herbicide solution with the crop may result in damage or destruction.

2.7 Oil Seed Crops

LABELED CROPS: Borage, Buffalo gourd (seed), Canola, Crambe, Flax, Jojoba, Lesquerella, Meadowfoam, Mustard (seed), Rape, Safflower, Sesame, Sunflower.

For Roundup Ready canola, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting oil seed crops. Broadcast applications must be made prior to emergence of the listed oil seed crops. Wiper applicators or hooded sprayers may be used between the rows once the crop is established.

TANK MIXTURES: For sunflowers, a tank mixture with Prowl may be applied before, during or after planting in conventional tillage systems, into a cover crop, established sod or in previous crop residue.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre on canola. Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre for sunflowers as a single preplant or preemergent application per year. Do not feed or graze sunflower forage following application of this product.

8.8 Soybeans

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Preharvest, Selective Equipment.

For Roundup Ready soybeans, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting soybeans. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

AimiM Dual II MAGNUM Amplify¹⁴ Firstcate^{IM} Assure IIIM Flexstariu Authority™ FrontierTM/OutlookTM Boundary^{IM} Fusion™ Сапорути Gauntlet^{rM} Canopy XL™ Lasso Command[™] LinexTM

 Command™
 Linex™

 Command Xtra™
 Lorox/Linuren

 Domain™
 Lorox Plus™

 Dual MAGNUM
 Micro-Tech

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Prowi Pursuittm Pursuit Plus Rellex^{1M} Scepteria

Sencor IM/Lexone IM Squadronim Steelin ValorTM

This product may be tank-mixed with 2.4-D or 2.4-DB. See the 2.4-D label for intervals between application and plant-

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum. barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 22 fluid ounces per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds apply 16 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 22 to 32 fluid ounces when weeds are over 6 inches tall.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Tank-mixtures with some of the above listed herbicides may result in reduced weed control due to antagonism. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the product labels, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately for all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive directions for each product in the mixture.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to initial god set in soybeans.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans.

Apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES".

This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. Apply after pods have set and lost all green color. Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts per acre of this product for preharvest applications. Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces per acre of this product by air. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of soybeans. Do not graze or harvest treated hay or fodder for livestock feed within 25 days of last preharvest application. (If the application rate is 22 fluid ounces per acre or lower, the grazing restriction is reduced to 14 days after last preharvest application.) Preharvest application is not recommended for soybeans grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied through recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars in soybeans. Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

8.9 Sugarcane

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied in or around sugarcane fields or in fields prior to the emergence

PRECAUTIONS. RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply to vegetation in or around ditches, canals or ponds containing water to be used for irrigation.

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USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in sugarcane. For control of volunteer or diseased sugarcane, make a 1 percent solution of this product in water and spray-to-wet the foliage of vegetation to be controlled. Volunteer or diseased sugarcane should have at least 7 new leaves.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid spray contact with healthy cane plants since severe damage or destruction may result. Do not feed or graze treated sugarcane foliage following application.

Fallow Treatments

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a replacement for tillage in fields that are lying fallow between sugarcane crops. This product may also be used to remove the last stubble of ration cane. For removal of last stubble of ration cane, apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to new growth having at least 7 new leaves. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Applications up to 64 fluid ounces per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent crops. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used.

Hooded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of sugarcane. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional use instructions.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not allow treated weeds to come into contact with the crop. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on the crop may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

8.10 Vegetable Crops

NOTE: THIS "VEGETABLE CROPS" SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED VEGETABLE CROPS WITHIN SECTION 8.10 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, Preemergence, Prior to Transplanting Vegelables, At-Planting, Hooded Sprayers in Row-Middles, Shielded Sprayers in Row-Middles, Wiper Applications in Row-Middles, and Post-Harvest, Directed Applications (non-bearing Ginseng), Over-the-Top Wipers (Rutabagas only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system. Care should be taken to insure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. In crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles should be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this

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product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

8.10.1 Brassica Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Broccoli, Chinese broccoli (gai lon), Broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy), Chinese cabbage (napa), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Collards, Kale, Kohtrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens.

8.10.2 Bulb Vegetables

LABELEO CROPS: Garlic, Great-headed garlic, Leek, Onion (dry bulb and green), Welsh onion, Shallot.

8.10.3 Cucurbit Vegetables and Fruits

LABELED CROPS: Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cucumber. Gherkin, Edible gourd (includes hydran, cucuzza, hechima. Chinese okra), Melons (all), Momordica spe (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (includes cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey ball melon, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon), Pumpkin, Summer squash (includes crobkneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini), Winter squash (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, spaghetti squash), Watermelon.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Cantaloupe, Casaba melon, Crenshaw melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourds, Honeydew melon, Honey ball melon, Mango melon, Melons (all), Muskmelon, Persian melon, Pumpkin, Squash (summer, winter), and Watermelon, allow at least 3 days between application and planting.

Q.10.4 Leafy Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Amaranth (Chinese spinach), Arugula (roquette), Beet greens, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese celery, Celtuce, Chaya, Chervil, Edible-leaved chrysanthemum, Garland chrysanthemum, Corn salad, Cress (garden and upland), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Dokudami, Endive (escarole), Florence tennel, Gow kee, Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden and winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach, New Zealand spinach, Vine spinach, Swiss chard, Watercress (upland), Water spinach. PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Watercress, avoid applications within 3 days prior to seeding and during the period between seeding and emergence to minimize the risk

8.10.5 Fruiting Vegetables

LABELEO CROPS: Eggplant, Groundcherry (*Physalis spp*), Pepino, Pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), Tornatillo, Tomato.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Eggplant, Ground cherry, Pepper (all), and Tomatillo, allow at least 3 days between application and planting. For Tomato, do not make hooded or shielded sprayer applications in row middles because of the potential for crop injury.

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10.6 Legume Vegetables (succulent or dried)

LABELED CROPS: Bean (Lupinus: includes grain lupin, sweet Jupin, white Jupin, and white sweet Jupin), Bean (Phaseolus: includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean), Bean (Vigna: includes adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean), Broad bean (fava), Chickpea (garbanzo), Guar, Jackbean, Lablab bean, Centil, Pea (Pisum: includes dwarf pea, edible-podded pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snowpea, sugar snap pea). Pigeon pea, Soybean (immature seed), Sword bean.

8.10.7 Root and Tuber Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, Beet (garden), Burdock, Canna, Carrot, Cassava (bitter and sweet), Celeriac, Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip-rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen (taro), Galangal, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Kava (turnip-rooted). Parsley (turnip-rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Oriental radish, Rutabaga, Salsify, Black salsify, Spanish salsify, Skirret, Sweet potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Turnip, Wasabi, Yacon, Yam bean, True yam.

Directed Applications (Non-bearing Ginseng only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used for general weed control in established non-bearing ginseng. Applications may be made with boom equipment, COA, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high volume wands, fances, and orchard guns or with wiper application equip-

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Direct applications so that there is no contact of this product with the ginseng plant. Applications must be made at least one year prior to harvest.

Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Rutabagas only) USE INSTRUCTIONS: Wiper applicators may be used over-

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 14 days between application and harvest of rutabagas.

.11 Miscellaneous Crops

LABELED CROPS: Aloe vera, Asparagus, Bamboo shoots. Globe artichoke, Okra, Peanut (ground nut), Pineapple,

Strawberry, Sugar beet. TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: General Weed Control, Sile Preparation, Spot Treatment (Asparagus).

For Roundup Ready sugar beets, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid contact of herbicide with follage, green shoots or stems, back, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mutch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. In crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles should be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See

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"APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

General Weed Control, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for general weed control or for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting crops listed in this section.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system. Care should be taken to insure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Do not apply within a week before the first asparagus spears emerge. Do not feed or graze treated pineapple forage following application.

Spot Treatment (Asparagus)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied immediately after cutting, but prior to the emergence of new spears.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Do not harvest within 5 days of treatment.

Post-Harvest (Asparagus)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after the last harvest and all spears have been removed. If spears are allowed to regrow, delay application until ferns have developed. Delayed treatments should be applied as a directed or shielded spray in order to avoid contact of the spray with ferns, stems or spears.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Direct contact of the spray with the asparagus may result in serious crop injury. Select

and use recommended types of spray equipment for postemergence post-harvest applications. A directed spray is any application where the spray pattern is aligned in such a way as to avoid direct contact of the spray with the crop. A shielded spray is any application where a physical barrier is positioned and maintained between the spray and the crop to prevent contact of spray with the crop.

9.0 TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS (Alphabetical)

NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS WITHIN SECTION 9 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW.
SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREMARYEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS

AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant (Site Preparation)
Broadcast Sprays, General Weed Control, Middles (between
Broadcast Sprays, General Weed Control, Middles (between
Broadcast Sprays, Strips (within rows of trees,
rows of trees, vines or bushes). Selective Equipment (shielded sprayers,
vines or bushes). Selective Equipment (shielded sprayers,
wiper treatments). Directed Sprays, Spot Treatments,
Perennial Grass Suppression, Cut Stump.

Perennial Grass Suppression, Out thoom equipment, CDA Applications may be made with boom equipment, chiefded sprayers, hand-held and high-volume equipment, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high-volume wands, lances, orchard guns or with wiper applicator equipment, except as directed.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied in middles (between rows of trees or vines), strips (within rows of trees or vines), and for general weed control or perennial grass suppression in established tree fruit and nut groves, orchards, betries, and vineyards. It may also be used for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting these crops. Apply 11 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts per acre according to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS"

TREE AND VINE CROPS

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RATE TABLES" sections of this label. Utilize rates at the higher end of the recommended rate range when weeds are stressed, growing in dense populations or are greater than 12 inches tall. Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 7 quarts per acre per year.

The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the lotal use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS; Extreme care must be exercised to avoid contact of herbicide solution, spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bank of trunk. branches, suckers, fruit or other parts of trees, canes and vines. Avoid applications when recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury has occurred. Contact of this product with other than matured brown bank can result in serious crop damage or destruction. Only shielded or directed sprayers may be used in crops with potential for crop contact, and then only where there is sufficient clearance. For applications in strips (within rows of trees), only selective equipment (directed sprays, hooded sprayers, shielded applicators, or wipers) should be used to minimize the potential for leakage or drift of herbicide sprays onto crop. For berry crops, hooded or shielded sprayers must be fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back. Only wipers of shielded applicators capable of preventing all contact with crop may be used. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional directions and precautions.

Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and transolantino.

Middles (between rows)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control or suppress annual and perennial weeds and ground covers groving between the rows of labeled tree and vine crops. If weeds are under drought stress, irrigate prior to application. Reduced control may result if weeds have been moved prior to application.

TANK MIXTURES: A tank mixture of this product plus Goal 2XL may be used for annual weeds in middles between rows of citrus crops, tree fruits, tree nuts and vine crops. This mixture is recommended when weeds are stressed or growing in dense populations. 11 to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus 3 to 12 fluid ounces per acre of Goal 2XL will control annual weeds with a maximum height or diameter of 6 inches, including crabgrass, common groundset, junglarice, common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed. London rocket, common ryegrass, shepherd's-purse, annual sowthistle, lifaree (suppression), horseweed/marestail, stinging nettle and common purstane (suppression). 11 to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus 3 to 12 fluid ounces per acre of Goal 2XL will control common cheeseweed (malva) or hairy lleabane with a maximum height or diameter of 3 inches.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied in rows of tree or vine crops in tank mixtures with the following

products: Simazine 4L Devrinol** 50 DF Simazine 80W DirexIN 4L Sim-TrolTM 4L Solicam IM DE Goal 2XL KarmexTM DF Surlian 141 AS Surflan 75W Krovar 1 Prov/

Princep Caliber 1M 90

Do not apply these tank mixtures in Puerto Rico.

TREE AND VINE CROPS



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Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

Perennial Grass Suppression

This product will suppress perennial grasses such as bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, tall fesque, orchardgrass, Kentucky bluegrass, and quackgrass that are grown as ground covers in tree and vine crops

For suppression of tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass and quackgrass, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

For suppression of Kentucky bluegrass covers, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Do not add ammonium

For best results, mow cool season grass covers in the spring to even their height and apply this product 3 to 4 days after

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 25 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up or after moving to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 3 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 3 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

For burndown of Bermudagrass, apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Use this treatment only if reduction of the Bermudagrass stand can be tolerated. When burndown is required prior to harvest, allow at least 21 days to ensure sufficient time for burndown to occur.

For suppression of Bermudagrass, apply 4 to 11 Iluid ounces of this product per acre east of the Rocky Mountains

and 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre west of the Rocky Mountains. Apply in a total spray volume of 3 to 20 gallons per acre, no sooner than 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up. If the Bermudagrass is mowed prior to application, maintain a minimum of 3 inches in height. Sequential applications may be made when regrowth occurs and Bermudagrass injury and stand reduction can be tolerated. East of the Rocky Mountains, rates of 4 to 7 fluid ounces of this product per acre should be used in shaded conditions or where a lesser degree of suppression is desired.

Cut Stump

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Cut stump applications of this product may be made during site preparation or site renovation, prior to transplanting tree crops. This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of tree species, some of which are listed below.

Citrus Trees: Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (Tangerine), Orange (all), Pummelo, Tangelo, Tangor.

Fruit Trees: Apple, Apricot, Cherry (sweet, sour), Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Pear, Plum/Prune (all), Quince.

Nut Trees: Almond, Beechnul, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory Nut. Macadamia, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut (black, English).

Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the Ireshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT MAKE CUT STUMP APPLICATIONS WHEN THE ROOTS OF ADJACENT

TREE AND VINE CROPS

TREE AND VINE CROPS

DESIRABLE TREES MAY BE GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP. INJURY RESULTING FROM ROOT GRAFTING MAY OCCUR IN ADJACENT TREES. Some sprouts, stems, or frees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether gratted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are freated.

9.1 Berry Crops

LABELED CROPS: Blackberry (including bingleberry, black satin berry, boysenberry, Cherokee blackberry, chesterberry, Cheyenne blackberry, coryberry, darrowberry, dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, Himalayaberry, hullberry, juneberry, tavacaberry, lowberry, lucretiaberry, marionberry, nectarberry, challieberry, Oregon evergreen berry, phenomenaberry, rangeberry, ravenberry, rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, and youngberry). Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Salat.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus Spot Treatment in Cranberry Production and Post-Harvest Treatments in Cranberry Production.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: To avoid damage, herbicide sprays must not be allowed to contact desirable vegetation, including green shoots, canes, or foliage. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest in cranberries. Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest in other berry crops. Do not make directed sprays within the cranberry bush areas prior to berry harvest.

Spot Treatment in Cranberry Production

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Spot treatments may be used to control weeds growing in dry ditches (interior and perimeter) of cranberry production areas. Hand-held sprayers or other appropriate application equipment listed under "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" in this label may be

used. Drop water level to remove standing water in ditches prior to application. In hand-held sprayers, use 1 to 1.5 percent solution of this product. Spray to wet vegetation, not to run-off.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For treatments after draw down of water in dry ditches, allow 2 or more days after treatment before reintroduction of water to achieve maximum weed control. Apply this product within 1 day after draw down to ensure application to actively growing veeds. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest of cranberries. Do not apply this material through the irrigation system. Do not make applications by air. Do not apply directly to water. Use nozzles that emit medium to large-sized droplets to minimize drift in order to avoid crop injury.

Post-Harvest Treatments in Cranberry Production

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Application of this product may be made after the harvest of cranberries to control weeds growing within the field. Best results will be obtained if applications are made to vines that appear dormant (after they have turned red). Hand-held sprayers, wipers, or other appropriate application equipment listed under "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" in this label may be used. If using hand-held sprayers, use a 0.4 to 0.7 percent solution of this product. Spray to wet vegetation, not to run-off. If using hand-held boom sprayers, apply 44 to 86 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Make applications only after cranberries have been harvested. Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total bog. Allow a minimum of 6 months after last application and next harvest of cranberries. Do not apply this product through the Irrigation system. Do not make applications by air. Do not apply directly to water. Even though vines appear dormant, contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or severe plant injury, Cranberry plants that are directly sprayed may be killed.

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Q.2 Citrus

LABELED CROPS: Catamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus Hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lenion, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (all), Pummelo, Satsuma Mandarin, Tangelo (ugli), Tangor.

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: (The recommendations below pertain to applications in Florida and Texas):

For burndown or control of the weeds listed below, apply the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Where weed foliage is dense, use 10 to 30 gallons of water per acre.

For goatweed, apply 44 to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Apply in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre when plants are actively growing. Use 44 fluid ounces per acre when plants are less than 8 inches tall and 64 fluid ounces per acre when plants are greater than 8 inches tall. If goatweed is greater than 8 inches tall, the addition of Krovar^{1M} I or Karmex^{1M} may improve control. Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

Perennial weeds: S = Suppression

PC = Partial control	C ±	Control		
WEED A SPECIES	oundup WEA 0,7 QT	THERMAX 1.3 QT		
Bermudagrass Guineagrass	В		PC	С
Texas and Florida F	lidge B	Ċ	Ç	Ç

B = Burndown

 Bermudagrass
 B
 —
 PC
 C

 Guineagrass
 Texas and Florida Ridge
 B
 C
 C
 C

 Florida Flatwoods
 —
 B
 C
 C
 C

 Paragrass
 B
 C
 C
 C
 C

 Torpedograss
 S
 —
 PC
 C

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in citrus crops. For citron groves, apply as directed sprays only.

9.3 Miscellaneous Tree Food Crops

LABELED CROPS: Cactus (fruit and pads), Palm (heart, leaves), Palm (oil).

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

9.4 Non-food Tree Crops

LABELED CROPS: Pine, Poplar, Eucalyptus, Christmas Trees, Other pon-food tree crops.

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

Directed Sprays, Spot Treatment, Wipers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a postdirected spray and spot treatment around established poplar, eucalyptus, Christmas trees and other non-food tree crops.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with toliage or green bark of established Christmas trees and other pine trees. Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material. THIS PRODUCT IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN CHRISTMAS TREES AND OTHER PINE TREES.

Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used prior to planting.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Precautions should be taken to protect nontarget plants during site preparation applications.

9.5 Pome Fruit

LABELEO CROPS: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear (including oriental pear), Quince.

TREE AND VINE CROPS



PASTURES AND RANGE ANDS 66 10.3 Grass Seed Production

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (Gramineae tamily) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those listed above under "CEREAL CROPS"

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation, Shielded Sprayers, Wiper Applications, Spot Treatments, Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass.

Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Sile Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during, or after planting or for renovation of turf or forage grass areas grown for seed production. Applications must be made prior to the emergence of the crop to avoid crop injury. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide best control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical moving, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts.

Do not feed or graze treated areas for 8 weeks following application.

Shielded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 22 to 64 fluid ounces of this product as a broadcast spray in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre to control weeds in the rows. Uniform planting in straight rows aid in shielded sprayer applications. Best results are obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by or through the protective shields.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Wiper Applications

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations, or when height of weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatments may be necessary. Better results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.

Soot Treatments

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use a 1 percent solution.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Apply this product prior to heading of grasses. Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area. The crop receiving the spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for the same reason.

Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use 11 to 22 fluid ownces of this product per acre. Use the higher rate when the ryegrass is a greater than 6 inches tall. Best results are obtained when applications are made before the ryegrass reaches 6 inches in height.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Set nozzle heights to allow the establishment of the desired row spacing white preventing spray droplets, spray fines; or drift to contact the ryeでは、10mmのでは、1

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grass plants not treated. Use of low-pressure nozztes, or drop nozzles designed to larget the application over a nartow band are recommended.

Grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses from misapplication.

10.4 Pastures

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (Gramineae tamity) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those listed above under "CEREAL CROPS", including Bahlagrass, Bermudagrass, Bluegrass, Brome, Fescue, Guineagrass, Kikuyugrass, Orchardgrass, Pangola grass, Ryegrass, Timothy, Wheatgrass.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Pasture Renovation, Spot Treatment, Wiper Application.

Preplant, Preemergence, Pasture Renovation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied prior to planting or emergence of forage grasses. In addition, this product may be used to control perennial pasture species listed on this label prior to re-planting.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

Spot Treatment, Wiper Application

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment or with wiper applicators in pastures. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than 10 percent of the total pasture area should be treated at one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

10.5 Rangelands

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Postemergence.

This product will control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool and warm-season grass rangelands.

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Preventing viable seed production is key to the successful control and invasion of annual grassy weeds in rangelands. Follow-up applications in sequential years should eliminate most of the viable seeds.

Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 8 to 11 Illuid ounces of this product per acre to control or suppress many weeds, including downy brome, cheatgrass, cereal rye and jointed goatgrass in rangelands. Apply when most mature brome plants are in early flower and before the plants, including seedheads, turn color. Allowing for secondary weed flushes to occur in the spring following rain events further depletes the seed reserve and encourages perennial grass conversion on weedy sites. Fall applications are possible, and recommended, where spring moisture is usually limited and fall germination allows for good weed growth.

For medusahead, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre at the 3-leaf stage. Delaying applications beyond this stage will result in reduced or unacceptable control. Fire may be useful in eliminating the thatch layer produced by slow decaying culms prior to application. Allow new growth to occur before spraying alter a burn. Repeat applications in subsequent years may be necessary to eliminate the seedbank before reestablishing desirable perennial grasses in medusahead-dominated rangelands.

Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses may occur, but they will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying rangeland grasses with this product.

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Do not make more than one application per year.

Grazing of treated areas should be delayed to encourage growth of desirable perennials. Allowing desirable perennials to flower and reseed in the treated area will encourage successful transition.

10.6 Turf Grass Sod Production

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation, Spot Treatment.

Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turf grass areas or establishing turf grass grown for seed or sod. Broadcast or hand-held equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting or sodding to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. For warm-season grasses such as Bermudagrass, summer or tall applications provide the best control.

Desirable turi grasses may be planted following the above procedures

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not leed or graze turl grass grown for seed or sod production for 8 weeks following application.

Spot Treatment

Hand-held equipment may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation growing in existing turt grass.

11.0 ROUNDUP READY CROPS

The following instructions or those separately published on Monsanto Supplemental labeling include all applications which can be made onto the specified Roundup Ready crops

during the complete cropping season. Do NOT combine these instructions with other recommendations made for crop varieties that do not contain the Roundup Ready gene, in the "ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (ALPHABETICAL)" section of this label.

MONSANTO COMPANY RECOMMENDS USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION ONLY ON CROP VARIETIES DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE.

Applying this product to crop varieties that are not designated as Roundup Ready will result in severe crop injury and yield loss. Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants that do not contain the Roundup Ready gene, since severe injury or destruction will result.

The Roundup Ready designation indicates that the crop variety contains a patented gene that provides tolerance to this product. Information on Roundup Ready crop varieties may be obtained from your seed supplier or Monsanto representative. Roundup Ready crop varieties must be purchased from an authorized licensed seed supplier.

NOTE: Roundup Ready seed, and the method of selectively controlling weeds in a Roundup Ready crop by applying glyphosale to the weeds and Roundup Ready crop are protected under several U.S. Patents, including 5,352,605 and 5,633,435. A license to use Roundup Ready seed must be obtained prior to use. Monsanto retains ownership of the gene and process technologies, and the Purchaser of the seed receives the right to use the licensed genes and technologies subject to the limited use license conditions. Seed containing the Roundup Ready trait cannot be used for research and demonstration, reverse engineering or in connection with herbicide registration. Progeny seed containing the Roundup Ready trait cannot be saved for replanting or transferred to others for replanting. Contact your Authorized Monsanto Retailer for information on obtaining a limited use license.

ROUNDUP READY CROPS

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Preharvest (Alfalfa only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS. This product may be used in declining allalfa stands or any stand of allalfa where crop destruction is acceptable. This application will severely injure or destroy the stand of allalfa. This product will control annual and perennial weeds, including quackgrass, when applied prior to the harvest of alfalfa. The treated crop and weeds can be harvested and fed to livestock after 36 hours. Allow a minimum of 36 hours between application and harvest. Applications may be made at any time of the year. Make only one application to an existing stand of alfalfa per year. For control of quackgrass, apply in the spring, late summer or fall when quackgrass is actively growing. Treatments for quackgrass must be followed by deep tillage for complete control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre as a preharvest treatment. Preharvest application is not recommended for alfalfa grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Spot Treatment or Wiper Applications (Attalfa and Clover only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in affalfa or clover. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "Wiper Applications" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than 10 percent of the total field area should be treated at one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

Renovation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a broadcast spray to renovate existing stands of alfalfa, clover,

and other labeled forage legumes. Labeled crops may be planted into the treated area.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Remove domestic livestock before application. If application rates of 44 fluid ounces per acre or less are used wait 36 hours after application before grazing or harvesting. If application rates greater than 44 fluid ounces per acre are used, wait 8 weeks between applications and grazing or harvesting.

10.2 Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Renovation (rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation, Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Wiper Applications.

Renovation (rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to prepare CRP land for crop production. Refer to Federal, state or local use guides for CRP renovation recommendations.

Postemergence Weed Control in Dormani CRP Grasses, Wiper Applications

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undestrable vegetation in CRP acres. Such applications may be made with wiper application equipment or as a broadcast or spot treatment to dormant CRP grasses, for selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 8 to 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre in early spring before destrable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth, tate fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if broadcast applications are made when plants are not dormant.

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TREE AND VINE CROPS

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between tast application and harvest in pome crops.

Q.6 Stone Fruit

LABELED CROPS: Apricot, Cherry (sweet, tart), Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Plum/Prune (all types), Plumcot.

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 17 days between last application and harvest in stone fruit crops. For otive groves, apply as directed sprays only.

Restrictions on Application Equipment

For cherries, any application equipment listed in Section 9.0 may be used in all states.

Any application equipment listed in Section 9.0 may be used in apricots, nectarines, peaches and plums/prunes growing in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah and Washington, except for peaches grown in the states specified in the following paragraph. In all other states, use wiper equipment only.

For PEACHES grown in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee only, apply with a shielded boom sprayer or shielded wiper applicator, which prevents any contact of this product with the foliage or bark of trees. Apply no later than 90 days after first bloom. Applications made after this time may result in severe damage. Remove suckers and low-hanging timbs at least 10 days prior to application. Avoid applications near trees with recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury. Apply only near trees that have been planted in the orchard for 2 or more years. EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE NO PART OF THE PEACH TREE IS CONTACTED.

Q.7 Tree Nuts

LABELED CROPS: Almond, Beechnut, Beleinut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Coconut, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory nut, Macadamia, Pecan, Pine nut, Pistachio, Walnut (black, English)

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those fisted in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 3 days between last application and harvest of tree nuts, except coconut. Allow 14 days between application and harvest in coconut.

9.8 Tropical and Subtropical Trees and Fruits

LABELEO CROPS: Ambarella, Atemoya, Avocado, Banana, Barbados cherry (acerola), Biriba, Blimbe, Breadfruit, Cacao (cocoa) bean, Canislel, Carambola (starfruit), Cherimoya, Coffee, Custard apple, Dates, Durian, Feijoa, Figs, Governor's plum, Guava, Ilama, Imbe, Imbu, Jaboticaba, Jackfruit, Longan, Lychee, Mamey apple, Mango, Mangosteen, Marmaladebox (genip), Mountain papaya, Papaya, Pawpaw, Planlain, Persimmon, Pomegranate, Pulasan, Rambutan, Rose apple, Sapodilla, Sapote (black, mamey, white), Spanish lime, Soursop, Star apple, Sugar apple, Surinam cherry, Tamarind,Tea, Ti (roots and leaves), Wax jambu.

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus Bananacide (banana only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in banana, guava, papaya, and plantain crops. Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest for any other tropical or subtropical tree fruit. Allow a minimum of 28 days between last application and harvest in coffee crops. In coffee and banana, delay applications 3 months after transplanting to allow the new coffee or banana plant to become established.

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Bananacide (Banana only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to destroy banana plants infected with the Banana Bunchy Top Virus as well as non-infected banana plants to establish disease free buffers around plantations. Remove all fruit from the plants within the treatment area prior to treatment. Inject 1/25 fluid ounce (1 mL) of this product's concentrate per 2 to 3 inches of pseudostem diameter. Make the injection at least one foot above the ground, except for very small plants, which should be injected vertically into the top. Any subsequent regrowth must also be destroyed. All plants and mats (or units) adjacent (within a 4-foot radius) to a treated mat shall be mechanically destroyed.

For control of the Banana Bunchy Top Virus, it is critical that the grower follow a strict control program involving monitoring for diseased plants, spraying to control the aphid vector, and destruction of all infected mats (or units). An infected plant may not show symptoms of the banana bunchy top virus for up to 125 days, therefore it is critical that the entire mat (or unit) containing the diseased plant be destroyed immediately.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 0.5 fluid ounce (15 mL) of this product's concentrate per mat (or unit). Remove all fruit from plants and mats (or units) prior to treatment. Oo not harvest any fruit or plant materials from treated mats (or units) following injection. Do not allow livestock to consume treated plant materials. Following transplant of new banana plants into treated areas, allow plants to become established for 3 months before applying this product for general weed control.

9.9 Vine Crops

LABELEO CROPS: Grapes (raisin, table, wine), Hops, Kiwi, Passion Iruit.

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Applications should not be made when green shoots, canes or foliage are in the spray zone.

In the northeast and Great Lakes regions, applications must be made prior to the end of bloom stage of grapes to avoid injury, or make applications with shielded sprayers or wiper equipment.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest in vine crops. Do not use selective equipment in kiwi.

10.0 PASTURE GRASSES, FORAGE LEGUMES AND RANGELANDS

10.1 Alfalfa, Clover, and Other Forage Legumes

LABELED CROPS: Alfalfa, Clover, Kenaf, Kudzu, Lespedeza, Leucaena, Lupin, Sainfoin, Trefoil, Velvet bean, Vetch (all types).

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Preharvest (Alfalfa only), Spot Treatment or Wiper Applications (Alfalfa and Clover only), Renovation.

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting crops listed in this section. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop. PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: If a single application is made at rates of 44 Iluid ounces per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or grazing is required. If applications rates greater than 44 fluid ounces per acre are

made, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

For ground applications with broadcast equipment, apply this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment use flat spray nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for procedures to avoid spray drift that may cause injury to any vegetation not intended for treatment. Use of appropriate buffer zones will help prevent injury to adjacent vegetation.

For proper stewardship of aerial applications over-the-top of Roundup Ready crops, Monsanto recommends that growers and applicators read and follow all precautions and procedures contained in the use guide "A Guide to On-Target Aprila Application" available by calling 1-800-ROUNDUP (1-800-768-6387) or on the internet at www.FARM-SOURCETM.com.

ATTENTION: AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE.

See the "MIXING" and "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" sections of this label for additional directions and restrictions on the application of this product.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers may result in reduced weed control or crop injury and are NOT recommended for over-the-top applications of this product unless otherwise noted in this product table, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately by Monsanto.

Ammonium sulfate may be mixed with this product for applications to Roundup Ready crops. Refer to the "MIXING" section for use instructions for ammonium sulfate.

Sprayer Preparation: It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before making applications of this product. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) previously used. THOROUGHLY CLEAN THE SPRAY TANK AND ALL LINES AND FILTERS TO ELIMINATE POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION FROM OTHER HERBICIDES PRIOR TO MIXING AND APPLYING THIS PRODUCT.

NOTE: The following recommendations are based on a clean start at planting by using a burndown application or tillage to control existing weeds before crop emergence, in no-till and stale seedbed systems, a preplant burn-down treatment of this product is recommended to control existing weeds prior to crop emergence. Some weeds, such as black nightshade, broadleaf signalgrass, sicklepod, Texas panicum, sandbur, annual morningglory, woolly cupgrass, shattercane, wild proso millet, burcucumber, and giant ragweed with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require a second application of this product for complete control. The second application should be made after some regrowth has occurred and at least 10 days after a previous application of this product.

11.1 Canola with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT ON CANGLA WITH THE ROUNDUP READY GENE PLANTED IN THE FOLLOWING STATES: ALABAMA, DELAWARE, FLORIDA, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY, MARYLAND, NEW JERSEY, NORTH CAROLINA, SOUTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND WEST VIRGINIA.

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OVER ROUNDUP READY CANOLA MAY NOT BE PRACTICED

ROUNDUP READY CROPS

IN CALIFORNIA UNLESS THE APPLICATOR HAS AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION A CALIFORNIA-APPROVED SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL SPECIFYING THE ACCEPTED DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Preplant, Al-planting,

Preemergence applications

44 fluid ounces oer acre

Total in-crop application from

emergence to 6-leaf stage

22 fluid ounces per acre

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting canola.

Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready canola from emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development. Applications made during bolting or flowering may result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds.

Weeds Controlled: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this booklet.

Single Application—Apply 11 to 16 fluid ounces per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage for the control of annual weeds. Avoid overlapping applications that may result in temporary yellowing, delayed flowering, and or growth reduction. Similar injury may result when applications of more than 11 fluid ounces per acre are applied after the 4-leaf stage.

Sequential Application—Apply 11 fluid ounces per acre to 1to 3-leaf canola followed by a sequential application at a minimum interval of 10 days, but no later than the 6-leaf stage. Sequential applications are recommended for early emerging annual weeds and perennial weeds such as

Canada thistle and quackgrass or when controlling weeds with multiple application times.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the 6-leal stage of development and the total in-crop application should not exceed 22 fluid ounces per acre. Allow a minimum of 60 days between last application and canota harvest.

11.2 Corn with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (in-crop), Spot Treatment, Preharvest, Post-Harvest.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Combined total per year

for all applications

5.3 quarts per acre

Preplant, At-planting,

Preemergence applications

3.3 quarts per acre

Total in-crop applications from

emergence through the

V8 stage or 30 inches

44 fluid ounces per acre

Maximum preharvest application rate alter maximum kernel till is complete and the crop is physiologically matter (black laws formation)

mature (black layer formation) until 7 days before harvest

22 fluid gunces per acre

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting corn.

ROUNDUP READY CROPS

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with Bullet, Degree, Degree Xtra, Harness, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L, Lariat, Lasso or Micro-Tech at 50 to 100 percent of labeled rate. Refer to the specific product label and observe all precautions and limitations on the label for any preemergence herbicide application, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum recropping interval and rotational guidelines—the more restrictive requirements apply.

NOTE: For maximum weed control, a postemergence (incrop) application of this product should be applied following the use of less than labeled rates of the preemergence residual products listed above.

Postemergence (in-crap)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postermergence to Roundup Ready corn from emergence through the V8 stage (8 feaves with collars) or until corn height reaches 30 inches, whichever comes first.

When applied as directed, this product controls labeled annual grass and broadleaf weeds in Roundup Ready corn. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more application of this product. The postemergent application of 16 to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product should be made before the weeds reach a height and/or density that the weeds become competitive with the crop, generally 4 inch tall weeds or less.

This product may be applied alone as a postemergence incrop application to provide control of emerged weeds listed on this label. If new flushes of weeds occur, a sequential application of this product at 16 to 22 fluid ounces per acre will control the labeled grasses and broadleaf weeds

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied in tank mixture with Bullet, Degree, Degree Xtra, Harness, Harness Xtra Harness Xtra 5.61, and Micro-Tech at 50 to 100 percent of labeled rate. This product may be applied in tank mixture with Permit® and atrazine at labeled rates. Refer to the speci-

fic product tabel and observe all precautions and limitations on the label for all products used in tank mixtures, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum recropping interval and rotational guidelines—the more restrictive requirements apply.

Tank-Mix Partner	Maximum Height of Corn For Application
Degree Degree Xtra Harness Harness Xtra Harness Xtra 5.6 L	11 inches
Builet* Micro-Tech*	5 inches
Permit	30 inches
atrazine	12 inches

*Bullet and Micro-Tech are not registered for use as a postemergence application in Texas.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. Single in-crop applications of this product are not to exceed 22 fluid ounces per acre. Sequential in-crop applications of this product from emergence through the V8 stage or 30 inches must not exceed 44 fluid ounces per acre per growing season. Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product. Allow a minimum of 50 days between application of this product and harvest of corn forage.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: In Roundup Ready corn, up to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product can be applied preharvest. Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

11.3 Cotton with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Al-Planting, Preemergence, Over-the-Top, Selective Equipment, Preharvest.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Combined total per year

5.3 quarts per acre

for all applications

Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications

ns 3.3 quarts per acre

Total in-crop applications from ground cracking to layby

2.5 quarts per acre

Maximum preharvest

application rate

44 fluid ounces per acre:

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. The combined total application of this product from cotton amergence until harvest must not exceed 4 quarts per acre. NO MORE THAN TWO OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST APPLICATIONS MAY BE MADE FROM CROP EMERGENCE THROUGH THE 4-LEAF (NODE) STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT. NO MORE THAN TWO

APPLICATIONS SHOULD BE MADE FROM THE 5-LEAF STAGE THROUGH LAYBY. SEQUENTIAL IN-CROP OVERTHE-TOP OR POST-DIRECTED APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MUST BE AT LEAST 10 DAYS APART AND COTTON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS. ALLOW A MINIMUM OF 7 DAYS BETWEEN APPLICATION AND HARVEST.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton.

Over-the-Top

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment at rates up to 22 fluid ounces per acre per application postemergence to Roundup Ready cotton from the ground cracking stage until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter). Over-the-top applications made after the 4-leaf (node) stage of development may result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

Salvage Treatment. This treatment may be used after the 4-leaf stage of development and should only be used where weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop. 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product may be applied either as an overthe-top application or as a post-directed treatment sprayed higher on the cotton plants and over the weeds. NOTE: SALVAGE TREATMENTS WILL RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS. NO MORE THAN ONE SALVAGE TREATMENT SHOULD BE USED PER GROWING SEASON.

NOTE: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this booklet.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

ROUNDUP READY CROPS

Selective Fourament

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers at rates up to 22 fluid ounces per acre per application to Roundup Ready cotton through layby. At this stage, post-directed equipment should be used which directs the spray to the base of the cotton plants. Contact of the spray with cotton leaves should be avoided to the maximum extent possible. To minimize spray onto the leaves of the cotton plants, place nozzles in a low position directing a horizontal spray pattern under the cotton leaves to contact weeds in the row, and maintain low spray pressure (less than 30 psi). For best results, make applications while weeds are small (less than 3 inches).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for preharvest annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast treatment to Roundup Ready colton after 20 percent boll crack. Up to 44 fluid ounces of this product may be applied using either aerial-or ground spray equipment. NOTE: This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready cotton

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. Do not apply this product to cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF ROUNDUP READY COTTON, HOW-EVER, VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRO-NOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH

THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LABEL SPECIFICATIONS, IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

.4 Soybeans with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence, Preharvest, Post-Harvest.

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OVER ROUNDUP READY SOYBEANS MAY NOT BE PRAC-TICED IN CALIFORNIA UNLESS THE APPLICATOR HAS AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION A CALIFORNIA-APPROVED SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL SPECIFYING THE ACCEPTED DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Combined total per year for

all applications

5.3 quarts per acre

Preplant, At-planting,

Preemergence applications

3.3 quarts per acre

Total in-crop applications from

cracking throughout flowering

64 fluid ounces per acre

Maximum preharvest

application rate

22 fluid ounces per acre

PRECAUTIONS/RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting soybeans.



Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: When applied as directed, this product will control labeled annual grasses and broadleat weeds in Roundup Ready soybeans. Applications of this product can be made in Roundup Ready soybeans from emergence (cracking) throughout flowering. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" in this label for rate recommendations for specific annual weeds. In general, an initial application of 22 fluid ounces per acre on 2 to 8 inch tall weeds is recommended. Weeds will generally be 2 to 8 inches tall, 2 to 5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are larger, apply a higher rate of this product. This product may be used up to 44 fluid ounces per acre in any single in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where heavy weed densities exist.

A 22- to 44-fluid-ounce per acre rate (single or multiple applications) of this product will control or suppress perennial weeds such as: Bermudagrass, Canada thistie, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem muhly. For best results, allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6 inches of growth before spraying with this product.

Under adverse growing conditions such as drought, hail, wind damage or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this may be necessary to control late flushes of weeds. IN THE SOUTHERN STATES, A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN CROP. To control giant ragweed, it is recommended that 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product be applied when the weed is 8 to 12 inches fall to increase control and possibly avoid the need tor a sequential application.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 64 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 44 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum combined total of this product that can be applied during flowering is 44 fluid ounces per acre.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans. Up to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product can be applied by aerial or ground application.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment. Allow a minimum of 14 days between final application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain, forage or hay.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of Roundup Ready soybeans. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of barvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

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5 Sugar Beets with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Combined total per year for

all applications

5.3 quarts per acre

Preplant, At-planting,

Preemergence applications

3.3 quarts per acre

Emergence to 8-leaf stage

56 fluid ounces per acre

Between 8-leaf stage and canopy closure

44 fluid ounces per acre

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 3 quarts per acre. The maximum rate for any single application from crop emergence until the 8-leaf stage is 32 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single application between the 8-leaf stage and canopy closure is 22 fluid ounces per acre. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and sugar beet harvest.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting of Roundup Ready sugar beets.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergent over-the-top to Roundup Ready sugar beets from emergence to 30 days prior to harvest. To maximize yield potential spray sugar beets early to eliminate competing weeds. Up to 4 sequential applications of this product may be made with at least 10 days between applications. Refer to

the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this label for rate recommendations for specific annual weeds. This product will control or suppress most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, repeat applications may be required to eliminate crop competition throughout the growing season.

2.0 NONCROP USES AROUND THE FARMSTEAD

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: General Weed Control, Trim-and-Edge, Greenhouse/Shadehouse, Chemical Mowing, Cul Stumps, Habitat Management.

.1 General Weed Control and Trim-and-Edge

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual weeds, perennial weeds and woody brush which are found in any part of the farmstead, including building foundations, along and in fences, in dry ditches and canals, along ditchbanks, farm roads, shelterbelts, prior to landscape plantings and equipment storage areas.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the following products. Refer to these product labels for approved farmstead sites and application rates. For annual weeds, use 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 32 fluid ounces per acre when weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall and 44 fluid ounces per acre when weeds are greater than 12 inches tall. For perennial weeds, apply 44 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts per acre in these tank mixes. For tank mixtures with these products through backpack sprayers, handguns or other high-volume spray-to-wel applications, see the "ANNUAL WEEDS-HAND-HELD OR HIGH VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section of this label for recommended rates.

FARMSTEADS

Arsenal Banvel/Clarity Barricade™ 65WG Diuron Endurance™

Plateau Princep DF Princep Liquid Ronstar 50 WP Sahara

Escort^{IM} Karmex DF Krovar I DF Oust™

Simazine Surflan Telarim VanquishtM

Pendulum 3.3 EC Pendulum WDG

by air in California.

2.4-D This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied

2.2 Greenhouse/ Shadehouse

This product may be used to control weeds in and around greenhouses and shadehouses. Desirable vegetation must not be present during application and air circulation fans must be turned off. Do not use in residential greenhouses.

2.3 Chemical Mowing

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Use 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Use 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass, bahiagrass or quackgrass covers. Use 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Bermudagrass. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating torpedograss or paragrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Chemical mowing applications may be made along farm ditches and other parts of farmsteads.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

12.4 Cut Stumps

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Treating cut stumps in any noncrop site listed on this label

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion

Eucalyptus Madrone Oak Pepper, Brazilian

Reed, giant Saltcedar Sweetgum Tan oak Willow

Pine, Austrian

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not make cut stump applications when the roots of desirable woody brush or trees may be gralled to the roots of the cut stump. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

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FARMSTEADS

12.5 Habitat Management

TYPES OF USES: Habital Restoration and Maintenance, Wildlife Food Plots.

Habitat Restoration and Maintenance

USE INSTRUCTIONS. This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habital management areas. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad spectrum vegetation control requirements in habitat management areas. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement.

Wildlife Food Plots

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a site preparation treatment to control annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage.

13.0 ANNUAL WEEDS

(Alphabetically by Species)

WATER CARRIER VOLUMES OF 3 TO 10 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR GROUND APPLICATIONS AND 3 TO 5 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS ARE RECOMMENDED.

Apply to actively growing annual weeds. Annual weeds are generally easiest to control when they are small.

Older, mature (hardened) annual weed species may require higher rates even if they meet the size requirements.

Do not tank mix with soil residual herbicides when using these rates unless otherwise specified.

For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to trealment.

This product may be used up to 32 fluid ounces per acre where heavy weed densities exist.

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

RATE

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	1	nuiu t	Inline2	het or	16)
NEED SPECIES	11	16	22	27	32
	Maximum	heinh	t/lenati	h (in ir	iche

	Waxillinu	neign	Viengii	ı (en i	ucus2)
PAmmannia; purple		6.	- 12		. 18
Annoda, spurred	-	2	3	5	8
Barley	187	18+			35.50
Barnyardgrass		3	6	. 7	9
Bassia_tivehook			3,6		
Beggarweed, Florida		5	- 8	-	5.1
Bittercress	7.55.12	20		4.	
Bluegrass, annual	10	-	-		
Bluegrass: bulbous	6	174		· •	27.5
Brome, downy 1,2	- 6	12	•	-	-
Brome, Japanese	δ.	12	24	-	-
Browntop panicum	6	8	12	>	24
Buckwheat, wild 3	· · · · · -	1	2	-	-
Burcucumber	-	6	12	-	18
Buttercup	12	20	.+	-	-
Carolina geranium			4	-	9
Carpetweed	•	6	12	-	+
Cheat 2	6	20	•	-	-
Chervil - ,	20	-		-	-
Chickweed	-	12	18	-	-
. Cocklebur	12	18	24	•	36
Copperleal, hophornb	eam -	2	4	-	6
Copperleaf, Virginia	36	2	×4.	. 1-13	. 6,
Coreopsis, plains	-	6	12	-	18

ANNUAL WEEDS RATETABLE

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE RATE

(fluid gunces per acre)

WEED SPECIES	11	15	22	27	32
Ma	numix	n heigh	t/lengt	h (in i	nches)
Corn, volunteer	6	∕12 ·	20	7	-
Corn speedwell	12	-			-
Crabgrass 4	3.	ં ર 6 ્રે	12		36-f
Crowfootgrass	•	-	6	•	12
Cutlear evening primrose			3		5
Devitsclaw (unicorn plan	l) -	3	6 .	-	-
Dwarfdandelion	12	7.5			
Eastern mannagrass	8	12	-	٠	-
Eclipta	7	4.	- 8	: 12 g	,
Fall nanicum	4		6	-	12
Falsedandellon	24.5	20%			
Falsellax, smallseed	12				•
Fidoleneck		6	12-	7	
Field pennycress	6	12	- :-		- "
Ellaree (Colonial)	200		- 6		12
Fleabane, annual	6	20	-	-	-
Fleabane, hairy					
(Conyza bonariensis)	-		6	-	10
Fleabane, rough	3	6	12	•	-
Florida pusley	172		1 4		6.
Foxtail, giant, bristly, yello	w 6	12	20		•
Foxtail Carolina	<u>10</u>		د دور در این درونو کارکوک	-	••.
Foxtail, green	12	-			
Goatgrass, jointed		12		3 · -	*
Goosegrass		3	. 6		12
Grain sorghum (milo)	6_	212	20,	i i i	
Groundcherry		3	6	-	9
Groundsel, common:	12 m 12 m	6	<u>-10±</u>		- 25
Hemp sesbania		2	4	6	. 8
Hemp sesbania Henbit? Agressail			. 6		12
(Conyza canadensis)	-	6	12	-	18
2					

((charass)	6.	8	.12	_ +	18
Jimsonweed		-	12	-	18
Johnsongrass, seedling 😘	6-	12	18:		- 24
Junglerice	•	3	6	7	9
Knotvieed 5	<u> </u>	A-2	- 6	1-1-	12
Kochia*	-	3 to 6	12	-	-
Lambsquarters		6	12 ::	الجراجيرو	20
Little barley	6	12	-	-	-
London rocket	6	AVOID TO	24.5		
Mavweed	-	2	6	12	18_
Morningglory, annual				3	177
- (Ipomoea spp)		14: E	ે.3		6
Mustard, blue	6	12	18		-
	5	12	.18	-	1
Mustard, tumble	6	12	_18	- 	- 25
Mustard wild	6	7 12 <u>7</u>	ა18: "		285
Nightshade, black	<i>-</i>	4	6	-	12
Nightshade hairy	12	44	6		12
Oats	3	- 6	18		- com al ce
Pigweed species	1	N 12	18	24	
Prickly lettuce	-	6	.12	-	
Purslane	₹.		- 3	-	5 -
Ragweed, common	-	6	12	-	18
Ragweed, giant	-	6	12	•	18 ·
Red rice	-	-	4 `	·	-
Rye, volunteer/cereal?	6	18	18+	-	
Ryegrass		- ,	6 -	-	12
Sandbur, field	6	12	-	-	-
Sandbur, longspine	6	12	-	-	-
Shattercane	6	12	20	-	-
Shaphard's-pursa	6	12	-	-	-
Sicklepad	-	2	4	-	8
Signalgrass, broadleaf	-	3	6	7	9
Smartweed, ladysthumb	, ÷,	2.0	6,	-	9 -
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	-		6	-	9
Sowthistle, annual	7-		-64	114	12

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

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WEED SPECIES

(fluid ounces per acre) 11 16 22 27 32 Maximum beigbt/length (in inches)

			4.09		14007
Spanishneedles	•	-	5	-	12
Speedwell, purslane -	12				بو مس
Sprangletop	6	12	20	-	
Spurge, prostrate		5 5	្នាខ	Total	
Spurge, spotted		6	12	-	
Spurry, umbrella	√6		-:2		
Stinkgrass		12	+	-	-
Supplower : 3 4 2	- 12 -	÷18		356	4.4
Swinecress	•	5	12	-	
Jeaweed/Prickly sida		2.2	44	8.7.7	- 6c
Texas panicum	6	8	12	-	24
Thistle; Russian 5 56		. 64	312	1	1.
Velvetleaf	-	-	6		12
Virginia pépperweed.		- 18	ST.	· -	-
Waterhemp	-		6	-	12
Wheat?	. 5	.12	18	_	-
Wheat (overwintered)	- 7.12	6	12		18
Wild oats	3	, 6	18	₹.	-
Wild prosp millet		6	12	-	18
Witchgrass		12.	1977		-
Woolly cupgrass		6	12	+	-
Yellow rocket.		ົ12 [≽] ຼ	20		

- For control of downy brome in no-till systems, use 16 fluid ounces per acre.
- ² Performance is better if application is made before this weed reaches the boot stage of growth.
- ³Use 16 fluid ounces per acre of this product to control wild buckwheat in the cotyledon to 2-leaf stage. Use 22 fluid ounces per acre to control 2- to 4-leaf wild buckwheat. For improved control of wild buckwheat over 2 inches in size, use sequential treatments of 22 fluid ounces followed by 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre.
- Do not treat kochia in the button stage.
- 5 Control of Russian thistle may vary based on environmental conditions and spray coverage. Whenever possible, a tank mixture with 2,4-D as described below may improve control.

13-1 Annual Weeds—Rates for 10 to 40 Gallons per Acre

Apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Use 22 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 32 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall and 44 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are greater than 12 inches tall. These rates will provide control of weeds listed in the annual weed control tables when water carrier volumes are 10 to 40 gallons' per acre for ground applications. Older, mature (hardened) annual weed species may require higher rates even if they meet the size requirements.

13.2 Annual Weeds—Tank Mixtures with 2,4-D, Dicamba, or Tordon 22K

8 to 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.25 pound of dicamba or 0.5 pound of 2,4-D or 1 to 2 fluid ounces of Tordon 22K per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6 inches-prickly lettuce, marestail/horseweed, morningglory, kochia (dicamba only) wild buckwheat (Tordon 22K only); 12 inches-cocklebur, lambsquarters, pigweed, Russian thistle (2,4-D only).

11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-0 per acre will control the following weeds when they are a maximum height or length of 6 inches: common ragweed, glant ragweed, Pennsylvania smartweed, and velvetleat. Refer to the specific product tabels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba or Tordon 22K is applied within 45 days of planting.

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DO NOT APPLY DICAMBA TANK MIXTURES BY AIR IN CALIFORNIA.

13.3 Annual Weeds—Hand-Held or High-Volume Equipment

For control of weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLES", apply a 0.4 percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or unless otherwise specified, use a 0.7 percent solution.

For best results, use a 1.5 percent solution on harder-tocontrol perennials, such as Bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

When using application methods that result in less than complete coverage, use a 4 percent solution for annual and perennial weeds and a 4 to 7 percent solution for woody brush and trees.

13.4 Annual Weeds—Tank Mixtures with Atrazine for Fallow and Reduced Tillage Systems

For use only in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, and Washington. In Oregon and Washington, do not exceed 1 pound of atrazine per acre.

16 to 20 fluid ounces of this product plus 1 to 2 pounds of atrazine per acre will control the following weeds: Barnyardgrass (requires 20 fluid ounces for control), Downy brome, Green foxtail, Lambsquarters, Prickly lettuce, Tansy mustard, Pigweed, Field sandbur, Stinkgrass, Russian thistle, Volunteer wheat, Witchgrass and Kochia (add 0.125 pound of dicamba for control).

14.0 PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

Apply to actively growing perennial weeds.

NOTE: If weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not treat until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the recommended stages.

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Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed. Repeat treatments must be made prior to crop emergence.

Unless otherwise stated, allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Best results are obtained when soil moisture is adequate for active weed prowth.

Weed Species	Rate	Water Hand-H	ı.
	(OT/A)	Volume (GPA): % Solut	Ιďι

Make applications after the last hay cutting in the fall. Allow alfalfa to regrow to a height of 6 to 8 inches or more prior to treatment. Applications should be followed with deep tillage at least 7 days after treatment, but before soil treeze-up.

Alligatorweed 3 3 3 3-20 1%

for partial control. Apply when most of the plants are in bloom. Repeat applications will be required to maintain control.

Anise (lennel) — 1-1.5%
For hand held, apply as a spray-to-wel treatment. Optimum results

are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth.

niagrass 2-3.3 3-20 1.

Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage. Bentgrass. 10-20 1.59

For suppression in grass seed production areas, for ground applications only. Ensure entire crown area has resumed growth prior to a fall application. Bentgrass should have at least 3 inches of growth. Tillage prior to treatment should be avoided. Tillage 7 to 10 days after application is recommended for best results.

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE 95

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Bermudagrass

3.20 2-3.3

1.5%

For control, apply 3.3 quarts of this product per acre. For partial control, apply 64 fluid ounces per acre. Treat when Bermudagrass is actively growing and seedheads are present. Retreatment may be necessary to maintain control.

Apply 32 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply when water Bermudagrass is 12 to 18 inches in length, Allow 7 or more days before tilling, flushing or flooding the field.

Fall applications only: Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Fallow fields should be tilled prior to application. Apply prior to frost on water Bermudagrass that is 12 to 18 inches in length.

This product is not registered in California for use on water Bermudeorass

Bindweed, field 0.4-3.3 3-20 1.5%

Do not treat field bindweed under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth.

For control, apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 2 to 2.5 quarts east of the Mississippi River. Apply when the weeds are at or beyond full bloom. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

Also for control, apply 44 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of dicamba in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air.

For suppression on irrigated agricultural land, apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product plus 1.0 pound of 2,4-D in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment only. Applications should be made following harvest or in fall fallow ground when the bindweed is actively growing and the majority of runners are 12 inches or more in length. The use of at least one irrigation will promate active bindweed growth.

For suppression, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2.4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applica-

tions. Apply by air in fallow and reduced tillage systems only. Applications should be delayed until maximum emergence has occurred and when vines are between 6 to 18 inches in length.

In California only, apply 22 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts of this product per acre. Actual rate needed for suppression or control will vary within this range depending on local conditions. For suppression on irrigated land where annual tillage is performed, apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to bindweed that has reached a length of 12 inches or greater. Allow maximum weed emergence and runner growth. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage

Bluegrass, Kenlucky . 0.7-1.5 a 3-40 a 3-40 a 1.5%

Apply 44 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22 to 32 fluid nunces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Blueweed Texas 3 2-3:317-3-40 1 1.5% 3

Apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 2 to 2.5 quarts per acre east of the Mississippi River, Apply when plants are at or beyond full bloom. New leaf development indicates active growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost,

Brackenfern 2-33-3-40

Apply to fully expanded fronds that are at least 18 inches long.

Bromegrass, smooth 0.7-1.5, 3-40

Apply 44 fluid dunces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 galfons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Bursage, woolly-leaf --

3-20

For control, apply 44 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of dicamba per acre. For partial control, apply 22 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of dicamba per acre. Apply when plants are producing new active growth which has been initiated by moisture for at least 2 weeks and when plants are at or beyond flowering.

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE ** 97

legiant should be at or beyond the early bud stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

Jerusalem artichoke 2-3.3 3-20.
Apply when most plants are in the early bud stage.

Johnsongrass 0.4-2 3-40

In annual cropping systems apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. In non-crop, or areas where annual fillage (no-fill) is not practiced, apply 44 to 64 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-tohead stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. On not tank mix with residual herbicides when using 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE 199

For burndown of Johnsong:ass, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before the plants reach a height of 12 inches. For this use, allow at least 3 days after treatment before tillage.

Spot treatment (partial control or suppression)—Apply a 0.7 percent solution of this product when Johnsongrass is 12 to 18 inches in height. Coverage should be uniform and complete.

Kikuyugrass 1.5-2 3-40 1.5%

Spray when most kikuyugrass is at least 8 inches in height (3- or 4-leaf stage of growth). Allow 3 or more days after application

Knapweed 3 3 3 3 40 15%

Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Lantana

Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth, Use the higher application rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Lespedeza 2-33-3-20 15%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage.

Milkweed, common 2 3-40

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage. al growth.

Muhly, wirestem

0.7-1.5 3-40

Use 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre or in pasture, sod, or non-crop areas. Spray when the wirestern mutily is 8 inches or more in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in the fall or spring prior to spring applications. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Mullein, common 2-3.3" 3-20 1.5%

Apply when most plants are in the early bud stage.
Napiergrass 1, 2-3, 3 3-20, 1,5%

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Nightshade : silverleaf

1.5 3-10

Applications should be made when at least 50 percent of the plants have berries. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. $(S_{i+1}^{-1})_{i+1} = (S_{i+1}^{-1})_{i+1}$ Nutsedge

purple or yellow 0.4-2 3-40

Apply 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre or apply a 1 to 1.5 percent solution for control of nutsedge plants and immature nutlets attached to treated plants. Treat when plants are in flower or when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets that have not germinated will not be controlled and may germinate following treatment. Repeat treatments will be required for long-term control of ungerminated tubers.

Sequential applications: 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre will also provide control. Make applications when a majority of the plants are in the 3- to 5-leaf stage (less than 6 inches tall). Repeat this application, as necessary, when newly emerging plants reach the 3- to 5-leaf stage. Subsequent applications will be necessary for long-term control.

For partial control of existing plants, apply 11 to 44 fluid dunces of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Treat when plants have 3 to 5 leaves and most are less than 6 inches tall. Repeat freatments will be required to control subsequent emerging plants or regrowth of existing plants.

Orchardgrass 0.7-1.5 3-40 1.5%

Apply 44 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per agre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Orchardgrass sods going to no-till corn; Apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to orchardgrass that is a minimum of 12 inches tall for spring applications and 6 inches tall for fall applications. Allow at least 3 days following application before planting. A sequential application of atrazine will be necessary for optimum results.

Pampasgrass

Pampasgrass should be at or beyond the boot stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

Paragrass 2-3 3 - 3-20 1.5%

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Phragmites 2-3:37 10-40 7-1-1:5%

For partial control and best results, treat during late summer or fall when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Treatment before or after this stage may lead to reduced control. Due to the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage or uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop.

Poison hemiockies 1715% C

For hand held, apply as a spray-to-wet treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

Pokeweed, common-13 3-40
Apply to actively growing plants up to 24 inches tall.

Quackgrass 0.7-2 3-40

In annual cropping systems, or in pastures and sods followed by deep fillage: Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre, apply 44 fluid ounces of this product. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using the 22-fluid-punce rate. Spray when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. In pastures or sods, use a

moldboard plow for best results. In pastures, sods or noncrop areas where deep tillage does not follow application: Apply 44 to 54 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when the quackgrass is greater than

Redvine 0.5-1.5-25-10

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For suppression, apply 16 fluid nunces of this product per acre at each of two applications 7 to 14 days apart or a single application of 44 fluid ounces per acre. Apply recommended rates in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply in late September or early October to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the tast littage operation. Make applications at least I week belote a killing frost,

Reed rolanto con the second se

Best results are obtained when applications are made in fate summer

In annual cropping systems apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this

product per acre. Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre, in noncrop, or areas where annual titlage (no-till) is not practiced, apply 44 to 64 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-tohead stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when using 1 quart of this product per acre. Smartweed swamp, 2-3.3, 3 40

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth. Also for control, apply 11 fluid nunces of this product plus 0.5 pound

of 2,4-0 in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall.

-Sowthistle, perennial, 1,5-2 3,40 1,5%

Apply when most plants are at or beyond the oud stage of growth. After harvest, moving or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tiltage.

Spurge, leafy 3-10 1.5%
For suppression, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall. If mowing has occurred prior to treatment, apply when most of the plants are 12 inches tall

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

PERENNIAD MEED SHALESTEDE ENG

\$(OT/A)&

Starthistle, yellow

10-40 1.5

1.5%

Best results are obtained when applications are made during the rosette, bolting and early llower stages.

Sweet potato, wild — —

For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be required.

stage of growth. Repeal applications may be required.

Thistle, Canada 1.5-2 3-40 1.5%

Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth, After harvest, mowing or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost, Allow 3 or more days after application. before tillage.

For suppression in the spring, apply 22 fluid ounces of this product, or 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2.4-D, in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Allow rosette regrowth to a minimum of 6 inches in diameter before treating. Applications can be made as long as leaves are still green and plants are actively growing at the time of application, Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Timothy 1.5-2 3-40

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-tohead stage of growth.

Torpedograss 2.5-3.3 3-40

For partial control, apply when most plants are at or beyond the seedhead stage of growth. Repeat applications will be required to maintain control. Fall treatments must be applied before trost.

Trumpetcreeper 1.5 5-10

For partial control, apply in late September or October, to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last fillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week

before a killing frost.

Vaseygrass 2-3.3 3-20

1.5%

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

head stage of growth.

Velvetgrass 2-3.3 3-20

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Wheatgrass western 1.5-2: 3-40 3-40 For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-

15.0 WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

Apply this product after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Unless otherwise directed, apply broadcast treatments in 3-40 gallons of water per acre. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, moving or removal. Repeal treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undestrable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following

PC=Partial Control; C=			***
Alder	2-3	1%	C
Ash	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Aspen, quaking	1.5-2	1%	С
Bearmat (Bearclover)	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Beech	1.5-3.3,	. 1-1.5%	PC
Birch	1.5-2	1%	¢
Blackbarry.	. 2-3	1%	C

Make applications after plants have reached full leaf maturity. Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer or fall. Applications may also be made after leaf drop and until a killing frost or as long as stems are green. After berries have set or dropped in tate fall, blackberry can be controlled by applying a 0.7 percent solution of this product. For control of blackberries after leaf drop and until killing frost or as long as stems are green, apply 2 to 2.5 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

Z to Z.5 quarts or this p	ו פון ווו וקוטטטיי	o 40 ganons or water	L hai 401
Blackgum	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	C
Bracken	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	C
Broom, French, Scolch		1-1.5%	С
Buckwheat, California	_	1-1.5%	PC
Thorough coverage of it	oliage is neces	sary for best results	
Cascara	1.5-3,3	1-1.5%	PC
Catsclaw		1%	PC
Ceanothus	1.5.3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Charnise		1%	ć
Thorough coverage of k	oliage is neces	sary for best results	
Cherry bitter, black, pin	1.5-2 :	1%	Ċ

Coyole brush	50 percent of the	1-1.5%	C
Apply when at least		new leaves	are fully devel-
oped. Dogwood	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC

Dogwood	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Elderberry	1.5-2	1%	C
eElin .	1.5-3.3.	1-1.5%	PC
Furalimtus		1.5%	С

For control of eucalyptus resprouts, apply when resprouts are 6 to 12 feet tall. Ensure complete coverage. Avoid application to drought-stressed eucalyptus plants.

Florida holly (Brazilia Reppertree)	n · . 1.5-3.3.	1-1,5%	PC
Gorse	1.5+3.3	1-1.5%	P6
Hasardia 🗢 💮	137	1.5%.	. PC

Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

Hawthorn	1.5-2		, U
Hazel	1.5-2	1%	C
Hickory	1.5-3.3:	1.1.5%	,≟'∴ PC
Honeysuckle	2-3	1%	C
Hornbeam, American	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PĊ
Kudzu	2.5-3.3	1.5%	·C
Repeat applications may	be required t	o maintain contr	ol.
tarana blasta i	152	1-1-59/	PC PC

Locust, black	1.5-3	1-1.5%	,PC
Madrone resprouts	_	1.5%	PC

Apply to resprouts that are 3 to 6 feet tall, Best results are obtained with spring/early summer treatments.

with spring/early summer	пезинент.	•	
Manzanita	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Maple, red	1.5-3	1%	C

Apply a 1 percent solution when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed. For partial control, apply 44 to 85 fluid punces of this product per acre.

WOODY BRUSH AND TREES 107

WIDONY POHIC			STATE:
STATE OF THE STATE	13.11		3311 TO
Weed Species	nii (c	Hand-Held & C	animents
	\$(QT/A)	% Solution ?	
PC=Partial Control; C=0	Control	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Maple, sugar		1%	С
Apply when at least 50 p			developed.
Monkey flower		1-1.5%	PC
Thorough coverage of to			5.
Oak; black, white	15-3	1-1.5%	PC
Oak, post	2-3	1%	C
Oak; northern	North State	21% 4	C.
Apply when at least 50			s are fully
developed.			
Oak, southern red	1.5-2	1%	(C) (1)
Persimmon	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Pine 255 2 3 5 4 5	1.5.3.37	01 1 5% 💯 🛨	C
Poison ivy/			
Poison oak	2.5-3.3	1.5%	C
Repeat applications may			Fall treat-
ments must be applied be		se green calor.	
Poplar, yellow	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PÇ
Redbud, eastern	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	C
Rose multiflora	1.5	1%	·C
Treatments should be ma	ide prior to lea	f deterioration by	leaf-eating
insects.			
Russian olive	1.5-3.3	±1-1.5%	PC
Sage, black	_	1%	C
Thorough coverage of following	iage is necessa	ry for best results	i.
Sage, white	1.5 3.3/	1.1.5%	PC
Sage brush,			
California		1%	C
Thorough coverage of foli	age is necessa	ry for best results	,
Salmonberry.	1.5-2	1%	C. T. W.

Saltcedar	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	C	
Sassairas	1.5-3.3	1.5%	PC ~	
Sourwood	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC	
Sumac, poison, 133			医波	
smooth, winged	1.5-3	دِي. 1.1.5% رايدي: داريد	PC.	
Sweetgum	1.5-2	1%	C	
Swordfern	1.5-3.3	11.15%	, PC	3
Tallowtree, Chinese	_	1%	¢	
Thorough coverage of f				
, ian oak resprouts		1.5%	PC	
Apply to resprouts that	are less than :			e
obtained with fall applic		متعقد بمتاطات كدولت تمتته	ng magazar ya an s	PT.
Inimbleberry as 7	115-2	3起20年6月	ر د C.	ċ
Tobacco, tree		1-1.5%	PC	
Trumpetcreepers Si	415-25 ₇	21% ats	Se Co	
Vine maple	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC	
Virginia creeper	15.33.5	1.1.5%	(C) &	
Waxmyrtle,				
southern	1.5-3.3	1-1,5%	PC	
Willowate	2-3	1%	c T	
- -				

16.0 LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

This Company warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the Complete Directions for Use label booklet ("Directions") when used in accordance with those Directions under the conditions described therein. NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR MERCHANTABILITY IS MADE. This warranty is also subject to the conditions and limitations stated herein.

LIMIT OF WARRANTY

WOODY BRUSH AND TREES 110

Buyer and all users shall promptly notify this Company of any claims whether based in contract, negligence, strict fiability, other tort or otherwise.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage from use or handling which results from conditions beyond the control of this Company, including, but not limited to, incompatibility with products other than those set forth in the Directions, application to or contact with desirable vegetation, unusual weather, weather conditions which are outside the range considered normal at the application site and for the time period when the product is applied, as well as weather conditions which are outside the application ranges set forth in the Directions, application in any manner not explicitly set forth in the Directions, moisture conditions outside the moisture range specified in the Directions, or the presence of products other than those set forth in the Directions in or on the soil, crop or treated vegetation.

This Company does not warrant any product reformulated or repackaged from this product except in accordance with this Company's stewardship requirements and with express written permission from this Company.

For over-the-top uses on Roundup Ready crop varieties crop safety and weed control performance are not warranted by Monsanio when this product is used in conjunction with "brown bag" or "bin run" seed saved from previous year's production and replanted.

THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE LIMIT OF THE LIABILITY OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OTHER TORT OR OTHERWISE) SHALL BE THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID BY THE USER OR BUYER FOR THE QUANTITY OF THIS PRODUCT INVOLVED, OR, AT THE ELECTION OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF SUCH QUANTITY, OR, IF NOT ACQUIRED BY PURCHASE, REPLACEMENT OF SUCH QUANTITY, IN NO EVENT SHALL

THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES.

Upon opening and using this product, buyer and all users are deemed to have accepted the terms of this LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY which may not be varied by any verbal or written agreement. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

Amplify, Bullet, Degree, Degree Xtra, Farmsource, Harness, Lariat, Lasso, Micro-Tech, Monsanto and the Vine symbol, Permit, Roundup Original, Roundup Ready, Roundup UltraMAX, Roundup WEATHERMAX and Transorb are trademarks of Monsanto Technology LLC.

Assure, Authority, Canopy, Escon, Krovar, Leadoff, Lexone, Oust and Telar are trademarks of E.t. duPont de Nemours & Co. Inc.

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Balance, Folex, Ginstar, Prep, and Ronstar are trademarks of Aventis CropSciences.

Goal is a trademark of Rohm and Haas Company

Axiom, DEF, Domain, Epic and Sencor are trademarks of Bayer Crop Protection.

Aim, Command and Gauntlet are trademarks of FMC Corporation.

Devrinot is a trademark of United Phosphorus Inc.

Sim-Trol is a trademark of Sipcam Agro USA, Inc.

Valor is a trademark of Valent USA Corporation.

IT OF WARRANTY

1,100,000

This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,688,085 and 6,365,551. Other patents pending. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

EPA Reg. No. 524-537

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, (314) 694-4000.

MONSANTO



@2002 MONSANTO COMPANY ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63167 USA

63003A1-1/53



Complete Directions for Use

EPA Reg. No. 524-537

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS). DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Herbicide for Roundup Ready Crops.

Selective broad-spectrum weed control in Roundup Ready crops. Non-selective, broad-spectrum weed control for many cropping systems, farmsteads and Conservation Reserve Program acres.

MONSANTO COMPANY
600 13TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 660
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005
http://www.monsanto.com

April 17, 2002

Document Processing Center (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

MON 007 Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 524-537)

Final Printed Labeling 11-Apr-2002 Approval

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

On 11-Apr-2002, EPA approved a new herbicide product as EPA Reg. No. 524-537. The brand name "MON 007 Herbicide", included in the approved Master Label text, will be used initially for commercial introduction. Enclosed are three copies each of final printed booklet labels, one example container label, and aerial supplemental labels for California and Arkansas that will be used for the product in the marketplace.

Label Type	Print Plate No.	Comparison of stamped vs printed
Booklet	63002A1-1/53	Printed with minor deviations from stamped text (see A attached)
Container (box)	63002A1-3/53X2 *	Constructed from stamped text intended for container labeling.
Aerial - CA / Fresno	63002A1-9	Printed with minor deviations from stamped text (see B attached)
Aerial - AR	63002A1-8	Printed as stamped
* Note: A reduced-size	copy of the gummed box lab	el is supplied for ease of storage

Monsanto appreciates the Agency's quick work on this registration and the accompanying manufacturing use product and tolerance petition.

This notification of minor label revisions during preparation of the Final Printed Label is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR§ 152.46, and no other changes (beside those outlined herein) have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 USC Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statements to the EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement actions and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

The submitted Final Printed Label contains several corrections as described in the attached list of typographical errors, grammar improvements. These changes have no impact on the allowed use sites, pests, or application rates and serve to make the label more understandable by purchasers. There are several instances of voluntary reduction in the scope of use that are also permitted by registrants; these reductions in product scope apply solely to the marketing of this branded product and are <u>not</u> intended to constitute any change to the underlying scope of the registration itself that would pertain to products associated with this registration.

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202-783-2878) or by direct phone (314-694-1582), fax (314-694-4028), or electronic mail at stephen.j.wratten@monsanto.com.

Sincerely,

Stephen J. Wratten

Manager, Registrations

cc: M. C. Gray

MON 007 FPL.doc

A. Minor differences between 11-Apr-2002 Master Label approval and Final Printed Booklet

- 1. The booklet is based on Part I Crops of the Master Label Parts II, III, and IV are not included.
- 2. "MON 007 Herbicide" and "524-537" substituted for placeholder text throughout.
- 3. Certain approved marketing statements have not been printed at this time. (Page 2)
- 4. Container-specific statements (stamped text pages 2, 3, and 8) are removed to the appropriate containers see the enclosed box label, for example.
- 5. Monsanto's Patent Attorney has directed a patent number update. (page 5).
- 6. Monsanto has made a voluntary rate reduction at the low end of the rate ranges throughout the labeling. The approved 12-fluid-ounce rate is reduced to 11 ounces to more accurately reflect an exact acid equivalent rate translation from Roundup UltraMAX. Likewise, approved 28-fluid-ounce rates reduced to 27 fluid ounces.
- 7. Section 8.2 Corn, Aim Herbicide was added to tank mixes based on approval of supplemental label in Master Label II.D for preplant tank mixtures with Aim.
- 8. Section 9.1, Berry Crops, LABELED CROPS, "Raspberry (black, red)" has been voluntarily deleted based on crop injury concerns.
- 9. Section 11.0, spelling of word "burcumber" corrected to "burcucumber".
- 10. Sections 11.1 and 11.4, California statement above boxed table: second occurrence of word "approved" changed to "accepted" based on the wording agreed with CDPR.
- 11. Section 11.1 Monsanto has voluntarily reduced the use rates over-the-top of canola in several places. Approved application rates based on submitted residue studies exceed those presently necessary in the marketplace for weed control.
- 12. Section 11.2, Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting subsection; TANK MIXTURES paragraph, 1st sentence: added missing word "rate" after "labeled", for clarity.
- 13. Section 11.3 Cotton, Salvage Treatment: Monsanto has voluntarily reduced the approved 1 quart rate to 22 fluid ounces to reduce the potential for crop injury.
- 14. Section 11.4, California statement above boxed table: The cut-and-paste erroneous inclusion of the word "canola" was corrected to the intended word "soybeans".
- 15. Sections 13.0 to 13.7 were inserted verbatim from Master Label Part III.8.0 to 8.8, except omitting part 8.2 (Forestry). The numbering of the Table of Contents and subsequent Section Headers was adjusted to accommodate this insertion.
- 16. Section 13.0. The cross-references to weed rate tables were changed to the correct name of the appropriate booklet sections.
- 17. Section 16, WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE, subheading "(Alphabetically by Species)" added to match other weed rate table format.
- 18. The trademark references were edited slightly to properly reference brand names mentioned in the printed text.

B. Minor differences between 11-Apr-2002 Master Label approval and Final Printed California Aerial Supplemental.

- 1. The label is based on Part II of the Master Label Supplemental Labeling for Crops Sections F and G, combined with Part IV Supplemental Labeling for Industrial, Turf, and Ornamental Section C.
- 2. California Department of Pesticide Regulation has requested that Monsanto combine these supplemental labeling instructions in to a single document.
- 3. "MON 007 Herbicide" and "524-537" substituted for placeholder text throughout.
- 4. The headers "Part I Crop Uses" and "Part II Crop Uses" were added to segment the text derived from the two places described in point I above.
- 5. Text that was common to both crop and non-crop uses was moved to the beginning of the label prior to "Part 1 Crop uses".
- 6. Point 5 on page 2 of the printed supplemental label is brought forward from "Part II Non-crop uses".
- 7. Cross-reference statements in the Fresno Section referring to the California aerial supplemental label were changed, since both now occur in one document.
- 8. Point 1 in the stamped non-crop aerial label, referring to preemergence treatments in labeled crops, was omitted, since the entire "Part I Crop Uses" is already included in the same document.

Please read instructions on reverse	before completing form.			Form Appro-	ved.	OMB No. 2	070-006)
	United States			Γ		Registra	ation	OPP Identifier Number
SEPA Envi	Environmental Protection Agency Washington, DC 20460				\times	Amend Other		288012
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Applicati	on for	Pesticid	e - Secti	ion]		
1. Company/Product Number 52	24-537		2. EPA P	roduct Manag	ger	*******	3. F	roposed Classification
4. Company/Product (Name) MON 007 Herb	icide		PM#	25				None Restricted
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W., Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005 Check if this is a new address 6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labelite: EPA Reg. No.						omposition and labeling		
	****	So.0	tion - II	t Name _		**********		
Amendment - Explain below. Resubmission in response to Notification - Explain below.	Agency letter dated				pplica	tion	• to]]	-Apr.2002.
	Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.) Submission of final printed labeling							
*************************************	***************************************	Sec	tion - III					
1. Material This Product Will Be Pac	kaged in:			••••••				······································
Child-Resistant Packaging Unit P	ackaging	Water	Soluble Pa	ckeging		2. Type of	Containe	······································
<u> </u>	Yes No		Yes No				Metel Plestic Glass	. . .
Certification must be submitted	s" No. per ackeging wgt. container	If "Ye: Packe	s" go wgt 	No. per container			Paper Other (Specify)
Label Contents Information Label Conteins		stail Contai	iner		5. Loc	ation of Let On Labe On Labe		ons npanying product
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed		greph glued siled		Other				
		Sect	tion - IV					
1. Contact Point [Complete items di	irectly below for identificeti	on of indiv	idual to be	contacted, if	neca	ssary, to pr	ocess this	s application.)
Name . Dr. Marsha Gay		Title Produ	ıct Regi	stration	n Ma	nager		ne No. (Include Area Code) 783+2460
I certify that the statements I I ecknowledge that any knowi both under applicable law.		all attach					•	6. Date Application Received (Stamped)
2. Signature		3. Title	Manager	, Regist	rat	ions		
4. Typed Name / Stephen J. Wratte	en, Ph.D.	S. Date	April	17, 200)2			g e M

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE and INSTRUCTIONS

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.85 hour par response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch, (2136), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460.

INSTRUCTIONS: This form is to be used for all applications for new registration, and use reregistration, amendment, resubmission, to applications for notifications, final printed labeling, reregistration, etc. In order to process an application for a new registration submitted on this form, the following material must accompany the application:

- 1. Certification with Respect to Citation of Data (EPA Form 8570-29). Ill not exempted by 40 CFR 152.81 (b) (4)];
- 2. Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4);
- 3. Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA Form 8570-27);
- 4. Five copies of draft labeling:
- 5. Three copies of any date submitted;
- 6. Authorization letter where applicable;
- 7. Matrices where applicable.

Submission of Labeling - Labeling should first be submitted in the form of dreft labels with all applications for new registration. Such dreft labels may be in the form of typed label text on 8.5 x 11 inch paper for submission or a mockup of the proposed label. If prepared for mockup, it should be constructed in a way as to facilitate storage in an 8.5 x 11 inch file. Mockup labels significantly smaller than 8.5 x 11 inches should be mounted on x 11 inch paper for submission.

Submission of Data - Data submitted in support of this application must be submitted in accordance with PR Notice 86-5.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the instructions listed below before completing this application. First determine the type of registration action, listed in Block A, for which you are submitting this application. For applications submitted in connection with New Registration actions, Sections I, III, and IV must be completed by the applicant. For applications submitted in connection with amended reregistration actions, resubmissions, notifications, reregistrations, etc., Sections I, II, and IV must be completed by the applicant.

Block A - Check the appropriate action for which you are submitting this form.

SECTION I - This section must be completed, as applicable, for all registration actions.

- 1. Company/Product Number Insert your Company Number, if one has been assigned by EPA. This number may have been assigned to you as a basic registrant, a distributor, or as an establishment. If your product is registered, insert the Product Number.
- 2. EPA Product Manager If known, fill in the name and PM number of the EPA Product Manager.
- 3. Proposed Classification Specify the proposed classification of this product.
- 4 Product Name Enter the complete product name of this pesticide as it will appear on the label. The name must be specific to this product only. Duplication of names is not permitted among products of the same company. Do not include any brand name or company line designations.
- 5. Name and Address of Applicant The name of the firm or person and address shown in your application is the person or firm to whom the registration will be issued. If you are acting in behalf of another party, you must submit authorization from that party to act for them in registration matters. An applicant not residing in the United States must have an authorized agent residing in the United States to act for them in all registration matters. The name and complete mailing address of such an agent must accompany this application.
- 6. Expedited Review FIFRA section 3 (c) 3 (B) provides for expedited review of applications for registration, or amendments to existing registrations, that are similar or identical 36 other posticide products that are currently registered with the EPA. In order for your application to be eligible for expedited review, you must provide us with the EPA Registration Number and product name of the product you believe is similar to or identical to your product. The product must be similar or identical in both formulation and labeled uses.

SECTION II - This section must be completed for all applications submitted to amend the registration only of a currently registered product (Amendment), for a resubmission in response to an Agency letter, for notifications to the Agency, for the submission of final printed labeling, for reregistration and for any other action that pertains to a specific EPA-registered product. This section is not to be used for a new application for registration.

5. Subject of submission - Check the applicable block and provide the Agency letter date if appropriate. Provide a brief explanation of the purpose(s) for the submission, such as "the addition of a site, pest or crop (specify)"; "amend the Confidential Statement of Formula by..."; "raregistration submission"; "general label revision of use directions." Attach a separate page if additional space is needed.

SECTION III (Packaging and Container Information) - This Section must be completed for all applications submitted in connection with new registration or applicable amendments.

- Type of Packaging Check the appropriate block if your product will be packaged in the indicated packaging types.
 Indicate the size of the individual packets and number per retail container.
- 2. Type of Retail Container Indicate type of container in which product will be marketed.
- 3. Location of Net Contents Indicate the location of the net contents information for your product.
- 4. Size(s) of Retail Container Specify the net contents of all retail containers for your product.
- 5. Location of Use Directions Indicate the location of the use directions for your product,
- 6. Manner in which label is affixed to product Indicated the method product label is attached to retail container.

SECTION IV (Contact Point) - This Section must be completed for all applications for Registration actions, i.e., new products registration, resubmission, "me-too," reregistration, etc.

- 1-5. Self-explanatory.
- EPA Use Only.

y. 3

SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR MON 007™ HERBICIDE BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using MON 007 herbicide as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.



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4/11/02

EPA Reg. No. 524-537

MON 007 and Roundup Ready are trademarks of Monsanio Technology ELC.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN ARKANSAS ONLY.

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION!

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, 314-694-4000.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS), DESIRABLE

PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for this product for essential product performance information.

USE DIRECTIONS

AVOID DRIFT. DO NOT APPLY INTO STILL AIR WHERE THERE IS A TEMPERATURE INVERSION LAYER LOW ENOUGH FOR FINE SPRAY PARTICLES TO BECOME SUSPENDED

C.

AND MOVE OUTSIDE THE TARGET AREA WHEN THE INVERSION LAYER MOVES. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION THAT FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT IS LIKELY TO CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESINABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the recommended rate of this product in 3 to - 15 gallons of water per acre.

Use sufficient carrier volume and appropriate equipment set-up to form droplets large enough to avoid drift potential. Coarse droplets in the 300 to 500 (VMD) micron range are recommended.

Applications should typically be made with the nozzle release point at 8 to 15 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 75 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor. In many cases, reducing this distance to 65 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor will improve drift control without affecting the swath width.

Nozzles must always discharge backward paratlel with the air stream and never discharge downwards more than 45 degrees on fixed wing aircraft or forward of the prevailing airflow on rotary winged aircraft. Avoid the use of nozzles with wide-angle discharge. Do not apply this product when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour.

Do not apply when there is a low-level inversion where fine spray particles could be suspended in still air and move outside the target area when the inversion layer moves. These conditions may occur when wind speeds are less than 2 miles per hour.

Use the following guidelines when applications are made near crops or other desirable vegetation:

- Do not apply within 100 feet of any desirable vegetation or crops.
- If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crops, do not apply within 500 feet upwind of the desirable vegetation or crops.
- Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crops will likely require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.

Read the "Limit of Warranty and Liability" in the label booklet for MON 007 herbicide before using. These terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

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4/11/02

63002A1-8

SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR MON 007™ HERBICIDE BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using MON 007 herbicide as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.



EPA Reg. No. 524-537

MON 007 and Roundup Ready are trademarks of Monsanto Technology LLC. Garlon™ is a trademark of Dow AgroSciences, LLC.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY (including Fresno county, California)

Keep out of reach of children. CAUTION!

In.case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, 314-694-4000.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for this product for essential product performance information.

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters.

DOT REVIEWED

In Accordance with PR Notice 82-2;

Eused on Draft Labeling Dated 4/11/02

AVOID DRIFT—DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are made near crops or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop, and/or near other desirable vegetation or annual crops:

- 1. Do not apply within 100 feet of all desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crop(s), do not apply within 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crop(s) may require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.
- 4. Do not apply when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour or when inversion conditions exist.
- 5. APPLY BY AIR ONLY TO NONRESIDENTIAL AREAS.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations that dispense spray as fine spray droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure. Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

Ensure uniform application—To avoid streaking, uneven, or over-lapped application, use appropriate marking devices. Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion.

PART I. CROP USES:

Aerial applications of this product are allowed in the following situations:

- 1. In fallow and reduced tillage systems prior to the emergence or transplanting of labeled crops.
- 2. In alfalfa and pasture renovation applications.
- 3. Over-the-top applications in Roundup Ready corn and cotton. Refer to further label instructions for Roundup Ready corn and Roundup Ready cotton for specific application instructions for over-the-top applications in these crops.
- 4. Preharvest in alfalfa, corn, cotton, wheat, Roundup Ready corn and Roundup Ready cotton. Refer to the MON 007 herbicide label instructions for Roundup Ready corn and Roundup Ready cotton for specific preharvest application instructions for each individual crop.

Do not plant subsequent crops other than those listed in the label booklet for 30 days following application.

When applied as recommended under the conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed in the label booklet.

Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

When tank mixing this product with 2,4-D for aerial applications, only 2,4-D amine formulations may be used. This tank mixture may be used for fallow and reduced tillage systems and alfalfa and pasture renovation applications only.

22 fluid ounces	44 fluid ounces
<u> </u>	Alfalfa
Com	
Roundup Ready® Corn	
	Cotton
	Roundup Ready® Cotton
	Fallow
	Reduced Tillage Systems
	Pastures
Wheat	

For FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA ONLY (From February 15 through March 31 only) the following applies:

Applicable Area

This section only applies to the area contained inside the following boundaries within Fresno County, California:

North:

Fresno County line

South:

Fresno County line State Highway 99

East: West:

Fresno County line

General Information

Always read and follow the label directions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application.

Observe the following directions to minimize off-site movement during aerial application of this product. Minimization of off-site movement is the responsibility of the grower, Pest Control Advisor and aerial applicator.

Written Recommendations

A written recommendation MUST be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner 24 hours prior to the application. This written recommendation MUST state the preximity of surrounding crops, and that conditions of each manufacturer's product label and this label have been satisfied.

Aerial Applicator Training and Equipment

Aerial application of this product is limited to pilots who have successfully completed a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training program for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, critiqued in flight and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. Test and calibrate spray equipment at intervals sufficient to insure that proper rates of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use. Applicator must document such calibrations and testing. Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-ins constitutes such documentation, or other written records showing calculations and measurements of flight and spray parameters acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

Applications at Night—Do not apply this product by air earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and/or later than 30 minutes after sunset without prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

To report known or suspected misuse of this product, call 1-800-332-3111.

For additional information on the proper aerial application of this product, call 916-784-1718.

Note: For aerial application from April 1 through February 14, refer to the other sections of this supplemental label.

PART II. NONCROP USES:

Aerial applications of this product are allowed in the following situations:

- Aid to burning for establishment and maintenance of fuel breaks
- 2 Establishing fire perimeters and black lines
- 3. Aid to prescribed burning
- 4. Along fire roads
- 5. Range conversion
- 6. Habital restoration and management
- 7. Wildlife food plots

Apply 1 to 5 quarts of this product in 5 to 15 gallons of water per acre using aerial (helicopter only) applications,

To broaden the spectrum of control, Garlon™ 4 may be tank mixed with this product at the rate of 0.5 to 2 quarts per acre. The rate of Garlon should not exceed 1/2 the rate of this product (e.g. 1 quart of Garlon to 2 quarts of this product) for best results.

Read the "Limit of Warranty and Liability" in the label booklet for MON 007 herbicide before using. These terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

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63002A1-9

4/11/02

Selective broad-spectrum weed control in Roundup Ready* crops. Nonselective, broad-spectrum weed control for many grouping systems.

Jarmsteads and Conservation Reserve Program acres. AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDI-VIDUAL ROUNDUP READY CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES. BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Horbicida for Roundup Ready Crops.

Carefully follow detailed instructions in label booklet.

Read the entire tabel before using this product.

This container is not to be sold to homeowners for residential use.

Use only according to label instructions.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" which appears in the label booklet, before buying or using, if terms are not acceptable, return at once

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT, MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION OR REPACKAGING.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION!

CAUSES MODERATE EYE IRRITATION. HARMFUL IF INHALED.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.

FIRST AID:	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact tenses if present after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye.
IF ON SKIN	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
IF INHALED	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.

- Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.
- You may also contact (314) 694-4000, collect, day or night, for emergency inedical treatment information,
- This product is identified as MON 007 herbloids, EPA Reg. No. 524-537.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to does and other domestic animals; however innestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear; long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Calegory A) 8 mils in thickness or greater, composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrita rubber,

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that means the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Salaty Recommendations Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

In case of an emergency involving this herbicide product, or for medical assistance, Call Collect, day or night, (314) 694-4000.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present of to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. On not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, liberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers. DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAIN-LESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, it ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product can only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label or in separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

Apricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170, Refer to supplemental labeling under "Apricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this product.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried to prevent transfer of this product onto desirable vegetation.

	MORIE CONO CONVERSION	
MON 007 (Ounces)	Roundup UltraMAX (Ounces)	Roundup Orlginal (Ounces)
	20	24
522.58	26	32
	32	40
	40	48

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, loodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state, or local proce-

Emplied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled salequards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

Do not reuse container. Triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke,

(See label booklet for Complete Directions for Use.) ACTIVE INCREDIENT

Reflect maneolem.	
' Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine,	
in the form of its potassium salt	48,87
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	51.29

Contains 660 grams per litre or 5.5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its potassium salt. Equivalent to 540 grams per filtre or 4,5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,688,085 and 6,365,551. Other patents pending. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

EPA Reg. No. 524-537

EPA Est. (L) \$24-LA-1 or (M) \$24-JA-1

Lot number prefix L or M indicates appropriate establishment number.

For product information or assistance in using this product, Call toll-free 1-800-332-3111.

MON 007, Monsanto and the Vine symbol and Roundup Ready are trademarks of Monsanto Technology LLC.



TWC 2.5 GALLUNITS

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HUT REVIEWED

in Accordance with PR Notice 82-20 2/0

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Complete Directions for Use

EPA Reg. No. 524-537

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Herbicide for Roundup Ready Crops.

Selective broad-spectrum weed control in Roundup Ready crops. Non-selective, broad-spectrum weed control for many cropping systems, larmsteads and Conservation Reserve Program acres.

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CONTENTS

Not all products recommended on this label are registered for use in California. Check the registration status of each product in California before using.

Read the entire label before using this product.

Use only according to label instructions.

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND CIABILITY" statement at the end of the label before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION. SEE INDIVIDUAL CONTAINER LABEL FOR REPACKAGING LIMITATIONS.

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Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, OTHER INGREDIENTS:

*Contains 660 grams per litre or 5.5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its potassium sait. Equivalent to 540 grams per litre or 4.5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,688,085 and 6,365,551. Other patents pending. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

.O IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS

- 1. FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION OR ASSISTANCE IN USING THIS PRODUCT, CALL TOLL-FREE, 1-800-332-3111
- 2. IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS HERBICIDE PRODUCT, OR FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL COLLECT, DAY OR NIGHT,

(314) 694 4000

THE PAULIONALY SANISHED BY SERVER STATES

O PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

.1 Hazards to Humans and **Domestic Animals**

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION

CAUSES MODERATE EYE IRRITATION. HARMFUL IF INHALED.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.

FIRST AID:	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice:
IF IN EYES	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye.
IF ON SKIN	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
IF INHALED	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambutance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. This product is identified as MON 0071m herbicide, EPA Registration No. 524-537. You may also contact (314) 694-4000, collect day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater, composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

- User Safety Recommendations
 Users Should:

 Wash hands before eating: drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet
- · Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS 2008

3.2 Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to interlidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

3.3 Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture, This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product can only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label or in separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling.

Oo not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitled under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such fast plants: Soil of water is: coveralls, shoes plus socks and chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pels off treated areas until spray solution has dried to prevent transfer of this product onto desirable vegetation.

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4.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, toodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable federal, state, or local procedures.

Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

See container tabel for STORAGE AND DISPOSAL instructions.

5.0 GENERAL INFORMATION (How this product works)

Product Description: This product is a postemergent, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is generally non-selective and gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field-type sprayers after dilution and thorough mixing with water or other carriers according to label instructions.

Do not add surfactants, additives containing surfactants, buffering agents or pH adjusting agents to the spray solution when MON 007 herbicide is the only pesticide used unless otherwise directed. Ammonium sulfate, drift control additives, or dyes and colorants may be used. See the "MIXING" section of this label for instructions.

Time to Symptoms: This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4

days, but on most perennial weeds may not occur for 7 days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant which advances to complete browning of above-ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

Stage of Weeds: Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when freatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" for recommendations for specific weeds.

Always use the higher rate of this product per acre within the recommended range when weed growth is heavy or dense or weeds are growing in an undisturbed (noncultivated) area.

On not treat weeds under poor growing conditions such as drought stress, disease or insect damage, as reduced weed control may result. Reduced results may also occur when treating weeds heavily covered with dust.

Cultural Considerations: Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed, or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

Raintastness: Heavy raintall soon after application may wash this product off of the follage and a repeat application may be required for adequate control.

Spray Coverage: For best results, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray weed foliage to the point of runoff.

Mode of Action: The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme found only in plants and microorganisms that is essential to formation of specific amino acids.

No Sail Activity: Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by this product. Weeds germi-

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nating from seed after application will not be controlled. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground thizomes or root stocks of perennials will not be affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow.

Biological Degradation: Degradation of this product is primarily a biological process carried out by soil microbes.

Tank Mixing: This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control, follow a label-approved herbicide program. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly recommended in this labeling. Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials may result in reduced performance

Annual Maximum Use Rate: Except as otherwise specified in a crop section of this label, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 5.3 quarts of this product per acre per year. For applications in non-crop sites or in tree, vine, or shrub crops, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 7 quarts of this product per acre per year. The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sullosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences.

6.0 MIXING

Use the following conversion table to help determine application rates of MON 007 herbicide based on commonly used rates of Roundup OriginalTM and Roundup UltraMAXTM berbicides.

NOW EVEN	I MORE CONG 7 CONVERSION	ENTRATED TABLE
MON 007 (Ounces)	Roundup UltraMAX (Ounces)	Roundup Original (Ounces)
16 🚟	20	24
22	26	32
27 : -/.	32	40
32	40	48

Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

NOTE: REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED, SUCH AS VISIBLY MUODY WATER OR WATER FROM PONDS AND DITCHES THAT IS NOT CLEAR

6.1 Mixing with Water

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the recommended amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix well. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or mini-

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mize loam, avoid the use of mechanical authors, terminate

mize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent.

6.2 Tank Mixing Procedure

Mix labeled tank mixtures of this product with water as follows:

- Place a 20- to 35-mesh screen or wetting basket over filling port.
- Through the screen, fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start agitation.
- If ammonium sulfate is used add it slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation. Ensure that dry ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding other products.
- If a weltable powder is used, make a sturry with the water carrier, and add it SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water. Add diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- If an emulsifiable concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water.
 Add diluted mixture slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- Continue filling the spray tank with water and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
- Add individual formulations to the spray tank as follows: wettable powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, drift control additive and water soluble liquid.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle,

thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

Keep by-pass line on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or tine strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh.

Always predatermine the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Refer to the "Tank Mixing" section of "GENERAL INFORMA-TION" for additional precautions.

6.3 Mixing for Hand-Held Sprayers

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

Spray Solution

	Desired Amount of MON 007					
Volume	0.4%	0.7%	1%	1.5%	4%	7%
1 gal	0.5 pz	1 02	1.3 oz	2 oz	5 oz	9 02
25 gal	0.8 pt	0.7 qt	1 qt	1.5 qt	4 qt	7 qt
100 gal	1.6 qt	2.8 qt	i gal	1.5 gal	4 gal	7 gal

2 tablespoons = 1 Ituid ounce

For use in knapsack sprayers, it is suggested that the recommended amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

6.4 Ammonium Sulfate

The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product, particularly under hard water conditions, drought conditions or when tank

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mixed with certain residual herbicides, on annual and perennial weeds. The equivalent rate of ammonium sultate in a fiquid formulation may also be used. Ensure that dry ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion.

NOTE: When using ammonium sulfate, apply this product at rates recommended in this label. Lower rates will result in reduced performance.

6.5 Colorants or Dyes

Agriculturally approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilutions. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

6.6 Drift Control Additives

Drift control additives may be used with all equipment types, except wiper applicators, sponge bars and Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA) equipment. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label. The use of drift control additives can affect spray coverage which may result in reduced performance.

7.0 APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

This product may be applied with the following application equipment:

Aerial---Fixed Wing and Helicopter

Ground Broadcast Spray—Boom or boomless systems, pull-type sprayer, floaters, pick-up sprayers, spray coupes and other ground broadcast equipment.

Hand-Held or High-Volume Spray Equipment—Knapsack and backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwands, mistblowers*, lances and other hand-held and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto weed foliage.

*This product is not registered in California or Arizona for use in mistblowers.

Selective Equipment—Recirculating sprayers, shielded and hooded sprayers, wiper applicators and sponge bars.

Injection Systems-Aerial or ground injection sprayers.

Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA)—Hand-held or boommounted applicators which produce a spray consisting of a narrow range of droplet sizes.

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAIN-TAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIV-ERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

7.1 Aerial Equipment

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THIS LABEL.

Use the recommended rates of this herbicide in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified on this label. Unless otherwise specified, do not exceed 22 fluid ounces per acre. Refer to the individual use area sections of this label for recommended volumes, application rates, and further instructions.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA OR SPECIFIC COUNTIES THEREIN, OR IN ARKANSAS, REFER TO THE FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL FOR AERIAL APPLICA-

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TIONS IN THAT STATE OR COUNTY FOR SPECIFIC IN STRUCTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS.

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

Ensure uniform application—To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops.

- The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward, parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to réduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see the "Wind", "Temperature and Humidity", and "Temperature Inversions" sections of this label).

Controlling Droplet Size

- Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with the higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure: Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream, will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using lowdrift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.
- Boom length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application height: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces the exposure of the droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.).

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 miles per hour. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 miles per hour due to variable wind direction and high inversion

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potential, NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Oroplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground log; however, if log is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The product should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

Aircraft Maintenance

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint), which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413, may prevent corrosion.

7.2 Ground Broadcast Equipment

Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzles to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat spray nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

7.3 Hand-Held or High-Volume Equipment

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For applications made on a spray-to-well basis, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff, Use coarse sprays only. For recommended rates and timing, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS—HAND-HELD OR RIGH-VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section of this product label.

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7.4 Selective Equipment

This product may be applied through recirculating spray systems, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars, after dilution and thorough mixing with water, to listed weeds growing in any non-crop site specified on this label.

In cropping systems, hooded sprayers, shielded sprayers, and wipers may be used in row middles (in between rows of crop plants) where any dripping or leaking will not contact crop foliage. Such equipment must be capable of preventing all crop contact with herbicide solutions and operated without leakage of spray mists or dripping onto crop. Wipers over-the-top of crops may be used only when specifically recommended in this product's labeling.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION

Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators used above desirable vegetation should be adjusted so that the lowest spray stream or wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Applications made above the crops should be made when the weeds are a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatment may be necessary.

Recirculating Spray System

A recirculating spray system directs the spray solution onto weeds growing above desirable vegetation, while spray solution not intercepted by weeds is collected and returned to the spray tank for reuse.

Shielded and Hooded Applicators

When applied under the conditions described in the following paragraphs for shielded and hooded applications, this product at recommended rates will control those weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" sections of this label. A hooded sprayer is a type of shielded applicator where the spray pattern is fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back, thereby shielding the crop from the spray solution. Keep shields on these sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegestation. When applying to crops grown on raised beds, ensure that the hood is designed to completely enclose the spray solution. If necessary, extend the front and rear flaps of the hoods to reach the ground in deep furrows. EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

This equipment must be set up and operated in a manner that avoids bouncing or raising the hoods off the ground in any way. If the hoods are raised, spray particles may escape and come into contact with the crop, causing damage or destruction of the crop. Avoid operation on rough or sloping ground where the spray hoods might be raised off the ground.

Use hoods designed to minimize excessive dripping or runoff down the insides of the hoods. A single, low pressure/ low drift flat-fan nozzle with an 80 to 95 degree spray angle positioned at the top center of the hood is recommended. Spray volume should be 20-30 gallons per acre.

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These procedures will reduce the potential for crop injury

- The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground.
- teave at least an 8-inch untreated strip over the drift row.
 For example, if the crop row width is 38 inches, the maximum width of the spray hood should be 30 inches.
- Maximum tractor speed: 5 miles per hour to avoid bouncing of the spray hoods.
- · Maximum wind speed: 10 miles per hour.
- Use low-drift nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Wiger Applicators

When applied under the conditions described in the following paragraphs, this product CONTROLS many weeds, including volunteer corn, Texas panicum, common rye, shattercane, sicklepod, spanishneedles and bristly starbur; and SUPPRESSES many weeds including Florida beggarweed, Bermudagrass, hemp dogbane, doglennel, guineagrass, johnsongrass, milkweed, silverteaf nightshade, redroot pigweed, giant ragweed, smutgrass, suntlower, Canada thistle, musk thistle, vaseygrass, velvetleaf.

Wiper applicators are devices that physically wipe appropriate amounts of this product directly onto the weed.

Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation. Operate this equipment at ground speeds no greater than 5 miles per hour. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to

ensure adequate wiper saturation. Better results may be obtained if two applications are made in opposite directions.

Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Adjust height of applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds. Keep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that, on stoping ground, the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of a wiper applicator.

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a 1-day period, as reduced activity may result from use of lettover solutions. Clean wiper parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

On not add surfactant to the herbicide solution.

For Rope or Sponge Wick Applicators—Solutions ranging from 33 to 75 percent of this product in water may be used. Apply this solution to weeds listed in this section.

For Panel Applicators—Solutions ranging from 33 to 100 percent of this product in water may be used in panel wiper applicators

7.5 Injection Systems

This product may be used in aerial or ground injection spray systems. If may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. On not mix this product with the concentrate of other products when using injection systems.

7.6 CDA Equipment

The rate of this product applied per acre by vehicle-mounted CDA equipment must not be less than the amount recommended in this tabel when applied by conventional broadcast

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equipment. For vehicle-mounted CDA equipment, apply 2 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

For the control of annual weeds with hand-held CDA units, apply a 20 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 miles per hour (1 quart per acre). For the control of perennial weeds, apply a 20 to 30 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 miles per hour (2 to 3 quarts per acre).

Controlled droplet application equipment produces a spray pattern that is not easily visible. Extreme care must be exercised to avoid spray or drift contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage of destruction may result.

8.0 ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (Alphabetical)

NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED CROPS WITHIN SECTION 8 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PRE-HARVEST INTERVALS, AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label or separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling for instructions for treating Roundup Ready crops.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS:

Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Hooded Sprayers in row-middles, Shielded Sprayers in row-middles, Wiper Applicators in rowmiddles, and Post-Harvest treatments.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS:

Apply this product during fallow intervals preceding planting, prior to planting or transplanting, at-planting, or pre-

emergent to annual and perennial crops fisted in this label, except where specifically limited. For any crop not listed in this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Unless otherwise specified, weed control applications may be made according to the rates listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" in this label. Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 5.3 quarts per acre per year.

Post-directed hooded sprayers and wiper equipment capable of preventing all crop contact with herbicide solutions may be used in mulched or unmulched row middles after crop establishment. Where specifically noted below, wipers may also be used above certain crops to control tall weeds. Refer to the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label for essential precautions when using hooded sprayers or wipers to avoid crop injury caused by leakage of spray mists or dripping onto crops. Crop injury is possible with these applications and shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's tabeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sullosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS:

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at-planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Broadcast applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. Unless

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otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-tabeled crop. See "APPLICA-TION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

in crops where spot treatments are allowed, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for the same reason.

For broadcast postemergent treatments, do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application, unless otherwise specified.

.1 Cereal and Grain Crops

LABELED CROPS: Barley, Buckwheat, Millet (pearl, proso), Oats, Rice, Rye, Ouinoa, Teff, Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat (all types), Wild Rice.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat rice fields or levees when field contains water.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice, Spot Treatment (except Rice), Wiper Applications Over-the-Top (Feed Barley and Wheat only), Preharvest (Feed Barley and

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting of cereal crops. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 32 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Flush fields prior to

application to obtain uniform permination and stand of red rice. Make application when the majority of the red rice plants are in the 2-leaf stage and no more than 4 inches tall. Red rice plants with less than 2 true leaves may be only partially controlled.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid spraying during low humidity conditions, as reduced control may result. Do not treat rice fields or levees when the fields contain floodwater. Do not re-flood treated fields for 8 days following application.

Spot Treatment (except Rice)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in cereal crops. Apply this product before heading

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Wiper Applications Over-the-Top (Feed Barley and Wheat only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Wiper applications may be used in feed barley and wheat. To control common rye or cereal rye, apply after the weeds have headed and achieved maximum growth, and when the rye is at least 6 inches above the wheat crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 35 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators.

Preharvest (Feed Barley and Wheat only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of feed barley or wheat. For wheat, apply after the hard-dough stage of grain (30 percent or less grain moisture). For feed barley, apply after the harddough stage and when the grain contains 20 percent moisture or less. Stubble may be grazed immediately after barvest

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This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. For ground applications, apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Allow 7 days between application and harvest or grazing. Preharvest application is not recommended for wheat or barley grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Post-Barvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of cereal crops. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-0 or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting the next crop. Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

8.2 Corn

TYPES OF CORN: Field Corn, Seed Corn, Silage Corn, Sweet Corn and Popcoin.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Preharvest.

For Roundup Ready corn, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting corn. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

2,4-D
AimTM
Atrazine
AxiomTM
BalanceTM
BalanceTM/ClarityTM
Bicep MAGNUMTM
Bicep II MAGNUMTM
Bullet[®]
Degree TM
Degree XtraTM
DistinctTM
Dual II MAGNUMTM
EpicTM

FrontierTM/OutlookTM
FultimeTM
GuardsmanTM/LeadothTM
Harness[©]
Harness Xtra
Harness Xtra S.6L
Lariat[©]
Lasso[©]/Alachlor
LinexTM/LoroxTM
MarksmanTM
Micro-Tech[©]
Prowith
Simazine
TopNoichTM

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signal-grass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 22 fluid ounces per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 16 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 22 to 32 fluid ounces when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Applications of 2,4-D or dicamba must be made at least 7 days prior to planting corn.

For Southern states, do not apply in nitrogen solutions to tough-to-control grasses such as barnyardgrass, fall panicum, broadleaf signalgrass, annual ryegrass and any perennial weeds. The area covered by this recommendation includes from Route 50 South in Illinois and Indiana and the following states: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia.

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USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of corn. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instruction for the use of

hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND

TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Corn must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator. Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre for each application and no more than 64 fluid ounces per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to silking of corn.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside larget area for the same reason.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed). For ground applications, apply up to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre. For aerial applications, apply up to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest. Preharvest application is not recommended for corn grown for seed, as a reduction in dermination or vidor may occur.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days

between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegeta-

8.3 Cotton

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Selective Equipment, Spot Treatment, Preharvest

for Roundup Ready cotton, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

Hooded Sprayer, Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied through hooded sprayers, recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators or wiper applicators in cotton. Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to boll opening of cotton.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop

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receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray oulside larget area for the same reason.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control and cotton regrowth inhibition when applied prior to harvest of collon. For weed control, apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" sections of this label. For cotton regrowth inhibition, apply 11 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

Up to 44 fluid ounces of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. Apply after sufficient bolls have developed to produce the desired yield of cotton. Applications made prior to this time could affect maximum yield potential.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with DEFTM 6, Folexim, Ginstar, or Prepim to provide additional enhancement of cotton leaf drop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. Preharvest application is not recommended for cotton grovin for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

.4 Fallow Systems

LABELED CROPS: This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop on

this label. TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Aid-to-Tillage.

Chemical Fallow

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. This product may be used as a substitute

for tillage to control annual weeds in tallow fields. Also, broadcast or spot treatments will control or suppress many perennial weeds in fallow fields. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used. Applications up to 44 fluid ounces per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent crops.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Do not apply dicamba tank mixtures by air in

Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba is applied within 45 days of planting.

Preplant Fallow Beds

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to fallow beds prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. For any crop not fisted on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. This product will control weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS" "PERENNIAL WEEDS", and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" sections of this label.

TANK MIXTURES: In addition, 8 fluid ounces of this product plus 2 to 3 Iluid ounces of GoalTM 2XL per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 3 inches-common cheeseweed, chickweed, groundsel; 6 inches-London rocket, shepherd's-purse.

11 Ifuid ounces of this product plus 2 to 3 Ifuid ounces of Goal 2XL per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6 inches-common cheeseweed, groundsel, marestait (Conyza canadensis), 12 inches-chickweed, Landon rocket, shepherd's-purse.

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USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in conjunction with tillage practices in fallow systems or preplant to labeled crops to control downy brome, cheat, volunteer wheat, tansy mustard and loxiail. Apply 8 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Make applications before weeds are 6 inches in height. Application must be followed by conventional tillage practices no later than 15 days after treatment and before regrowth occurs. Allow at least 1 day after application before tillage.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Tank mixtures with residual herbicides may result in reduced performance.

.5 Grain Sorghum (Milo)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Applications, Preharvest.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in tank-mixture before, during or after planting grain sorghum. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per асте.

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Bullet

Micro-Tech

Qual II MAGNUM

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 22 fluid ounces per acre

in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 16 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 22 to 32 fluid ounces when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, the use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control

Spot Treatment and Over-the-Top Wiper Applications

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot trealment in grain sorghum. Make spot treatments before heading of mile. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "Wiper Applicators" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

For wiper applicators, allow at least 40 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators. Do not feed or graze treated milo fodder. Do not ensile freated vegetation.

Hooded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of mile. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instruction for the use of hooded sprayers in the TAPPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES' section of this label.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Milo must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Treat before milo sends tillers between the drill rows. It such tillers are contacted with the spray solution, the main plant may be killed. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator. Do not graze or feed milo forage or fodder following applications of this product through hooded sprayers. Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

Preharves

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Make applications at 30 percent grain moisture or less.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. As with other herbicides that cause sudden plant death, avoid preharvest applications of this product to milo infected with charcoal rot as lodging can occur. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of sorghum. Preharvest application is not recommended for sorghum grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur. The use of this product for preharvest grain sorghum (mile) is not registered in California.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of grain sorghum. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used

This product may be applied to grain sorghum (milo) stubble following harvest to suppress or control regrowth. Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre for control, or 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre for suppression.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

8.6 Herbs and Spices

LABELED CROPS: Allspice, Angelica, Star anise, Annatto (seed), Balm, Basil, Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper buds, Caraway, Black caraway, Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried). Chive, Chinese chive, Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander leaf (cilantro or chinese parsley), Coriander seed (cilantro), Costmary, Culantro (leat), Culantro (seed), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed), Dill (seed), Epazote, Fennel seed (common and Florence), Fenugreek, White ginger flower, Grains of paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf and seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (including oregano), Mexican oregano, Mioga flower, Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper (black and white), Pepper leaves. Peppermint, Perilla, Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory (summer and winter), Spearmint, Stevia leaves, Sweet bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Peppermint and Spearmint only), Spot Treatments (Peppermint and

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system.

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Over-the-Top Wiper Applications or Spot Treatments (Peppermint and Spearmint only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a spot treatment or wiper application in spearmint and peopermint. Apply spot treatments on a spray-to-wet basis with handheld equipment, such as backpack and knapsack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, hand-wands or any other hand-held or motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray solution to a limited area. In wiper applications, the applicator should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the crop. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches taller than the crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest. Further applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals. In spot treatment applications, no more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested should be treated at one time. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for this reason. In wiper applications, contact of the herbicide solution with the crop may result in damage or destruction.

8.7 Oil Seed Crops

LABELED CROPS: Borage, Bulfalo gourd (seed), Canola, Crambe, Flax, Jojoba, Lesquerella, Meadowfoam, Mustard (seed), Rape, Safflower, Sesame, Sunflower,

For Roundup Ready canola, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before. during or after planting oil seed crops. Broadcast applications must be made prior to emergence of the listed oil seed crops. Wiper applicators or hooded sprayers may be used between the rows once the crop is established.

TANK MIXTURES: For sunflowers, a tank mixture with Providence may be applied before, during or after planting in conventional Hilage systems, into a cover crop, established sod or

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre on canola. Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre for sunflowers as a single preplant or preemergent application per year. Do not feed or graze sunflower forage following appli-

A.8 Soybeans

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Preharvest, Selective

For Roundup Ready soybeans, see the "ROUNDUP READY

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting soybeans. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 galions of water per acre.

Aim IM **Amplify**TM Assure IIIM Authority1M Boundary¹M Canopytin Сапору хили Commandia Command Xtraim DomainTM Dual MAGNUM

Doal II MAGNUM Firstrateim Flexstariu Frontier™/Outlook FusionTM Gauntletim Lasso Linex Lorox/Linuron LOTOX Plusim Micro-Tech

Pursuil™ Pursuit Plus Reflex™

SencorM/LexoneM SquadrontM Steelim Valor*M

Scepter^{1M}

This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or 2,4-DB. See the 2,4-D label for intervals between application and plant-

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 22 fluid ounces per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, appty 16 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 22 to 32 fluid ounces when weeds are over 6 inches tall,

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Tank-mixtures with some of the above listed herbicides may result in reduced weed control due to antagonism. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the product labels, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately for all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive directions for each product in the mixture.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to initial pod set in soybeans.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans.

Apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES".

This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. Apply after pods have set and lost all green color. Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts per acre of this product for preharvest applications. Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces per acre of this product by air. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of soybeans. Do not graze or harvest treated hay or fodder for livestock feed within 25 days of last preharvest application. (If the application rate is 22 fluid ounces per acre or lower, the grazing restriction is reduced to 14 days after last preharvest application.) Preharvest application is not recommended for soybeans grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied through recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars in soybeans. Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

$oldsymbol{8}.9$ Sugarcane $oldsymbol{ar{c}}$

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planling

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied in or around sugarcane fields or in fields prior to the emergence

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply to vegetation in or around ditches, canals or ponds containing water to be

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Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in sugarcane. For control of volunteer or diseased sugarcane, make a 1 percent solution of this product in water and spray-to-wel the lollage of vegetation to be controlled. Volunteer or diseased sugarcane should have at least 7 new leaves.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid spray contact with healthy cane plants since severe damage or destruction may result. Do not feed or graze treated sugarcane foliage following application.

Fallow Treatments

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a replacement for tillage in fields that are lying fallow between sugarcane crops. This product may also be used to remove the last stubble of ration cane. For removal of last stubble of ration cane, apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acte to new growth having at least 7 new leaves. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Applications up to 64 fluid ounces per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent crops. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used.

Hooded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of sugarcane. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional use instructions.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not allow treated weeds to come into contact with the crop. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on the crop may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

8.10 Vegetable Crops

NOTE: THIS "VEGETABLE CROPS" SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED VEGETABLE CROPS WITHIN SECTION 8.10 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, Preemergence, Prior to Transplanting Vegetables, At-Planting, Hooded Sprayers in row-middles, Shielded Sprayers in row-middles, Wiper Applications in the company of the compa

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system. Care should be taken to insure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in applicant to emerged seedlings.

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. In crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles should be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this

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product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

8.10.1 Brassica Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Broccoli, Chinese broccoli (gai lon), Broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy), Chinese cabbage (napa), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens.

8.10.2 Bulb Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Garlic, Great-headed garlic, Leek, Onion (dry bulb and green), Welsh onion, Shallot.

8.10.3 Cucurbit Vegetables and Fruits

LABELED CROPS: Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible gourd (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), Melons (all), Momordica spp (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (includes cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey ball melon, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon), Pumpkin, Summer squash (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini), Winter squash (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, spaghetti squash), Watermelon.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Cantaloupe, Casaba melon, Crenshaw melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourds, Honeydew melon, Honey ball melon, Mango melon, Melons (all), Muskmelon, Persian melon, Pumpkin, Squash (summer, winter), and Watermelon, allow at least 3 days between application and planting.

8.10.4 Leafy Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Amaranth (Chinese spinach), Arugula (roquette), Beet greens, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese celery, Celtuce, Chaya, Chervil, Edible-leaved chrysanthemum, Gorn salad, Cress (garden and upland), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Dokudami, Endive (escarole), Florence fennel, Gow kee, Lettuce (head and leat), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden and winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach, New Zealand spinach, Vine spinach, Swiss chard, Watercress (upland), Water spinach, PRECAUTIONS, RESIRICTIONS: For Watercress, avoid applications within 3 days prior to seeding and during the period between seeding and emergence to minimize the risk of injury.

8.10.5 Fruiting Vegetables

LABELEO CROPS: Eggplant, Groundcherry (Physalis Spp), Pepino, Pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), Tomatillo, Tomato.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Eggplant, Ground cherry, Pepper (all), and Tomatillo, allow at least 3 days between application and planting. For Tomato, do not make hooded or shielded sprayer applications in row middles because of the potential for crop injury.

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10.6 Legume Vegetables

(succulent or dried)

LABELED CROPS: Bean (Lupinus: includes grain lupin. sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin), Bean (Phaseolus: includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean), Bean (Vigna: includes adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean), Broad bean (fava), Chickpea (garbanzo), Guar, Jackbean, Lablab bean, Lentil, Pea (Pisum: includes dwarf pea, edible-podded pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snowpea, sugar snap pea), Pigeon pea, Soybean (immature seed), Sword bean.

8.10.7 Root and Tuber Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, Beet (garden), Burdock, Canna, Carrot, Cassava (bitter and sweet), Celeriac, Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip-rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen (taro), Galangal, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Kava (turnip-rooted), Parsley (turnip-rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Oriental radish, Rulabaga, Salsily, Black salsify, Spanish salsily, Skirret, Sweet potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Turnip, Wasabi, Yacon, Yam bean, Irus yam.

Directed Applications (Non-bearing Ginseng only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used for general weed control in established non-bearing ginseng. Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high volume wands, lances, and orchard guns or with wiper application equip-

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Direct applications so that there is no contact of this product with the ginseng plant. Applications must be made at least one year prior to harvest.

Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Rutabagas only) USE INSTRUCTIONS: Wiper applicators may be used overthe-top of rutabagas.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 14 days between application and harvest of rulabagas.

8.11 Miscellaneous Crops

LABELED CROPS: Aloe vera, Asparagus, Bamboo shoots, Globe artichoke, Okra, Peanut (ground nut), Pineapple,

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: General Weed Control, Site Preparation, Spot

For Roundup Ready sugar beets, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid contact of herbicide with toliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preamergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy sails to further minimize the risk of injury, in crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles should be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See

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"APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

General Weed Control, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for general weed control or for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting crops listed in this section.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system. Care should be taken to insure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Do not apply within a week before the first asparagus spears emerge. Do not feed or graze treated pineapple forage following application.

Spot Treatment (Asparagus)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied immediately after cutting, but prior to the emergence of new spears. PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Oo not harvest within 5 days of treatment.

Post-Harvest (Asparagus)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after the last harvest and all spears have been removed. If spears are allowed to regrow, delay application until ferns have developed. Delayed treatments should be applied as a directed or shielded spray in order to avoid contact of the spray with ferns, stems or spears.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Direct contact of the spray with the asparagus may result in serious crop injury. Select

and use recommended types of spray equipment for postemergence post-harvest applications. A directed spray is any application where the spray pattern is aligned in such a way as to avoid direct contact of the spray with the crop. A shielded spray is any application where a physical barrier is positioned and maintained between the spray and the crop to prevent contact of spray with the crop.

9.0 TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS (Alphabetical)

NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS WITHIN SECTION 9 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant (Site Preparation) Broadcast Sprays, General Weed Control, Middles (between rows of trees, vines or bushes). Strips (within rows of trees, vines or bushes), Selective Equipment (shielded sprayers, wiper treatments), Directed Sprays, Spot Treatments, Perennial Grass Suppression, Cut Stump.

Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA equipment, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high-volume wands, lances, orchard guns or with wiper applicator equipment, except as directed.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS:

This product may be applied in middles (between rows of trees or vines), strips (within rows of trees or vines), and for general weed control or perennial grass suppression in established tree fruit and nut groves, orchards, berries, and vineyards. It may also be used for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting these crops. Apply 11 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts per acre according to the "ANNUAL WEEDS"

TREE AND VINE CROPS

and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" sections of this label. Utilize rates at the higher end of the recommended rate range when weeds are stressed, growing in dense populations or are greater than 12 inches tall. Repeat applications. may be made up to a maximum of 7 quarts per acre per year.

The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's tabeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other phyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS:

Extreme care must be exercised to avoid contact of herbicide solution, spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of trunk, branches, suckers, Iruit or other parts of trees, canes and vines. Avoid applications when recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury has occurred. Contact of this product with other than matured brown bark can result in serious crop damage or destruction. Only shielded or directed sprayers may be used in crops with potential for crop contact, and then only where there is sufficient clearance. For applications in strips (within rows of trees), only selective equipment (directed sprays, hooded sprayers, shielded applicators, or wipers) should be used to minimize the potential for leakage or drift of herbicide sprays onto crop. For berry crops, hooded or shielded sprayers must be fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back. Only wipers or shielded applicators capable of preventing all contact with crop may be used. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional directions and precautions.

Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and trans-

Middles (between rows)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control or suppress annual and perennial weeds and ground covers growing between the rows of labeled tree and vine crops. If weeds are under drought stress, irrigate prior to application. Reduced control may result if weeds have been mowed prior

TANK MIXTURES: A tank mixture of this product plus Goal 2XL may be used for annual weeds in middles between rows of citrus crops, tree fruits, tree nuts and vine crops. This mixture is recommended when weeds are stressed or growing in dense populations. 11 to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus 3 to 12 fluid ounces per acre of Goal 2XL will control annual weeds with a maximum height or diameter of 6 inches, including crabgrass, common groundsel. junglerice, common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed. London rocket, common ryegrass, shepherd's-purse, annual sowthistle, filaree (suppression), horseweed/marestail, stinging nettle and common purslane (suppression). 11 to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus 3 to 12 fluid ounces per acre of Goal 2XL will control common cheeseweed (malva) or hairy fleabane with a maximum height or

Strips (in rows)

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied in rows of tree or vine crops in tank mixtures with the following

Devringth 50 OF

DirexTM 4L

Goal 2XL KarmexTM DF Krovar I

Prowl Princep Caliberth 90

Simazine 4L Simazine 80W Sim-Trottle 4L Solicam## DF

SurflantM AS Surtlan 75W

Do not apply these tank mixtures in Puerto Rico.

TREE AND VINE CROPS

Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops. rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

Perennial Grass Suppression

This product will suppress perennial grasses such as bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, tall tescue, orchardgrass, Kentucky bluegrass, and quackgrass that are grown as ground covers in tree and vine crops.

For suppression of tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass and quackgrass, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

For suppression of Kentucky bluegrass covers, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Do not add ammonium

For best results, mow cool season grass covers in the spring to even their height and apply this product 3 to 4 days after

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 25 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up or after moving to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made orior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 3 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 3 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

For burndown of Bermudagrass, apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Use this treatment only if reduction of the Bermudagrass stand can be tolerated. When burndown is required prior to harvest, allow at least 21 days to ensure sufficient time for burndown to occur.

For suppression of Bermudagrass, apply 4 to 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre east of the Rocky Mountains

and 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre west of the Rocky Mountains. Apply in a total spray volume of 3 to 20 gallons per acre, no sooner than 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up. If the Bermudagrass is moved prior to application, maintain a minimum of 3 inches in height. Sequential applications may be made when regrowth occurs and Bermudagrass injury and stand reduction can be tolerated. East of the Rocky Mountains, rates of 4 to 7 fluid ounces of this product per acre should be used in shaded conditions or where a lesser degree of suppression is desired.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Cut stump applications of this product may be made during site preparation or site renovation, prior to transplanting tree crops. This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of tree species, some of which are listed below.

<u> Citrus Trees:</u> Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus hybrids, Grapetruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (Tangerine). Orange (all), Pummelo, Tangelo, Tangor.

Fruit Trees: Apple, Apricot, Cherry (sweet, sour), Crabapple, Loqual, Mayhaw, Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Pear, Plum/Prune

Nut Trees; Almond, Beechnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Casheve Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory Nut. Macadamia, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut (black, English)

Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT MAKE CUT STUMP APPLICATIONS WHEN THE ROOTS OF ADJACENT

AND VINE CROPS

REE AND VINE CROPS

DESIRABLE TREES MAY BE GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP, INJURY RESULTING FROM ROOT GRAFT-ING MAY OCCUR IN ADJACENT TREES. Some sprouts. stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether gratted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/frees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

9.1 Berry Crops

LABELED CROPS: Blackberry (including bingleberry, black salin berry, boysenberry, Cherokee blackberry, chesterberry, Cheyenne blackberry, coryberry, darrowberry, dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, Himalayaberry, hullberry, juneberry, lavacaberry, lowberry, lucretiaberry, marionberry, nectarberry, olallieberry, Oregon evergreen berry, phenomenalberry, rangeberry, ravenberry, rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, and youngberry), Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Salal.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus Spot Treatment in Cranberry Production and Post-Harvest Treatments in Cranberry Production.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: To avoid damage, herbicide sprays must not be allowed to contact desirable vegetation, including green shoots, cases, or foliage. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest in cranberries. Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest in other berry crops. Do not make directed sprays within the cranberry bush areas prior to berry harvest.

Spot Treatment in Cranberry Production

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Spot treatments may be used to control weeds growing in dry ditches (interior and perimeter) of cranberry production areas. Hand-held sprayers or other appropriate application equipment listed under "APPLICA-TION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" in this label may be

used. Drop water level to remove standing water in ditches prior to application. In hand-held sprayers, use 1 to 1.5 percent solution of this product. Spray to wel vegetation, not to

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For treatments after draw down of water in dry ditches, allow 2 or more days after treatment before reintroduction of water to achieve maximum weed control. Apply this product within 1 day after draw down to ensure application to actively growing weeds. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest of cranberries. Do not apply this material through the irrigation system. Do not make applications by air. Do not apply directly to water. Use nozzles that emit medium- to large-sized droplets to minimize drift in order to avoid crop

Post-Harvest Treatments in Cranberry Production

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Application of this product may be made after the harvest of cranberries to control weeds growing within the field. Best results will be obtained it applications are made to vines that appear dormant (after they have turned red). Hand-held sprayers, wipers, or other appropriate application equipment listed under "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" in this label may be used. If using hand-held sprayers, use a 0.4 to 0.7 percent solution of this product. Spray to wet vegetation, not to run-off. If using hand-held boom sprayers, apply 44 to 86 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Make applications only after cranberries have been harvested. Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total bog. Allow a minimum of 6 months after last application and next harvest of cranberries. Do not apply this product through the irrigation system. Do not make applications by air. Do not apply directly to water. Even though vines appear dormant, contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or severe plant injury. Cranberry plants that are directly sprayed may be killed

Color Wall

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.2 Citrus

LABELED CROPS: Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus Hybrids, Grapetruit, Kumqual, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (all), Pummelo, Satsuma Mandarin, Tangelo (ugli), Tangor

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

BSE INSTRUCTIONS: (The recommendations below pertain to applications in Florida and Texas):

For burndown or control of the weeds listed below, apply the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Where weed foliage is dense, use 10 to 30 gallons of water per acre.

For goatweed, apply 44 to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Apply in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre when plants are actively growing. Use 44 fluid ounces per acre when plants are less than 8 inches tall and 64 fluid ounces per acre when plants are greater than 8 inches tall. If goatweed is greater than 8 inches tall, the addition of Krovar^{IM} I or Karmex^{IM} may improve control. Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

Perennial weeds:

S = Suppression	В =	Burndov	/R	
PC = Partial control	C =	Control		
WEED	MOS	1 007 RA	E PER	ACRE
SPECIES	0.7 QT	1.3 OT	2 QT	3.3 QT
Bermudagrass	В		PC	C
Guineagrass				
Texas and Florida Ridge	В	Ċ	C	C
Florida Flatwoods		В	C	C
Paragrass	В	С	С	C
Tornedograss	S		PC	С

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in citrus crops. For citron groves, apply as directed sprays only.

9.3 Miscellaneous Tree Food Crops

LABELEO CROPS: Cactus (fruit and pads), Palm (heart,

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

1.4 Non-food Tree Crops

LABELED CROPS: Pine, Poplar, Eucalyptus, Christmas Trees,

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

Directed Sprays, Spot Treatment, Wipers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a postdirected spray and spot treatment around established poplar, eucalyptus. Christmas trees and other non-food tree crops.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of established Christmas trees and other pine trees. Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material. THIS PRODUCT IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN CHRISTMAS TREES AND OTHER PINE TREES.

Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used prior to

PRECAUTIONS. RESTRICTIONS: Precautions should be taken to protect nontarget plants during site preparation

9.5 Pome Fruit

LABELED CROPS: Apple, Crabapple, Loqual, Mayhaw, Pear

TREE AND VINE CROPS

TREE AND VINE CROPS

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in pome crops.

9.6 Stone Fruit

LABELED CROPS: Apricol, Cherry (sweet, fart), Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Plum/Prune (all types), Plumcot,

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 17 days between last application and harvest in stone fruit crops. For olive groves, apply as directed sprays only.

Restrictions on Application Equipment

For cherries, any application equipment listed in Section 9.0 may be used in all states.

Any application equipment listed in Section 9.0 may be used in apricots, nectarines, peaches and plums/prunes growing in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah and Washington, except for peaches grown in the states specified in the following paragraph. In all other states, use wiper equipment only.

For PEACHES grown in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee only, apply with a shielded boom sprayer or shielded wiper applicator, which prevents any contact of this product with the foliage or bank of trees. Apply no later than 90 days after first bloom. Applications made after this time may result in severe damage. Remove suckers and lowhanging limbs at least 10 days prior to application. Avoid applications near trees with recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury. Apply only near trees that have been planted in the orchard for 2 or more years. EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE NO PART OF THE PEACH TREE IS CONTACTED.

9.7 Tree Nuts

LABELED CROPS: Almond, Beechnut, Beteinut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Coconut, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory nut, Macadamia, Pecan, Pine nut. Pistachio, Walnut (black, English)

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0. PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 3 days between last application and harvest of tree nuts, except coconut. Allow 14 days between application and harvest in

.8 Tropical and Subtropical Trees and Fruits

LABELED CROPS: Ambarella, Atemoya, Avocado, Banana, Barbados cherry (acerola), Biriba, Blimbe, Breadfruit, Cacao-(cocoa) bean, Canistel, Carambola (starfruit), Cherimoya, Coffee, Custard apple, Dates, Durian, Feijoa, Figs, Governor's plum, Guava, Ilama, Imbe, Imbu, Jaboticaba, Jackfruit, Longan, Lychee, Mamey apple, Mango, Mangosteen, Marmaladebox (genip), Mountain papaya, Papaya, Pawpaw. Plantain, Persimmon, Pomegranate, Pulasan, Rambulan, Rose apple, Sapodilla, Sapote (black, mamey, white). Spanish time, Soursop, Star apple, Sugar apple, Surinam cherry, Tamarind, Tea, Ti (roots and leaves), Wax jambu.

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus Bananacide (banana only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in banana, guava, papaya, and plantain crops. Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest for any other tropical or subtropical tree fruit. Allow a minimum of 28 days between last application and harvest in coffee crops. In coffee and banana, delay applications 3 months after transplanting to allow the new coffee or banana plant to become established.

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USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to destroy banana plants infected with the Banana Bunchy Top Virus as well as non-infected banana plants to establish disease free buffers around plantations. Remove all fruit from the plants within the treatment area prior to treatment. Inject 1/25 fluid ounce (1 mt.) of this product's concentrate per 2 to 3 inches of pseudostem diameter. Make the injection at least one fool above the ground, except for very small plants, which should be injected vertically into the top. Any subsequent regrowth must also be destroyed. All plants and mats (or units) adjacent (within a 4-foot radius) to a treated mat shall be mechanically destroyed.

For control of the Banana Bunchy Top Virus, it is critical that the grower follow a strict control program involving monitoring for diseased plants, spraying to control the aphid vector, and destruction of all infected mats (or units). An infected plant may not show symptoms of the banana bunchy top virus for up to 125 days, therefore it is critical that the entire mat (or unit) containing the diseased plant be destroyed immediately.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 0.5 fluid ounce (15 mL) of this product's concentrate per mat (or unit). Remove all fruit from plants and mats (or units) prior to treatment. Do not harvest any fruit or plant materials from treated mats (or units) following injection. Do not allow livestock to consume treated plant materials. Following transplant of new banana plants into treated areas, allow plants to become established for 3 months before applying this product for general weed control.

9.9 Vine Crops

LABELED CHOPS: Grapes (raisin, table, wine), Hops, Kiwi, Passion fruit.

TYPES OF APPLICTIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Applications should not be made when green shoots, canes or foliage are in the spray zone.

In the northeast and Great Lakes regions, applications must be made prior to the end of bloom stage of grapes to avoid injury, or make applications with shielded sprayers or wiper equipment.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest in vine crops. Do not use selective equipment in kiwi.

.0 PASTURE GRASSES FORAGE LEGUMES AND RANGELANDS

.1 Alfalfa, Clover, and Other Forage Legumes

LABELED CROPS: Alfalfa, Clover, Kenal, Kudzu, Lespedeza, Leucaena, Lupin, Saintoin, Trefoit, Vetvet bean, Vetch (all

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Atplanting, Preharvest (Alfalfa only), Spot Treatment or Wiper Applications (Alfalfa and Clover only), Renovation.

Preplant, Preemergence and Al-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before. during or after planting crops listed in this section. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: If a single application is made at rates of 44 fluid ounces per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or grazing is required. If applications rates greater than 44 fluid ounces per acre are made, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

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Preharvest (Alfalla only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in declining alfalfa stands or any stand of alfalfa where crop destruction is acceptable. This application will severely injure or destroy the stand of alfalfa. This product will control annual and perennial weeds, including quackgrass, when applied prior to the harvest of alfalfa. The treated crop and weeds can be harvested and fed to livestock after 36 hours. Allow a minimum of 36 hours between application and harvest. Applications may be made at any time of the year. Make only one application an existing stand of alfalfa per year. For control of quackgrass, apply in the spring, late summer or fall when quackgrass is actively growing. Treatments for quackgrass must be followed by deep tillage for complete control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre as a preharvest treatment. Preharvest application is not recommended for alfalfa grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Spot Treatment or Wiper Applications (Alfalfa and Clover only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in allalfa or clover. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "Wiper Applications" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than 10 percent of the total field area should be treated at one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

Renovation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a broadcast spray to renovate existing stands of alfalfa, clover,

and other labeled forage legumes. Labeled crops may be planted into the treated area.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Remove domestic livestock before application. If application rates of 44 fluid ounces per acre or less are used wait 35 hours after application before grazing or harvesting. If application rates greater than 44 fluid ounces per acre are used, wait 8 weeks between applications and grazing or harvesting.

10.2 Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Renovation (rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation, Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Wiper Applications.

Renovation (rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to prepare CRP land for crop production. Refer to Federal, state or local use guides for GRP renovation recommendations.

Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Wiper Applications

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation in CRP acres. Such applications may be made with wiper application equipment or as a broadcast or spot treatment to dormant CRP grasses. For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 8 to 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre in early spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS; Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if broadcast applications are made when plants are not dormant.

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LABELED CROPS: Any grass (Gramineae family) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those fisted above under "CEREAL CROPS"

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation, Shielded Sprayers, Wiper Applications, Spot Treatments, Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass.

Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during, or after planting or for renovation of turf or forage grass areas grown for seed production. Applications must be made prior to the emergence of the crop to avoid crop injury. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide best control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts.

Do not feed or graze treated areas for 8 weeks following application.

Shielded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 22 to 64 fluid ounces of this product as a broadcast spray in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre to control weeds in the rows. Uniform planting in straight rows aid in shielded sprayer applications. Best results are obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by or through the protective shields.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Wiper Applications

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe intestations, or when height of weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatments may be necessary. Better results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.

Spot Treatments

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use a 1 percent solution.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Apply this product prior to heading of grasses. Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area. The crop receiving the spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for the same reason.

Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use 11 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Use the higher rate when the ryegrass is greater than 6 inches tall. Best results are obtained when applications are made before the ryegrass reaches 6 inches in height.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Set nozzle heights to allow the establishment of the desired row spacing while preventing spray droplets, spray fines, or drift to contact the rye-

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grass plants not treated. Use of low-pressure nozzles, or drop nozzles designed to target the application over a narrow band are recommended.

Grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses from misapplication.

10.4 Pastures

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (Gramineae family) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those listed above under "CEREAL CROPS", including Bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, Bluegrass, Brome, Fescue, Guineagrass, Kikuya grass, Orchardgrass, Pangola grass, Ryegrass, Timothy, Wheatgrass.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Pastere Renovation, Spot Treatment, Wiper Application.

Preplant, Preemergence and Pasture Renovation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied prior to planting or emergence of forage grasses. In addition, this product may be used to control perennial pasture species listed on this label prior to re-planting.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

Spot Treatment and Wiper Application

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment or with wiper applicators in pastures. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than 10 percent of the lotal pasture area should be treated at one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

10.5 Rangelands

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Postemergence.

This product will control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool and warm-season grass rangelands.

Preventing viable seed production is key to the successful control and invasion of annual grassy weeds in rangelands. Follow-up applications in sequential years should eliminate most of the viable seeds.

Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 8 to 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre to control or suppress many weeds, including downy brome, cheatgrass, cereal rye and jointed goatgrass in rangelands. Apply when most mature brome plants are in early flower and before the plants, including seed-heads, turn color. Allowing for secondary weed flushes to occur in the spring following rain events further depletes the seed reserve and encourages perennial grass conversion on weedy sites. Fall applications are possible, and recommended, where spring moisture is usually limited and fall germination allows for good weed growth.

For medusahead, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre at the 3-leaf stage. Delaying applications beyond this stage will result in reduced or unacceptable control. Fire may be useful in eliminating the thatch layer produced by slow decaying culms prior to application. Allow new growth to occur before spraying after a burn. Repeat applications in subsequent years may be necessary to eliminate the seedbank before reestablishing desirable perennial grasses in medusahead-dominated rangelands.

Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses may occur, but they will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying rangeland grasses with this product.

PASTURES AND RANGELANDS

PASTURES AND RANGELANDS

Do not make more than one application per year

Grazing of treated areas should be delayed to encourage growth of desirable perennials. Allowing desirable perennials to flower and reseed in the treated area witt encourage successful transition.

10.6 Turf Grass Sod

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation, Spot Treatment.

Preptant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turf grass areas or establishing turf grass grown for seed or sod. Broadcast or hand-held equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting or sodding to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. For warm-season grasses such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide the best control.

Desirable turf grasses may be planted following the above procedures.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not leed or graze turl grass grown for seed or sod production for 8 weeks following application.

Spot Treatment

Hand-held equipment may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation growing in existing turl grass.

11.0 ROUNDUP READY

The following instructions or those separately published on Monsanto Supplemental labeling include all applications which can be made onto the specified Roundup Ready crops

during the complete cropping season. Do NOT combine these instructions with other recommendations made for crop varieties that do not contain the Roundup Ready gene, in the "ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GROPS (ALPHABETICAL)" section of this label.

MONSANTO COMPANY RECOMMENDS USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION ONLY ON CROP VARIETIES DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE.

Applying this product to crop varieties that are not designated as Roundup Ready will result in severe crop injury and yield loss. Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants that do not contain the Roundup Ready gene, since severe injury or destruction will result.

The Roundup Ready designation indicates that the crop variety contains a patented gene that provides tolerance to this product, information on Roundup Ready crop varieties may be obtained from your seed supplier or Monsanto representative. Roundup Ready crop varieties must be purchased from an authorized licensed seed supplier.

NOTE: Reundup Ready seed, and the method of selectively controlling weeds in a Roundup Ready crop by applying glyphosale to the weeds and Roundup Ready crop are protected under several U.S. Patents, including 5,352,605 and 5,633,435. A ficense to use Roundup Ready seed must be obtained prior to use. Monsanto retains ownership of the gene and process technologies, and the Purchaser of the seed receives the right to use the licensed genes and technologies subject to the limited use license conditions. Seed containing the Roundup Ready trait cannot be used for research and demonstration, reverse engineering or in connection with herbicide registration. Progeny seed containing the Roundup Ready trait cannot be saved for replanting or transferred to others for replanting. Contact your Authorized Monsanto Retailer for information on obtaining a limited use license.

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For ground applications with broadcast equipment, apply this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment use flat spray nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for procedures to avoid spray drift that may cause injury to any vegetation not intended for treatment. Use of appropriate buffer zones will help prevent injury to adjacent vegetation.

For proper stewardship of aerial applications over-the-top of Roundup Ready crops, Monsanto recommends that growers and applicators read and follow all precautions and procedures contained in the use guide "A Guide to On-Target Aerial Application" available by calling 1-800-ROUNDUP (1-800-768-6387) or on the internet at www.FARM-SOURCETM.com.

ATTENTION; AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE.

See the "MIXING" and "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" sections of this label for additional directions and restrictions on the application of this product.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers may result in reduced weed control or crop injury and are NOT recommended for over-the-top applications of this product unless otherwise noted in this product label, supplemental labeling or faci sheets published separately by Monsanto.

Ammonium sulfate may be mixed with this product for applications to Roundup Ready crops. Refer to the "MIXING" section for use instructions for ammonium sulfate.

Sprayer Preparation: It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before making applications of this product. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) previously used. THOROUGHLY CLEAN THE SPRAY TANK AND ALL LINES AND FILTERS TO ELIMINATE POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION FROM OTHER HERBICIDES PRIOR TO MIXING AND APPLYING THIS PRODUCT.

NOTE: The following recommendations are based on a clean start at planting by using a burndown application or tillage to control existing weeds before crop emergence. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, a preplant burn-down treatment of this product is recommended to control existing weeds prior to crop emergence. Some weeds, such as black nightshade, broadleaf signalgrass, sicklepod, Texas panicum, sandbur, annual morningglory, woolly cupgrass, shattercane, wild proso millet, burcucumber, and giant ragweed with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require a second application of this product for complete control. The second application should be made after some regrowth has occurred and at least 10 days after a previous application of this product.

11.1 Canola with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT ON CANOLA WITH THE ROUNDUP READY GENE PLANTED IN THE FOLLOWING STATES: ALABAMA, DELAWARE, FLORIDA, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY, MARYLAND, NEW JERSEY, NORTH CAROLINA, SOUTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND WEST VIRGINIA.

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OVER ROUNDUP READY CANOLA MAY NOT BE PRACTICED

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IN CALIFORNIA UNLESS THE APPLICATOR HAS AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION A CALIFORNIA-APPROVED SUP-PLEMENTAL LABEL SPECIFYING THE ACCEPTED DIREC-TIONS FOR USE.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Preplant, At-planting,

Preemergence applications

44 fluid ounces per acre

Total in-crop application from

emergence to 6-leaf stage

22 fluid ounces per acre

Preplant, At-Planting and Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before. during or after planting canola.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready canola from emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development. Applications made during botting or flowering may result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds.

Weeds Controlled: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this booklet.

Single Application—Apply 11 to 16 fluid ounces per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage for the control of annual weeds. Avoid overlapping applications that may result in temporary yellowing, delayed flowering, and or growth reduction. Similar injury may result when applications of more than 11 fluid ounces per acre are applied after the 4-leaf stage.

Sequential Application-Apply 11 fluid ounces per acre to 1to 3-leaf canola followed by a sequential application at a minimum interval of 10 days, but no later than the 6-leaf stage. Sequential applications are recommended for early emerging annual weeds and perennial weeds such as

Canada thistle and quackgrass or when controlling weeds with multiple application times.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development and the total in-crop application should not exceed 22 fluid ounces per acre. Allow a minimum of 60 days between last application and canola harvest.

1.2 Corn with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (in-crop), Spot Treatment, Preharvest, Post-Harvest.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Combined total per year

for all applications

5.3 quarts per acre

Preplant, At-planting,

Preemergence applications

3.3 quarts per acre

Total in-crop applications from emergence through the V8 stage or 30 inches,

until 7 days before harvest

44 fluid ounces per acre

Maximum preharvest application rate after maximum kernel fill is complete and the crop is physiologically mature (black layer formation)

22 fluid ounces per acre

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting corn.

ROUNDUP READY CROPS

NOTE: For maximum weed control, a postemergence (incrop) application of this product should be applied following the use of less than labeled rates of the preemergence residual products listed above.

Postemergence (in-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready corn from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars) or until corn height reaches 30 inches, whichever comes first.

When applied as directed, this product controls labeled annual grass and broadleaf weeds in Roundup Ready corn. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more application of this product. The postemergent application of 16 to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product should be made before the weeds reach a height and/or density that the weeds become competitive with the crop, generally 4 inch tall weeds or less.

This product may be applied alone as a postemergence incrop application to provide control of emerged weeds listed on this label. If new flushes of weeds occur, a sequential application of this product at 16 to 22 fluid conces per acre will control the labeled grasses and broadleal weeds

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied in tank mixture with Bullet, Degree, Degree Xtra, Harness, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L, and Micro-Tech at 50 to 100 percent of labeled rate. This product may be applied in tank mixture with Permit® and atrazine at labeled rates. Refer to the speci-

fic product label and observe all precautions and limitations on the label for all products used in tank mixtures, including application-timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum recropping interval and rotational guidelines—the more restrictive requirements apply.

Tank-Mix Pariner	Maximum Height of Corn For Application
Degree Degree Xtra Harness Harness Xtra Harness Xtra 5.6 L	11 inches
Bullet* Micro-Tech*	5 inches
Permit	30 inches
atrazine	12 inches

*Bullet and Micro-Tech are not registered for use as a postemergence application in Texas.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. Single in-crop applications of this product are not to exceed 22 fluid punces per acre. Sequential in-crop applications of this product from emergence through the V8 stage or 30 inches must not exceed 44 fluid ounces per acre per growing season. Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product. Allow a minimum of 50 days between application of this product and harvest of corn forage.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: In Roundup Ready corn, up to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product can be applied preharvest. Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed).

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PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2.4-D or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS; Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vege-

3 Cotton with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Over-the-Top, Selective Equipment, Preharvest.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Combined total per year

for all applications

5.3 quarts per acre

Preplant, At-planting,

3.3 quarts per acre

Preemergence applications Total in-crop applications from

ground cracking to layby

2.5 quarts per acre

Maximum preharvest application rate

44 fluid ounces per acre

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. The combined total application of this product from cotton emergence until harvest must not exceed 4 quarts per acre. NO MORE THAN TWO OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST APPLICATIONS MAY BE MADE FROM CROP EMERGENCE THROUGH THE 4-LEAF (NODE) STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT. NO MORE THAN TWO

APPLICATIONS SHOULD BE MADE FROM THE 5-LEAF STAGE THROUGH LAYBY, SEQUENTIAL IN-CROP OVER-THE-TOP OR POST-DIRECTED APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MUST BE AT LEAST 10 DAYS APART AND COT-TON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS, ALLOW A MINIMUM OF 7 DAYS BETWEEN APPLICATION AND HARVEST.

Preplant, At-Planting and Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton.

Over-the-Too

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment at rates up to 22 fluid ounces per acre per application postemergence to Roundup Ready cotton from the ground cracking stage until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter). Over-the-top applications made after the 4-leaf (node) stage of development may result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

Salvage Trealment. This treatment may be used after the 4leaf stage of development and should only be used where weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop. 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product may be applied either as an overthe-top applications or as a post-directed treatments sprayed higher on the colton plants and over the weeds. NOTE: SALVAGE TREATMENTS WILL RESULT IN SIGNIFI-CANT BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS. NO MORE THAN ONE SALVAGE TREATMENT SHOULD BE USED PER GROWING SEASON.

NOTE: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this booklet.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

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Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers at rates up to 22 fluid ounces per acre per application to Roundup Ready cotton through layby. At this stage, post-directed equipment should be used which directs the spray to the base of the cotton plants. Contact of the spray with cotton leaves should be avoided to the maximum extent possible. To minimize spray onto the leaves of the cotton plants, place nozzles in a low position directing a horizontal spray pattern under the cotton leaves to contact weeds in the row, and maintain low spray pressure (less than 30 psi). For best results, make applications while weeds are small (less than 3 inches).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for preharvest annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast treatment to Roundup Ready cotton after 20 percent boll crack. Up to 44 fluid ounces of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. NOTE: This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready cotton

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. Do not apply this product to cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF ROUNDUP READY COTTON, HOW-EVER, VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRO-NOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH

THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LABEL SPECIFICATIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY ANO/OR YIELD LOSS.

.4 Soybeans with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence, Preharvest, Post-Harvest.

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OVER ROUNDUP READY SOYBEANS MAY NOT BE PRAC-TICED IN CALIFORNIA UNLESS THE APPLICATOR HAS AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION A CALIFORNIA-APPROVED SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL SPECIFYING THE ACCEPTED DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Combined total per year for all applications

5.3 quarts per acre

Preplant, At-planting,

Preemergence applications

3.3 quarts per acre

Total in-crop applications from

cracking throughout flowering

64 fluid ounces per acre

Maximum preharvest -

application rate

22 fluid ounces per acre

PRECAUTIONS/RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this tabel for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting soybeans.

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Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: When applied as directed, this product will control labeled annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in Roundup Ready soybeans. Applications of this product can be made in Roundup Ready soybeans from emergence (cracking) throughout flowering. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" in this label for rate recommendations for specific annual weeds. In general, an initial application of 22 fluid ounces per acre on 2 to 8 inch tall weeds is recommended. Weeds will generally be 2 to 8 inches tall, 2 to 5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are larger, apply a higher rate of this product. This product may be used up to 44 fluid ounces per acre in any single in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where heavy weed densities exist.

A 22- to 44-fluid-ounce per acre rate (single or multiple applications) of this product will control or suppress perennial weeds such as: Bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, fleld bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem muhly. For best results, allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6 inches of growth before spraying with this product.

Under adverse growing conditions such as drought, hail, wind damage or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this may be necessary to control late flushes of weeds. IN THE SOUTHERN STATES, A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN CROP. To control giant ragweed, it is recommended that 22 fluid cunces per acre of this product be applied when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and possibly avoid the need for a sequential application.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 64 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 44 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum combined total of this product that can be applied during flowering is 44 fluid ounces per acre.

Preharves

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans. Up to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product can be applied by aerial or ground application.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment. Allow a minimum of 14 days between final application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain, forage or hay.

Post-Harvesi

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of Roundup Ready soybeans. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-0 or dicamba may be used.

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11.5 Sugar Beets with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Combined total per year for

all applications

5.3 quarts per acre

Preplant, At-planting,

Preemergence applications

3.3 quarts per acre

Emergence to 8-leaf stage

56 fluid ounces per acre

Between 8-leaf stage and canopy

closure

44 fluid ounces per acre

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 3 quarts per acre. The maximum rate for any single application from crop emergence until the 8-leaf stage is 32 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single application between the 8-leaf stage and canopy closure is 22 fluid ounces per acre. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and sugar beet harvest.

Preplant, At-Planling and Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting of Roundup Ready sugar beets.

Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergent over-the-top to Roundup Ready sugar beels from emergence to 30 days prior to harvest. To maximize yield potential spray sugar beets early to eliminate competing weeds. Up to 4 sequential applications of this product may be made with al least 10 days between applications. Refer to

the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this label for rate recommendations for specific annual weeds. This product will control or suppress most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, repeat applications may be required to eliminate crop competition throughout the growing season.

12.0 NONCROP USES AROUND THE FARMSTEAD

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: General Weed Control, Trim-and-Edge, Greenhouse/Shadehouse, Chemical Mowing, Cut Stumps, Habitat Management.

12.1 General Weed Control and Trim-And-Edge

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual weeds, perennial weeds and woody brush which are found in any part of the farmstead, including building foundations, along and in fences, in dry ditches and canals, along ditchbanks, farm roads, shelterbelts, prior to landscape planlings and equipment storage areas.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the following products. Refer to these product labels for approved farmstead sites and application rates. For annual weeds, use 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 32-fluid ounces per acre when weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall and 44 fluid ounces per acre when weeds are greater than 12 inches tall. For perennial weeds, apply 44 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts per acre in these tank mixes. For tank mixtures with these products through backpack sprayers, handguns or other high-volume spray-to-well applications, see the "ANNUAL WEEDS—HAND-HELO OR HIGH VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section of this label for recommended rates.

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FARMSTEADS

Arsenal Plateau Princep DF Banvel/Clarity Princep Liquid Barricade¹⁴ 65WG Ronstar 50 WP Diuron Sahara EnduranceTM Escontin Simazine Surflan Karmex DF Telarin Krovar I DF Vanquish™ Qustim Pendulum 3.3 EC 2.4-D

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

12.2 Greenhouse/ Shadehouse

Pendulum WDG

This product may be used to control weeds in and around greenhouses and shadehouses. Desirable vegetation must not be present during application and air circulation fans must be turned off. Do not use in residential greenhouses.

12.3 Chemical Mowing

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Use 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Use 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating tall fescue, fine fescue, cochardgrass, bahiagrass or quackgrass covers. Use 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Bermudagrass. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating toppedograss or paragrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Chemical mowing applications may be made along farm ditches and other parts of farmsteads.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

12.4 Cut Stumps

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Treating cut stumps in any non-crop site listed on this label

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion

Alder Reed, giant
Eucalyptus Saltcedar
Madrone Sweetgum
Oak Tan oak
Pepper, Brazilian Willow
Pine, Austrian

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not make cut stump applications when the roots of desirable woody brush or trees may be grafted to the roots of the cut stump. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

12.5 Habitat Management

TYPES OF USES: Habital Restoration and Maintenance, Wildlife Food Piols.

Habitat Restoration and Maintenance

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habital management areas. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad spectrum vegetation control requirements in habital management areas. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habital maintenance and enhancement.

Wildlife Food Plots

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a site preparation treatment to control annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If fillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before titles.

13.0 INDUSTRIAL, TURF

Detailed instructions follow alphabetically, by site.

Unless otherwise specified, applications may be made to control any weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS," "PERENNIAL WEEDS," and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" in this label. Refer also to the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section.

13.1 Cut Stumps

Cut stump treatments may be made on any site listed on this label. This product will control many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Out trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

Alder Eucalyptus Madrone Oak Reed, giant Saltcedar Sweetgum Tan oak Willow

DO NOT MAKE CUT STUMP APPLICATIONS WHEN THE ROOTS OF DESIRABLE WOODY BRUSH OR TREES MAY BE GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

13.2 General Noncrop Areas and Industrial Sites

Use in areas such as airports. Christmas tree farms, ditch banks, dry ditches, dry canals, fencerows, golf courses, industrial siles, lumber yards, manufacturing siles, office complexes, ornamental nurseries, parking areas, petroleum tank farms and pumping installations, railroads, roadsides, sod or turf seed farms, storage areas, substations, ware-

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INDUSTRIAL AND NONCROP

house areas, other public areas, and similar industrial and noncrop sites.

General Weed Control, Trim-and-Edge and Bare Ground

This product may be used in general noncrop areas. It may be applied with any application equipment described in this label. This product may be used to trim-and-edge around objects in noncrop sites, for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation and to eliminate unwanted weeds growing established shrub beds or ornamental plantings. This product may be used prior to planting an area to ornamentals, llowers, lurfgrass (sod or seed), or prior to laying asphalt or beginning construction projects.

Repeated applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground.

This product may be tank mixed with the following products. Refer to these products' labels for approved noncrop sites and application rates.

Arsenal
Clarity
Barricade™ 65WG
Diuron
Endurance™
Escort™
Garlon™ 3A
Garlon 4
Karmex™ DF
Krovar™ | DF
Manage®
Oust

Pendulum™ 3.3 EC Pendulum WDG Plateau™ Princeip™DF Princep™ Liquid Ronstar™50WP Sahara™ Simazine Surflan™ Tetar™ Vanquish™ 2,4-D

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

When applied as a tank mixture for bare ground, this product provides control of the emerged annual weeds and control or partial control of emerged perennial weeds, woody brush and trees.

For control or partial control of the following perennial weeds, apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product plus 2 to 4 ounces of Oust per acre.

Bahlagrass Bermudagrass Broomsedge Dallisgrass Dock, curly Dogtennel Fescue, tall Johnsongrass Poorjoe Quackgrass Vaseygrass Vervain, blue

Chemical Mowing—Perennials

This product will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Use 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass, quackgrass or reed canarygrass covers. Use 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre.

Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be lolerated.

Chemical Mowing—Annuals

For growth suppression of some annual grasses, such as annual ryegrass, wild barley and wild oats growing in coarse turf on roadsides or other industrial areas, apply 3 to 4 lluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Applications should be made when annual grasses are actively growing and before the seedheads are in the boot stage of development. Treatments may cause injury to the desired grasses.

Bromus species and Medusahead in Pastures and Rangelands

Bromus species. This product may be used to treat downy brome (Bromus tectorum), Japanese brome (Bromus japonicus), soft chess (Bromus mollis) and chealgrass (Bromus secalinus) found in industrial, rangeland and pasture sites.

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Apply 6 to 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre on a broadcast basis.

For best results, treatment should coincide with early seedhead emergence of the most mature plants. Delaying the application until this growth stage will maximize the emergence of other weedy grass flushes. Applications should be made to the same site each year until seed banks are depleted and the desirable perennial grasses can become reestablished on the site.

Medusahead. To treat medusahead, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre as soon as plants are actively growing. and prior to the 4-leaf stage. Applications may be made in the fall or spring.

Applications to brome and medusahead may be made using ground or aerial equipment. Aerial applications for these uses may be made using tixed wing or helicopter equipment. For aerial applications, apply in 2 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For applications using ground equipment, apply in 10 to 20 gaillons of water per acre. When applied as directed in this label, there are no grazing restrictions.

Dormant Turigrass

This product may be used to control or suppress many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant Bermudagrass and bahiagrass turf. Treat only when turf is dormant and prior to spring greenup.

Apply 6 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Apply the recommended rates in 10 to 40 gations of water per acre. Use only in areas where Bermudagrass or bahlagrass are desirable ground covers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated.

Trealments in excess of 11 fluid ounces per acre may result in injury or delayed greenup in highly maintained areas, such as golf courses and lawns. DO NOT apply lank mixtures of this product plus Oust in highly maintained turfgrass areas. For further uses, refer to the "ROADSIDES" section of this label, which gives rates for dormant Bermudagrass and bahiagrass treatments.

Actively Growing Bermudagrass

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing Bermudagrass. DO NOT apply more than 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre in highly maintained turigrass areas. DO NOT apply tank mixtures of this product plus Oust in highly maintained turigrass areas. For lurther uses, refer to the "ROADSIDES" section of this label, which gives rates for actively growing Bermudagrass treatments. Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoforation can be tolerated.

Turtgrass Renovation, Seed, or Sod Production

This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turfgrass areas or establishing turfgrass grown for seed or sod. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting or sodding to determine it any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide the best control. Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turigrass management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular moving to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray.

Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow translocation into underground plant parts.

Desirable turfgrasses may be planted following the above procedures.

Hand-held equipment may be used for soot treatment of unwanted vegetation growing in existing jurigrass. Broadcast or hand-held equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.

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Do not feed or graze turfgrass grown for seed or sod production for 8 weeks following application.

13.3 Habitat Management

Habital Restoration and Management

This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management and natural areas, including rangeland and wildlife refuges. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad-spectrum vegetation control requirements. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat management and enhancement.

Wildlife Food Plots

This product may be used as a site preparation treatment prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage to allow translocation into underground plant parts.

13.4 Injection and Frill (Woody Brush and Trees)

This product may be used to control woody brush and trees by injection or frill applications. Apply this product using suitable equipment that must penetrate into the living tissue. Apply the equivalent of ½3 fluid ounce (1 mL) of this product per each 2 to 3 inches of trunk diameter at breast height (OBH). This is best achieved by applying a 50 to 100 percent concentration of this product either to a continuous frill around the tree or as cuts evenly spaced around the tree below all branches. As tree diameter increases in size, better results are achieved by applying diluted material to a continuous frill or more closely spaced cuttings. Avoid application techniques that allow runotly to occur from frilled or cut areas.

in species that exude sap freely. In species such as this, make the frill or cuts at an oblique angle to produce a cupping effect and use a 100 percent concentration of this product. For best results, application should be made during periods of active growth and after full leaf expansion. This product will control many species, some of which are listed below:

<u>Control</u> Oak Pontar

Poplar Sweetgum Sycamore Partial Control Black gum Dogwood Hickory

Maple, red

13.5 Ornamentals, Plant Nurseries, and Christmas Trees

Post-Directed, Trim-and-Edge

This product may be used as a post-directed spray around established woody ornamental species such as arborvitae, azalea, boxwood, crabapple, eucalyptus, euonymus, fir, Douglas fir, jojoba, hollies, lilac, magnolia, maple, oak, poplar, privel, pine, spruce and yew. This product may also be used to trim and edge around trees, buildings, sidewalks and roads, potted plants and other objects in a nursery setting.

Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material. THIS PRODUCT IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN ORNAMENTALS AND CHRISTMAS TREES. Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of established ornamental species.

Site Preparation

This product may be used prior to planting any ornamental, nursery or Christmas tree species.

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Winers

This product may be used through wick or other suitable wiper applicators to control or partially control undesirable vegetation around established eucalyptus or poplar trees. See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label for further information about the proper use of wiper applicators.

Greenhouse/Shadehouse

This product may be used to control weeds growing in and around greenhouses and shadehouses. Desirable vegetation must not be present during application and air circulation fans must be turned off. Do not use in residential greenhouses.

13.6 Railroads

All of the instructions in the "GENERAL NONCROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section apply to railroads.

Bare Ground, Ballast and Shoulders, Crossings, and Spot Treatment

This product may be used to maintain bare ground on railroad ballast and shoulders. Repeat applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground. This product may be used to control tail-growing weeds to improve line-of-sight at railroad crossings and reduce the need for mowing along rights-of-way. For crossing applications, up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used. This product may be tank mixed with the following products for ballast, shoulder, spot, bare ground and crossing treatments:

•	
Arsenal	Krovar I I
Clarity	Oust
Diuron	Sahara
Escort	Spike ^{7M}
Garlon3A	Tèlar
Garlon 4	Vanguist
Hyvar™X	2,4-D

Brush Control

This product may be used to control woody brush and trees on railroad rights-of-way. Apply 2.5 to 7 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray, using boom-type or boomless nozzles. Up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used. Apply a 0.7 to 1.5 percent solution of this product when using high-volume spray-to-wet applications. Apply a 4 to 7 percent solution of this product when using low volume directed sprays for spot treatment. This product may be mixed with the following products for enhanced control of woody brush and trees:

К

•	
Arsenal	Garlon 4
Escort	Tarden™
Garlon 3A	

Bermudagrass Release

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of activety growing Bermudagrass. Apply 11 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following organial species:

tonowing percinnal species.	~
Bahiagrass	Johnsongrass
Bluestem, silver	Trumpetcreeper
Fescue tall -	Vasevorass

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust. If tank-mixed, use no more than 11 to 32 fluid ounces of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the Oust label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

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Bahiagrass Fescue, tall
Blackberry Johnsongrass
Bluestem, silver Poorjoe
Broomsedge Raspberry
Dallisgrass Frumpetcreeper
Dewberry Vaseygrass
Dock, curly Vervain, blue
Dogfennel

Use only on well-established Bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may

13.7 Roadsides

All of the instructions in the "GENERAL NONCROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section apply to roadsides.

Shoulder Treatments

This product may be used on road shoulders. It may be applied with boom sprayers, shielded boom sprayers, high-volume off-center nozzles, hand-held equipment, and similar actions and similar actions are the second strains and similar actions and similar actions are the second strains and similar actions and similar actions are the second strains and similar actions are the second strains and second strains are the second stra

Guardrails and other Obstacles to Mowing

This product may be used to control weeds growing under guardrails and around signposts and other objects along the

Spot Treatment

This product may be used as a spot treatment to control unwanted vegetation growing along roadsides.

Tank Mixtures

This product may be tank-mixed with the following products for shoulder, guardrail, spot and bare ground treatments:

Clarity Princep Liquid Ronstar 50WP Diuron Endurance Sahara Simazine Escon Krovar I DF Surffan Ous! Tetar Pendulum 3.3 EC Vanquish Pendulum WDG 2,4-D Princep DF

See the "GENERAL NONCROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section of this label for general instructions for tank mixing.

Release of Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass

Dormant Applications

This product may be used to control or partially control many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant Bermudagrass or bahiagrass. Treat only when furf is dormant and prior to spring greenup. This product may also be tank-mixed with Oust for residual control. Tank mixtures of this product with Oust may delay greenup.

For best results on winter annuals, treat when plants are in an early growth stage (below 6 inches in height) after most have germinated. For best results on tall fescue, treat when tescue is at or beyond the 4- to 6-leaf stage.

Apply 6 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre alone or in a tank mixture with 0.25 to 1 ounce per acre of Oust. Apply the recommended rates in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Use only in areas where Bermudagrass or bahiagrass are desirable ground covers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated. To avoid delays in green up and minimize injury, add no more than 1 ounce of Oust per acre on Bermudagrass and no more than 0.5 ounce of Oust per acre on bahiagrass and avoid treatments when these grasses are in a semi-dormant condition.

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Actively growing Bermudagrass

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing Bermudagrass. Apply 11 to 32 Iluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

Bahiagrass Bluestem, silver Fescue, tali

Johnsongrass Trumpetcreeper Vasevorass

This product may be tank-mixed with Qust. If tank-mixed, use no more than 11 to 22 fluid ounces of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the Oust label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

Báhiagrass Bluestem, silver Broomsedge Dallisgrass Dack, curly Dogtennel

Fescue, tall Johnsongrass Poorjoe Trumpetcreeper Vaseygrass Vervain, blue

Use only on well-established Bermudagrass, Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications of the tank mix in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may occur.

Actively growing Bahiagrass

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full green up or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 3 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 3 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

A tank mixture of this product plus Oust may be used. Apply 4 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.25 ounce of Oust per acre 1 to 2 weeks following an initial spring mowing. Make only one application per year.

4.0 ANNUAL WEEDS

(Alphabetically by Species)

WATER CARRIER VOLUMES OF 3 TO 10 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR GROUND APPLICATIONS AND 3 TO 5 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS ARE RECOM-MENDED.

Apply to actively growing annual weeds. Annual weeds are generally easiest to control when they are small,

Older, mature (hardened) annual weed species may require higher rates even if they meet the size requirements.

Do not tank mix with soil residual herbicides when using these rates unless otherwise specified.

For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment.

This product may be used up to 32 fluid ounces per acre where heavy weed densities exist.

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

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RATE
(Iluid ounces per acre)
11 16 22 27 32
Maximum beighl/length (in inches) **WEED SPECIES**

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Ammannia, purple	4 3 3 E	¹ 2.6 →	> 12 €	(2)(2)	18
Annoda, spurred	•	2	3	5	8
Barley 6	18	18+			· ·
Barnyardgrass	•	3	6	7	9
Bassia, fivehook	437-41		76		
Beggarweed, Florida	-	5	8	-	-
Bittercress 25 Co.	3412	- 20.			w5
Bluegrass, annual	10		•		-
Bluegrass (bu) boust at	150.0	î¥ și		3 0 7 7	经基础
Brome, downy 1.2.	6	12	-	-	-
Brome Japanese	5.67	312	24		
Browntop panicum	6	8	12		24
Buckwheat, wild 3.334		逐逐	2.2.		
Burcucumber		6	12	-	18
Buttercup	12"	20 *	- T	·	🗽
Carolina geranium	-		4		9
Carpelweed		6	12	-	-
Cheat?	6	20		•	
Chiervil To San The	. 20	- :	-	-	-
Chickweed	-	12	18	•	-
Cockiebur,	£ 12	18-	24	71	36
Copperleaf, hophornbea		2	4		6
Copperleat, Virginia	13.7 E.U	2	4		6
Coreopsis, plains		6	12	-	18
Corn volunteer	√.° 6′2	: 12 , ?	20		4.0
Corn speedwell	12				
Crabgrass (All 2012)	$_{i}$ $_{i}$ $_{i+\gamma}$. 6	12	4. "	
Crowlootgrass			6	-	12
Cutleat evening primros	079	7.5	₹3 ₹		64
_Devilsclaw (unicorn plan	11)	3	6	-	•
Dwarfdandelion	7-712	4.7			

Eastern mannagrass	8	12			
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Fall panicum	3245;23. 4	and to Tak	ي	۾ اوري سات	
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Falseflax, smallseed	12	es ey.		යා ස්ථ	ل قدمه ۸
Hodleneck **	25.50	776	<u>12</u>	et de	na a triba
Field pennycress		12	1811 <u>4</u> 1		*** <u>*</u>
filaren			Serve	- ******	esse destin
Fleabane, annual	6	20	A STATE OF		±≨12.√
Fleabane, hairy	v. F	33.v u	-SURY	3337	
(Conyza bonariensis)	ALC: Y	1		4	133
Fleabane, rough	±66€;}	جنيق لكا	- Di	vi i	10
Florida pusley		i Sasaya	भरतके छ भरतके छ	52524E	Constitution of
Foxtail, giant, bristly, yellow	, 6 ⊡'⊊≅€	12	341		, б
Foxtail Carolina C	51732	<u>ا</u> کا ج	<u>20</u> इंक्टरूट	विकास	- শ্বন্ধা প্রথম
hoxtail, oreen	17			26.	
Goalgrass Jointed	7 6 7 S	্ জ্বস্তু	eggggreen	e Telegrapia	Nanc Ford
Goosegrass		<u>ا ۱۲۰۰</u>		200	130.25
cGrain sorphim (mio)	10.00	इन्छ <i>ा</i>	D Tanta	Oranie	12 5500000
urbungcherry	AME S	12470	50 2U 50	1	
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Hemp sesbania		20.0	ាក់ន		
Henbird	en e	erio en	er ar us	, 0	ď
Horseweed/ Marestail			D 7	· · · ·	12.
(Conyza canadensis)	_	c			
Itchgrass	6.23	6	12		18
Jimsonweed	0.5		12.	4.	181
Johnsongrass, seedling	·	12	12.	•	18
Junglerice	0	14	18	-	24
Knotweed And Control	a Livi	3	Ď	/	9
Kochia 4	- a	•••	ь.	•	12
Lambsquarters 💥 🍇 .		to 6	12	•	-
Little barley		6	12	-	20
London rocket	e Eriki	12			-
Mayweed	71.00	<u> </u>	24.23;		7,7 <u>2</u> · .
Mominoplory annual	- Interior	e Transport	ዕ ትጽሐንነት	12 327	18
(Ipomoea spp)	**	200		Σ <u>Α</u> .*	S
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ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

RATE

(fluid ounces per acre) 11 16 22 27 32

WEED SPECIES	11	16	22	27	32
	Maximun	n heigh	t/lengti	h (in ic	iches)
Mustard, blue	6	12	18		
Mustard tansy	3.6	- 12	18		
Mustard, tumble	6	12	18		· · ·
Mustard wild	5.5 > 6.	4.12	18		
Nightshade, black	-	4	6	•	12
Nightshade hairy	1	2754±	3.6°2	E . W	7.127
Oats	3 ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	— 6 ~~~~	18 *******	- Sions	VERNA SI
Pigweed species	V 4	(S) (1/2)	12.12	7.24 v	
Prickly lettuce	_ 	D Desartich)2 Saxata	- General	Markening
PIEDE A		<u> </u>	- 3 m		55.60%
Ragweed, common	- Partyringer skyl	D Tare en Colo	12 560 652	- Charles	18 *****
Ragweed glants a		10	121	2. 12.	18%
Red rice	entrarrezes.	istera inte	स् वर्षात्रसम्बद्धाः	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	TERRITOR
Rye volunteer/cereal	0	10	ي +0اني	-2.2	4.5
- Ryegrass マウエスはないではいる 25-50	e Brander i de la	(현존되어도			. 705
Sandbur, field	100	! (5) .		•	1,
Sandbur, longspine		14	20	-	•
Shattercane	60 mg.	" 114 . "12 .	20	-	٠٠.
Shepherd's purse	D Sylvensky far style	ارجيست 17	: 4		
Signalgrass, broadles		#1250	Ľ	التي توات	0.1.
Smartweed ladysthu		रमध्ये हे	eme:	er for g	.a.°
Smartweed, Pennsylv			<u></u>		
Sowthistle; annual		**************************************)6 <u></u> 6	 	5/1925
Spanishneedles		<u> </u>	200	ಯ ಪ್ರತಿಗೌ	12
Speedwell: purslane	**************************************		i de la companya de La companya de la co		4.25.23 4.25.23 4.25.23
Sprangletop		12	20		
Sprangictop		- 1 € - 10 7 ' -4 70'		***	70=**

and a bearing a solution of the control of the cont

Stinkgrass		12			
Sunflower	7:12	18.	?	. • [a
Swinecress	-	5	12		77.7
-Teaweed/Prickly side	10. 23	5 2 ·	4	17,	. 60
Texas panicum	6	~~8 °	^ 12		24
Thistle, Russian		~6 ~	12	30 <u>(</u>	
Velvetleaf	•	•	6		12
Virginja pepperweed	12.	- j8\			X1 \
Waternemp	-	-	6	*****	12
Wheat?	6	્12ે	_18` <u>-</u>	ere ere.	771
Wheat (overwintered)	-	6	12	-	18
Wild oals	3 -	. 6.	. 18	- L	
Wild prosp millet	. -	6	12	+	18
Wilchgrass		12			\$ 7. 20
Woolly cupgrass		6	12	-	
Yellow rocket		12.1	≨20.∵		7.77
1 For control of develop bear		. 45H			

Spurge prostrater 6 12 Spurge, sported 6 12 Spurry umbrella 14 17 16 18

- For control of downy brome in no-till systems, use 16 fluid ounces per acre.
- ² Performance is better if application is made before this weed reaches the boot stage of growth.
- ^aUse 16 fluid ounces per acre of this product to control wild buckwheat in the cotyledon to 2-leaf stage. Use 22 fluid ounces per acre to control 2- to 4-leaf wild buckwheat. For improved control of wild buckwheat over 2 inches in size, use sequential treatments of 22 fluid ounces followed by 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre.
- *Oo not treat kochia in the button stage.
- 5 Control of Russian thistle may vary based on environmental conditions and spray coverage. Whenever possible, a tank mixture with 2,4-D as described below may improve control.

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE 106

14.1 Annual Weeds—Rates for 10 to 40 Gallons per Acre

Apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Use 22 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 32 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall and 44 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are greater than 12 inches tall. These rates will provide control of weeds listed in the annual weed control tables when water carrier volumes are 10 to 40 gallons per acre for ground applications. Older, mature (hardened) annual weed species may require higher rates even if they meet the size requirements.

14.2 Annual Weeds—Tank Mixtures with 2,4-D or Dicamba or Tordon 22K

8 to 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.25 pound of dicamba or 0.5 pound of 2.4-D or 1 to 2 fluid ounces of Tordon 22K per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 5 inches-prickly lettuce, marestail/horseweed, morningglory, kochia (dicamba only) vild buckwheat (Tordon 22K only); 12 inches-cocklebur, lambsquarters, pigweed, Russian thistle (2.4-D only).

11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2.4-D per acre will control the following weeds when they are a maximum height or length of 6 inches: common ragweed, giant ragweed. Pennsylvania smartweed, and velvetleaf. Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba or Tordon 22K is applied within 45 days of planting.

DO NOT APPLY DICAMBA TANK MIXTURES BY AIR IN CALIFORNIA.

14.3 Annual Weeds—Hand-Held or High-Volume Equipment

for control of weeds fisted in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLES", apply a 0.4 percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. For annual weeds over 6 inches fall, or unless otherwise specified, use a 0.7 percent solution.

For best results, use a 1.5 percent solution on harder-tocontrol perennials, such as Bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

When using application methods that result in less than complete coverage, use a 4 percent solution for annual and perennial weeds and a 4 to 7 percent solution for woody brush and trees.

14.4 Annual Weeds—Tank Mixtures with Atrazine for Fallow and Reduced Tillage Systems

For use only in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, and Washington, in Oregon and Washington, do not exceed 1 pound of atrazine per acre.

16 to 20 fluid ounces of this product plus 1 to 2 pounds of atrazine per acre will control the following weeds: Barnyardgrass (requires 20 fluid ounces for control), Downy brome, Green foxtail, Lambsquarters, Prickly lettuce, Tansy mustard, Pigweed, Field sandbur, Stinkgrass, Russian thistle, Volunteer wheat, Witchgrass and Kochia (add 0.125 pound of dicamba for control).

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE 108

15.0 PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

Apply to actively growing perennial weeds.

NOTE: If weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not treat until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the recommended stages.

7:

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed. Repeat treatments must be made prior to crop emergence.

Unless otherwise stated, allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Best results are obtained when soil moisture is adequate for active weed growth.

Weed Species Rate Water Hand-Held Volume (GPA): % Solution (Alfalfa 11.5 3.10 1.5%

Make applications after the last hay cutting in the fall. Allow alialfa to regrow to a height of 6 to 8 inches or more prior to treatment. Applications should be followed with deep tillage at least 7 days after treatment, but before soil treeze-up.

cAlligatorweed 3 3-20 1%

For panial control. Apply when most of the plants are in bloom. Repeat applications will be required to maintain control.

(Anise (fennel) 1.1.5%

For hand held, apply as a spray-to-wel treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth.

Bahlagrass 23.3 3 20 15%.

Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.

Bentgrass 11.5%
For suppression in grass seed production areas. For ground appli-

cations only. Ensure entire crown area has resumed growth orior to a fall application. Bentgrass should have at least 3 inches of growth. Tillage prior to treatment should be avoided. Talage 7 to 10 days after application is recommended for best results.

Bermudagrass 2233 3-20

For control, apply 3.3 quarts of this product per acre. For partial control, apply 64 fluid ounces per acre. Treal when Bermudagrass is actively growing and seedheads are present. Retreatment may be necessary to maintain control.

8ermudagrass 1.5% Swater (knotgrass) 1.07-1 5.10 1.5%

Apply 32 fluid ounces of this graduct in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply when water Bermudgrass is 12 to 18 inches in length. Allow 7 or more days before tilling, flushing or flooding the field.

Fall applications only: Apply 22 fluid ounces of this groduct in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Fallow fields should be tilled prior to application. Apply prior to frost on water Bermudagrass that is 12 to 18 inches in length.

This product is not registered in California for use on water Bermudagrass.

FBindweed field 104-3.3 3-20 115%

Do not treat when weeds are under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth.

For control, apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 2 to 2.5 quarts east of the Mississippi River. Apply when the weeds are at or beyond full bloom. For best results, apply in tate summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

Also for control, apply 44 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of dicamba in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. On not apply by air.

For suppression on irrigated agricultural land, apply 22 to 44 fluid nunces of this graduct plus 1 pound of 2.4-0 in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment only. Applications should be made following harvest or in fall fallow ground when the bindweed is actively growing and the majority of runners are 12 inches or more in length. The use of at least one irrigation will promote active bindweed growth.

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

Volume (GPA) (OT/A).:

For suppression, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-0 in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Apply by air in lallow and reduced tillage systems only. Applications should be delayed until maximum emergence has occurred and when vines are between 6 to 18 inches in length.

in Catifornia only, apply 22 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts of this product per acre. Actual rate needed for suppression or control will vary within this range depending on local conditions. For suppression on irrigated land where annual tillage is performed, apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to bindweed that has reached a length of 12 inches or greater. Allow maximum weed emergence and runner growth. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Billegrass Aerituck 07 | 151340

Apply 44 Huid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Blueweed, Texas 2-3.3 3-40

Apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 2 to 2.5 quarts per acre east of the Mississippi River, Apply when plants are at or beyond full bloom. New leat development indicates active growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing trost. (Brackenfern - 1% + 2.3 3.40 3.40 1% - 1% -

Apply to fully expanded fronds that are at least 18 inches long.

Apply 44 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seednead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gal-lons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Bursage woolly leaf 3.20 1.5% For control, apply 44 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of dicamba per acre. For partial control, apply 22 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of dicamba per acre. Apply when plants are producing new active growth which has been initiated by moisture for all least 2 weeks and when plants are at or beyond flowering.

Canarygrass reed 2152 340 177115% For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-tohead stage of growth

Ganalin 3. (15%) Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.

Clover leds white 4:2:30 st; 3:20 80 aug. 1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage.

Also for control, apply 11 to 22 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 to 1 pound of 2,4-0 in 3 to 10 gallons of water per zore.

Cogongrass 7 11 2 3 3 5 10 40 pt 2 1.5% 3 4 Apply when cogongrass is at least 18 inches latt in late summer or fall. Due to uneven stages of growth and the dense nature of vege-tation preventing good spray coverage, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control.

Dallisgrass 23.3 3.20 3.20 Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.

Dandetion 1.5% 2-3.3 3.40 1.5% Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth Also for control, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-0 in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

Oock, curty 2-3.3 1 3-40 1.5%
Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth. Also for control, apply 11 to 22 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5

to 1 pound of 2.4-D in 3 to 10 gallions of water per acre.

Oogbane, hemp 3.3 3.40 1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. Following crop harvest or mowing, allow weeds to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment. For best results, apply in late summer or fall.

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

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Volume (GPA)

For suppression, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-0 in 3 to 10 gations of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Delay applications until maximum emergence of dogbane has

Fescue (except tall) V 2-3.3 3 3 20 Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.

Apply 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development,

Fall applications only. Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to tescue in the fall when plants have 6 to 12 inches of new growth. A sequential application of 11 fluid ounces per acre of this product will improve long-term control and control seedlings germinating after fall treatments or the

following spring.

Apply when most plants have reached at least the 7-leaf stage of growth. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. In Texas and ridge of Florida, use 44 third ounces for control. In the flatwoods region of Florida, 64 fluid ounces is required for control.

Horsenettle 2-3.3 3-20 1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage.
Horseradish 20 43 3 440 40 1.5% Apply when most plants have reached the fate bud to flower stage

of growth, for dest results, apply in late summer or fall. Iceplant should be at or beyond the early bud stage of growth.

Apply when most plants are in the early bud stage. Johnsongrass \$2042 340 16 16 16

In annual cropping systems apply 22 to 44 livid ounces of this product per acre. Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10

gations of water per acre. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acce. In noncrop, or areas where annual tillage (no-till) is not practiced, apply 44 to 64 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-tohead stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. On not tank mix with residual herbicides when using 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre. **的的技術的時**

For burndown of Johnsongrass, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before the plants reach a height of 12 inches. For this use, allow at least 3 days after treatment before tillage.

Spot treatment (partial control or suppression)—Apply a 0.7 per-cent solution of this product when Johnsongrass is 12 to 18 inches in height. Coverage should be uniform and complete.

Kikuyuorass Spray when most kikuyugrass is at least 8 inches in height (3- or 4-leaf stage of growth). Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall,

Lantana V

Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Use the nigher application rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth.

2-3.3 3-20 Lespedeza Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage.

Milkweed, common 2 3-40

Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage

Muhly, wirestem 0.7-1.5 3-40

Use 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre or in pasture, sod, or noncrop areas. Spray when the wirestern muhly is 8 inches or more in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in the fall or spring prior to spring applications. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

(OT/A) Volume (GPA)

Mullein common - 2-3.3 (X - 3-20 - - - - - - 1.5%:

Apply when most plants are in the early bud stage.

Napiergrass 4 / 2 2 3 3 3 20 3 3 1 5%

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Nightshade silverleat. 3.15. 43.10. 4.15%

Applications should be made when at least 60 percent of the plants have berries. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost,

Nuisedge courple of yellow 20.4-2 33-408 11-5% Apply 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre or apply a 1 to 1.5 percent solution for control of nulsedge plants and immature nullets attached to treated plants. Treat when plants are in flower or when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets that have

not germinated will not be controlled and may germinate following treatment. Repeat treatments will be required for long-term control of ungerminated tubers.

Sequential applications: 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre will also provide control. Make applications when a majority of the plants are in the 3- to 5-leaf stage (less than 6 inches fall). Repeat this application, as necessary, when newly emerging plants reach the 3- to 5-leaf stage. Subsequent applications will be necessary for long-term control.

For partial control of existing plants, apply 11 to 44 Iluid ounces of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Treat when plants have 3 to 5 leaves and most are less than 6 inches tall. Repeat treatments will be required to control subsequent emerging plants or regrowth of existing plants.

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Apply 44 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Orchardgrass sods going to no-till corn; Apply 22 to 32 (fuid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to orchardgrass that is a minimum of 12 inches tall for spring applicalions and 6 inches tall for fall applications. Allow at least 3 days following application before planting. A sequential application of atrazine will be necessary for optimum results.

Pampasgrass=D 1-1.5% Pampasgrass should be at or beyond the boot stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

Paragrass 2:33 - 320 - 15% Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Phragmites 2.3.3 10-40 1-1.5% For partial control and best results, treat during late summer or tall when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Treatment before or after this stage may lead to reduced control. Due to the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage or uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop.

For hand held, apply as a spray-to-wet Ireatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

Pokeweed/common 3-40

Apply to actively growing plants up to 24 inches tall.

Ovackgrass 0 7-2 3-40

In annual cropping systems, or in pastures and sods tollowed by deep fillage: Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre, apply 44 fluid ounces of this product. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using the 22-fluid-ounce rate. Spray when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. In pastures or sods, use a moldboard plow for best results.

TER TABLE - 117
For partial control, apply when most plants are at or beyond the seedhead stage of growth. Repeat applications will be required to ministin control. Fall treatments must be applied before trost.
%2.1 04-6 E.E.C.S. szengobagiof
For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to- head stage of growth.
السرام)، 1.5.2 ع-40- فيوريد 1.5%
For suppression in the spring, apply 22 fluid ounces of this groduct, or 1 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-0, in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Allow rosette regrowth to a minimum of 6 inches in diameter before treating, Applications can be made as long as leaves are still green and plants are actively growing at the time of as leaves are still green and plants are actively growing at the time of application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.
Anwoin most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or liliage in the late summer or half, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of solive growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a willing trot. It would be solive after application of the sponton to the applied before a full treatments must be applied before a full treatment of world.
For partiel control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom slage of growth, Repeal applications may be required.
for partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom slape of growth. Repeat applications may be required.
Sweet poleto wild
rosette, balling and early flower stages.
#2 [Op-OT 2] Wolley alternations are attuest test
For suppression, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2.4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the fate summer or fall. If mowing has occurred prior to treatment, apply when most of the plants are 12 inches fall.
%GT F0)-C. Aleat abinds.
Apply when most plants have returned in the product bits 0.5 pound by you control, apply 1.1 fluid ounces of this product bits seniminer or itsil. Solve for control, apply 1.1 fluid out of the plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. It is a most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. It is a most plant as a control of the application of active growth and tosettle developments in the product. Fall treatment must be applied to the application of this product. Fall treatment must be applied to the application of the plants of the plants.
to the state of grown or in the laft prior to troot last to not land the read of grown or in the read of grown or in the state of grown with residual restricted when used to grown and the same but a state of grown apply when the grown or in the same to grown and when the grown or in the same to the same to the population of the grown or in the same to

in annual cropping systems apply 22 to 44 liuid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of which ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of waiter per acre. Apply 22 liuid ounces of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of waiter per acre. In monertop, or steas applying 10 to 40 gallons of waiter per acre. In monertop, or steas where annual thisse (nor.!!!) is not practiced, apply 44 to 64 liuid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of waiter per acre. For example, apply with the product in 10 to 40 gallons of waiter per acre. For example, apply with most plants have reached the boot-to-free solutions of steashed the boot-to-free solutions.

Hyegrass, perential 07.2 3.40 1164 ounces

sammuz esel ni abem ata znotsaliqqe nariw benisido ete ziluzet ize8 Need, plant 1, 50%

161 suppression, apply 16 liuid ounces of this product per sets at each of two sopplications of 10 4 days aband or a single sopplication of 4 liuid ounces per sets. Apply recommended raises in 5 to 10 daylons of water per acts. Apply in tate September or early October to plants that are at least 18 inches tail and have been growing 45 to plants that are at least 18 inches tail and have been growing 45 to plants that are at least 18 inches tail and have been growing 45 to 60 days affice the last uillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a tilling toot. 9.51 9.50 STILL ST

8 inches (all.

tallow application. Apply 44 to 64 fivid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gations of water per acre when the quackgrass is greater than fon 890b agailtí quab atant 25916 quinnon 10 2002, satulteq ni

blatt-bnett 1916W 316A 29139QZ b99W obluio2 & (A92) amuloV (A\10)

PEREUNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE 716



For partial control, apply in late September or October, to plants that are at least 18 inches fall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation, Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.

Vaseygrass: 2-3 3 4 3-20

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Velvelgrass 4 2 3 3 3 3 2 3 20

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-tohead stage of growth.

16.0 WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

Apply this product after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In and areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Unless otherwise directed, apply broadcast treatments in 3-40 gallons of water per acre. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, moving or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

Weed Species		Hand-Held % Solution	
PC=Partial Control: C=	Control		
Alder	2-3	.1%	c C
Ash	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Aspen, quaking	1.5-2	1%	C .
Bearmal (Bearclover)	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Beech	1.5-3.3	. 1-1.5%;	PC -
Birch	1.5-2	1%	Ċ

WOODY BRUSH AND TREES

WOODY BRUSH AND TREES 20

Meed Species	(QT/A) 💝	Solution	
PC=Partial Control; C=C	ontral		c
Blackberry	2-3	170 Jane full leaf Mil	durity. Best
Make applications after results are obtained whitall. Applications may al- frost or as long as studiopped in late fall, bla dropped in late fall, bla	so be made afte ems are green. ckberry can be s product. For t	r leaf drop and u After berries to controlled by ap control of black	ntil a kinding nave set of phyling a 0.7 perries after nicen apply
percent solution of this leaf drop and until killing 2 to 2.5 quarts of this (ng trost or as 100 product in 10 to	40 gallons of wa	ter per acre.
	715.33	11-1.5%.	<u>C</u>
Blackgum	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	C
Bracken	- Englishing	PORTER S	美国教育
Broom Scotch		11.5%	E Contract
Buckwheat,		1-1.5%	PC
California Thorough coverage of	_ 	sary for best res	u115.
	1.5-3.3	1-1.5%	PC
Cascara	1.5-3.3	1%	PC
Catsclaw		1-1.5%	PC
Ceanothus	1.5-3.3	1%	C
Chamise	·	170 ecant int best (6	sults.
Chamise Thorough coverage	of foliage is nece	33213 101 0	
Cherry, bitter, black, pin	1.5-2	1-1.5%	C.
	_		are fully deve
Coyote brush Apply when at leas	t 50 percent of	the new leaves	E10 (21) -
oped.	CS-1.5-33		ьC
Dogwood To	وشكونوم بيروه والأراب	1%	C
Elderberry	1,5-2	170 55:55:72 7 26/	- ⊤ PC.
Elm.	³² 1.5-3.3	1-1.37	
ALL MCP SHOTTISE COM			

Eucalyptus	_	1.5%	С	
For control of eucalyptus	s respro	uts, apply when respir	outs are 6 to	
12 feet fall. Ensure co	mplete	coverage. Avoid ap	plication to	
drought-stressed plants.				
Florida holly (Brazilian	(1387) (1387)	rage de la colo nia. - Calonia de la colo nia de la colonia de		
Peppertree)	1.5-3	3 115%	PC -	
Gorse	1.5-3.	3 1-1.5%	PC	
Hasardia - State &		44 × 1-1.5%	CPC 153	
Thorough coverage of to	liage is n	ecessary for best resu	ilts.	
Hawthorn	1.5-2	1%	C.	
Hazel	1.5-2	1%	С	
Hickory 1	1.5-3	3 : 1-1-5%	PC 7	
Honeysuckle	2-3	1%	С	
Hornbeam; American	1.5.3	30 1-1-5%	PC	
Kudzu	2.5-3.		C	
Repeat applications may				
Locust black	1.5-3	<u> २६,१६५ - 7.5% - 7.</u>	E. bc.	
Madrone resprouts	-	1.5%	PC	
Apply to resprovis that a			are obtained	
with spring/early summe		the second contract of the		
Manzanita	1.5-3.	3 1-1.5%	PC	
Maple, red	1.5-3	1%	С	
Apply a 1 percent solut leaves are fully develope				
aunces of this product p				
Maple, sugar	_	42 th 441%	C	
Apply when at least 50 ps	ricent of	the new leaves are full	ly developed.	
Monkey (lower	_	1-1.5%	PC	
Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.				
Oak, black, white	1.5-3	[골문] 1-1.5%	PC.	
Oak, post	2-3	1%	C	

California 1% Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results. Salmonberry 1.5-2 1%.... Saltcedar 1.5-3.3 1-1.5% Ċ 1.1.5% Sassafras PC Sourwood 1.5-3.3 1-1.5% Sumac poison, smooth winged

Sage, white

1.5-3.3% - 1-1.5%

Sweetgum 1.5-2 Swordfern 15-3.3 115% Tallowtree, Chinese 1% Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results. C Tan oak resprous Apply to resprouts that are less than 3 to 6 feet tall. Best results are obtained with fall applications. Thimbleberry 1% Tobacco, tree 1-1.5% PC Trumpetcreeper 1%, '\ 70 E Vine maple 1.5-3.3 1-1.5% PC Virginia creeper: 1.5-33 (1-1.5%) C212 Waxmyrtle, southern 1.5-3.3 1-1.5% Willow

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17.0 LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

This Company warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the Complete Directions for Use label booklet ("Directions") when used in accordance with those Directions under the conditions described therein. NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR MERCHANTABLITY IS MADE. This warranty is also subject to the conditions and limitations stated herein.

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LIMIT OF WARRANTY

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LIMIT OF WARRANTY

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

OCT 2 2002

I, Jim Tompkins, Product Manager of Team Number 25, Herbicide Branch, Registration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs, Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances, United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"), confirm that the pesticide product listed below is of the date of this letter, registered with EPA under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, and that accordingly, the product may be sold and marketed in the United States of America as authorized and limited by FIFRA. A true and correct copy of the product label approved by EPA is attached to accompany this letter.

Registration of the product(s) with EPA also denotes that the registrant listed below is responsible for ensuring full compliance with laws of the United States of America or governing jurisdiction, regarding the sale, storage and/or disposal of the product(s). Further, the recipient of this letter is on notice that the status of the referenced registration and/or the accompanying label may change subsequent to the date of this letter. EPA assumes no responsibility to notify any recipient of this letter of any change in the status of the registration(s) and/or the product label for the product(s) listed below.

EPA has issued a registration number for the product listed below to

Monsanto Company 600 13th. Street, NW Washington, DC 20005

EPA Reg. No.

524-537

Product Name

MON 78270 Herbicide



Product Manager (25) Herbicide Branch

Registration Division



2/16

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE and INSTRUCTIONS

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.85 hour per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch, (2136), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460.

INSTRUCTIONS: This form is to be used for all applications for new registration, and use reregistration, amendment, resubmission, to applications for notifications, final printed labeling, reregistration, etc. In order to process an application for a new registration submitted on this form, the following material must accompany the application:

- 1. Certification with Respect to Citation of Data (EPA Form 8570-29). [If not exempted by 40 CFR 152.81 (b) [4]];
- 2. Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4);
- 3. Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA Form 8570-27);
- 4. Five copies of draft labeling:
- 5. Three copies of any date submitted;
- 6. Authorization letter where applicable;

5.5

7. Matrices where applicable.

Submission of Labeling - Labeling should first be submitted in the form of dreft labels with all applications for new registration. Such draft labels may be in the form of typed label text on 8.5 x 11 inch paper for submission or a mockup of the proposed label. If prepared for mockup, it should be constructed in a way as to facilitate storage in an 8.5 x 11 inch file. Mockup labels significantly smaller than 8.5 x 11 inches should be mounted on 9.5 x 11 inch paper for submission.

Submission of Data - Data submitted in support of this application must be submitted in accordance with PR Notice 86-5.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the instructions listed below before completing this application. First determine the type of registration action, listed in Block A, for which you are submitting this application. For applications submitted in connection with New Registration actions, Sections I, III, and IV must be completed by the applicant. For applications submitted in connection with amended reregistration actions, resubmissions, notifications, reregistrations, etc., Sections I, II, and IV must be completed by the applicant.

Block A - Check the appropriate action for which you are submitting this form.

SECTION | - This section must be completed, as applicable, for all registration actions.

- 1. Company/Product Number Insert your Company Number, if one has been assigned by EPA. This number may have been assigned to you as a basic registrant, a distributor, or as an astablishment. If your product is registered, insert the Product Number.
- 2. EPA Product Manager If known, fill in the name and PM number of the EPA Product Manager.
- 3. Proposed Classification Specify the proposed classification of this product.
- 4. Product Name Enter the complete product name of this pesticide as it will appear on the label. The name must be specific to this product only. Duplication of names is not permitted among products of the same company. Do not include any brand name or company line designations.
- 5. Name and Address of Applicant The name of the firm or person and address shown in your application is the person or firm to whom the registration will be issued. If you are acting in behalf of another party, you must submit authorization from that party to act for them in registration matters. An applicant not residing in the United States must have an authorized agent residing in the United States to act for them in all registration matters. The name and complete mailing address of such an agent must accompany this application.
- 6. Expedited Review FIFRA section 3 (c) 3 (B) provides for expedited review of applications for registration, or amendments to existing registration, that are similar or identical to other pesticide products that are currently registered with the EPA. In order for your application to be eligible for expedited review, you must provide us with the EPA Registration Number and product name of the product you believe is similar to or identical to your product. The product must be similar or identical in both formulation and labeled uses.

SECTION II - This section must be completed for all applications submitted to smend the registration only of a currently registered product (Amendment), for a resubmission in response to an Agency letter, for notifications to the Agency, for the submission of final printed labeling, for reregistration and for any other action that pertains to a specific EPA-registered product. This section is not to be used for a new application for registration.

1. Subject of submission - Check the applicable block and provide the Agency letter date if appropriate. Provide a brief explanation of the purpose(s) for the submission, such as "the addition of a site, pest or crop (specify)"; "amend the Confidential Statement of Formula by..."; "reregistration submission"; "general label revision of use directions." Attach a separate page if additional space is needed.

SECTION III (Packaging and Container Information) - This Section must be completed for all applications submitted in connection with new registration or applicable amendments.

- 1. Type of Packaging Chack the appropriate block if your product will be packaged in the indicated packaging types. Indicate the size of the individual packets and number per retail container.
- 2. Type of Retail Container Indicate type of container in which product will be merketed.
- 3. Location of Net Contents Indicate the location of the net contents information for your product.
- 4. Surgist of Retail Container Specify the net contents of all retail containers for your product.
- 5. Location of Use Directions Indicate the location of the use directions for your product.
- 6. Maintain in which label is affixed to product Indicated the method product label is attached to retail container.

SECTION!V (Contact Point) - This Section must be completed for all applications for Registration actions, i.e., new products registration, results with the section, actions, i.e., new products registration, the section is a section of the section

- 1-5. Self-explanatory.
- 6. EPA Use Only.

ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX

Herbicide

Complete Directions for Use

EPA Reg. No. 524-537

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Herbicide for Roundup Ready Crops.

Selective broad-spectrum weed control in Roundup Ready crops. Non-selective, broad-spectrum weed control for many cropping systems, farmsteads and Conservation Reserve Program acres.

Not all products recommended on this label are registered for use in California. Check the registration status of each product in California before using.

Read the entire label before using this product.

Use only according to label instructions.

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" statement at the end of the label before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION. SEE INDIVIDUAL CONTAINER LABEL FOR REPACKAGING LIMITATIONS.

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*Contains 660 grams per litre or 5.5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its potassium salt. Equivalent to 540 grams per litre or 4.5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,688,085 and 6,365,551. Other patents pending. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

2.0 IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS

 FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION OR ASSISTANCE IN USING THIS PRODUCT, CALL TOLL-FREE,

1-800-332-3111

2. IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS HERBICIDE PRODUCT, OR FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL COLLECT, DAY OR NIGHT,

(314)-694-4000

3.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

3.1 Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION!

CAUSES MODERATE EYE IRRITATION.

HARMFUL IF INHALED.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.

FIRST AID: Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.				
IF IN EYES	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye. 			
IF ON SKIN	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes. 			
IF INHALED	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. 			

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. This product is identified as Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide, EPA Registration No. 524-537. You may also contact (314) 694-4000, collect day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

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Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater, composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PFE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations:		· ·
Users should:	 	

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

3.2 Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

3.3 Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product can only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label or in separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, shoes plus socks and chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements



The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried to prevent transfer of this product onto desirable vegetation.

4.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state, or local procedures.

Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

See container label for STORAGE AND DISPOSAL instructions.

5.0 GENERAL INFORMATION (How This Product Works)

Product Description: This product is a postemergent, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is generally non-selective and gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field-type sprayers after dilution and thorough mixing with water or other carriers according to label instructions.

Do not add surfactants, additives containing surfactants, buffering agents or pH adjusting agents to the spray solution when Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide is the only pesticide used unless otherwise directed. Ammonium sulfate, drift control additives, or dyes and colorants may be used. See the "MIXING" section of this label for instructions.

Time to Symptoms: This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds may not occur for 7 days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant which advances to complete browning of above-ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

Stage of Weeds: Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when treatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" for recommendations for specific weeds.

Always use the higher rate of this product per acre within the recommended range when weed growth is heavy or dense or weeds are growing in an undisturbed (noncultivated) area.

Do not treat weeds with disease or insect damage, as reduced weed control may result. Reduced results may also occur when treating weeds under poor growing conditions or that are heavily covered with dust.

Cultural Considerations: Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed, or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

Rainfastness: Heavy rainfall soon after application may wash this product off of the foliage and a repeat application may be required for adequate control.

Spray Coverage: For best results, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray weed foliage to the point of runoff.

Mode of Action: The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme found only in plants and microorganisms that is essential to formation of specific amino acids.

No Soil Activity: Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by this product. Weeds germinating from seed after application will not be controlled. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or root stocks of perennials will not be affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow.

Biological Degradation: Degradation of this product is primarily a biological process carried out by soil microbes.

Tank Mixing: This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control, follow a label-approved herbicide program. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly recommended in this labeling. Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials may result in reduced performance.

Annual Maximum Use Rate: Except as otherwise specified in a crop section of this label, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 5.3 quarts of this product per acre per year. For applications in non-crop sites or in tree, vine, or shrub crops, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 7 quarts of this product per acre per year. The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences.

6.0 MIXING

Use the following conversion table to help determine application rates of Roundup WeatherMAX herbicide based on commonly used rates of Roundup Original™ and Roundup UltraMAX™ herbicides.

NOW EVEN MORE CONCENTRATED ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX CONVERSION TABLE

Roundup

Roundup

Roundup

WeatherMAX	UltraMAX	Original
(Ounces)	(Ounces)	(Ounces)
16	20	24
22	26	32
27	32	40
32	40	48

Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

NOTE: REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED, SUCH AS VISIBLY MUDDY WATER OR WATER FROM PONDS AND DITCHES THAT IS NOT CLEAR.

6.1 Mixing with Water

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the recommended amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix well. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent.

6.2 Tank Mixing Procedure

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Mix labeled tank mixtures of this product with water as follows:

- 1. Place a 20- to 35-mesh screen or wetting basket over filling port.
- 2. Through the screen, fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start agitation.
- 3. If ammonium sulfate is used add it slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation. Ensure that dry ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding other products.
- 4. If a wettable powder is used, make a slurry with the water carrier, and add it SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- 5. If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water. Add diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- 6. If an emulsifiable concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water. Add diluted mixture slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- Continue filling the spray tank with water and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
- 8. Add individual formulations to the spray tank as follows: wettable powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, drift control additive and water soluble liquid.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

Keep by-pass line on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh.

Always predetermine the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Refer to the "Tank Mixing" section of "GENERAL INFORMATION" for additional precautions.

6.3 Mixing for Hand-Held Sprayers

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

Spray Solution

Amount of Roundup WeatherMAX

Desired Volume	0.4%	0.7%	1%	1.5%	4%	7%
l gal	0.5 oz	l oz	1.3 oz	2 oz	5 oz	9 oz
25 gal	0.8 pt	0.7 գւ	1 qt	1.5 qt	4 qt	7 qt
100 gal	1.6 qt	2.8 qt	l gal	1.5 gal	4 gal	7 gal

2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

For use in knapsack sprayers, it is suggested that the recommended amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

6.4 Ammonium Sulfate

The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product, particularly under hard water conditions, drought conditions or when tank mixed with certain residual herbicides, on annual and perennial weeds. The equivalent rate of ammonium sulfate in a liquid formulation may also be used. Ensure that dry ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion.

NOTE: When using ammonium sulfate, apply this product at rates recommended in this label. Lower rates will result in reduced performance.

6.5 Colorants or Dyes

Agriculturally approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilutions. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

6.6 Drift Control Additives

Drift control additives may be used with all equipment types, except wiper applicators, sponge bars and Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA) equipment. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully

observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label. The use of drift control additives can affect spray coverage which may result in reduced performance.

7.0 APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

This product may be applied with the following application equipment:

Aerial--Fixed Wing and Helicopter

Ground Broadcast Spray-Boom or boomless systems, pull-type sprayer, floaters, pick-up sprayers, spray coupes and other ground broadcast equipment.

Hand-Held or High-Volume Spray Equipment--Knapsack and backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwards, mistblowers*, lances and other hand-held and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto weed foliage.

*This product is not registered in California or Arizona for use in mistblowers.

Selective Equipment--Recirculating sprayers, shielded and hooded sprayers, wiper applicators and sponge bars.

Injection Systems--Aerial or ground injection sprayers.

Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA)--Hand-held or boom-mounted applicators which produce a spray consisting of a narrow range of droplet sizes.

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

7.1 Aerial Equipment

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THIS LABEL.

Use the recommended rates of this herbicide in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified on this label. Unless otherwise specified, do not exceed 22 fluid ounces per acre. Refer to the individual use area sections of this label for recommended volumes, application rates, and further instructions.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA OR SPECIFIC COUNTIES THEREIN, OR IN ARKANSAS, REFER TO THE FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS IN THAT STATE OR COUNTY FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS.

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

Ensure uniform application-To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops.

di

- 1. The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward, parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see the "Wind", "Temperature and Humidity", and "Temperature Inversions" sections of this label).

Controlling Droplet Size

- Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with the higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure: Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream, will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.
- Boom length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application height: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces the exposure of the droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.).

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 miles per hour. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 miles per hour due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.



Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The product should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

Aircraft Maintenance

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint), which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413, may prevent corrosion.

7.2 Ground Broadcast Equipment

Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzles to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat spray nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

7.3 Hand-Held or High-Volume Equipment

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For applications made on a spray-to-wet basis, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff. Use coarse sprays only. For recommended rates and timing, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS -- HAND-HELD OR HIGH-VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section of this product label.

7.4 Selective Equipment

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This product may be applied through recirculating spray systems, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars, after dilution and thorough mixing with water, to listed weeds growing in any non-crop site specified on this label.

In cropping systems, hooded sprayers, shielded sprayers, and wipers may be used in row middles (in between rows of crop plants) where any dripping or leaking will not contact crop foliage. Such equipment must be capable of preventing all crop contact with herbicide solutions and operated without leakage of spray mists or dripping onto crop. Wipers over-the-top of crops may be used only when specifically recommended in this product's labeling.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators used above desirable vegetation should be adjusted so that the lowest spray stream or wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Applications made above the crops should be made when the weeds are a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatment may be necessary.

Recirculating Spray System

A recirculating spray system directs the spray solution onto weeds growing above desirable vegetation, while spray solution not intercepted by weeds is collected and returned to the spray tank for reuse.

Shielded and Hooded Applicators

When applied under the conditions described in the following paragraphs for shielded and hooded applications, this product at recommended rates will control those weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" sections of this label. A hooded sprayer is a type of shielded applicator where the spray pattern is fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back, thereby shielding the crop from the spray solution. Keep shields on these sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegetation. When applying to-crops grown on raised beds, ensure that the hood is designed to completely enclose the spray solution. If necessary, extend the front and rear flaps of the hoods to reach the ground in deep furrows. EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

This equipment must be set up and operated in a manner that avoids bouncing or raising the hoods off the ground in any way. If the hoods are raised, spray particles may escape and come into contact with the crop, causing damage or destruction of the crop. Avoid operation on rough or sloping ground where the spray hoods might be raised off the ground.

Use hoods designed to minimize excessive dripping or run-off down the insides of the hoods. A single, low pressure/low drift flat-fan nozzle with an 80 to 95 degree spray angle positioned at the top center of the hood is recommended. Spray volume should be 20-30 gallons per acre.

These procedures will reduce the potential for crop injury:

• The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground.

- Leave at least an 8-inch untreated strip over the drill row. For example, if the crop row width is 38 inches, the maximum width of the spray hood should be 30 inches.
- Maximum tractor speed: 5 miles per hour to avoid bouncing of the spray hoods.
- Maximum wind speed: 10 miles per hour.
- Use low-drift nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Wiper applicators

When applied under the conditions described in the following paragraphs, this product CONTROLS many weeds, including volunteer corn, Texas panicum, common rye, shattercane, sicklepod, spanishneedles and bristly starbur; and SUPPRESSES many weeds including Florida beggarweed, Bermudagrass, hemp dogbane, dogfennel, guineagrass, johnsongrass, milkweed, silverleaf nightshade, redroot pigweed, giant ragweed, smutgrass, sunflower, Canada thistle, musk thistle, vaseygrass, velvetleaf.

Wiper applicators are devices that physically wipe appropriate amounts of this product directly onto the weed.

Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation. Operate this equipment at ground speeds no greater than 5 miles per hour. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to ensure adequate wiper saturation. Better results may be obtained if two applications are made in opposite directions.

Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Adjust height of applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds. Keep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that, on sloping ground, the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of a wiper applicator.

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a 1-day period, as reduced activity may result from use of leftover solutions. Clean wiper parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

Do not add surfactant to the herbicide solution.

For Rope or Sponge Wick Applicators—Solutions ranging from 33 to 75 percent of this product in water may be used. Apply this solution to weeds listed above in this section.

For Panel Applicators--Solutions ranging from 33 to 100 percent of this product in water may be used in panel wiper applicators.

7.5 Injection Systems

This product may be used in aerial or ground injection spray systems. It may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this product with the concentrate of other products when using injection systems.

7.6 CDA Equipment

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The rate of this product applied per acre by vehicle-mounted CDA equipment must not be less than the amount recommended in this label when applied by conventional broadcast equipment. For vehicle-mounted CDA equipment, apply 2 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

For the control of annual weeds with hand-held CDA units, apply a 20 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 miles per hour (1 quart per acre). For the control of perennial weeds, apply a 20 to 30 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 miles per hour (2 to 3 quarts per acre).

Controlled droplet application equipment produces a spray pattern that is not easily visible. Extreme care must be exercised to avoid spray or drift contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage or destruction may result.

8.0 ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (Alphabetical)

NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED CROPS WITHIN SECTION 8 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label or separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling for instructions for treating Roundup Ready crops.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS:

Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Hooded Sprayers in row-middles, Shielded Sprayers in row-middles; Wiper Applicators in row-middles, and Post-Harvest treatments.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS:

Apply this product during fallow intervals preceding planting, prior to planting or transplanting, at-planting, or preemergent to annual and perennial crops listed in this label, except where specifically limited. For any crop not listed in this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Unless otherwise specified, weed control applications may be made according to the rates listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" in this label. Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 5.3 quarts per acre per year.

Post-directed hooded sprayers and wiper equipment capable of preventing all crop contact with herbicide solutions may be used in mulched or unmulched row middles after crop establishment. Where specifically noted below, wipers may also be used above certain crops to control tall weeds. Refer to the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label for essential precautions when using hooded sprayers or wipers to avoid crop injury caused by leakage of spray mists or dripping onto crops. Crop injury is possible with these applications and shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS:

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at-planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Broadcast applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers

must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

In crops where spot treatments are allowed, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for the same reason.

For broadcast postemergent treatments, do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application, unless otherwise specified.

8.1 Cereal and Grain Crops

LABELED CROPS: Barley, Buckwheat, Millet (pearl, proso), Oats, Rice, Rye, Quinoa, Teff, Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat (all types), Wild Rice.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat rice fields or levees when field contains water.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice, Spot Treatment (except Rice), Wiper Applications Over-the-Top (Feed Barley and Wheat only), Preharvest (Feed Barley and Wheat only).

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting of cereal crops. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 32 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Flush fields prior to application to obtain uniform germination and stand of red rice. Make application when the majority of the red rice plants are in the 2-leaf stage and no more than 4 inches tall. Red rice plants with less than 2 true leaves may be only partially controlled.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid spraying during low humidity conditions, as reduced control may result. Do not treat rice fields or levees when the fields contain floodwater. Do not re-flood treated fields for 8 days following application.

Spot Treatment (except Rice)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in cereal crops. Apply this product before heading in small grains.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Wiper Applications Over-the-Top (Feed Barley and Wheat only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Wiper applications may be used in feed barley and wheat. To control common rye or tereal rye, apply after the weeds have headed and achieved maximum growth, and when the rye is at least 6 inches above the wheat crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 35 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators.

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Preharvest (Feed Barley and Wheat only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of feed barley or wheat. For wheat, apply after the hard-dough stage of grain (30 percent or less grain moisture). For feed barley, apply after the hard-dough stage and when the grain contains 20 percent moisture or less. Stubble may be grazed immediately after harvest.

This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. For ground applications, apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Allow 7 days between application and harvest or grazing. Preharvest application is not recommended for wheat or barley grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of cereal crops. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting the next crop. Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

8.2 Corn

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TYPES OF CORN: Field Corn, Seed Corn, Silage Corn, Sweet Corn and Popcorn.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Preharvest.

For Roundup Ready corn, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting corn. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

2,4-D	Distinct TM	Lariat®
Aim™	Dual Magnum™	Lasso®/Alachlor
Atrazine	Dual II Magnum™	Linex™/Lorox™
Axiom TM	Epic™	Marksman [™]
Balance™	Frontier™/Outlook™	Micro-Tech®
Banvel™/Clarity™	Fultime™	Prowl TM
Bicep Magnum™	Guardsman™/Leadoff™	Python™
Bicep Ii Magnum™	Harness®	Simazine
Bullet®	Harness Xtra	Topnotch™
Degree®	Harness Xtra 5.61	

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 22 fluid ounces per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 16 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 22 to 32 fluid ounces when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Applications of 2,4-D or dicamba must be made at least 7 days prior to planting corn.

For Southern states, do not apply in nitrogen solutions to tough-to-control grasses such as barnyardgrass, fall panicum, broadleaf signalgrass, annual ryegrass and any perennial weeds. The area covered by this recommendation includes from Route 50 South in Illinois and Indiana and the following states: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia.

Hooded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of corn. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instruction for the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Corn must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator. Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre for each application and no more than 64 fluid ounces per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to silking of corn.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Preharvest ----

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed). For ground applications, apply up to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre. For aerial applications, apply up to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest Preharvest application is not recommended for corn grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

8.3 Cotton

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Selective Equipment, Spot Treatment, Preharvest.

For Roundup Ready cotton, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

Hooded Sprayer, Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied through hooded sprayers, recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators or wiper applicators in cotton. Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to boll opening of cotton.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control and cotton regrowth inhibition when applied prior to harvest of cotton. For weed control, apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" sections of this label. For cotton regrowth inhibition, apply 11 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

Up to 44 fluid ounces of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. Apply after sufficient bolls have developed to produce the desired yield of cotton. Applications made prior to this time could affect maximum yield potential.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with DEF™ 6, Folex™, Ginstar, or Prep™ to provide additional enhancement of cotton leaf drop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. Preharvest application is not recommended for cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

8.4 Fallow Systems

LABELED CROPS: This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop on this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Aid-to-Tillage.

Chemical Fallow

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. This product may be used as a substitute for tillage to control annual weeds in fallow fields. Also, broadcast or spot treatments will control or suppress many perennial weeds in fallow fields. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used. Applications up to 44 fluid ounces per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent crops.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Do not apply dicamba tank mixtures by air in California.

Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba is applied within 45 days of planting.

Preplant Fallow Beds

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to fallow beds prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. This product will control weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", and WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" sections of this label.

TANK MIXTURES: In addition, 8 fluid ounces of this product plus 2 to 3 fluid ounces of Goal™ 2XL per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 3 inches -- common cheeseweed, chickweed, groundsel; 6 inches -- London rocket, shepherd's-purse.

11 fluid ounces of this product plus 2 to 3 fluid ounces of Goal 2XL per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6 inches -- common cheeseweed, groundsel, marestail (Conyza canadensis), 12 inches -- chickweed, London rocket, shepherd's-purse.

Aid-to-Tillage

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in conjunction with tillage practices in fallow systems or preplant to labeled crops to control downy brome, cheat, volunteer wheat, tansy mustard and foxtail. Apply 8 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Make applications before weeds are 6 inches in height. Application must be followed by conventional tillage practices no later than 15 days after treatment and before regrowth occurs. Allow at least 1 day after application before tillage.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Tank mixtures with residual herbicides may result in reduced performance.

8.5 Grain Sorghum (Milo)

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TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top-Wiper Applications, Preharvest.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in tank-mixture before, during or after planting grain sorghum. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

Atrazine

Lariat

Bicep II Magnum

Lasso

Bullet

Micro-Tech

Dual II Magnum

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 22 fluid ounces per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 16 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 22 to 32 fluid ounces when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, the use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.

Spot Treatment and Over-the-Top Wiper Applications

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in grain sorghum. Make spot treatments before heading of milo. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "Wiper Applicators" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

For wiper applicators, allow at least 40 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators. Do not feed or graze treated milo fodder. Do not ensile treated vegetation.

Hooded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of milo. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instruction for the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Mito must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Treat before mito sends tillers between the drill rows. If such tillers are contacted with the spray solution, the main plant may be killed. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator. Do not graze or feed milo forage or fodder following applications of this product through hooded sprayers. Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre per application and no more than 64 fluid ounces per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

Prebarvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Make applications at 30 percent grain moisture or less.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. As with other herbicides that cause sudden plant death, avoid preharvest applications of this product to mile infected with charcoal rot as lodging can occur. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of sorghum. Preharvest application is not recommended for sorghum grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur. The use of this product for preharvest grain sorghum (mile) is not registered in California

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of grain sorghum. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

This product may be applied to grain sorghum (milo) stubble following harvest to suppress or control regrowth. Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre for control, or 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre for suppression.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

8.6 Herbs and Spices

والأراب بالمراجعة والمتحافظة فطياف فأنشأ المحافظات

LABELED CROPS: Allspice, Angelica, Star anise, Annatto (seed), Balm, Basil, Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper buds, Caraway, Black caraway, Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried), Chive, Chinese chive, Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander leaf (cilantro or chinese parsley), Coriander seed (cilantro), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Culantro (seed), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed), Dill (seed), Epazote, Fennel seed (common and Florence), Fenugreek, White ginger flower, Grains of paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf and seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (including oregano), Mexican oregano, Mioga flower, Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper (black and white), Pepper leaves, Peppermint, Perilla, Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory (summer and winter), Spearmint, Stevia leaves, Sweet bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Peppermint and Spearmint only), Spot Treatments (Peppermint and Spearmint only)

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic <u>mul</u>ch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system.

Over-the-top Wiper Applications or Spot Treatments (Peppermint and Spearmint only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a spot treatment or wiper application in spearmint and peppermint. Apply spot treatments on a spray-to-wet basis with hand-held equipment, such as backpack and knapsack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, hand-wands or any other hand-held or motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray solution to a limited area. In wiper applications, the applicator should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the crop. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches taller than the crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest. Further applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals. In spot treatment applications, no more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested should be treated at one time. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for this reason. In wiper applications, contact of the herbicide solution with the crop may result in damage or destruction.

8.7 Oil Seed Crops

LABELED CROPS: Borage, Buffalo gourd (seed), Canola, Crambe, Flax, Jojoba, Lesquerella, Meadowfoam, Mustard (seed), Rape, Safflower, Sesame, Sunflower.

For Roundup Ready canola, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting oil seed crops. Broadcast applications must be made prior to emergence of the listed oil seed crops. Wiper applicators or hooded sprayers may be used between the rows once the crop is established.

TANK MIXTURES: For sunflowers, a tank mixture with Prowl may be applied before, during or after planting in conventional tillage systems, into a cover crop, established sod or in previous crop residue.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre on canola. Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre for sunflowers as a single preplant or preemergent application per year. Do not feed or graze sunflower forage following application of this product.

8.8 Soybeans

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Preharvest, Selective Equipment.

For Roundup Ready soybeans, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting soybeans. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

Aim	Dual I	I Magnum	Micro-Tech
Amplify™		Firstrate™	Prowl
Assure IITM		Flexstar™	Pursuit™
Authority™		Frontier/Outlook	Pursuit Plus
Boundary™		Fusion ^{†M}	Reflex™
Сапорутм		Gauntlet™	Scepter [™]
Canopy XL™	Lasso		Sencor™/Lexone™
Command TM		Linex	Squadron™
Command Xtra TM		Lorox/Linuron	Steel™
Domain™		Lorox Plus	Valor TM
Dual Magnum			

This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or 2,4-DB. See the 2,4-D label for intervals between application and planting.

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 22 fluid ounces per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 16 to 22 fluid ounces of this

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product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 22 to 32 fluid ounces when weeds are over 6 inches tall.

PRECAUTIONS. RESTRICTIONS: Tank-mixtures with some of the above listed herbicides may result in reduced weed control due to antagonism. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the product labels, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately for all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive directions for each product in the mixture.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to initial pod set in soybeans.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans.

Apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES". This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. Apply after pods have set and lost all green color. Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

PRECAUTIONS. RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts per acre of this product for preharvest applications. Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces per acre of this product by air. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of soybeans. Do not graze or harvest treated hay or fodder for livestock feed within 25 days of last preharvest application. (If the application rate is 22 fluid ounces per acre or lower, the grazing restriction is reduced to 14 days after last preharvest application.) Preharvest application is not recommended for soybeans grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied through recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars in soybeans. Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

8.9 Sugarcane

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus Spot Treatment.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

**-USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied in or around sugarcane fields or in fields prior to the emergence of plant cane.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply to vegetation in or around ditches, canals or ponds containing water to be used for irrigation.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in sugarcane. For control of volunteer or diseased sugarcane, make a 1 percent solution of this product in water and spray-to-wet the foliage of vegetation to be controlled. Volunteer or diseased sugarcane should have at least 7 new leaves.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid spray contact with healthy cane plants since severe damage or destruction may result. Do not feed or graze treated sugarcane foliage following application.

Fallow Treatments

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a replacement for tillage in fields that are lying fallow between sugarcane crops. This product may also be used to remove the last stubble of ration cane. For removal of last stubble of ration cane, apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to new growth having at least 7 new leaves. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Applications up to 64 fluid ounces per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent crops. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used.

Hooded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of sugarcane. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional use instructions.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not allow treated weeds to come into contact with the crop. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on the crop may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

8.10 Vegetable Crops

NOTE: THIS "VEGETABLE CROPS" SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED VEGETABLE CROPS WITHIN SECTION 8.10 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, Preemergence, Prior to Transplanting Vegetables, At-Planting, Hooded Sprayers in row-middles, Shielded Sprayers in row-middles, Wiper Applications in row-middles, and Post-Harvest, Directed Applications (nonbearing ginseng), Over-the-Top Wipers (rutabagas only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system. Care should be taken to insure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. In crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles should be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this



product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

8.10.1 Brassica Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Broccoli, Chinese broccoli (gai lon), Broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy), Chinese cabbage (napa), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens.

8.10.2 Bulb Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Garlie, Great-headed garlie, Leek, Onion (dry bulb and green), Welsh onion, Shallot.

8.10.3 Cucurbit Vegetables and Fruits

LABELED CROPS: Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible gourd (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), Melons (all), *Momordica spp* (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (includes cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey ball melon, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon), Pumpkin, Summer squash (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini), Winter squash (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, spaghetti squash), Watermelon.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Cantaloupe, Casaba melon, Crenshaw melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourds, Honeydew melon, Honey ball melon, Mango melon, Melons (all), Muskmelon, Persian melon, Pumpkin, Squash (summer, winter), and Watermelon, allow at least 3 days between application and planting.

8.10.4 Leafy Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Amaranth (Chinese spinach), Arugula (roquette), Beet greens, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese celery, Celtuce, Chaya, Chervil, Edible-leaved chrysanthemum, Garland chrysanthemum, Corn salad, Cress (garden and upland), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Dokudami, Endive (escarole), Florence fennel, Gow kee, Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden and winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach, New Zealand spinach, Vine spinach, Swiss chard, Watercress (upland), Water spinach.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Watercress, avoid applications within 3 days prior to seeding and during the period between seeding and emergence to minimize the risk of injury.

8.10.5 Fruiting Vegetables

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LABELED CROPS: Eggplant, Groundcherry (*Physalis spp*), Pepino, Pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), Tomatillo, Tomato

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Eggplant, Ground cherry, Pepper (all), and Tomatillo, allow at least 3 days between application and planting. For Tomato, do not make hooded or shielded sprayer applications in row middles because of the potential for crop injury.

8.10.6 Legume Vegetables (succulent or dried)

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LABELED CROPS: Bean (*Lupinus*: includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin), Bean (*Phaseolus*: includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean), Bean (*Vigna*: includes adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang. Chinese longbean, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean), Broad bean (fava), Chickpea (garbanzo), Guar, Jackbean, Lablab bean, Lentil, Pea (*Pisum*: includes dwarf pea, edible-podded pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snowpea, sugar snap pea), Pigeon pea, Soybean (immature seed), Sword bean.

8.10.7 Root and Tuber Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, Beet (garden), Burdock, Canna, Carrot, Cassava (bitter and sweet), Celeriac, Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip-rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen (taro), Galangal, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Kava (turnip-rooted), Parsley (turnip rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Oriental radish, Rutabaga, Salsify, Black salsify, Spanish salsify, Skirret, Sweet potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Turnip, Wasabi, Yacon, Yam bean, True yam.

Directed Applications (Non-bearing Ginseng only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used for general weed control in established non-bearing ginseng. Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high volume wands, lances, and orchard guns or with wiper application equipment.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Direct applications so that there is no contact of this product with the ginseng plant. Applications must be made at least one year prior to harvest.

Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Rutabagas only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Wiper applicators may be used over-the-top of rutabagas.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 14 days between application and harvest of rutabagas.

8.11 Miscellaneous Crops

LABELED CROPS: Aloe vera, Asparagus, Bamboo shoots, Globe artichoke, Okra, Peanut (ground nut), Pineapple, Strawberry, Sugar beet.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: General Weed Control, Site Preparation, Spot Treatment (Asparagus)

For Roundup Ready sugar beets, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. In crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles should be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

General Weed Control, Site Preparation



USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for general weed control or for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting crops listed in this section.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system. Care should be taken to insure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Do not apply within a week before the first asparagus spears emerge. Do not feed or graze treated pineapple forage following application.

Spot Treatment (Asparagus)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied immediately after cutting, but prior to the emergence of new spears.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Do not harvest within 5 days of treatment.

Post-Harvest (Asparagus)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after the last harvest and all spears have been removed. If spears are allowed to regrow, delay application until ferns have developed. Delayed treatments should be applied as a directed or shielded spray in order to avoid contact of the spray with ferns, stems or spears.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Direct contact of the spray with the asparagus may result in serious crop injury. Select and use recommended types of spray equipment for postemergence post-harvest applications. A directed spray is any application where the spray pattern is aligned in such a way as to avoid direct contact of the spray with the crop. A shielded spray is any application where a physical barrier is positioned and maintained between the spray and the crop to prevent contact of spray with the crop.

9.0 TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS (Alphabetical)

NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS WITHIN SECTION 9 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant (Site Preparation) Broadcast Sprays, General Weed Control, Middles (between rows of trees, vines or bushes), Strips (within rows of trees, vines or bushes), Selective Equipment (shielded sprayers, wiper treatments), Directed Sprays, Spot Treatments, Perennial Grass Suppression, Cut Stump.

Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA equipment, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high-volume wands, lances, orchard guns or with wiper applicator equipment, except as directed.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS:

This product may be applied in middles (between rows of trees or vines), strips (within rows of trees or vines), and for general weed control or perennial grass suppression in established tree fruit and nut groves, orchards, berries, and vineyards. It may also be used for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting these crops. Apply 11 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts per acre according to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" sections of this label. Utilize rates at the higher end of the recommended rate range



when weeds are stressed, growing in dense populations or are greater than 12 inches tall. Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 7 quarts per acre per year.

The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS:

Extreme care must be exercised to avoid contact of herbicide solution, spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of trunk, branches, suckers, fruit or other parts of trees, canes and vines. Avoid applications when recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury has occurred. Contact of this product with other than matured brown bark can result in serious crop damage or destruction. Only shielded or directed sprayers may be used in crops with potential for crop contact, and then only where there is sufficient clearance. For applications in strips (within rows of trees), only selective equipment (directed sprays, hooded sprayers, shielded applicators, or wipers) should be used to minimize the potential for leakage or drift of herbicide sprays onto crop. For berry crops, hooded or shielded sprayers must be fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back. Only wipers or shielded applicators capable of preventing all contact with crop may be used. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional directions and precautions.

Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and transplanting.

Middles (between rows)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control or suppress annual and perennial weeds and ground covers growing between the rows of labeled tree and vine crops. If weeds are under drought stress, irrigate prior to application. Reduced control may result if weeds have been moved prior to application.

TANK MIXTURES: A tank mixture of this product plus Goal 2XL may be used for annual weeds in middles between rows of citrus crops, tree fruits, tree nuts and vine crops. This mixture is recommended when weeds are stressed or growing in dense populations. 11 to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus 3 to 12 fluid ounces per acre of Goal 2XL will control annual weeds with a maximum height or diameter of 6 inches, including crabgrass, common groundsel, junglerice, common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, London rocket, common ryegrass, shepherd's-purse, annual sowthistle, filaree (suppression), horseweed/marestail, stinging nettle and common purslane (suppression). 11 to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus 3 to 12 fluid ounces per acre of Goal 2XL will control common cheeseweed (malva) or hairy fleabane with a maximum height or diameter of 3 inches.

Strips (in rows)

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied in rows of tree or vine crops in tank mixtures with the following products:

Devrinol™ 50 DF

Simazine 4L

Direx™ 4L.

Simazine 80W

Goal 2XL

Sim-Trol™ 4L

KarmexTM DF

Solicam™ DF

KrovarTM I

Surflan™ AS

Prowl

Surflan 75W

Princep Caliber™ 90

Do not apply these tank mixtures in Puerto Rico.

Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

Perennial Grass Suppression

This product will suppress perennial grasses such as bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, tall fescue, orchardgrass, Kentucky bluegrass, and quackgrass that are grown as ground covers in tree and vine crops.

For suppression of tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass and quackgrass, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

For suppression of Kentucky bluegrass covers, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Do not add ammonium sulfate.

For best results, mow cool season grass covers in the spring to even their height and apply this product 3 to 4 days after mowing.

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 25 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 3 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 3 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

For burndown of Bermudagrass, apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Use this treatment only if reduction of the Bermudagrass stand can be tolerated. When burndown is required prior to harvest, allow at least 21 days to ensure sufficient time for burndown to occur.

For suppression of Bermudagrass, apply 4 to 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre east of the Rocky Mountains and 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre west of the Rocky Mountains. Apply in a total spray volume of 3 to 20 gallons per acre, no sooner than 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up. If the Bermudagrass is moved prior to application, maintain a minimum of 3 inches in height. Sequential applications may be made when regrowth occurs and Bermudagrass injury and stand reduction can be tolerated. East of the Rocky Mountains, rates of 4 to 7 fluid ounces of this product per acre should be used in shaded conditions or where a lesser degree of suppression is desired.

Cut Stump____

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USE INSTRUCTIONS. Cut stump applications of this product may be made during site preparation or site renovation, prior to transplanting tree crops. This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of tree species, some of which are listed below.

<u>Citrus Trees</u>: Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (Tangerine), Orange (all), Pummelo, Tangelo, Tangor.

<u>Fruit Trees</u>: Apple, Apricot, Cherry (sweet, sour), Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Pear, Plum/Prune (all), Quince.

**Mat Trees: Almond, Beechnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory Nut, Macadamia, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut (black, English).

Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface



immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT MAKE CUT STUMP APPLICATIONS WHEN THE ROOTS OF ADJACENT DESIRABLE TREES MAY BE GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP. INJURY RESULTING FROM ROOT GRAFTING MAY OCCUR IN ADJACENT TREES. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

9.1 Berry Crops

LABELED CROPS: Blackberry (including bingleberry, black satin berry, boysenberry, Cherokee blackberry, chesterberry, Cheyenne blackberry, coryberry, darrowberry, dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, Himalayaberry, hullberry, juneberry, lavacaberry, lowberry, lucretiaberry, marionberry, nectarberry, olallieberry, Oregon evergreen berry, phenomenalberry, rangeberry, ravenberry, rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, and youngberry), Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Salal.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus Spot Treatment in Cranberry Production and Post-Harvest Treatments in Cranberry Production.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: To avoid damage, herbicide sprays must not be allowed to contact desirable vegetation, including green shoots, canes, or foliage. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest in cranberries. Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest in other berry crops. Do not make directed sprays within the cranberry bush areas prior to berry harvest.

Spot Treatment in Cranberry Production

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Spot treatments may be used to control weeds growing in dry ditches (interior and perimeter) of cranberry production areas. Hand-held sprayers or other appropriate application equipment listed under "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" in this label may be used. Drop water level to remove standing water in ditches prior to application. In hand-held sprayers, use 1 to 1.5 percent solution of this product. Spray to wet vegetation, not to run-off.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For treatments after draw down of water in dry ditches, allow 2 or more days after treatment before reintroduction of water to achieve maximum weed control. Apply this product within I day after draw down to ensure application to actively growing weeds. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest of cranberries. Do not apply this material through the irrigation system. Do not make applications by air. Do not apply directly to water. Use nozzles that emit medium- to large-sized droplets to minimize drift in order to avoid crop injury.

Post-Harvest Treatments in Cranberry Production

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Application of this product may be made after the harvest of cranberries to control weeds growing within the field. Best results will be obtained if applications are made to vines that appear dormant (after they have turned red). Hand-held sprayers, wipers, or other appropriate application equipment listed under "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" in this label may be used. If using hand-held sprayers, use a 0.4 to 0.7 percent solution of this product. Spray to wet vegetation, not to run-off. If using hand-held boom sprayers, apply 44 to 86 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Make applications only after cranberries have been harvested. Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total bog. Allow a minimum of 6 months after last application and next harvest of cranberries. Do not apply this product through the irrigation system. Do not make applications by air. Do not apply directly to water. Even though vines appear dormant, contact of the herbicide solution with

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desirable vegetation may result in damage or severe plant injury. Cranberry plants that are directly sprayed may be killed.

9.2 Citrus

LABELED CROPS: Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus Hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (all), Pummelo, Satsuma Mandarin, Tangelo (ugli), Tangor.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS (The recommendations below pertain to applications in Florida and Texas): For burndown or control of the weeds listed below, apply the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Where weed foliage is dense, use 10 to 30 gallons of water per acre.

For goatweed, apply 44 to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Apply in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre when plants are actively growing. Use 44 fluid ounces per acre when plants are less than 8 inches tall and 64 fluid ounces per acre when plants are greater than 8 inches tall. If goatweed is greater than 8 inches tall, the addition of Krovar I or Karmex may improve control. Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

Perennial weeds:

S = Suppression	B = Burndown			
PC = Partial control	C = Control			
WEED	ROUNDUP WEATHERMAX RATE PER ACRE			
SPECIES	QT	1.3 QT	2 QT	3.3 QT
Bermudagrass	В		PC	С
Guineagrass				
Texas and Florida Ridge	В	С	С	С
Florida Flatwoods		В	C	C
Paragrass	В	С	С	C .
Torpedograss	S		PC	C

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in citrus crops. For citron groves, apply as directed sprays only.

9.3 Miscellaneous Tree Food Crops

LABELED CROPS: Cactus (fruit and pads), Palm (heart, leaves), Palm (oil).

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

9.4 Non-food Tree Crops

LABELED CROPS: Pine, Poplar, Eucalyptus, Christmas Trees, Other nonfood tree crops.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

Directed Sprays, Spot Treatment, Wipers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a post-directed spray and spot treatment around established poplar, eucalyptus, Christmas trees and other non-food tree crops.

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PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of established Christmas trees and other pine trees. Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material. THIS PRODUCT IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN CHRISTMAS TREES AND OTHER PINE TREES.

Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used prior to planting Christmas trees.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Precautions should be taken to protect nontarget plants during site preparation applications.

9.5 Pome Fruit

LABELED CROPS: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear (including oriental pear), Quince.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of I day between last application and harvest in pome crops.

9.6 Stone Fruit

LABELED CROPS: Apricot, Cherry (sweet, tart), Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Plum/Prune (all types), Plumcot.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 17 days between last application and harvest in stone fruit crops. For olive groves, apply as directed sprays only.

Restrictions on Application Equipment

For cherries, any application equipment listed in Section 9.0 may be used in all states.

Any application equipment listed in Section 9.0 may be used in apricots, nectarines, peaches and plums/prunes growing in-Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah and Washington, except for peaches grown in the states specified in the following paragraph. In all other states, use wiper equipment only.

For PEACHES grown in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee only, apply with a shielded boom sprayer or shielded wiper applicator, which prevents any contact of this product with the foliage or bark of trees. Apply no later than 90 days after first bloom. Applications made after this time may result in severe damage. Remove suckers and low-hanging limbs at least 10 days prior to application. Avoid applications near trees with recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury. Apply only near trees that have been planted in the orchard for 2 or more years. EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE NO PART OF THE PEACH TREE IS CONTACTED.

9.7 Tree Nuts

LABELED CROPS: Almond, Beechnut, Betelnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Coconut, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory nut, Macadamia, Pecan, Pine nut, Pistachio, Walnut (black, English)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 3 days between last application and harvest of tree nuts, except coconut. Allow 14 days between application and harvest in coconut.

9.8 Tropical and Subtropical Trees and Fruits

LABELED CROPS: Ambarella, Atemoya, Avocado, Banana, Barbados cherry (acerola), Biriba, Blimbe, Breadfruit, Cacao (cocoa) bean, Canistel, Carambola (starfruit), Cherimoya, Coffee, Custard apple, Dates, Durian, Feijoa, Figs, Governor's plum, Guava, Ilama, Imbe, Imbu, Jaboticaba, Jackfruit, Longan, Lychee, Mamey apple, Mango, Mangosteen, Marmaladebox (genip), Mountain papaya, Papaya, Pawpaw, Plantain, Persimmon, Pomegranate, Pulasan, Rambutan, Rose apple, Sapodilla, Sapote (black, mamey, white), Spanish lime, Soursop, Star apple, Sugar apple, Surinam cherry, Tamarind, Tea, Ti (roots and leaves), Wax jambu.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus Bananacide (banana only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in banana, guava, papaya, and plantain crops. Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest for any other tropical or subtropical tree fruit. Allow a minimum of 28 days between last application and harvest in coffee crops. In coffee and banana, delay applications 3 months after transplanting to allow the new coffee or banana plant to become established.

Bananacide (Banana only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to destroy banana plants infected with the Banana Bunchy Top Virus as well as non-infected banana plants to establish disease free buffers around plantations. Remove all fruit from the plants within the treatment area prior to treatment. Inject 1/25 fluid ounce (1 mL) of this product's concentrate per 2 to 3 inches of pseudostem diameter. Make the injection at least one foot above the ground, except for very small plants, which should be injected vertically into the top. Any subsequent regrowth must also be destroyed. All plants and mats (or units) adjacent (within a 4-foot radius) to a treated mat shall be mechanically destroyed.

For control of the Banana Bunchy Top Virus, it is critical that the grower follow a strict control program involving monitoring for diseased plants, spraying to control the aphid vector, and destruction of all infected mats (or units). An infected plant may not show symptoms of the banana bunchy top virus for up to 125 days, therefore it is critical that the entire mat (or unit) containing the diseased plant be destroyed immediately.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 0.5 fluid ounce (15 mL) of this product's concentrate per mat (or unit). Remove all fruit from plants and mats (or units) prior to treatment. Do not harvest any fruit or plant materials from treated mats (or units) following injection. Do not allow livestock to consume treated plant materials. Following transplant of new banana plants into treated areas, allow plants to become established for 3 months before applying this product for general weed control.

9.9 Vine Crops

LABELED CROPS: Grapes (raisin, table, wine) Hops, Kiwi, Passion fruit.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those fisted in Section 9.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Applications should not be made when green shoots, canes or foliage are in the spray zone.

In the northeast and Great Lakes regions, applications must be made prior to the end of bloom stage of grapes to avoid injury, or make applications with shielded sprayers or wiper equipment.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest in vine crops. Do not use selective equipment in kiwi.

10.0 PASTURE GRASSES, FORAGE LEGUMES AND RANGELANDS

10.1 Alfalfa, Clover, and Other Forage Legumes

LABELED CROPS: Alfalfa, Clover, Kenaf, Kudzu, Lespedeza, Leucaena, Lupin, Sainfoin, Trefoil, Velvet bean, Vetch (all types).

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-planting, Preharvest (Alfalfa only), Spot Treatment or Wiper Applications (Alfalfa and Clover only), Renovation.

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting crops listed in this section. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: If a single application is made at rates of 44 fluid ounces per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or grazing is required. If applications rates greater than 44 fluid ounces per acre are made, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

Preharvest (Alfalfa only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in declining alfalfa stands or any stand of alfalfa where crop destruction is acceptable. This application will severely injure or destroy the stand of alfalfa. This product will control annual and perennial weeds, including quackgrass, when applied prior to the harvest of alfalfa. The treated crop and weeds can be harvested and fed to livestock after 36 hours. Allow a minimum of 36 hours between application and harvest. Applications may be made at any time of the year. Make only one application to an existing stand of alfalfa per year. For control of quackgrass, apply in the spring, late summer or fall when quackgrass is actively growing. Treatments for quackgrass must be followed by deep tillage for complete control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre as a preharvest treatment. Preharvest application is not recommended for alfalfa grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Spot Treatment or Wiper Applications (Alfalfa and Clover only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in alfalfa or clover. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "WIPER APPLICATORS" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than 10 percent of the total field area should be treated at one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

Renovation

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USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a broadcast spray to renovate existing stands of alfalfa, clover, and other labeled forage legumes. Labeled crops may be planted into the treated area.

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PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Remove domestic livestock before application. If application rates of 44 fluid ounces per acre or less are used wait 36 hours after application before grazing or harvesting. If application rates greater than 44 fluid ounces per acre are used, wait 8 weeks between applications and grazing or harvesting.

10.2 Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Renovation (rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation, Posternergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Wiper Applications.

Renovation (rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to prepare CRP land for crop production. Refer to Federal, state or local use guides for CRP renovation recommendations.

Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Wiper Applications

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation in CRP acres. Such applications may be made with wiper application equipment or as a broadcast or spot treatment to dormant CRP grasses. For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 8 to 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre in early spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if broadcast applications are made when plants are not dormant.

10.3 Grass Seed Production

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (*Gramineae* family) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those listed above under "CEREAL CROPS".

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation, Shielded Sprayers, Wiper Applications, Spot Treatments, Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass.

Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during, or after planting or for renovation of turf or forage grass areas grown for seed production. Applications must be made prior to the emergence of the crop to avoid crop injury. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide best control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts.

Do not feed or graze treated areas for 8 weeks following application.

Shielded Sprayers

Africa Carlos Art Walter State Control

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 22 to 64 fluid ounces of this product as a broadcast spray in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre to control weeds in the rows. Uniform planting in straight rows aid in shielded sprayer applications. Best results are obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by or through the protective shields.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Wiper Applications

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations, or when height of weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatments may be necessary. Better results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.

Spot Treatments

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use a 1 percent solution.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Apply this product prior to heading of grasses. Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area. The crop receiving the spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for the same reason.

Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use 11 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Use the higher rate when the ryegrass is greater than 6 inches tall. Best results are obtained when applications are made before the ryegrass reaches 6 inches in height.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Set nozzle heights to allow the establishment of the desired row spacing while preventing spray droplets, spray fines, or drift to contact the ryegrass plants not treated. Use of low-pressure nozzles, or drop nozzles designed to target the application over a narrow band are recommended.

Grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses from misapplication.

10.4 Pastures

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (*Gramineae* family) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those listed above under "CEREAL CROPS", including Bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, Bluegrass, Brome, Fescue, Guineagrass, Kikuya grass, Orchardgrass, Pangola grass, Ryegrass, Timothy, Wheatgrass.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Pasture Renovation, Spot Treatment, Wiper Application.

Preplant, Preemergence and Pasture Renovation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied prior to planting or emergence of forage grasses. In addition, this product may be used to control perennial pasture species listed on this label prior to re-planting.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

Spot Treatment and Wiper Application

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment or with wiper applicators in pastures. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than 10 percent of the total pasture area should be treated at one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

10.5 Rangelands

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Postemergence.

This product will control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool and warm-season grass rangelands.

Preventing viable seed production is key to the successful control and invasion of annual grassy weeds in rangelands. Follow-up applications in sequential years should eliminate most of the viable seeds.

Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 8 to 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre to control or suppress many weeds, including downy brome, cheatgrass, cereal rye and jointed goatgrass in rangelands. Apply when most mature brome plants are in early flower and before the plants, including seedheads, turn color. Allowing for secondary weed flushes to occur in the spring following rain events further depletes the seed reserve and encourages perennial grass conversion on weedy sites. Fall applications are possible, and recommended, where spring moisture is usually limited and fall germination allows for good weed growth.

For medusahead, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre at the 3-leaf stage. Delaying applications beyond this stage will result in reduced or unacceptable control. Fire may be useful in eliminating the thatch layer produced by slow decaying culms prior to application. Allow new growth to occur before spraying after a burn. Repeat applications in subsequent years may be necessary to eliminate the seedbank before reestablishing desirable pereunial grasses in medusahead-dominated rangelands.

Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses may occur, but they will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying rangeland grasses with this product. Do not make more than one application per year.

Grazing of treated areas should be delayed to encourage growth of desirable perennials. Allowing desirable perennials to flower and reseed in the treated area will encourage successful transition.

40.6 Turf Grass Sod Production

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation, Spot Treatment.

Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turf grass areas or establishing turf grass grown for seed or sod. Broadcast or hand-held equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting or sodding to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. For warm-season grasses such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide the best control.

Desirable turf grasses may be planted following the above procedures.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS:

Do not feed or graze turf grass grown for seed or sod production for 8 weeks following application.

Spot Treatment

Hand-held equipment may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation growing in existing turf grass.

11.0 ROUNDUP READY CROPS

The following instructions or those separately published on Monsanto Supplemental labeling include all applications which can be made onto the specified Roundup Ready crops during the complete cropping season. Do NOT combine these instructions with other recommendations made for crop varieties that do not contain the Roundup Ready gene, in the "ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (ALPHABETICAL)" section of this label.

MONSANTO COMPANY RECOMMENDS USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION ONLY ON CROP VARIETIES DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE.

Applying this product to crop varieties that are not designated as Roundup Ready will result in severe crop injury and yield loss. Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants that do not contain the Roundup Ready gene, since severe injury or destruction will result.

The Roundup Ready designation indicates that the crop variety contains a patented gene that provides tolerance to this product. Information on Roundup Ready crop varieties may be obtained from your seed supplier or Monsanto representative. Roundup Ready crop varieties must be purchased from an authorized licensed seed supplier.

NOTE: Roundup Ready seed, and the method of selectively controlling weeds in a Roundup Ready crop by applying glyphosate to the weeds and Roundup Ready crop are protected under several U.S. Patents, including 5,352,605 and 5,633,435. A license to use Roundup Ready seed must be obtained prior to use. Monsanto retains ownership of the gene and process technologies, and the Purchaser of the seed receives the right to use the licensed genes and technologies subject to the limited use license conditions. Seed containing the Roundup Ready trait cannot be used for research and demonstration, reverse engineering or in connection with herbicide registration. Progeny seed containing the Roundup Ready trait cannot be saved for replanting or transferred to others for replanting. Contact your Authorized Monsanto Retailer for information on obtaining a limited use license.

<u>For ground applications</u> with broadcast equipment, apply this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment use flat spray nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for procedures to avoid spray drift that may cause injury to any vegetation not intended for treatment. Use of appropriate buffer zones will help prevent injury to adjacent vegetation.

For proper stewardship of aerial applications over-the-top of Roundup Ready crops, Monsanto recommends that growers and applicators read and follow all precautions and procedures contained in the use guide "A Guide to On-Target Aerial Application" available by calling 1-800-ROUNDUP (1-800-768-6387) or on the internet at www.FARMSOURCE™.com.

ATTENTION: AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE.

See the "MIXING" and "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" sections of this label for additional directions and restrictions on the application of this product.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers may result in reduced weed control or crop injury and are NOT recommended for over-the-top applications of this product unless otherwise noted in this product label, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately by Monsanto.

Ammonium sulfate may be mixed with this product for applications to Roundup Ready crops. Refer to the "MIXING" section for use instructions for ammonium sulfate.

Sprayer Preparation: It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before making applications of this product. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) previously used. THOROUGHLY CLEAN THE SPRAY TANK AND ALL LINES AND FILTERS TO ELIMINATE POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION FROM OTHER HERBICIDES PRIOR TO MIXING AND APPLYING THIS PRODUCT.

NOTE: The following recommendations are based on a clean start at planting by using a burndown application or tillage to control existing weeds before crop emergence. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, a preplant burn-down treatment of this product is recommended to control existing weeds prior to crop emergence. Some weeds, such as black nightshade, broadleaf signalgrass, sicklepod, Texas panicum, sandbur, annual morningglory, woolly cupgrass, shattercane, wild proso millet, burcucumber, and giant ragweed with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require a second application of this product for complete control. The second application should be made after some regrowth has occurred and at least 10 days after a previous application of this product.

11.1 Canola with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence.

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT ON CANOLA WITH THE ROUNDUP READY GENE PLANTED IN THE FOLLOWING STATES: ALABAMA, DELAWARE, FLORIDA, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY, MARYLAND, NEW JERSEY, NORTH CAROLINA, SOUTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND WEST VIRGINIA.

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OVER ROUNDUP READY CANOLA MAY NOT BE PRACTICED IN CALIFORNIA UNLESS THE APPLICATOR HAS AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION A CALIFORNIA-APPROVED SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL SPECIFYING THE ACCEPTED DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Maximum Allowable	Combined Application (Quantities Per Season

Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications

44 fluid ounces per acre

Total in-crop application from emergence to 6-leaf stage

22 fluid ounces per acre

Preplant, At-Planting and Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting canola.

Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready canola from emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development. Applications made during bolting or flowering may result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds.

Weeds Controlled: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this booklet.

Single Application - Apply 11 to 16 fluid ounces per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage for the control of annual weeds. Avoid overlapping applications that may result in temporary yellowing, delayed flowering, and or growth reduction. Similar injury may result when applications of more than 11 fluid ounces per acre are applied after the 4-leaf stage.

Sequential Application - Apply 11 fluid ounces per acre to 1- to 3-leaf canola followed by a sequential application at a minimum interval of 10 days, but no later than the 6-leaf stage. Sequential applications are recommended for early emerging annual weeds and perennial weeds such as Canada thistle and quackgrass or when controlling weeds with multiple application times.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development and the total in-crop application should not exceed 22 fluid ounces per acre. Allow a minimum of 60 days between last application and canola harvest.

11.2 Corn with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (in-crop), Spot Treatment, Preharvest, Post-Harvest.

— — Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season		
Combined total per year for all applications	5.3 quarts per acre	
Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications	3.3 quarts per acre	
Total in-crop applications from emergence through the V8 stage or 30 inches	44 fluid ounces per acre	
Maximum preharvest application rate after maximum kernel fill is complete and the crop is physiologically mature (black layer formation) until 7 days before harvest	22 fluid ounces per acre	

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

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USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting corn.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with Bullet, Degree, Degree Xtra, Harness, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra, Lasso or Micro-Tech at 50 to 100 percent of labeled rate. Refer to the specific product label and observe all precautions and limitations on the label for any preemergence herbicide application, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum recropping interval and rotational guidelines - the more restrictive requirements apply.

NOTE: For maximum weed control, a postemergence (in-crop) application of this product should be applied following the use of less than labeled rates of the preemergence residual products listed above.

Postemergence (in-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied posternergence to Roundup Ready corn from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars) or until corn height reaches 30 inches, whichever comes first.

When applied as directed, this product controls labeled annual grass and broadleaf weeds in Roundup Ready corn. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more application of this product. The postemergent application of 16 to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product should be made before the weeds reach a height and/or density that the weeds become competitive with the crop, generally 4 inch tall weeds or less.

This product may be applied alone as a postemergence in-crop application to provide control of emerged weeds listed on this label. If new flushes of weeds occur, a sequential application of this product at 16 to 22 fluid ounces per acre will control the labeled grasses and broadleaf weeds

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied in tank mixture with Bullet, Degree, Degree Xtra, Harness, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L, and Micro-Tech at 50 to 100 percent of labeled rate. This product may be applied in tank mixture with Permit® and atrazine at labeled rates. Refer to the specific product label and observe all precautions and limitations on the label for all products used in tank mixtures, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum recropping interval and rotational guidelines - the more restrictive requirements apply.

Tank-mix Partner	Maximum Height Of Corn For Application
Degree	11 inches
Degree Xtra	
Harness	·
Harness Xtra	
Harness Xtra 5.6	
Bullet*	5 inches
Micro-Tech*	
Permit	30 inches
Atrazine	12 inches

^{*}Bullet and Micro-Tech are not registered for use as a postemergence application in Texas.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. Single in-crop applications of this product are not to exceed 22 fluid ounces per acre. Sequential in-crop applications of this product from emergence through the V8 stage or 30 inches must not exceed 44 fluid ounces per acre per growing season. Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product. Allow a minimum of 50 days between application of this product and harvest of corn forage.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: In Roundup Ready corn, up to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product can be applied preharvest. Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and barvest.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

11.3 Cotton with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Over-the-Top, Selective Equipment, Preharvest.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season		
Combined total per year for all applications	5.3 quarts per acre	
Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications	3.3 quarts per acre	
Total in-crop applications from ground cracking to layby	2.5 quarts per acre	
Maximum preharvest application rate	44 fluid ounces per acre	

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. The combined total application of this product from cotton emergence until harvest must not exceed 4 quarts per acre. NO MORE THAN TWO OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST APPLICATIONS MAY BE MADE FROM CROP EMERGENCE THROUGH THE 4-LEAF (NODE) STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT. NO MORE THAN TWO APPLICATIONS SHOULD BE MADE FROM THE 5-LEAF STAGE THROUGH LAYBY. SEQUENTIAL IN-CROP OVER-THE-TOP OR POST-DIRECTED APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MUST BE AT LEAST 10 DAYS APART AND COTTON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS. ALLOW A MINIMUM OF 7 DAYS BETWEEN APPLICATION AND HARVEST.

Preplant, At-Planting and Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton.

Over-the-Top

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment at rates up to 22 fluid ounces per acre per application postemergence to Roundup Ready cotton from the ground cracking stage until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter). Overthe-top applications made after the 4-leaf (node) stage of development may result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

Salvage Treatment. This treatment may be used after the 4-leaf stage of development and should only be used where weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop. 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product may be applied

e de la companya de la co either as an over-the-top applications or as a post-directed treatments sprayed higher on the cotton plants and over the weeds. NOTE: SALVAGE TREATMENTS WILL RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS. NO MORE THAN ONE SALVAGE TREATMENT SHOULD BE USED PER GROWING SEASON.

NOTE: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this booklet.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers at rates up to 22 fluid ounces per acre per application to Roundup Ready cotton through layby. At this stage, post-directed equipment should be used which directs the spray to the base of the cotton plants. Contact of the spray with cotton leaves should be avoided to the maximum extent possible. To minimize spray onto the leaves of the cotton plants, place nozzles in a low position directing a horizontal spray pattern under the cotton leaves to contact weeds in the row, and maintain low spray pressure (less than 30 psi). For best results, make applications while weeds are small (less than 3 inches).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for preharvest annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast treatment to Roundup Ready cotton after 20 percent boll crack. Up to 44 fluid ounces of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. NOTE: This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready cotton

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. Do not apply this product to cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF ROUNDUP READY COTTON, HOWEVER, VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LABEL SPECIFICATIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

11.4 Soybeans with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence, Preharvest, Post-Harvest.

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OVER ROUNDUP READY SOYBEANS MAY NOT BE PRACTICED IN CALIFORNIA UNLESS THE APPLICATOR HAS AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION A CALIFORNIA-APPROVED SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL SPECIFYING THE ACCEPTED DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

Combined total per year for all applications

5.3 quarts per acre

Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications

3.3 quarts per acre

fotal in-crop applications from cracking throughout
flowering

Maximum preharvest application rate

5.3 quarts per acre

64 fluid ounces per acre

22 fluid ounces per acre

PRECAUTIONS/RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting soybeans.

Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: When applied as directed, this product will control labeled annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in Roundup Ready soybeans. Applications of this product can be made in Roundup Ready soybeans from emergence (cracking) throughout flowering. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" in this label for rate recommendations for specific annual weeds. In general, an initial application of 22 fluid ounces per acre on 2 to 8 inch tall weeds is recommended. Weeds will generally be 2 to 8 inches tall, 2 to 5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are larger, apply a higher rate of this product. This product may be used up to 44 fluid ounces per acre in any single in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where heavy weed densities exist.

A 22- to 44-fluid-ounce per acre rate (single or multiple applications) of this product will control or suppress perennial weeds such as: Bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem multy. For best results, allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6 inches of growth before spraying with this product.

Under adverse growing conditions such as drought, hail, wind damage or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this may be necessary to control late flushes of weeds. IN THE SOUTHERN STATES, A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN CROP. To control giant ragweed, it is recommended that 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product be applied when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and possibly avoid the need for a sequential application.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 64 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 44 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum combined total of this product that can be applied during flowering is 44 fluid ounces per acre.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans. Up to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product can be applied by aerial or ground application.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment. Allow a minimum of 14 days between final application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain, forage or hay.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of Roundup Ready soybeans. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

11.5 Sugar Beets with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence.

Maximum Allowable Combined Applic	ation Quantities Per Season
Combined total per year for all applications	5.3 quarts per acre
Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications	3.3 quarts per acre
Emergence to 8-leaf stage	56 fluid ounces per acre
Between 8-leaf stage and canopy closure	44 fluid ounces per acre

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 3 quarts per acre. The maximum rate for any single application from crop emergence until the 8-leaf stage is 32 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single application between the 8-leaf stage and canopy closure is 22 fluid ounces per acre. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and sugar beet harvest.

Preplant, At-Planting and Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting of Roundup Ready sugar beets.

Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergent over-the-top to Roundup Ready sugar beets from emergence to 30 days prior to harvest. To maximize yield potential spray sugar beets early to eliminate competing weeds. Up to 4 sequential applications of this product may be made with at least 10 days between applications. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this label for rate recommendations for specific annual weeds. This product will control or suppress most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, repeat applications may be required to eliminate crop competition throughout the growing season.

12.0 NON-CROP USES AROUND THE FARMSTEAD

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: General Weed Control, Trim-and-Edge, Greenhouse/Shadehouse, Chemical Mowing, Cut Stumps, Habitat Management.

12.1 General Weed Control and Trim-And-Edge

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual weeds, perennial weeds and woody brush which are found in any part of the farmstead, including building foundations, along and in fences, in dry ditches and canals, along ditchbanks, farm roads, shelterbelts, prior to landscape plantings and equipment storage areas.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the following products. Refer to these product labels for approved farmstead sites and application rates. For annual weeds, use 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 32 fluid ounces per acre when weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall and

44 fluid ounces per acre when weeds are greater than 12 inches tall. For perennial weeds, apply 44 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts per acre in these tank mixes. For tank mixtures with these products through backpack sprayers, handguns or other high-volume spray-to-wet applications, see the "ANNUAL WEEDS -- HAND-HELD OR HIGH VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section of this label for recommended rates.

Arsenal Banvel/Clarity BarricadeTM 65WG

Diuron
EnduranceTM
EscortTM
Karmex DF
Krovar I DF
OustTM
Pendulum 3.3 EC

Pendulum WDG

Plateau Princep DF Princep Liquid Ronstar 50 WP

Sahara Simazine Surflan TelarTM VanquishTM 2,4-D

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

12.2 Greenhouse/Shadehouse

This product may be used to control weeds in and around greenhouses and shadehouses. Desirable vegetation must not be present during application and air circulation fans must be turned off. Do not use in residential greenhouses.

12.3 Chemical Mowing

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Use 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Use 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass, bahiagrass or quackgrass covers. Use 11 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Bermudagrass. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating torpedograss or paragrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Chemical mowing applications may be made along farm ditches and other parts of farmsteads.—

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

12.4 Cut Stumps

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TYPES OF APPLICATION: Treating cut stumps in any non-crop site listed on this label

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion

Alder
Eucalyptus
Madrone
Oak
Pepper, brazilian
Pine, Austrian

Reed, giant Saltcedar Sweetgum Tan oak Willow

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not make cut stump applications when the roots of desirable woody brush or trees may be grafted to the roots of the cut stump. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

12.5 Habitat Management

TYPES OF USES: Habitat Restoration and Maintenance, WildlifeFood Plots.

Habitat Restoration and Maintenance

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management areas. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad spectrum vegetation control requirements in habitat management areas. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement.

Wildlife Food Plots

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a site preparation treatment to control annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage.

13.0 ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

WATER CARRIER VOLUMES OF 3 TO 10 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR GROUND APPLICATIONS AND 3 TO 5 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS ARE RECOMMENDED.

Apply to actively growing annual weeds. Annual weeds are generally easiest to control when they are small.

Older, mature (hardened) annual weed species may require higher rates even if they meet the size requirements.

Do not tank mix with soil residual herbicides when using these rates unless otherwise specified.

For weeds that have been moved, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment.

-Phis product may be used up to 32 fluid ounces per acre where heavy weed densities exist.

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

RATE

WEED SPECIES	11 Maxii	(fluid 16 mum hei	ounces 22 ght/leng	27	32
Ammannia, purple	3	6	12	-	18
Annoda, spurred	•	2	3	5	8
Barley	18	18 +	-	-	
Barnyardgrass	-	3	6	7	9
Bassia, fivehook	-	-	6	-	-
Beggarweed, Florida	-	5	8	-	-
Bittercress	12	20	-	-	-
Bluegrass, annual	10	-	-	-	-
Bluegrass, bulbous	6	-	-	•	•
Brome, downy 1,2	6	12	-	-	
Brome, Japanese	6	12	24	-	-
Browntop panicum	6	8	12	-	24
Buckwheat, wild 3	-	i	2	-	-
Burcucumber	-	6	12	-	18
Вищегсир	12	20	-	-	-
Carolina geranium	•	-	4	-	9
Carpetweed	-	6	12	-	-
Cheat 2	6	20	-	-	-
Chervil	20	-	-	-	-
Chickweed	-	12	18	-	-
Cocklebur	12	18	24	-	36
Copperleaf, hophornbeam	-	2	4		6
Copperleaf, Virginia	-	2	4	-	6
Coreopsis, plains	<i>:</i>	6	12		18
Corn, volunteer	6	12	20	-	-

Corn speedwell	12	-	-	-	-
Crabgrass	3	6	12	-	-
Crowfootgrass	-	+	6	-	12
Cutleaf evening primrose	-	-	3	-	6
Devilsclaw (unicorn plant)	-	3	6	-	+
Dwarfdandelion	12	+	•	+	-
Eastern mannagrass	8	12	٠.	+	-
Eclipta	-	4	8 :	12	-
Fall panicum	4	-	6	-	12
Falsedandelion	-	20	-	-	
Falseflax, smallseed	12	-	-		
Fiddleneck	-	6	12		-
Field pennycress	6	12	-	-	-
Filaree	-	-	6	-	12
Fleabane, annual	6	20	-	-	+
Fleabane, hairy (Conyza bonariensis)	-	-	6	-	10
Fleabane, rough	3	6	12	-	-
Florida pusley	-	-	4	-	6
Foxtail, giant, bristly, yellow	6	12	20	-	-
Foxtail, Carolina	10	-	-	-	-
Foxtail, green	12	-	-	-	-
Goatgrass, jointed	6	12	-	-	-
Goosegrass	-	3	6	-	12
Grain sorghum (milo)	6	12	20	-	-
Troundcherry	-	3	6	•	9
Groundsel, common		6 、	10	-	-
Hemp sesbania	-	2	4	6	8

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Henbit		-	6	-	12
Horseweed/ Marestail (Conyza canadensis)	-	6	12	-	18
Itchgrass	6	8	12	-	18
Jimsonweed	-	-	12	-	18
Johnsongrass, seedling	6	12	18	-	24
Junglerice	-	3	6	7	9
Knotweed	-	-	6	-	12
Kochia ⁴	-	3 to 6	12	-	-
Lambsquarters	-	6	12	-	20
Little barley	6	12	-	-	-
London rocket	6	-	24	-	
Mayweed	-	2	6	12	18
Morningglory, annual (Ipomoea spp)	-	-	3		6
Mustard, blue	6	12	18	-	-
Mustard, tansy	6	12	18	-	-
Mustard, tumble	6	12	18	-	-
Mustard, wild	6	12	18	•	-
Nightshade, black	-	4	6	-	12
Nightshade, hairy	-	4	6	-	12
Oats	3	6	18	-	-
Pigweed species	-	12	18	24	-
Prickly lettuce	-	6	12	-	-
Pursiane	-	-	3	-	6
Ragweed, common	-	6	12	-	18
Ragweed, giant	-	6	-12		18
Red rice	• .		· 4	-	-
Rye, volunteer/cereal ²	6	18	18+	-	-

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Ryegrass	•	-	6	-	12
Sandbur, field	6	12	-	-	-
Sandbur, longspine	6	£2	-	-	-
Shattercane	6	12	20	-	
Shepherd's-purse	6	12	-	-	-
Sicklepod	-	2	4	-	8
Signalgrass, broadleaf	-	3	. 6	7	9
Smartweed, ladysthumb	-	-	6	-	9
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	-	-	6	-	9
Sowthistle, annual	-	-	6	-	12
Spanishneedles	-	-	6	•	12
Speedwell, purslane	12	-	-	-	-
Sprangletop	6	12	20	-	-
Spurge, prostrate	•	6	12	-	-
Spurge, spotted	-	6	12	-	-
Spurry, umbrella	6	-	-	-	-
Stinkgrass	-	12	-	-	-
Sunflower	12	18	-	-	-
Swinecress	-	5	12	-	-
Teaweed/ Prickly sida	-	2	4	-	6
Texas panicum	6	8	12	-	24
Thistle, Russian ⁵	-	6	12	•	-
Velvetleaf	-	-	6	-	12
Virginia pepperweed	-	81	-	-	-
₩aterhemp	-	-	-6	-	12
Wheat ²	6 .	.12	18	-	-
Wheat, (overwintered)		6	12	-	18

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Wild oats	3	6	18	-	-
Wild proso millet	-	6	12	+	18
Witchgrass		12	-	+	-
Woolly cupgrass	7	6	12	-	-
Yellow rocket		12	20	-	-

¹ For control of downy brome in no-till systems, use 16 fluid ounces per acre.

13.1 Annual Weeds -- Rates for 10 to 40 Gallons per Acre

Apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Use 22 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 32 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall and 44 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are greater than 12 inches tall. These rates will provide control of weeds listed in the annual weed control tables when water carrier volumes are 10 to 40 gallons per acre for ground applications. Older, mature (hardened) annual weed species may require higher rates even if they meet the size requirements.

13.2 Annual Weeds -- Tank Mixtures with 2,4-D, Dicamba or Tordon 22K

8 to 11 fluid-ounces of this product plus 0.25 pound of dicamba or 0.5 pound of 2,4-D or 1 to 2 fluid ounces of TordonTM 22K per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6 inches -- prickly lettuce, marestail/horseweed, morning glory, kochia (dicamba only) wild buckwheat (Tordon 22K only); 12 inches -- cocklebur, lambsquarters, pigweed, Russian thistle (2,4-D only).

11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-D per acre will control the following weeds when they are a maximum height or length of 6 inches: common ragweed, giant ragweed, Pennsylvania smartweed, and velvetleaf.

Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba or Tordon 22K is applied within 45 days of planting.

DO NOT APPLY DICAMBA TANK MIXTURES BY AIR IN CALIFORNIA.

13.3 Annual Weeds - Hand-Held or High-Volume Equipment

² Performance is better if application is made before this weed reaches the boot stage of growth.

³ Use 16 fluid ounces per acre of this product to control wild buckwheat in the cotyledon to 2-leaf stage. Use 22 fluid ounces per acre to control 2- to 4-leaf wild buckwheat. For improved control of wild buckwheat over 2 inches in size, use sequential treatments of 22 fluid ounces followed by 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

⁴ Do not treat kochia in the button stage.

⁵Control of Russian thistle may vary based on environmental conditions and spray coverage. Whenever possible, a tank mixture with 2,4-D as described below may improve control.

For control of weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLES", apply a 0.4 percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or unless otherwise specified, use a 0.7 percent solution.

For best results, use a 1.5 percent solution on harder-to-control perennials, such as Bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

When using application methods that result in less than complete coverage, use a 4 percent solution for annual and perennial weeds and a 4 to 7 percent solution for woody brush and trees.

13.4 Annual Weeds -- Tank Mixtures with Atrazine for Fallow and Reduced Tillage Systems

For use only in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, and Washington. In Oregon and Washington, do not exceed I pound of atrazine per acre.

16 to 20 fluid ounces of this product plus 1 to 2 pounds of atrazine per acre will control the following weeds: Barnyardgrass (requires 20 fluid ounces for control), Downy brome, Green foxtail, Lambsquarters, Prickly lettuce, Tansy mustard, Pigweed, Field sandbur, Stinkgrass, Russian thistle, Volunteer wheat, Witchgrass and Kochia (add 0.125 pounds of dicamba for control).

14.0 PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

Apply to actively growing perennial weeds.

ومأملته بقدارة فالمتاهدة فيريان الدابير

NOTE: If weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not treat until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the recommended stages.

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed. Repeat treatments must be made prior to crop emergence.

Unless otherwise stated, allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Best results are obtained when soil moisture is adequate for active weed growth.

Weed Species	Rate (QT/A)	Water Volume (GPA)	Hand-Held % Solution
Alfalfa	1 - 1.5	3 - 10	1.5%
	ent. Applications sh		fa to regrow to a height of 6 to 8 inches or p tillage at least 7 days after treatment, but
Alligatorweed	3	3 - 20	1%
For partial control, a control.	pply when most of	the plants are in bloom. Re	epeat applications will be required to maintain
Anise (fennel)			1 - 1.5%

For hand held, apply as a spray-to-wet treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bad to full-bloom stage of growth.

Bahiagrass

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.

Bentgrass

1

10 - 20

1.5%

For suppression in grass seed production areas. For ground applications only, Ensure entire crown area has resumed growth prior to a fall application. Bentgrass should have at least 3 inches of growth. Tillage prior to treatment should be avoided. Tillage 7 to 10 days after application is recommended for best results.

Bermudagrass

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

For control, apply 3.3 quarts of this product per acre. For partial control, apply 64 fluid ounces per acre. Treat when Bermudagrass is actively growing and seedheads are present. Retreatment may be necessary to maintain control.

Bermudagrass, water (knotgrass)

0.7 - 1

5 - 10

1.5%

Apply 32 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply when water Bermudagrass is 12 to 18 inches in length. Allow 7 or more days before tilling, flushing or flooding the field.

Fall applications only: Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Fallow fields should be tilled prior to application. Apply prior to frost on water Bermudagrass that is 12 to 18 inches in length.

This product is not registered in California for use on water Bermudagrass.

Bindweed, field

and the second of the first such as the

0.4 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Do not treat field bindweed under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth.

For control, apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 2 to 2.5 quarts east of the Mississippi River. Apply when the weeds are at or beyond full bloom. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

Also for control, apply 44 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of dicamba in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air.

For suppression on irrigated agricultural land, apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product plus 1.0 pound of 2,4-D in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment only. Applications should be made following harvest or in fall fallow ground when the bindweed is actively growing and the majority of runners are 12 inches or more in length. The use of at least one irrigation will promote active bindweed growth.

For suppression, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Apply by air in fallow and reduced tillage systems only. Applications should be delayed until maximum emergence has occurred and when vines are between 6 to 18 inches in length.

In California only, apply 22 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts of this product per acre. Actual rate needed for suppression or control will vary within this range depending on local conditions. For suppression on irrigated tand where annual tillage is performed, apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to bindweed that has reached a length of 12 inches or greater. Allow maximum weed emergence and runner growth. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Bluegrass, Kentucky

0.7 - 1.5

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply 44 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Blueweed, Texas

2 - 3.3

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 2 to 2.5 quarts per acre east of the Mississippi River. Apply when plants are at or beyond full bloom. New leaf development indicates active growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

Brackenfern

2 - 3

3 - 40

1%

Apply to fully expanded fronds that are at least 18 inches long.

Bromegrass, smooth

0.7 - 1.5

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply 44 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Bursage, woolly-leaf

3 - 20

1.5%

For control, apply 44 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of dicamba per acre. For partial control, apply 22 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of dicamba per acre. Apply when plants are producing new active growth which has been initiated by moisture for at least 2 weeks and when plants are at or beyond flowering.

Canarygrass, reed

1.5 - 2

3 - 40

1.5%

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth.

Cattail

2 - 3.3

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.

Clover; red or white

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage.

Also for control, apply 11 to 22 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 to 1.0 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

Cogongrass

2 - 3.3

10 - 40

1.5%

Apply when cogongrass is at least 18 inches tall in late summer or fall. Due to uneven stages of growth and the dense nature of vegetation preventing good spray coverage, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control.

Dallisgrass

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.

Dandelion

2 - 3.3

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth.

Also for control, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gailons of water per асге.

Dock, curly

2 - 3.3

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth.

Also for control, apply 11 to 22 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 to 1.0 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

Dogbane, hemp

3

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. Following crop harvest or mowing. allow weeds to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. For suppression, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Delay applications until maximum emergence of dogbane has occurred.

Fescue (except tall)

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.

Fescue, tall

0.7 - 2

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development.

Fall applications only: Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to fescue in the fall when plants have 6 to 12 inches of new growth. A sequential application of 11 fluid ounces per acre of this product will improve long-term control and control seedlings germinating after fall treatments or the following spring.

Guineagrass

1.5 - 2

3 - 40

1%

Apply when most plants have reached at least the 7-leaf stage of growth. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. In Texas and ridge of Florida, use 44 fluid ounces for control. In the flatwoods region of Florida, 64 fluid ounces is required for control.

Horsenettle

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage. Horseradish 3 3 - 401.5% Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. **Iceplant** 1.5 - 2% Iceplant should be at or beyond the early bud stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control. 3 - 201.5% Jerusalem artichoke 2 - 3.3Apply when most plants are in the early bud-stage. 0.4 - 23 - 401% **Johnsongrass** In annual cropping systems apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. In noncrop, or areas where annual tillage (no-till) is not practiced, apply 44 to 64 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre. For burndown of Johnsongrass, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before the plants reach a height of 12 inches. For this use, allow at least 3 days after treatment before tillage. Spot treatment (partial control or suppression)--Apply a 0.7 percent solution of this product when Johnsongrass is 12 to 18 inches in height. Coverage should be uniform and complete. 3 - 401.5% Kikuyugrass 1.5 - 2Spray when most kikuyugrass is at least 8 inches in height (3- or 4-leaf stage of growth). Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. 3 - 401.5% Knapweed 3 Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. 1% Lantana Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Use the higher application rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Lespedeza 2 - 3.33 - 201.5% Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage.

But at the second of the last of

2 3 - 40Milkweed, common

Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth.

Muhly, wirestem

0.7 - 1.5

3 - 40

1.5%

1.5%

Use 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre or in pasture, sod, or noncrop areas. Spray when the wirestem muhly is 8 inches or more in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in the fall or spring prior to spring applications. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Mullein, common

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants are in the early bud stage.

Napiergrass

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Nightshade, silverleaf

1.5

3 - 10

1.5%

Applications should be made when at least 60 percent of the plants have berries. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

Nutsedge,

0.4 - 2

3 - 40

1 - 1.5%

purple or yellow

Apply 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre or apply a 1 to 1.5 percent solution for control of nutsedge plants and immature nutlets attached to treated plants. Treat when plants are in flower or when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets that have not germinated will not be controlled and may germinate following treatment. Repeat treatments will be required for long-term control of ungerminated tubers.

Sequential applications: 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre will also provide control. Make applications when a majority of the plants are in the 3- to 5-leaf stage (less than 6 inches tall). Repeat this application, as necessary, when newly emerging plants reach the 3- to 5-leaf stage. Subsequent applications will be necessary for long-term control.

For partial control of existing plants, apply 11 to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Treat when plants have 3 to 5 leaves and most are less than 6 inches tall. Repeat treatments will be required to control subsequent emerging plants or regrowth of existing plants.

Orchardgrass

The second section of the second

0.7 - 1.5

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply 44 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached bootto-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Orchardgrass sods going to no-till corn: Apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to orchardgrass that is a minimum of 12 inches tall for spring applications and 6 inches tall for fall applications. Allow at least 3 days following application before planting. A sequential application of atrazine will be necessary for optimum results.

Pampasgrass -

1 - 1.5%

Pampasgrass should be at or beyond the boot stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

Paragrass

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Phragmites

2 - 3.3

10 - 40

1 - 1.5%

For partial control, and best results, treat during late summer or fall when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Treatment before or after this stage may lead to reduced control. Due to the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage or uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop.

Poison hemlock

1 - 1.5%

For hand held, apply as a spray-to-wet treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

Pokeweed, common

1

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply to actively growing plants up to 24 inches tall.

Quackgrass

0.7 - 2

3 - 40

1.5%

In annual cropping systems, or in pastures and sods followed by deep tillage: Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre, apply 44 fluid ounces of this product. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using the 22-fluid-ounce rate. Spray when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. In pastures or sods, use a moldboard plow for best results.

In pastures, sods or non-crop areas where deep tillage does not follow application: Apply 44 to 64 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when the quackgrass is greater than 8 inches tall.

Redvine -

0.5 - 1.5

5 - 10

1.5%

For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre at each of two applications 7 to 14 days apart or a single application of 44 fluid ounces per acre. Apply recommended rates in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply in late September or early October to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.

Reed, giant

1.5%

Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer to fall.

Ryegrass, perennial

0.7 - 2

3 - 40

1%

In annual cropping systems apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons

of water per acre. In non-crop, or areas where annual tillage (no-till) is not practiced, apply 44 to 64 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when using Iquart of this product per acre.

Smartweed, swamp

2 - 3.3

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth. Also for control, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall.

Sowthistle, perennial

1.5 - 2

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Spurge, leafy

3 - 10

1.5%

For suppression, apply 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall. If mowing has occurred prior to treatment, apply when most of the plants are 12 inches tall.

Starthistle, yellow

1.5

10 - 40

1.5%

1.5%

Best results are obtained when applications are made during the rosette, bolting and early flower stages.

Sweet potato, wild

For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be required.

Thistle, artichoke

1.5%

For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be required.

Thistle, Canada

1.5 - 2

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

For suppression in the spring, apply 22 fluid ounces of this product, or 11 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound of 2,4-D, in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Allow rosette regrowth to a minimum of 6 inches in offameter before treating. Applications can be made as long as leaves are still green and plants are actively growing at the time of application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Timothy

1.5 - 2

3 - 40

1.5%

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-her	d stave of	f growth.
---	------------	-----------

Torpedograss	2.5 - 3.3	3 - 40	1.5%	
For partial control,app will be required to ma	-	•	ne seedhead stage of growth. Repeat application police to the property of the	ions
Trumpetcreeper	1.5	5 - 10	1.5%	
		-	ints that are at least 18 inches tall and have be applications at least 1 week before a killing fr	
Vaseygrass	2 - 3.3	3 - 20	1.5%	
Apply when most plan	its are in the early	head stage.	:	
Velvetgrass	2 - 3.3	3 - 20	1.5%	
Apply when most plan	nts are in the early	head stage.		

1.5%

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth.

3 - 40

15.0 WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

1.5 - 2

Wheatgrass, western

Apply this product after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Unless otherwise directed, apply broadcast treatments in 3 – 40 gallons of water per acre. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, mowing or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

	Weed Species	Rate (QT/A)	Hand-Held % Solution	Comments	
	PC = Partial Contro	l; C = Control			
_	Alder	2 - 3	1%	· c	
	Ash ·	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC	
	Aspen, quaking	1.5 - 2	1%	С	

Bearmat (Bearcle	iver) 1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Beech	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Birch	1.5 - 2	1%	C
Blackberry	2 - 3	1%	С

Make applications after plants have reached full leaf maturity. Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer or fall. Applications may also be made after leaf drop and until a killing frost or as long as stems are green. After berries have set or dropped in late fall, blackberry can be controlled by applying a 0.7 percent solution of this product. For control of blackberries after leaf drop and until killing frost or as long as stems are green, apply 2 to 2.5 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

Blackgum	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	С
Bracken	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	C
Broom; French, Scotch		1 – 1.5%	С
Buckwheat, California		1 - 1.5%	PC.

Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

Cascara	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Catsclaw		1%	PC
Ceanothus	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Chamise		1%	С

Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

Cherry; bitter, black, pin	1.5 - 2	1%	С
Coyote brush		1 - 1.5%	· C

Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.

Dogwood	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Elderberry	1.5 - 2	1%	С
Elm	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Eucalyptus		1.5%	С

For control of eucalyptus resprouts, apply when resprouts are 6 to 12 feet tall. Ensure complete coverage. Avoid application to drought-stressed eucalyptus plants.

Florida holly (Brazilian Peppertree)	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Gorse	1.5 - 3.3	I - 1.5%	PC
Hasardia		1 - 1.5%	PC.
Thorough cover	age of foliage is necess	sary for best results.	
Hawthorn	1.5 - 2	1%	С
Haze!	1.5 - 2	1%	С
Hickory	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Honeysuckle	2 - 3	1%	С
Hornbeam, American	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Kudzu	2.5 - 3.3	1.5%	C
Repeat applicati	ons may be required to	maintain control.	
Locust, black	1.5 - 3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Madrone resprouts	•-	1.5%	PC.
Apply to resproutreatments.	its that are 3 to 6 feet to	all. Best results are ob	stained with spring/early summer
Manzanita	1.5 - 3.3	I - 1.5%	PC
Maple, red	1.5 - 3	1%	С
	nt solution when at leas I to 86 fluid ounces of		w leaves are fully developed. For partial
Maple, sugar		1%	c
Apply when at le	east 50 percent of the n	ew leaves are fully dev	veloped.
Monkey flower		1 - 1.5%	PC
Thorough covera	age of foliage is necess	ary for best results.	
Oak; black, white	1.5 - 3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Oak, post	2 - 3	1%	С

Apply when at least 50 percent of the new pin leaves are fully developed

Oak; southern red	1.5 - 2	1%	С
Persimmon	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Pine	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	С
Poison ivy/ Poison oak	2.5 - 3.3	1.5%	C

Repeat applications may be required to maintain control. Fall treatments must be applied before leaves lose green color.

Poplar, yellow	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC.
Redbud, eastern	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	С
Rose, multiflora	1.5	1%	С

Treatments should be made prior to leaf deterioration by leaf-eating insects.

Russian olive	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Sage, black	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1%	C
Thorough cover	age of foliage is necess	ary for best results.	

 Sage, white
 1.5 - 3.3
 1 - 1.5%
 PC

 Sage brush,
 California
 - 1%
 C

Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

Salmonberry	1.5 - 2	1%	C
Salt-cedar	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	C
Sassafras	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Sourwood	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Sumac; poison, smooth, winged	1.5 - 3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Sweetgum	1.5 - 2	1%	C
Swordfern	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC

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Tallowtree, Chinese -- 1% C

Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results

Tan oak resprouts -- 1.5% PC

Apply to resprouts that are less than 3 to 6 feet tall. Best results are obtained with fall applications.

Thimbleberry	1.5 - 2	1%	С
Tobacco, tree	*-	1 - 1.5%	PC
Trumpetcreeper	1.5 - 2	1%	С
Vine maple	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Virginia creeper	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	С
Waxmyrtle, southern	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Willow	2 - 3	1%	С

16.0 LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

This Company warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the Complete Directions for Use label booklet ("Directions") when used in accordance with those Directions under the conditions described therein. NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR MERCHANTABILITY IS MADE. This warranty is also subject to the conditions and limitations stated herein.

Buyer and all users shall promptly notify this Company of any claims whether based in contract, negligence, strict liability, other tort or otherwise.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage from use or handling which results from conditions beyond the control of this Company, including, but not limited to, incompatibility with products other than those set forth in the Directions, application to or contact with desirable vegetation, unusual weather, weather conditions which are outside the range considered normal at the application site and for the time period when the product is applied, as well as weather conditions which are outside the application ranges set forth in the Directions, application in any manner not explicitly set forth in the Directions, moisture conditions outside the moisture range specified in the Directions, or the presence of products other than those set forth in the Directions in or on the soil, crop or treated vegetation.

This Company does not warrant any product reformulated or repackaged from this product except in accordance with this Company's stewardship requirements and with express written permission from this Company.

For over-the-top uses on Roundup Ready crop varieties crop safety and weed control performance are not warranted by Monsanto when this product is used in conjunction with "brown bag" or "bin run" seed saved from previous year's production and replanted.

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This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,688,085 and 6,365,551. Other patents pending. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

EPA Reg. No. 524-537

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, (314) 694-4000.

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http://www.monsanto.com

April 26, 2002

Document Processing Center (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

Roundup WeatherMAX Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 524-537)

Notification of Alternate Brand Name

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

At this time Monsanto is Notifying the Agency that we will market product registered under EPA Reg. No. 524-537 using a new alternate brand name "Roundup WeatherMAX Herbicide". The labeling will be based on the Master Label for this registration number that was approved 11-Apr-2002. Draft labeling for this product is enclosed. Final Printed Labeling for this brand name will be submitted with any necessary explanation for minor changes from the approved labeling text as soon as it is available and prior to product shipment.

This notification of <u>alternate brand name</u> is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR§ 152.46, and no other changes) have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 USC Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statements to the EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement actions and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Mr. Tompkins Page 2 26-Apr-02

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202-383-2878) or by direct phone (314-694-1582), fax (314-694-4028), or electronic mail at stephen.j.wratten@monsanto.com.

Sincerely,

Stephen J. Wratten

Manager, Registrations

cc: M. C. Gray

Roundup WeatherMAX name.doc

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MASTER LABEL FOR EPA REG, NO. 524-LGT

Registered Brand Names:

MON 78270 Herbicide MON 007 Herbicide

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^{**}See each label part for more detailed table of contents**

I. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

[INSERT BRAND NAME]

Herbicide

Complete Directions for Use

EPA Reg. No. 524-LGT

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY® CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Herbicide for Roundup Ready Crops.

Selective broad-spectrum weed control in Roundup Ready crops. Non-selective, broad-spectrum weed control for many cropping systems, farmsteads and Conservation Reserve Program acres.

Transorb[™]

A member of the Roundup Family of Herbicides by Monsanto

"The President's Green Chemistry Award was presented in 1996 to Monsanto for its innovative "zero-waste" process in the manufacture of Roundup Herbicide."

Not all products recommended on this label are registered for use in California. Check the registration status of each product in California before using.

Container Label Statement (5 gallons or smaller):

This container is not to be sold to homeowners for residential use.

Read the entire label before using this product.

Use only according to label instructions.

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" statement at the end of the label before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION. SEE INDIVIDUAL CONTAINER LABEL FOR REPACKAGING LIMITATIONS.

Refillable Container Label Statement:

Page 2 of 120

Version: Mar-2002 UNMARKED THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION. IT IS INTENDED THAT REPACKAGING BE ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH A MONSANTO REPACKAGING OR TOLL REPACKAGING AGREEMENT.

Non-refillable Container Label Statement:

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION OR REPACKAGING.

Roundup W Herbicide Container Label Statement: FOR REPACKAGING INTO HERBICIDES ONLY.

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	87	Oil Seed Crops



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	8.9	Sugarcane
	8.10	Vegetable Crops
	8.11	Miscellaneous Crops
9	9.0	TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS (Alphabetical)
	9.1	Berry Crops
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10	10.0	PASTURE GRASSES, FORAGE LEGUMES, AND RANGELANDS
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15	15.0	WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE
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U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (H7505C) 401 "M" St., S.W. Washington, D.C. 20460

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

_x Registration
__ Reregistration

52	4	5	3	7
		••••	_	-

EPA Rec.

Number:

Date of Issuance:

Term of Issuance:
Conditional

Name of Posticide Product:

MON 78270 Herbicide

(under FIFRA, as amended)

Name and Address of Registrant (include 21P Code):

Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W. Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

- 1. Submit the storage stability and corrosion characteristics study once it is completed.
- 2. Submit/cite all data required for registration/reregistration of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
- 3. Add the phrase "EPA Registration No. 524-537" before you release the product for shipment.
- 4. Submit three (3) copies of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of this product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. $v^{\kappa \omega}$

Signature of Approving Official:

Date:

4-11-02

EPA Form 8570-6

34%

ratest

1.0 INGREDIENTS

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:				
*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its potassium salt				
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>51.2%</u>			
	100.0%			

*Contains 660 grams per litre or 5.5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its potassium salt. Equivalent to 540 grams per litre or 4.5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,683,958; 5,703,015; 6,063,733; 6,121,199; 6,121,200. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

2.0 IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS

 FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION OR ASSISTANCE IN USING THIS PRODUCT, CALL TOLL-FREE,
 1-800-332-3111

2. IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS HERBICIDE PRODUCT, OR FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL COLLECT, DAY OR NIGHT,

(314)-694-4000

3.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

3.1 Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION!

CAUSES MODERATE EYE IRRITATION.

HARMFUL IF INHALED.

Masier Label MON 78270

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.

ACCEPTED

APR 11 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodomicide Act, as amended, for the posticide registered under RPA Reg. No. 524-537

IF IN EYES	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes.
	 Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye
IF ON SKIN	Take off contaminated clothing.
	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.
IF INHALED	Move person to fresh air.

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35%

1. MAIN LABEL FOR CROP USES

If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. This product is identified as [INSERT BRAND NAME], EPA Registration No. 524-LGT. You may also contact (314) 694-4000, collect day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater, composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations:

Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

3.2 Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

3.3 Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product can only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label or in separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, shoes plus socks and chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried to prevent transfer of this product onto desirable vegetation.

4.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state, or local procedures.

Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

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See container label for STORAGE AND DISPOSAL instructions.

Container Label Statements:

(FOR REFILLABLE PORTABLE CONTAINERS)

Do not reuse this container except for refill in accordance with a valid Monsanto Repackaging or Toll Repackaging Agreement. If not refilled or returned to the authorized repackaging facility, triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

(FOR BULK CONTAINERS)

Triple rinse emptied bulk container. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or dispose of in a manner approved by state and local authorities.

(FOR PLASTIC 1-WAY CONTAINERS & BOTTLES)

Do not reuse container. Triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

(FOR DRUMS)

Do not reuse container. Return container per the Monsanto container return program. If not returned, triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

5.0 GENERAL INFORMATION (How This Product Works)

Product Description: This product is a postemergent, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is generally non-selective and gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field-type sprayers after dilution and thorough mixing with water or other carriers according to label instructions.

Do not add surfactants, additives containing surfactants, buffering agents or pH adjusting agents to the spray solution when [INSERT BRAND NAME] is the only pesticide used unless otherwise directed. Ammonium sulfate, drift control additives, or dyes and colorants may be used. See the "MIXING" section of this label for instructions.

Time to Symptoms: This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds may not occur for 7 days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant which advances to complete browning of above-ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

Stage of Weeds: Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when treatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" for recommendations for specific weeds.

Always use the higher rate of this product per acre within the recommended range when weed growth is heavy or dense or weeds are growing in an undisturbed (noncultivated) area.



I. MAIN-LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

Do not treat weeds under poor growing conditions such as drought stress, disease or insect damage, as reduced weed control may result. Reduced results may also occur when treating weeds heavily covered with dust.

Cultural Considerations: Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed, or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

Rainfastness: Heavy rainfall soon after application may wash this product off of the foliage and a repeat application may be required for adequate control.

Spray Coverage: For best results, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray weed foliage to the point of runoff.

Mode of Action: The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme found only in plants and microorganisms that is essential to formation of specific amino acids.

No Soil Activity: Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by this product. Weeds germinating from seed after application will not be controlled. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or root stocks of perennials will not be affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow.

Biological Degradation: Degradation of this product is primarily a biological process carried out by soil microbes.

Tank Mixing: This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control, follow a label-approved herbicide program. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly recommended in this labeling. Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials may result in reduced performance.

Annual Maximum Use Rate: Except as otherwise specified in a crop section of this label, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 5.3 quarts of this product per acre per year. For applications in non-crop sites or in tree, vine, or shrub crops, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 7 quarts of this product per acre per year. The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences.

6.0 MIXING

Use the following conversion table to help determine application rates of [INSERT BRAND NAME] based on commonly used rates of Roundup Original and Roundup UltraMAX.

NOW EVEN MORE CONCENTRATED [INSERT BRAND NAME] CONVERSION TABLE

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[INSERT BRAND NAME] (Ounces)	Roundup UliraMAX (Ounces)	Roundup Original (Ounces)
16	20	24
22	26	32
28	32	40
32	40	48

Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

NOTE: REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED, SUCH AS VISIBLY MUDDY WATER OR WATER FROM PONDS AND DITCHES THAT IS NOT CLEAR.

6.1 Mixing with Water

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the recommended amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix well. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent.

6.2 Tank Mixing Procedure

Mix labeled tank mixtures of this product with water as follows:

- Place a 20- to 35-mesh screen or wetting basket over filling port.
- 2. Through the screen, fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start agitation.
- 3. If ammonium sulfate is used add it slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation. Ensure that dry ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding other products.
- 4. If a wettable powder is used, make a sturry with the water carrier, and add it SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- 5. If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water. Add diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- 6. If an emulsifiable concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water. Add diluted mixture slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- Continue filling the spray tank with water and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
- 8. Add individual formulations to the spray tank as follows: wettable powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, drift control additive and water soluble liquid.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

J. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

Keep by-pass line on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh.

Always predetermine the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Refer to the "TANK MIXING" section of "GENERAL INFORMATION" for additional precautions.

6.3 Mixing for Hand-Held Sprayers

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

Spray Solution

Amount of [INSERT BRAND NAME]

Desired Volume	0.4%	0.7%	1%	1.5%	4%	7%
l gal	. 1/2 oz	l oz	1-1/3 oz .	2 oz	5 oz	9 oz
25 gal	0.8 pt	0.8 qt	l qt	1-1/2 qt	4 qt	7 qt
100 gal	1 6 gt	3.2 gt	l gal	1-1/2 gal	4 gal	7 gal

2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

For use in knapsack sprayers, it is suggested that the recommended amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

6.4 Ammonium Sulfate

The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product, particularly under hard water conditions, drought conditions or when tank mixed with certain residual herbicides, on annual and perennial weeds. The equivalent rate of ammonium sulfate in a liquid formulation may also be used. Ensure that dry ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion.

NOTE: When using ammonium sulfate, apply this product at rates recommended in this label. Lower rates will result in reduced performance.

6.5 Colorants or Dyes

-Agriculturally approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilutions. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

6.6 Drift Control Additives

Drift control additives may be used with all equipment types, except wiper applicators, sponge bars and Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA) equipment. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully

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I. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label. The use of drift control additives can affect spray coverage which may result in reduced performance.

7.0 APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

This product may be applied with the following application equipment:

Aerial--Fixed Wing and Helicopter

Ground Broadcast Spray-Boom or boomless systems, pull-type sprayer, floaters, pick-up sprayers, spray coupes and other ground broadcast equipment.

Hand-Held or High-Volume Spray Equipment--Knapsack and backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwands, mistblowers*, lances and other hand-held and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto weed foliage.

*This product is not registered in California or Arizona for use in mistblowers.

Selective Equipment--Recirculating sprayers, shielded and hooded sprayers, wiper applicators and sponge bars

Injection Systems--Aerial or ground injection sprayers.

Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA)--Hand-held or boom-mounted applicators which produce a spray consisting of a narrow range of droplet sizes.

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

7.1 Aerial Equipment

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THIS LABEL.

Use the recommended rates of this herbicide in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified on this label. Unless otherwise specified, do not exceed 22 fluid ounces per acre. Refer to the individual use area sections of this label for recommended volumes, application rates, and further instructions.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA OR SPECIFIC COUNTIES THEREIN, OR IN ARKANSAS, REFER TO THE FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS IN THAT STATE OR COUNTY FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS.

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

Ensure uniform application - To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops.

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- The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward, parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

Importance of droplet size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see the Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions sections of this label).

Controlling droplet size

- Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with the higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure: Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream, will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.
- Boom Length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan
 or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application Height: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the
 largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest
 height that is safe reduces the exposure of the droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.).

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

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Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive areas

The product should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

Aircraft Maintenance

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint), which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413, may prevent corrosion.

7.2 Ground Broadcast Equipment

Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzles to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat spray nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

7.3 Hand-Held or High-Volume Equipment

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For applications made on a spray-to-wet basis, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff. Use coarse sprays only. For recommended rates and timing, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS -- HAND-HELD OR HIGH-VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section of this product label.

7.4 Selective Equipment

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1. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

This product may be applied through recirculating spray systems, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars, after dilution and thorough mixing with water, to listed weeds growing in any non-crop site specified on this label.

In cropping systems, hooded sprayers, shielded sprayers, and wipers may be used in row middles (in between rows of crop plants) where any dripping or leaking will not contact crop foliage. Such equipment must be capable of preventing all crop contact with herbicide solutions and operated without leakage of spray mists or dripping onto crop. Wipers over-the-top of crops may be used only when specifically recommended in this product's labeling.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators used above desirable vegetation should be adjusted so that the lowest spray stream or wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Applications made above the crops should be made when the weeds are a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatment may be necessary.

Recirculating spray system

A recirculating spray system directs the spray solution onto weeds growing above desirable vegetation, while spray solution not intercepted by weeds is collected and returned to the spray tank for reuse.

Shielded and hooded applicators

When applied under the conditions described in the following paragraphs for shielded and hooded applications, this product at recommended rates will control those weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" sections of this label. A hooded sprayer is a type of shielded applicator where the spray pattern is fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back, thereby shielding the crop from the spray solution. Keep shields on these sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegetation. When applying to crops grown on raised beds, ensure that the hood is designed to completely enclose the spray solution. If necessary, extend the front and rear flaps of the hoods to reach the ground in deep furrows. EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

This equipment must be set up and operated in a manner that avoids bouncing or raising the hoods off the ground in any way. If the hoods are raised, spray particles may escape and come into contact with the crop, causing damage or destruction of the crop. Avoid operation on rough or sloping ground where the spray hoods might be raised off the ground.

Use hoods designed to minimize excessive dripping or run-off down the insides of the hoods. A single, low pressure/low drift flat-fan nozzle with an 80 to 95 degree spray angle positioned at the top center of the hood is recommended. Spray volume should be 20-30 gallons per acre.

These procedures will reduce the potential for crop injury:

The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground.

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1. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

- Leave at least an 8 inch untreated strip over the drill row. For example, if the crop row width is 38 inches, the maximum width of the spray hood should be 30 inches.
- Maximum tractor speed: 5 mph to avoid bouncing of the spray hoods.
- Maximum wind speed: 10 mph.
- Use low-drift nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Wiper applicators

When applied under the conditions described in the following paragraphs, this product CONTROLS many weeds, including volunteer corn, Texas panicum, common rye, shattercane, sicklepod, spanishneedles and bristly starbur; and SUPPRESSES many weeds including Florida beggarweed, bermudagrass, hemp dogbane, dogfennel, guineagrass, johnsongrass, milkweed, silverleaf nightshade, redroot-pigweed, giant ragweee, smutgrass, sunflower, Canada thistle, musk thistle, vaseygrass, velvetleaf.

Wiper applicators are devices that physically wipe appropriate amounts of this product directly onto the weed.

Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation. Operate this equipment at ground speeds no greater than 5 mph. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to ensure adequate wiper saturation. Better results may be obtained if two applications are made in opposite directions.

Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Adjust height of applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds. Keep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that, on sloping ground, the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of a wiper applicator.

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a 1-day period, as reduced activity may result from use of leftover solutions. Clean wiper parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

Do not add surfactant to the herbicide solution.

For Rope or Sponge Wick Applicators—Solutions ranging from 33 to 75 percent of this product in water may be used. Apply this solution to weeds listed in this section..

For Panel Applicators—Solutions ranging from 33 to 100 percent of this product in water may be used in panel wiper applicators.

7.5 Injection Systems

This product may be used in aerial or ground injection spray systems. It may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this product with the concentrate of other products when using injection systems.

7.6 CDA Equipment

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The rate of this product applied per acre by vehicle-mounted CDA equipment must not be less than the amount recommended in this label when applied by conventional broadcast equipment. For vehicle-mounted CDA equipment, apply 2 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

For the control of annual weeds with hand-held CDA units, apply a 20 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 mph (1 quart per acre). For the control of perennial weeds, apply a 20 to 30 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 mph (2 to 3 quarts per acre).

Controlled droplet application equipment produces a spray pattern that is not easily visible. Extreme care must be exercised to avoid spray or drift contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage or destruction may result.

8.0 ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (Alphabetical)

NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED CROPS WITHIN SECTION 8 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label or separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling for instructions for treating Roundup Ready crops.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS:

Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Hooded Sprayers in row-middles, Shielded Sprayers in row-middles, Wiper Applicators in row-middles, and Post-Harvest treatments.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS:

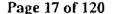
Apply this product during fallow intervals preceding planting, prior to planting or transplanting, at-planting, or preemergent to annual and perennial crops listed in this label, except where specifically limited. For any crop not listed in this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Unless otherwise specified, weed control applications may be made according to the rates listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" in this label. Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 5.3 quarts per acre per year.

Post-directed hooded sprayers and wiper equipment capable of preventing all crop contact with herbicide solutions may be used in mulched or unmulched row middles after crop establishment. Where specifically noted below, wipers may also be used above certain crops to control tall weeds. Refer to the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label for essential precautions when using hooded sprayers or wipers to avoid crop injury caused by leakage of spray mists or dripping onto crops. Crop injury is possible with these applications and shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS:

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at-planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Broadcast applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers



must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

In crops where spot treatments are allowed, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for the same reason.

For broadcast postemergent treatments, do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application, unless otherwise specified.

8.1 Cereal and Grain Crops

LABELED CROPS: Barley, Buckwheat, Millet (pearl, proso), Oats, Rice, Rye, Quinoa, Teff, Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat (all types), Wild rice.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat rice fields or levees when field contains water.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice, Spot Treatment (except Rice), Wiper Applications Over-the-Top (Feed Barley and Wheat only), preharvest (Feed Barley and Wheat only).

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting of cereal crops. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 32 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Flush fields prior to application to obtain uniform germination and stand of red rice. Make application when the majority of the red rice plants are in the 2-leaf stage and no more than 4 inches tall. Red rice plants with less than 2 true leaves may be only partially controlled.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid spraying during low humidity conditions, as reduced control may result. Do not treat rice fields or levees when the fields contain floodwater. Do not re-flood treated fields for 8 days following application.

Spot Treatment (except Rice)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in cereal crops. Apply this product before heading in small grains.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Wiper Applications Over-the-Top (Feed Barley and Wheat Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Wiper applications may be used in wheat and feed barley. To control common rye or cereal rye, apply after the weeds have headed and achieved maximum growth, and when the rye is at least 6 inches above the wheat crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 35 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators.

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Preharvest (Feed Barley and Wheat Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of wheat or feed barley. For wheat, apply after the hard-dough stage of grain (30 percent or less grain moisture). For feed barley, apply after the hard-dough stage and when the grain contains 20 percent moisture or less.. Stubble may be grazed immediately after harvest.

This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. For ground applications, apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Allow 7 days between application and harvest or grazing. Preharvest application is not recommended for wheat or barley grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of cereal crops. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting the next crop. Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

8.2 Corn

TYPES OF CORN: Field corn, Seed corn, Silage corn, Sweet corn and Popcorn.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Preharvest.

For Roundup Ready corn, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting corn. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

2,4-D	DISTINCT™	LARIAT®
ATRAZINE	DUAL MAGNUM™	LASSO®/ALACHLOR
AXIOM™	DUAL II MAGNUM™	LINEXTM/LOROXTM
BALANCE™	EPIC™	MARKSMANTM
BANVEL [™] /CLARITY™	FRONTIER™/OUTLOOK™	MICRO-TECH®
BICEP MAGNUM™	FULTIME™	PROWL™
BICEP II MAGNUM TM	GUARDSMAN™/LEADOFF™	PYTHON™
BULLET®	HARNESS®	SIMAZINE
DEGREE®	HARNESS XTRA	TOPNOTCHTM
DEGREE XTRA®	HARNESS XTRA 5 61	

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 22 fluid

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ounces per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 16 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 22 to 32 fluid ounces when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Applications of 2,4-D or dicamba must be made at least 7 days prior to planting corn.

For Southern states, do not apply in nitrogen solutions to tough-to-control grasses such as barnyardgrass, fall panicum, broadleaf signalgrass, annual ryegrass and any perennial weeds. The area covered by this recommendation includes from Route 50 South in Illinois and Indiana and the following states: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia.

Hooded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of corn. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instruction for the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Corn must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator. Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre for each application and no more than 64 fluid ounces per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to silking of corn.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed). For ground applications, apply up to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre. For aerial applications, apply up to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest Preharvest application is not recommended for corn grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or disamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

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8.3 Cotton

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Selective Equipment, Spot Treatment, Preharvest.

For Roundup Ready cotton, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

Hooded Sprayer, Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied through hooded sprayers, recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators or wiper applicators in cotton. Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to boll opening of cotton.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control and cotton regrowth inhibition when applied prior to harvest of cotton. For weed control, apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS" and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" sections of this label. For cotton regrowth inhibition, apply 12 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

Up to 44 fluid ounces of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. Apply after sufficient bolls have developed to produce the desired yield of cotton. Applications made prior to this time could affect maximum yield potential.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with DEF™ 6, Folex™, Ginstar, or Prep™ to provide additional enhancement of cotton leaf drop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. Preharvest application is not recommended for cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

8:4 Fallow Systems

LABELED CROPS: This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop on this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Aid-to-Tillage.

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Chemical Fallow

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. This product may be used as a substitute for tillage to control annual weeds in fallow fields. Also, broadcast or spot treatments will control or suppress many perennial weeds in fallow fields. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used. Applications up to 44 fluid ounces per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is ---sufficient buffer-to prevent-injury due-to drift onto adjacent crops.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Do not apply dicamba tank mixtures by air in California.

Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba is applied within 45 days of planting.

Preplant Fallow Beds

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to fallow beds prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. This product will control weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", and WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES" sections of this label.

TANK MIXTURES: In addition, 8 fluid ounces of this product plus 2 to 3 fluid ounces of GoalTM 2XL per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 3 inches -- common cheeseweed, chickweed, groundsel; 6 inches -- London rocket, shepherd's-purse.

12 fluid ounces of this product plus 2 to 3 fluid ounces of Goal 2XL per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6 inches -- common cheeseweed, groundsel, marestail (Conyza canadensis), 12 inches -- chickweed, London rocket, shepherd's-purse.

Aid-to-Tillage

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in conjunction with tillage practices in fallow systems or preplant to labeled crops to control downy brome, cheat, volunteer wheat, tansy mustard and foxtail. Apply 8 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Make applications before weeds are 6 inches in height. Application must be followed by conventional tillage practices no later than 15 days after treatment and before regrowth occurs. Allow at least 1 day after application before tillage.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Tank mixtures with residual herbicides may result in reduced performance.

8.5 Grain Sorghum (Milo)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Over-the-Top Wiper Applications, Preharvest.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

<u>USE</u> INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in tank-mixture before, during or after planting grain sorghum. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

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1. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

ATRAZINE BICEP II MAGNUM LARIAT LASSO

BULLET

MICRO-TECH

DUAL II MAGNUM

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 22 fluid ounces per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 16 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 22 to 32 fluid ounces when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, the use rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.

Spot Treatment and Over-the-Top Wiper Applications

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in grain sorghum. Make spot treatments before heading of milo. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "Wiper Applicators" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

For wiper applicators, allow at least 40 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators. Do not feed or graze treated milo fodder. Do not ensile treated vegetation.

Hooded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of milo. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instruction for the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Milo must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves. Treat before milo sends tillers between the drill rows. If such tillers are contacted with the spray solution, the main plant may be killed. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator. Do not graze or feed milo forage or fodder following applications of this product through hooded sprayers. Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre per application and no more than 64 fluid ounces per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Make applications at 30 percent grain moisture or less.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. As with other herbicides that cause sudden plant death, avoid preharvest applications of this product to milo infected with charcoal rot as lodging can occur. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of sorghum. Preharvest application is not recommended for sorghum grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur. The use of this product for preharvest grain sorghum (milo) is not registered in California.

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Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of grain sorghum. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

This product may be applied to grain sorghum (milo) stubble following harvest to suppress or control regrowth. Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre for control, or 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre for suppression.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

8.6 Herbs and Spices

LABELED CROPS: Allspice, Angelica, Star anise, Annatto (seed), Balm, Basil, Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper buds, Caraway, Błack caraway, Cardamom, Cassia bark, Cassia buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil (dried), Chive, Chinese chive, Cinnamon, Clary, Clove buds, Coriander leaf (cilantro or chinese parsley), Coriander seed (cilantro), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Culantro (seed), Cumin, Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed), Dill (seed), Epazote, Fennel seed (common and Florence), Fenugreek, White ginger flower, Grains of paradise, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf and seed), Mace, Marigold, Marjoram (including oregano), Mexican oregano, Mioga flower, Mustard (seed), Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Pepper (black and white), Pepper leaves, Peppermint, Perilla, Poppy (seed), Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory (summer and winter), Spearmint, Stevia leaves, Sweet bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Over-the-Top Wiper Applications (Peppermint and Spearmint only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system.

Over-the-top Wiper Applications or Spot Treatments (Peppermint and Spearmint only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a spot treatment or wiper application in spearmint and peppermint. Apply spot treatments on a spray-to-wet basis with hand-held equipment, such as backpack and knapsack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, hand-wands or any other hand-held or motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray solution to a limited area. In wiper applications, the applicator should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the crop. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches taller than the crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest. Further applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals. In spot treatment applications, no more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested should be treated at one time. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for this reason. In wiper applications, contact of the herbicide solution with the crop may result in damage or destruction.

8.7 Oil Seed Crops

LABELED CROPS: Borage, Buffalo gourd (seed), Canola, Crambe, Flax, Jojoba, Lesquerella, Meadowfoam, Mustard (seed), Rape, Safflower, Sesame, Sunflower.

For Roundup Ready canola, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting oil seed crops. Broadcast applications must be made prior to emergence of the listed oil seed crops. Wiper applicators or hooded sprayers may be used between the rows once the crop is established.

TANK MIXTURES: For sunflowers, a tank mixture with Prowl may be applied before, during or after planting in conventional tillage systems, into a cover crop, established sod or in previous crop residue.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre on canola. Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre for sunflowers as a single preplant or preemergent application per year. Do not feed or graze sunflower forage following application of this product.

8.8 Soybeans

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: Spot Treatment, Preharvest, Selective Equipment.

For Roundup Ready soybeans, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting soybeans. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

AlM™	DUAL II MAGNUM MI	CRO-TECH
AMPLIFY™	FIRSTRATE™	PROWL
ASSURE II™.	. FLEXSTAR™	PURSUIT™
AUTHORITY™	FRONTIER™/OUTLOOK™	PURSUIT PLUS
BOUNDARY™	FUSION™	REFLEX™
CANOPYM	GAUNTLET™	- SCEPTER™
CANOPY XLTM	LASSO	SENCORTM/LEXONETM
COMMAND™	LINEXTM	SQUADRON™
COMMAND XTRA™	LOROX/LINURON	STEEL ^{IM}
DOMAIN™	LOROX PLUS™	VALOR™
DUAL MAGNUM		

This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or 2,4-DB. See the 2,4-D label for intervals between application and planting.

For difficult-to-control annual weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 22 fluid ounces per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 16 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 22 to 32 fluid ounces when weeds are over 6 inches tall.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Tank-mixtures with some of the above listed herbicides may result in reduced weed control due to antagonism. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other



1. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

information appearing on the product labels, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately for all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive directions for each product in the mixture.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to initial pod set in soybeans,

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans.

Apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS", "PERENNIAL WEEDS", and "WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLES". This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. Apply after pods have set and lost all green color. Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts per acre of this product for preharvest applications. Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces per acre of this product by air. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of soybeans. Do not graze or harvest treated hay or fodder for livestock feed within 25 days of last preharvest application. (If the application rate is 22 fluid ounces per acre or lower, the grazing restriction is reduced to 14 days after last preharvest application.) Preharvest application is not recommended for soybeans grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied through recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars in soybeans. Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

8.9 Sugarcane

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus Spot Treatment.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied in or around sugarcane fields or in fields prior to the emergence of plant cane.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply to vegetation in or around ditches, canals or ponds containing water to be used for irrigation.

Spot Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in sugarcane. For control of volunteer or diseased sugarcane, make a 1 percent solution of this product in water and spray-to-wet the foliage of vegetation to be controlled. Volunteer or diseased sugarcane should have at least 7 new leaves.

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PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid spray contact with healthy cane plants since severe damage or destruction may result. Do not feed or graze treated sugarcane foliage following application.

Fallow Treatments

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a replacement for tillage in fields that are lying fallow between sugarcane crops. This product may also be used to remove the last stubble of ration cane. For removal of last stubble of ration cane, apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to new growth having at least 7 new leaves. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Applications up to 64 fluid ounces per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent crops. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used.

Hooded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of sugarcane. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional use instructions.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not allow treated weeds to come into contact with the crop. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on the crop may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

8.10 Vegetable Crops

NOTE: THIS "VEGETABLE CROPS" SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED VEGETABLE CROPS WITHIN SECTION 8.10 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST . INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Chemical Fallow, Preplant Fallow Beds, Preplant, Preemergence, Prior to Transplanting Vegetables, At-Planting, Hooded Sprayers in row-middles, Shielded Sprayers in row-middles, Wiper Applications in row-middles, and Post-Harvest, Directed Applications (nonbearing ginseng), Over-the-Top Wipers (rutabagas only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system. Care should be taken to insure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. In crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles should be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

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8.10.1 Brassica Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Broccoli, Chinese broccoli (gai lon), Broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese cabbage (bok choy), Chinese cabbage (napa), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens.

8.10.2 Bulb Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Garlic, Great-headed garlic, Leek, Onion (dry bulb and green), Welsh onion, Shallot.

8.10.3 Cucurbit Vegetables and fruits

LABELED CROPS: Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible gourd (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), Melons (all),
Momordica spp (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (includes cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey ball melon, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon), Pumpkin, Summer squash (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini), Winter squash (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, spaghetti squash), Watermelon.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Cantaloupe, Casaba melon, Crenshaw melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourds, Honeydew melon, Honey ball melon, Mango melon, Melons (all), Muskmelon, Persian melon, Pumpkin, Squash (summer, winter), and Watermelon, allow at least 3 days between application and planting.

8.10.4 Leafy Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Amaranth (Chinese spinach), Arugula (roquette), Beet greens, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese celery, Celtuce, Chaya, Chervil, Edible-leaved chrysanthemum, Garland chrysanthemum, Corn salad, Cress (garden and upland), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Dokudami, Endive (escarole), Florence fennel, Gow kee, Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden and winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach, New Zealand spinach, Vine spinach, Swiss chard, Watercress (upland), Water spinach.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Watercress, avoid applications within 3 days prior to seeding and during the period between seeding and emergence to minimize the risk of injury.

8.10.5 Fruiting Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Eggplant, Groundcherry (<u>Physalis</u> spp), Pepino, Pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), Tomatillo, Tomato

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For Eggplant, Ground cherry, Pepper (all), and Tomatillo, allow at least 3 days between application and planting. For Tomato, do not make hooded or shielded sprayer applications in row middles because of the potential for crop injury.

8.10.6 Legume Vegetables (succulent or dried)

LABELED CROPS: Bean (*Lupinus*: includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin), Bean (*Phaseolus*: includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean), Bean (*Vigna*: includes adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang. Chinese longbean, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean), Broad bean (fava), Chickpea (garbanzo), Guar, Jackbean, Lablab bean, Lentil. Pea (*Pisum*:

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includes dwarf pea, edible-podded pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snowpea, sugar snap pea). Pigeon pea, Soybean (immature seed), Sword bean.

8.10.7 Root and Tuber Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, Beet (garden), Burdock, Canna, Carrot, Cassava (bitter and sweet), Celeriac, Chayote (root), Chervil (turnip-rooted), Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen (taro), Galangal, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Kava (turnip-rooted), Parsley (turnip rooted), Parsnip, Potato, Radish, Oriental radish, Rutabaga, Salsify, Black salsify, Spanish salsify, Skirret, Sweet potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Turnip, Wasabi, Yacon, Yam bean, True yam.

Directed applications (Non-Bearing Ginseng Only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used for general weed control in established non-bearing ginseng. Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high volume wands, lances, and orchard guns or with wiper application equipment.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Direct applications so that there is no contact of this product with the ginseng plant. Applications must be made at least one year prior to harvest.

Over-the-top wiper applications (rutabagas only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Wiper applicators may be used over-the-top of rutabagas.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow at least 14 days between application and harvest of rutabagas.

8.11 Miscellaneous Crops

LABELED CROPS: Aloe vera, Asparagus, Bamboo shoots, Globe artichoke, Okra, Peanut (ground nut), Pineapple, Strawberry, Sugar beet.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 8.0 plus the following: General Weed Control, Site Preparation, Spot Treatment (Asparagus)

For Roundup Ready sugar beets, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. In crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles should be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in this product's labeling, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Post-harvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

General weed control, site preparation

"USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for general weed control or for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting crops listed in this section.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct-seeding crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from

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the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system. Care should be taken to insure that the wash water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Do not apply within a week before the first asparagus spears emerge. Do not feed or graze treated pineapple forage following application.

Spot treatment (Asparagus)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied immediately after cutting, but prior to the emergence of new spears.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Do not harvest within 5 days of treatment.

Post-harvest (Asparagus)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after the last harvest and all spears have been removed. If spears are allowed to regrow, delay application until ferns have developed. Delayed treatments should be applied as a directed or shielded spray in order to avoid contact of the spray with ferns, stems or spears.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Direct contact of the spray with the asparagus may result in serious crop injury. Select and use recommended types of spray equipment for posternergence post-harvest applications. A directed spray is any application where the spray pattern is aligned in such a way as to avoid direct contact of the spray with the crop. A shielded spray is any application where a physical barrier is positioned and maintained between the spray and the crop to prevent contact of spray with the crop.

9.0 TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS (Alphabetical)

NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL LISTED TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS WITHIN SECTION 9 GROUPED ALPHABETICALLY BELOW. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP CATEGORIES FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant (Site Preparation) Broadcast Sprays, General Weed Control, Middles (between rows of trees, vines or bushes), Strips (within rows of trees, vines or bushes), Selective Equipment (shielded sprayers, wiper treatments), Directed Sprays, Spot Treatments, Perennial Grass Suppression, Cut Stump.

Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA equipment, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high-volume wands, lances, orchard guns or with wiper applicator equipment, except as directed.

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS:

This product may be applied in middles (between rows of trees or vines), strips (within rows of trees or vines), and for general weed control or perennial grass suppression in established tree fruit and nut groves, orchards, berries, and vineyards. It may also be used for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting these crops. Apply 12 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts per acre according to the "ANNUAL WEEDS" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" sections of this label. Utilize rates at the higher end of the recommended rate range when weeds are stressed, growing in dense populations or are greater than 12 inches tall. Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 7 quarts per acre per year.

The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or

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separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS:

Extreme care must be exercised to avoid contact of herbicide solution, spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of trunk, branches, suckers, fruit or other parts of trees, canes and vines. Avoid applications when recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury has occurred. Contact of this product with other than matured brown bark can result in serious crop damage or destruction. Only shielded or directed sprayers may be used in crops with potential for crop contact, and then only where there is sufficient clearance. For applications in strips (within rows of trees), only selective equipment (directed sprays, hooded sprayers, shielded applicators, or wipers) should be used to minimize the potential for leakage or drift of herbicide sprays onto crop. For berry crops, hooded or shielded sprayers must be fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back. Only wipers or shielded applicators capable of preventing all contact with crop may be used. See "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional directions and precautions.

Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and transplanting.

Middles (between rows)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control or suppress annual and perennial weeds and ground covers growing between the rows of labeled tree and vine crops. If weeds are under drought stress, irrigate prior to application. Reduced control may result if weeds have been moved prior to application.

TANK MIXTURES: A tank mixture of this product plus Goal 2XL may be used for annual weeds in middles between rows of citrus crops, tree fruits, tree nuts and vine crops. This mixture is recommended when weeds are stressed or growing in dense populations. 12 to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus 3 to 12 fluid ounces per acre of Goal 2XL will control annual weeds with a maximum height or diameter of 6 inches, including crabgrass, common groundsel, junglerice, common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, London rocket, common ryegrass, shepherd's-purse, annual sowthistle, filaree (suppression), horseweed/marestail, stinging nettle and common purslane (suppression). 12 to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus 3 to 12 fluid ounces per acre of Goal 2XL will control common cheeseweed (malva) or hairy fleabane with a maximum height or diameter of 3 inches.

Strips (in rows)

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied in rows of tree or vine crops in tank mixtures with the following products:

DEVRINOL™ 50 DF	SIMAZINE 4L
DIREX™ 4L	SIMAZINE 80W
GOAL 2XL	SIM-TROLTM.4L
KARMEX DF	SOLICAM™ DF
KROVAR I	SURFLAN™ AS
PROWL	SURFLAN 75W
PRINCEP CALIBER TM90	

Do not apply these tank mixtures in Puerto Rico.

Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

Perennial Grass Suppression



MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

This product will suppress perennial grasses such as bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, tall fescue, orchardgrass, Kentucky bluegrass, and quackgrass that are grown as ground covers in tree and vine crops.

For suppression of tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass and quackgrass, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

For suppression of Kentucky bluegrass covers, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Do not add ammonium sulfate.

For best results, mow cool season grass covers in the spring to even their height and apply this product 3 to 4 days after mowing.

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 25 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 3 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 3 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

For burndown of Bermudagrass, apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Use this treatment only if reduction of the Bermudagrass stand can be tolerated. When burndown is required prior to harvest, allow at least 21 days to ensure sufficient time for burndown to occur.

For suppression of Bermudagrass, apply 4 to 12 fluid ounces of this product per acre east of the Rocky Mountains and 12 fluid ounces of this product per acre west of the Rocky Mountains. Apply in a total spray volume of 3 to 20 gallons per acre, no sooner than 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up. If the Bermudagrass is moved prior to application, maintain a minimum of 3 inches in height. Sequential applications may be made when regrowth occurs and Bermudagrass injury and stand reduction can be tolerated. East of the Rocky Mountains, rates of 4 to 7 fluid ounces of this product per acre should be used in shaded conditions or where a lesser degree of suppression is desired.

Cut Stump

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Cut stump applications of this product may be made during site preparation or site renovation, prior to transplanting tree crops. This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of tree species, some of which are listed below.

<u>Citrus Trees</u>: Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (Tangerine), Orange (all), Pummelo, Tangelo, Tanger.

<u>Fruit Trees</u>: Apple, Apricot, Cherry (sweet, sour), Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Pear, Plum/Prune (all), Quince.

Nut Trees: Almond, Beechnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (hazelnut), Hickory Nut, Macadamia, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut (black, English).

Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT MAKE CUT STUMP APPLICATIONS WHEN THE ROOTS OF ADJACENT DESIRABLE TREES MAY BE GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP. INJURY RESULTING FROM ROOT GRAFTING MAY OCCUR IN ADJACENT TREES. Some sprouts,

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stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

9.1 Berry Crops

LABELED CROPS: Blackberry (including bingleberry, black satin berry, boysenberry, Cherokee blackberry, chesterberry, Cheyenne blackberry, coryberry, darrowberry, dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, Himalayaberry, hullberry, juneberry, lavacaberry, lowberry, lucretiaberry, marionberry, nectarberry, olallieberry, Oregon evergreen berry, phenomenalberry, rangeberry, ravenberry, rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, and youngberry), Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Raspberry (black, red), Salal.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus Spot Treatment in Cranberry Production and Post Harvest Treatments in Cranberry Production.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: To avoid damage, herbicide sprays must not be allowed to contact desirable vegetation, including green shoots, canes, or foliage. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest in cranberries. Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest in other berry crops. Do not make directed sprays within the cranberry bush areas prior to berry harvest.

Spot Treatment in Cranberry Production

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Spot treatments may be used to control weeds growing in dry ditches (interior and perimeter) of cranberry production areas. Hand-held sprayers or other appropriate application equipment listed under "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" in this label may be used. Drop water level to remove standing water in ditches prior to application. In hand-held sprayers, use 1 to 1.5 percent solution of this product. Spray to wet vegetation, not to run-off.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For treatments after draw down of water in dry ditches, allow 2 or more days after treatment before reintroduction of water to achieve maximum weed control. Apply this product within 1 day after draw down to ensure application to actively growing weeds. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest of cranberries. Do not apply this material through the irrigation system. Do not make applications by air. Do not apply directly to water. Use nozzles that emit medium- to large-sized droplets to minimize drift in order to avoid crop injury.

Post-Harvest Treatments in Cranberry Production

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Application of this product may be made after the harvest of cranberries to control weeds growing within the field. Best results will be obtained if applications are made to vines that appear dormant (after they have turned red). Hand-held sprayers, wipers, or other appropriate application equipment listed under "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" in this label may be used. If using hand-held sprayers, use a 0.4 to 0.7 percent solution of this product. Spray to wet vegetation, not to run-off. If using hand-held boom sprayers, apply 44 to 86 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Make applications only after cranberries have been harvested. Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total bog. Allow a minimum of 6 months after last application and next harvest of cranberries. Do not apply this product through the irrigation system. Do not make applications by air. Do not apply directly to water. Even though vines appear dormant, contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or severe plant injury. Cranberry plants that are directly sprayed may be killed.

9.2 Citrus

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LABELED CROPS: Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus Hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (all), Pummelo, Satsuma Mandarin, Tangelo (ugli), Tangor.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS (The recommendations below pertain to applications in Florida and Texas): For burndown or control of the weeds listed below, apply the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Where weed foliage is dense, use 10 to 30 gallons of water per acre.

For goatweed, apply 44 to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Apply in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre when plants are actively growing. Use 44 fluid ounces per acre when plants are less than 8 inches tall and 64 fluid ounces per acre when plants are greater than 8 inches tall. If goatweed is greater than 8 inches tall, the addition of KrovarTM I or KarmexTM may improve control. Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

Perennial weeds:

S = Suppression	B = Burndown				
PC = Partial control	C = Control				
WEED	[INSERT BRAND NAME RATE PER ACRE				
SPECIES	0.7 QT	1.3 QT	2 QT	3.3 QT	
					
Bermudagrass	В		PC	\mathbf{C} .	
Guineagrass					
Texas and Florida Ridge	В	' C	С	С	
Florida Flatwoods		В	С	С.	
Paragrass	В	C	С	С	
Torpedograss	\$.		PC	С	

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in citrus crops. For citron groves, apply as directed sprays only.

9.3 Miscellaneous Tree Food Crops

LABELED CROPS: Cactus (fruit and pads), Palm (heart, leaves), Palm (oil).

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

9.4 Non-Food Tree Crops

LABELED CROPS: Pine, Poplar, Eucalyptus, Christmas trees, Other non-food tree crops.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

Directed Sprays, Spot Treatment, Wipers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a post-directed spray and spot treatment around established poplar, eucalyptus, Christmas trees and other non-food tree crops.



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PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of established Christmas trees and other pine trees. Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material. THIS PRODUCT IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN CHRISTMAS TREES AND OTHER PINE TREES.

Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used prior to planting Christmas trees.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Precautions should be taken to protect nontarget plants during site preparation applications.

9.5 Pome Fruit

LABELED CROPS: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear (including oriental pear), Quince.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in pome crops.

9.6 Stone Fruit

LABELED CROPS: Apricot, Cherry (sweet, tart), Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Plum/Prune (all types), Plumcot.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 17 days between last application and harvest in stone fruit crops. For olive groves, apply as directed sprays only.

Restrictions on Application Equipment

For cherries, any application equipment listed in Section 9.0 may be used in all states.

Any application equipment listed in Section 9.0 may be used in apricots, nectarines, peaches and plums/prunes growing in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah and Washington, except for peaches grown in the states specified in the following paragraph. In all other states, use wiper equipment only.

For PEACHES grown in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee only, apply with a shielded boom sprayer or shielded wiper applicator, which prevents any contact of this product with the foliage or bark of trees. Apply no later than 90 days after first bloom. Applications made after this time may result in severe damage. Remove suckers and low-hanging limbs at least 10 days prior to application. Avoid applications near trees with recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury. Apply only near trees that have been planted in the orchard for 2 or more years. EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE NO PART OF THE PEACH TREE IS CONTACTED.

9.7 Tree Nuts



J. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

LABELED CROPS: Almond, Beechnut, Betelnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Coconut, Filbert (hazelnut). Hickory nut, Macadamia, Pecan, Pine nut, Pistachio, Walnut (black, English)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 3 days between last application and harvest of tree nuts, except coconut. Allow 14 days between application and harvest in coconut.

9.8 Tropical and Subtropical Trees and Fruits

LABELED CROPS: Ambarella, Atemoya, Avocado, Banana, Barbados cherry (acerola), Biriba, Blimbe, Breadfruit, Cacao (cocoa) bean, Canistel, Carambola (starfruit), Cherimoya, Coffee, Custard apple, Dates, Durian, Feijoa, Figs, Governor's plum, Guava, Ilama, Imbe, Imbu, Jaboticaba, Jackfruit, Longan, Lychee, Mamey apple, Mango, Mangosteen, Marmaladebox (genip), Mountain papaya, Papaya, Pawpaw, Plantain, Persimmon, Pomegranate, Pulasan, Rambutan, Rose apple, Sapodilla, Sapote (black, mamey, white), Spanish lime, Soursop, Star apple, Sugar apple, Surinam cherry, Tamarind, Tea, Ti (roots and leaves), Wax jambu.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0 plus Bananacide (banana only).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest in banana, guava, papaya, and plantain crops. Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest for any other tropical or subtropical tree fruit. Allow a minimum of 28 days between last application and harvest in coffee crops. In coffee and banana, delay applications 3 months after transplanting to allow the new coffee or banana plant to become established.

Bananacide (Banana only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to destroy banana plants infected with the Banana Bunchy Top Virus as well as non-infected banana plants to establish disease free buffers around plantations. Remove all fruit from the plants within the treatment area prior to treatment. Inject 1/25 fluid ounce (1 mL) of this product's concentrate per 2 to 3 inches of pseudostem diameter. Make the injection at least one foot above the ground, except for very small plants, which should be injected vertically into the top. Any subsequent regrowth must also be destroyed. All plants and mats (or units) adjacent (within a 4-foot radius) to a treated mat shall be mechanically destroyed.

For control of the Banana Bunchy Top Virus, it is critical that the grower follow a strict control program involving monitoring for diseased plants, spraying to control the aphid vector, and destruction of all infected mats (or umis). An infected plant may not show symptoms of the banana bunchy top virus for up to 125 days, therefore it is critical that the entire mat (or unit) containing the diseased plant be destroyed immediately.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 1/2 fluid ounce (15 mL) of this product's concentrate per mat (or unit). Remove all fruit from plants and mats (or units) prior to treatment. Do not harvest any fruit or plant materials from treated mats (or units) following injection. Do not allow livestock to consume treated plant materials. Following transplant of new banana plants into treated areas, allow plants to become established for 3 months before applying this product for general weed control.

9.9 Vine Crops

LABELED CROPS: Grapes (raisin, table, wine) Hops, Kiwi, Passion fruit.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Those listed in Section 9.0.

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Applications should not be made when green shoots, canes or foliage are in the spray zone.

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In the northeast and Great Lakes regions, applications must be made prior to the end of bloom stage of grapes to avoid injury, or make applications with shielded sprayers or wiper equipment.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest in vine crops. Do not use selective equipment in kiwi.

10.0 PASTURE GRASSES, FORAGE LEGUMES AND RANGELANDS

10.1 Alfalfa, Clover, and Other Forage Legumes

LABELED CROPS: Alfalfa, Clover, Kenaf, Kudzu, Lespedeza, Leucaena, Lupin, Sainfoin, Trefoil, Velvet bean, Vetch (all types).

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, At-planting, Preharvest (Alfalfa only), Spot treatment or Wiper Applications (Alfalfa and Clover only), Renovation.

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting crops listed in this section. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: If a single application is made at rates of 44 fluid ounces per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or grazing is required. If applications rates greater than 44 fluid ounces per acre are made, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

Preharvest (Alfalfa only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in declining alfalfa stands or any stand of alfalfa where crop destruction is acceptable. This application will severely injure or destroy the stand of alfalfa. This product will control annual and perennial weeds, including quackgrass, when applied prior to the harvest of alfalfa. The treated crop and weeds can be harvested and fed to livestock after 36 hours. Allow a minimum of 36 hours between application and harvest. Applications may be made at any time of the year. Make only one application to an existing stand of alfalfa per year. For control of quackgrass, apply in the spring, late summer or fall when quackgrass is actively growing. Treatments for quackgrass must be followed by deep tillage for complete centrol.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre as a preharvest treatment. Preharvest application is not recommended for alfalfa grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Spot Treatment or Wiper applications (Alfalfa and Clover only)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in alfalfa or clover. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "WIPER APPLICATORS" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than 10 percent of the total field area should be treated at one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

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Renovation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a broadcast spray to renovate existing stands of alfalfa, clover, and other labeled forage legumes. Labeled crops may be planted into the treated area.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Remove domestic livestock before application. If application rates of 44 fluid ounces per acre or less are used wait 36 hours after application before grazing or harvesting. If application rates greater than 44 fluid ounces per acre are used, wait 8 weeks between applications and grazing or harvesting.

10.2 Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Renovation (rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation, Postemergence weed control in dormant CRP grasses, Wiper Applications.

Renovation (rotating out of CRP), Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to prepare CRP land for crop production. Refer to Federal, state or local use guides for CRP renovation recommendations.

Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Wiper Applications

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation in CRP acres. Such applications may be made with wiper application equipment or as a broadcast or spot treatment to dormant CRP grasses. For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 8 to 12 fluid ounces of this product per acre in early spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if broadcast applications are made when plants are not dormant.

10.3 Grass Seed Production

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (Gramineae family) except corn, sorghum, sugarcane and those listed above under "CEREAL CROPS".

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation, Shielded Sprayers, Wiper Applications, Spot Treatments, Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass.

Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during, or after planting or for renovation of turf or forage grass areas grown for seed production. Applications must be made prior to the emergence of the crop to avoid crop injury. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide best control.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts.

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Do not feed or graze treated areas for 8 weeks following application.

Shielded Sprayers

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 22 to 64 fluid ounces of this product as a broadcast spray in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre to control weeds in the rows. Uniform planting in straight rows aid in shielded sprayer applications. Best results are obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by or through the protective shields.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Wiper Applications

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators should be adjusted so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations, or when height of weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatments may be necessary. Better results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.

Spot Treatments

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use a 1 percent solution.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Apply this product prior to heading of grasses. Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area. The crop receiving the spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for the same reason.

Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Use 12 to 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Use the higher rate when the ryegrass is greater than 6 inches tall. Best results are obtained when applications are made before the ryegrass reaches 6 inches in height.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Set nozzle heights to allow the establishment of the desired row spacing while preventing spray droplets, spray fines, or drift to contact the ryegrass plants not treated. Use of low-pressure nozzles, or drop nozzles designed to target the application over a narrow band are recommended.

Grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses from misapplication.

10.4 Pastures

LABELED CROPS: Any grass (Gramineae family) except corn, sorghum, sugarcane and those listed above under "CEREAL CROPS". Including Bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, Bluegrass, Brome, Fescue, Guineagrass, Kikuya grass, Orchardgrass, Pangola grass, Ryegrass, Timothy, Wheatgrass.

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Pasture Renovation, Spot Treatment, Wiper Application.

Preplant, Preemergence and Pasture Renovation

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USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied prior to planting or emergence of forage grasses. In addition, this product may be used to control perennial pasture species listed on this label prior to re-planting.

PRECAUTIONS. RESTRICTIONS: Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

Spot Treatment and Wiper Application

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a spot treatment or with wiper applicators in pastures. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than 10 percent of the total pasture area should be treated at one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

10.5 Rangelands

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Postemergence.

This product will control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool and warm-season grass rangelands.

Preventing viable seed production is key to the successful control and invasion of annual grassy weeds in rangelands. Follow-up applications in sequential years should eliminate most of the viable seeds.

Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply 8 to 12 fluid ounces of this product per acre to control or suppress many weeds, including downy brome, cheatgrass, cereal rye and jointed goatgrass in rangelands. Apply when most mature brome plants are in early flower and before the plants, including seedheads, turn color. Allowing for secondary weed flushes to occur in the spring following rain events further depletes the seed reserve and encourages perennial grass conversion on weedy sites. Fall applications are possible, and recommended, where spring moisture is usually limited and fall germination allows for good weed growth.

For medusahead, apply 12 fluid ounces of this product per acre at the 3-leaf stage. Delaying applications beyond this stage will result in reduced or unacceptable control. Fire may be useful in eliminating the thatch layer produced by slow decaying culms prior to application. Allow new growth to occur before spraying after a burn. Repeat applications in subsequent years may be necessary to eliminate the seedbank before reestablishing desirable perennial grasses in medusahead-dominated rangelands.

Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses may occur, but they will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying rangeland grasses with this product. Do not make more than one application per year.

Grazing of treated areas should be delayed to encourage growth of desirable perennials. Allowing desirable perennials to flower and reseed in the treated area will encourage successful transition.

10.6 Turf Grass Sod Production

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TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation, Spot Treatment.

Preplant, Preemergence, Renovation, Site Preparation

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turf grass areas or establishing turf grass grown for seed or sod. Broadcast or hand-held equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting or sodding to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. For warm-season grasses such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide the best control.

Desirable turf grasses may be planted following the above procedures.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS:

Do not feed or graze turf grass grown for seed or sod production for 8 weeks following application.

Spot Treatment

Hand-held equipment may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation growing in existing turf grass.

11.0 ROUNDUP READY CROPS

The following instructions or those separately published on Monsanto Supplemental labeling include all applications which can be made onto the specified Roundup Ready crops during the complete cropping season. Do NOT combine these instructions with other recommendations made for crop varieties that do not contain the Roundup Ready gene, in the "ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS (ALPHABETICAL)" section of this label.

MONSANTO COMPANY RECOMMENDS USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION ONLY ON CROP VARIETIES DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE.

Applying this product to crop varieties that are not designated as Roundup Ready will result in severe crop injury and yield loss. Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants that do not contain the Roundup Ready gene, since severe injury or destruction will result.

The Roundup Ready designation indicates that the crop variety contains a patented gene that provides tolerance to this product. Information on Roundup Ready crop varieties may be obtained from your seed supplier or Monsanto representative. Roundup Ready crop varieties must be purchased from an authorized licensed seed supplier.

NOTE: Roundup Ready seed, and the method of selectively controlling weeds in a Roundup Ready crop by applying glyphosate to the weeds and Roundup Ready crop are protected under several U.S. Patents, including 5,352,605 and 5,633,435. A license to use Roundup Ready seed must be obtained prior to use. Monsanto retains ownership of the gene and process technologies, and the Purchaser of the seed receives the right to use the licensed genes and technologies subject to the limited use license conditions. Seed containing the Roundup Ready trait cannot be used for research and demonstration, reverse engineering or in connection with herbicide registration. Progeny seed containing the Roundup Ready trait cannot be saved for replanting or transferred to others for replanting. Contact your Authorized Monsanto Retailer for information on obtaining a limited use license.

<u>For ground applications</u> with broadcast equipment, apply this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment use flat spray nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

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1. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

<u>For aerial applications</u> apply this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for procedures to avoid spray drift that may cause injury to any vegetation not intended for treatment. Use of appropriate buffer zones will help prevent injury to adjacent vegetation.

For proper stewardship of aerial applications over-the-top of Roundup Ready crops, Monsanto recommends that growers and applicators read and follow all precautions and procedures contained in the use guide "A Guide to On-Target Aerial Application" available by calling 1-800-ROUNDUP (1-800-768-6387) or on the internet at www.FARMSOURCE™.com.

ATTENTION: AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE.

See the "MIXING and APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" sections of this label for additional directions and restrictions on the application of this product.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers may result in reduced weed control or crop injury and are NOT recommended for over-the-top applications of this product unless otherwise noted in this product label, supplemental labeling or fact sheets published separately by Monsanto.

Ammonium sulfate may be mixed with this product for applications to Roundup Ready crops. Refer to the "MIXING" section for use instructions for ammonium sulfate.

Sprayer Preparation: It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before making applications of this product. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) previously used. THOROUGHLY CLEAN THE SPRAY TANK AND ALL LINES AND FILTERS TO ELIMINATE POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION FROM OTHER HERBICIDES PRIOR TO MIXING AND APPLYING THIS PRODUCT.

NOTE: The following recommendations are based on a clean start at planting by using a burndown application or tillage to control existing weeds before crop emergence. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, a preplant burn-down treatment of this product is recommended to control existing weeds prior to crop emergence. Some weeds, such as black nightshade, broadleaf signalgrass, sicklepod, Texas panicum, sandbur, annual morningglory, woolly cupgrass, shattercane, wild proso millet, burcumber, and giant ragweed with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require a second application of this product for complete control. The second application should be made after some regrowth has occurred and at least 10 days after a previous application of this product.

11.1 Canola with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence.

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT ON CANOLA WITH THE ROUNDUP READY GENE PLANTED IN THE FOLLOWING STATES: ALABAMA, DELAWARE, FLORIDA, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY, MARYLAND, NEW JERSEY, NORTH CAROLINA, SOUTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND WEST VIRGINIA.

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OVER ROUNDUP READY CANOLA MAY NOT BE PRACTICED IN CALIFORNIA UNLESS THE APPLICATOR HAS AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION A CALIFORNIA-APPROVED SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL SPECIFYING THE APPROVED DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

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Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications

44 fluid ounces per acre

Total in-crop application from emergence to 6-leaf stage

44 fluid ounces per acre

Preplant, At-Planting and Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting canola.

Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready canola from emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development. Applications made during bolting or flowering may result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds.

Weeds Controlled: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL and PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this booklet.

Single Application - Apply 12 to 22 fluid ounces per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage for the control of annual weeds. Avoid overlapping applications that may result in temporary yellowing, delayed flowering, and or growth reduction. Similar injury may result when applications of more than 12 fluid ounces per acre are applied after the 4-leaf stage.

<u>Sequential Application</u> - Apply 22 fluid ounces per acre to 1- to 3-leaf canola followed by a sequential application at a minimum interval of 10 days, but no later than the 6-leaf stage. Sequential applications are recommended for early emerging annual weeds and perennial weeds such as Canada thistle and quackgrass or when controlling weeds with multiple application times.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development and the total in-crop application should not exceed 44 fluid ounces per acre. Allow a minimum of 60 days between last application and canola harvest.

11.2 Corn with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence (in-crop), Spot Treatment, Preharvest, Post-Harvest.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application C	Juantities Per Season
Combined total per year for all applications	5.3 quarts per acre
Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications	3.3 quarts per acre
Total in-crop applications from emergence through the V8 stage or 30 inches	44 fluid ounces per acre
 Maximum preharvest application rate after maximum kernel fill is complete and the crop is physiologically mature (black layer formation) until 7 days before harvest	22 fluid ounces per acre

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

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USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mixture before, during or after planting corn.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with Bullet, Degree, Degree Xtra, Harness, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L, Lariat, Lasso or Micro-Tech at 50 to 100 percent of labeled. Refer to the specific product label and observe all precautions and limitations on the label for any preemergence herbicide application, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum recropping interval and rotational guidelines - the more restrictive requirements apply.

NOTE: For maximum weed control, a posternergence (in-crop) application of this product should be applied following the use of less than labeled rates of the preemergence residual products listed above.

Postemergence (in-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready corn from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars) or until corn height reaches 30 inches, whichever comes first.

When applied as directed, this product controls labeled annual grass and broadleaf weeds in Roundup Ready corn. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more application of this product. The postemergent application of 16 to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product should be made before the weeds reach a height and/or density that the weeds become competitive with the crop, generally 4 inch tall weeds or less.

This product may be applied alone as a postemergence in-crop application to provide control of emerged weeds listed on this label. If new flushes of weeds occur, a sequential application of this product at 16 to 22 fluid ounces per acre will control the labeled grasses and broadleaf weeds

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be applied in tank mixture with Bullet, Degree, Degree Xtra, Harness, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L, and Micro-Tech at 50 to 100 percent of labeled rate. This product may be applied in tank mixture with Permit and Atrazine at labeled rates. Refer to the specific product label and observe all precautions and limitations on the label for all products used in tank mixtures, including application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum recropping interval and rotational guidelines - the more restrictive requirements apply.

Tank-mix Partner	Maximum Height Of Corn For Application
Degree	11 inches
Degree Xtra	
Harness	•
Harness Xtra	· .
Harness Xtra 5.6	
Bullet*	5 inches
Micro-Tech*	
Permit	30 inches
atrazine	12 inches

^{*}Bullet and Micro-Tech are not registered for use as a postemergence application in Texas.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. Single in-crop applications of this product are not to exceed 22 fluid ounces per acre. Sequential in-crop applications of this product from emergence through the $\nabla 8$ stage or 30 inches must not exceed 44 fluid ounces per acre per growing season. Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product. Allow a minimum of 50 days between application of this product and harvest of corn forage.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: In Roundup Ready corn, up to 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product can be applied preharvest. Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.

Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.

11.3 Cotton with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Over-the-Top, Selective Equipment, Preharvest.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application	on Quantities Per Season
ombined total per year for all applications	5.3 quarts per acre
Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications	3.3 quarts per acre
otal in-crop applications from ground cracking to layby	2.5 quarts per acre
Maximum preharvest application rate	44 fluid ounces per acre

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. The combined total application of this product from cotton emergence until harvest must not exceed 4 quarts per acre. NO MORE THAN TWO OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST APPLICATIONS MAY BE MADE FROM CROP EMERGENCE THROUGH THE 4-LEAF (NODE) STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT. NO MORE THAN TWO APPLICATIONS SHOULD BE MADE FROM THE 5-LEAF STAGE THROUGH LAYBY. SEQUENTIAL IN-CROP OVER-THE-TOP OR POST-DIRECTED APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MUST BE AT LEAST 10 DAYS APART AND COTTON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS. ALLOW A MINIMUM OF 7 DAYS BETWEEN APPLICATION AND HARVEST.

Preplant, At-Planting and Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton.

Over-the-Top

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment at rates up to fluid ounces per acre per application postemergence to Roundup Ready cotton from the ground cracking stage until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter). Overthe-top applications made after the 4-leaf (node) stage of development may result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

Salvage Treatment. This treatment may be used after the 4-leaf stage of development and should only be used where weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop. I quart per acre may be applied either as an over-the-top applications or as a post-directed treatments sprayed higher on the cotion plants and over the weeds. NOTE: SALVAGE TREATMENTS WILL RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS. NO MORE THAN ONE SALVAGE TREATMENT SHOULD BE USED PER GROWING SEASON.

NOTE: For specific rates of application and instructions, refer to the "ANNUAL and PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this booklet.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

Selective Equipment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers at rates up to 22 fluid ounces per acre per application to Roundup Ready cotton through layby. At this stage, post-directed equipment should be used which directs the spray to the base of the cotton plants. Contact of the spray with cotton leaves should be avoided to the maximum extent possible. To minimize spray onto the leaves of the cotton plants, place nozzles in a low position directing a horizontal spray pattern under the cotton leaves to contact weeds in the row, and maintain low spray pressure (less than 30 psi). For best results, make applications while weeds are small (less than 3 inches).

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

Preharvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied for preharvest annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast treatment to Roundup Ready cotton after 20 percent boll crack. Up to 44 fluid ounces of this product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. NOTE: This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready cotton

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton. Do not apply this product to cotton grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF ROUNDUP READY COTTON, HOWEVER, VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LABEL SPECIFICATIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

11.4 Soybeans with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence, Preharvest, Post-Harvest.

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OVER ROUNDUP READY CANOLA MAY NOT BE PRACTICED IN CALIFORNIA UNLESS THE APPLICATOR HAS AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION A CALIFORNIA-APPROVED SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL SPECIFYING THE APPROVED DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

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Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season		
Combined total per year for all applications	5.3 quarts per acre	
Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications	3.3 quarts per acre	
Total in-crop applications from cracking throughout flowering	64 fluid ounces per acre	
Maximum preharvest application rate	22 fluid ounces per acre	

PRECAUTIONS/RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting soybeans.

Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: When applied as directed, this product will control labeled annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in Roundup Ready soybeans. Applications of this product can be made in Roundup Ready soybeans from emergence (cracking) throughout flowering. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" in this label for rate recommendations for specific annual weeds. In general, an initial application of 22 fluid ounces per acre on 2 to 8 inch tall weeds is recommended. Weeds will generally be 2 to 8 inches tall, 2 to 5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are larger, apply a higher rate of this product. This product may be used up to 44 fluid ounces per acre in any single in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where heavy weed densities exist.

A 22- to 44-fluid-ounce per acre rate (single or multiple applications) of this product will control or suppress perennial weeds such as: Bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem multy. For best results, allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6 inches of growth before spraying with this product.

Under adverse growing conditions such as drought, hail, wind damage or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this may be necessary to control late flushes of weeds. IN THE SOUTHERN STATES, A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN CROP. To control giant ragweed, it is recommended that 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product be applied when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and possibly avoid the need for a sequential application.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 64 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 44 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum combined total of this product that can be applied during flowering is 44 fluid ounces per acre.

Prebarvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans. Up to $\frac{1}{2}$ fluid ounces per acre of this product can be applied by aerial or ground application.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment. Allow a minimum of 14 days between final application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain, forage or hay.

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Post-Harvest

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied after harvest of Roundup Ready soybeans. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

11.5 Sugar beets with the Roundup Ready Gene

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: Preplant, At-Planting, Preemergence, Postemergence.

Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season		
Combined total per year for all applications	5.3 quarts per acre	
Preplant, At-planting, Preemergence applications	3.3 quarts per acre	
Emergence to 8-leaf stage	56 fluid ounces per acre	
Between 8-leaf stage and canopy closure	44 fluid ounces per acre	

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops. The combined total application from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 3 quarts per acre. The maximum rate for any single application from crop emergence until the 8-leaf stage is 32 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum rate for any single application between the 8-leaf stage and canopy closure is 22 fluid ounces per acre. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and sugar beet harvest.

Preplant, At-Planting and Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting of Roundup Ready sugar beets.

Postemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied postemergent over-the-top to Roundup Ready sugar beets from emergence to 30 days prior to harvest. To maximize yield potential spray sugar beets early to eliminate competing weeds. Up to 4 sequential applications of this product may be made with at least 10 days between applications. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLES" in this label for rate recommendations for specific annual weeds. This product will control or suppress most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, repeat applications may be required to eliminate crop competition throughout the growing season.

12.0 NON-CROP USES AROUND THE FARMSTEAD

TYPES OF APPLICATIONS: General Weed Control, Trim-and-Edge, Greenhouse/Shadehouse, Chemical Mowing, Cut Stumps, Habitat Management.

12.1 General Weed Control and Trim-and-Edge

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual weeds, perennial weeds and woody brush which are found in any part of the farmstead, including building foundations, along and in fences, in dry ditches and canals, along ditchbanks, farm roads, shelterbelts, prior to landscape plantings and equipment storage areas.

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I. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with the following products. Refer to these product labels for approved farmstead sites and application rates. For annual weeds, use 22 fluid ounces per acre of this product when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 32 fluid ounces per acre when weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall and 44 fluid ounces per acre when weeds are greater than 12 inches tall. For perennial weeds, apply 44 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts per acre in these tank mixes. For tank mixtures with these products through backpack sprayers, handguns or other high-volume spray-to-wet applications, see the "ANNUAL WEEDS -- HAND-HELD OR HIGH VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section of this label for recommended rates.

Arsenal Banvel/Clarity Barricade 65WG Diuron

Diuron
Endurance
Escort
Karmex DF
Krovar I DF
Oust
Pendulum 3.3 EC

Pendulum WDG

Plateau

Princep DF Princep Liquid Ronstar 50 WP

Sahara Simazine Surflan Telar Vanquish 2,4-D

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

12.2 Greenhouse/Shadehouse

This product may be used to control weeds in and around greenhouses and shadehouses. Desirable vegetation must not be present during application and air circulation fans must be turned off. Do not use in residential greenhouses.

12.3 Chemical Mowing

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Use 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Use 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass, bahiagrass or quackgrass covers. Use 12 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating bermudagrass. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating torpedograss or paragrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Chemical mowing applications may be made along farm ditches and other parts of farmsteads.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

12.4 Cut Stumps

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Treating cut stumps in any non-crop site listed on this label

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion

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MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

Alder
Eucalyptus
Madrone
Oak
Pepper, brazilian
Pine, Austrian

Reed, giant Saltcedar Sweetgum Tan oak Willow

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: Do not make cut stump applications when the roots of desirable woody brush or trees may be grafted to the roots of the cut stump. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

12.5 Habitat Management

TYPES OF USES: Habitat Restoration and Maintenance, WildlifeFood Plots.

Habitat Restoration and Maintenance

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management areas. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad spectrum vegetation control requirements in habitat management areas. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement.

Wildlife Food Plots

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used as a site preparation treatment to control annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage.

13.0 ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

WATER CARRIER VOLUMES OF 3 TO 10 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR GROUND APPLICATIONS AND 3 TO 5 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS ARE RECOMMENDED.

Apply to actively growing annual weeds. Annual weeds are generally easiest to control when they are small.

Older, mature (hardened) annual weed species may require higher rates even if they meet the size requirements.

Do not tank mix with soil residual herbicides when using these rates unless otherwise specified.

For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment.

This product may be used up to 32 fluid ounces per acre where heavy weed densities exist.

ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE

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. .

WEED		(Nuid d	RATE ounces pe		
SPECIES	12 Maxin	16 num heig	22 ht/length	28 i (in inch	32 ses)
Ammannia, purple	3	6	12	-	18
Annoda, spurred	-	2	3 .	5	8
Barley	18	+ 81	-	-	-
Barnyardgrass	•	. 3	6	7 .	9
Bassia, fivehook	-	-	6	-	-
Beggarweed, Florida	-	5	8	· •	
Bittercress	12	20	•	•	-
Bluegrass, annual	10	-	-	-	-
Bluegrass, bulbous	6	-	-	-	-
Brome, downy ^{1,2}	6	12	-	-	-
Brome, Japanese	6 .	12.	24	-	-
Browntop panicum	6	8	12	-	24
Buckwheat, wild 3	-	· 1	2	-	-
Burcucumber	-	6	12	-	18
Buttercup	12	20		-	-
Carolina geranium	-	-	4	-	9
Carpetweed.	-	6	12	-	-
Cheat ²	6	20	-		-
Chervil	20	-	-	-	
Chickweed	-	12	18	-	-
Cocklebur	12	18	24	-	36
Copperleaf, hophornbeam	-	2	4	-	6
Copperleaf, Virginia	-	2	_ 4	-	6
Coreopsis, plains	· .	6	- 12	-	18
Corn, volunteer	6	12	20	-	-

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1. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

Corn speedwell	12	-	-	-	-
Crabgrass	3	6	12	-	+
Crowfootgrass	+	_	6	-	12
Cutleaf evening primrose	•	-	3	-	6
Devilsclaw (unicorn plant)		3	6	-	-
Dwarfdandelion	12	-	-	+	-
Eastern mannagrass	8	.12	-	-	-
Eclipta	-	4	8	12	-
Fall panicum	4	-	6	-	12
Falsedandelion	-	20	-	-	-
Falseflax, smallseed	12	-	· _	-	-
Fiddleneck	-	6	12	-	-
Field pennycress	6	12	-	-	-
Filaree		-	6	-	12
Fleabane, annual	6	20	-	-	+
Fleabane, hairy (Conyza bonariensis)	-	•	6	-	10
Fleabane, rough	3	6	12	-	-
Florida pusley	-	-	4	-	6
Foxtail, giant, bristly, yellow	6	12	20	.	
Foxtail, Carolina	10	-	+	-	-
Foxtail, green	12	-	-	-	-
Goatgrass, jointed	6	12	-		-
Goosegrass	• .	3	6	- ·	12
Grain sorghum (milo)	6	12	20	-	-
Gr oundcherry	-	3	6	-	9
Groundsel, common	- -	6	10	•	-
Нетр sesbania	+	2	4	6	8

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I. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

Henbit	-	-	6	-	12
Horseweed/ Marestail (Conyza canadensis)	-	6	12	-	18
ltchgrass	6	8	12	-	18
Jimsonweed	-	-	12	+	8 f
Johnsongrass, seedling	6	12	18	-	24
lunglerice	-	3	6	7	. 9
Knotweed	-	-	6	, - ,	12
Kochia ⁴	- :	3 to 6	12	-	+
Lambsquarters	-	6	12	-	20
Liule barley	6	12	-	-	-
London rocket	6 -	-	24	-	•
Mayweed		2 .	6	12	18
Morningglory, annual (Ipomoea spp)	.	-	3	-	6
Mustard, blue	6	12	18	-	-
Mustard, tansy	6	12	18	-	-
Mustard, tumble	6	12	18	_	
Mustard, wild	6	12	18	+	-
Nightshade, black	-	4	6	-	12
Nightshade, hairy	-	4	6	+	12
Oats	3	6	18	•	-
Pigweed species	-	12	18	24	. + ·
Prickly lettuce	•	6	12	•	-
Purslane	-	-	3	-	6
Ragweed, common	-	6	!2	-	18
Ragweed, giant	-	6	12	-	18
Red rice	.		4	-	-
Rye, volunteer/cereal 2	6	18	18 +	-	-
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I. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

Ryegrass	•		6	-	12
Sandbur, field	6	12	-	-	-
Sandbur, longspine	6	12	-		-
Shattercane	6	. 12	20	-	
Shepherd's-purse	6	12	- .	-	-
Sicklepod		2	4		8
Signalgrass, broadleaf	-	3	6	7	9
Smartweed, ladysthumb	•	-	6	-	9
Smartweed, Pennsylvania		-	6	-	9
Sowthistle, annual	-	-	6	•	12
Spanishneedles	-	-	6	-	12
Speedwell, purslane	12	-	-	-	
Sprangletop	. 6	12	20	-	-
Spurge, prostrate	•	6	12	-	-
Spurge, spotted	-	6	12	-	-
Spurry, umbrella	6		-	-	-
Stinkgrass	-	12	-	-	-
Sunflower	· 12	18	•	-	-
Swinecress	٠	5	12	-	-
Teaweed/ Prickly sida	-	2	4	-	6
Texas panicum	6	8	12	•	24
Thistle, Russian ⁵	-	6	12	-	-
Velveileaf	- .	-	6	-	12
Virginia pepperweed	-	18	-	-	-
Waterhemp	-	-	₆	-	12
Wheat ²	6 .	12	,18	-	-
Wheat, (overwintered)	-	6	12	-	18
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Wild oats	3	6	18	-	-
Wild proso millet	-	6	12	-	18
Witchgrass	•	12	-	-	-
Woolly cupgrass	-	6	12	-	-
Yellow rocket		12	20		+

¹ For control of downy brome in no-till systems, use 16 fluid ounces per acre.

13.1 Annual Weeds -- Rates for 10 to 40 Gallons per Acre

Apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Use 22 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 32 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall and 44 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are greater than 12 inches tall. These rates will provide control of weeds listed in the annual weed control tables when water carrier volumes are 10 to 40 gallons per acre for ground applications. Older, mature (hardened) annual weed species may require higher rates even if they meet the size requirements.

13.2 Annual Weeds -- Tank Mixtures with 2,4-D or Dicamba or Tordon 22K

8 to 12 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/4 pound of dicamba or 1/2 pound of 2,4-D or 1 to 2 fluid ounces of Tordon 22K-per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6" -- prickly lettuce, marestail/horseweed, morning glory, kochia (dicamba only) wild buckwheat (Tordon 22K only); 12" -- cocklebur, lambsquarters, pigweed, Russian thistle (2,4-D only).

12 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of 2,4-D per acre will control the following weeds when they are a maximum height or length of 6 inches: common ragweed, giant ragweed, Pennsylvania smartweed, and velvetleaf.

Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba or Tordon 22K is applied within 45 days of planting.

DO NOT APPLY DICAMBA TANK MIXTURES BY AIR IN CALIFORNIA.

13.3 Annual Weeds - Hand-Held or High-Volume Equipment

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² Performance is better if application is made before this weed reaches the boot stage of growth.

³ Use 16 fluid ounces per acre of this product to control wild buckwheat in the cotyledon to 2-leaf stage. Use 22 fluid ounces per acre to control 2- to 4-leaf wild buckwheat. For improved control of wild buckwheat over 2 inches in size, use sequential treatments of 22 fluid ounces followed by 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

⁴ Do not treat kochia in the button stage.

⁵ Control of Russian thistle may vary based on environmental conditions and spray coverage. Whenever possible, a tank mixture with 2,4-D as described below may improve control.

I. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

For control of weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLES", apply a 0.4 percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or unless otherwise specified, use a 0.7 percent solution.

For best results, use a 1.5 percent solution on harder-to-control perennials, such as Bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

When using application methods that result in less than complete coverage, use a 4 percent solution for annual and perennial weeds and a 4 to 7 percent solution for woody brush and trees.

13.4 Annual Weeds -- Tank Mixtures with Atrazine for Fallow and Reduced Tillage Systems

For use only in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, and Washington. In Oregon and Washington, do not exceed 1 pound of atrazine per acre.

16 to 20 fluid ounces of this product plus 1 to 2 pounds of atrazine per acre will control the following weeds: Barnyardgrass (requires 20 fluid ounces for control), Downy brome, Green foxtail, Lambsquarters, Prickly lettuce, Tansy mustard, Pigweed, Field sandbur, Stinkgrass, Russian thistle, Volunteer wheat, Witchgrass and Kochia (add 1/8 pound of dicamba for control).

14.0 PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE (Alphabetically by Species)

Apply to actively growing perennial weeds.

NOTE: If weeds have been moved or tilled, do not treat until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the recommended stages.

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed. Repeat treatments must be made prior to crop emergence.

Unless otherwise stated, allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Best results are obtained when soil moisture is adequate for active weed growth.

Weed Species	Rate (QT/A)	Water Volume (GPA)	Hand-Held % Solution
Alfalfa	1 - 1.5	3 - 10	1.5%
	ent. Applications sh	-	a to regrow to a height of 6 to 8 inches or p tillage at least 7 days after treatment, but
Alligatorweed	3	3 - 20	1%
For partial control, apcontrol.	pply when most of	the plants are in bloom. Re	peat applications will be required to maintain
Anise (fennel)	·• ·		1 - 1.5%
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1. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

For hand held, apply as a spray-to-wet treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth.

Bahiagrass

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.

Bentgrass

1

10 - 20

1.5%

For suppression in grass seed production areas. For ground applications only. Ensure entire crown area has resumed growth prior to a fall application. Bentgrass should have at least 3 inches of growth. Tillage prior to treatment should be avoided. Tillage 7 to 10 days after application is recommended for best results.

Bermudagrass

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

For control, apply 3.3 quarts of this product per acre. For partial control, apply 64 fluid ounces per acre. Treat when Bermudagrass is actively growing and seedheads are present. Retreatment may be necessary to maintain control.

Bermudagrass,

water (knotgrass)

0.7 - 1

5 - 10

1.5%

Apply 32 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply when water Bermudagrass is 12 to 18 inches in length. Allow 7 or more days before tilling, flushing or flooding the field.

Fall applications only: Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Fallow fields should be tilled prior to application. Apply prior to frost on water Bermudagrass that is 12 to 18 inches in length.

This product is not registered in California for use on water Bermudagrass.

Bindweed, field

0.4 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Do not treat when weeds are under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth.

For control, apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 2 to 2.5 quarts east of the Mississippi River. Apply when the weeds are at or beyond full bloom. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

Also for control, apply 44 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of dicamba in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air.

For suppression on irrigated agricultural land, apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product plus 1 pound of 2,4-D in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment only. Applications should be made following harvest or in fall fallow ground when the bindweed is actively growing and the majority of runners are 12 inches or more in length. The use of at least one irrigation will promote active bindweed growth.

For suppression, apply 12 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Apply by air in fallow and reduced tillage systems only. Applications should be delayed until maximum emergence has occurred and when vines are between 6 to 18 inches in length.

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In California only, apply 22 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts of this product per acre. Actual rate needed for suppression or control will vary within this range depending on local conditions. For suppression on irrigated land where annual tillage is performed, apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to bindweed that has reached a length of 12 inches or greater. Allow maximum weed emergence and runner growth. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Bluegrass, Kentucky

0.7 - 1.5

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply 44 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Blueweed, Texas

2 - 3.3

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 2 to 2.5 quarts per acre east of the Mississippi River. Apply when plants are at or beyond full bloom. New leaf development indicates active growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

Brackenfern

2 - 3

3 - 40

1%

Apply to fully expanded fronds that are at least 18 inches long.

Bromegrass, smooth

0.7 - 1.5

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply 44 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Bursage, woolly-leaf

3 - 20

1.5%

For control, apply 44 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of dicamba per acre. For partial control, apply 22 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of dicamba per acre. Apply when plants are producing new active growth which has been initiated by moisture for at least 2 weeks and when plants are at or beyond flowering.

Canarygrass, reed

1.5 - 2

3 - 40

1.5%

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth.

Cattail

2 - 3.3

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.

Clover; red or white

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage.

Also for control, apply 12 to 22 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 to 1 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

Cogongrass

2 - 3.3

10 - 40

1.5%

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I. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

Apply when cogongrass is at least 18 inches tall in late summer or fall. Due to uneven stages of growth and the dense nature of vegetation preventing good spray coverage, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control.

Dallisgrass

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.

Dandelion

2 - 3.3

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth.

Also for control, apply 12 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

Dock, curly

2 - 3.3

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth.

Also for control, apply 12 to 22 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 to 1 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

Dogbane, hemp

3

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. Following crop harvest or mowing, allow weeds to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. For suppression, apply 12 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Delay applications until maximum emergence of dogbane has occurred.

Fescue (except tall)

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early head stage.

Fescue, tall

0.7 - 2

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development.

Fall applications only: Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to fescue in the fall when plants have 6 to 12 inches of new growth. A sequential application of 12 fluid ounces per acre of this product will improve long-term control and control seedlings germinating after fall treatments or the following spring.

Guineagrass

1.5 - 2

3 - 40

1%

Apply when most plants have reached at least the 7-leaf stage of growth. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. In Texas and ridge of Florida, use 44 fluid ounces for control. In the flatwoods region of Florida, 64 fluid ounces is required for control.

Horsenettle

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

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Horseradish			
	3	3 - 40	1.5%
Apply when most plant summer or fall.	is have reached	the late bud to flower	stage of growth. For best results, apply in late
lceplant			1.5 - 2%
Iceplant should be at or	r beyond the ea	rly bud stage of growth	. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control
Jerusalem artichoke	2 - 3.3	3 - 20	1.5%
Apply when most plant	s are in the earl	y bud stage.	
Johnsongrass	0.4 - 2	3 - 40	1 %
product in 3 to 10 gallo	ons of water per in-crop, or areas	acre. Use 44 fluid oun s where annual tillage (s product per acre. Apply 22 fluid ounces of this ces of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons no-till) is not practiced, apply 44 to 64 fluid ounce
For best results, apply v	when most plan	ts have reached the boo	ot-to-head stage of growth or in the fall prior to
	days after appl	lication before tillage.	Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when
frost. Allow 7 or more using 22 fluid ounces of For burndown of Johnso the plants reach a height	days after apple f this product pongrass, apply t of 12 inches.	lication before tillage. er acre. 12 fluid ounces of this For this use, allow at h	Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before east 3 days after treatment before tillage.
frost. Allow 7 or more using 22 fluid ounces of For burndown of Johnso the plants reach a height	days after apple this product prograss, apply to 12 inches.	lication before tillage, er acre. 12 fluid ounces of this For this use, allow at livession)Apply a 0.7 p	Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before east 3 days after treatment before tillage.
frost. Allow 7 or more using 22 fluid ounces of For burndown of Johnso the plants reach a height Spot treatment (partial of	days after apple this product prograss, apply to 12 inches.	lication before tillage, er acre. 12 fluid ounces of this For this use, allow at livession)Apply a 0.7 p	Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before east 3 days after treatment before tillage.
frost. Allow 7 or more using 22 fluid ounces of For burndown of Johnso the plants reach a height Spot treatment (partial of is 12 to 18 inches in height Kikuyugrass	days after appled this product prograss, apply to f 12 inches. control or suppright. Coverage so 1.5 - 2 ugrass is at leas	lication before tillage. er acre. 12 fluid ounces of this For this use, allow at livession)Apply a 0.7 p should be uniform and	Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before east 3 days after treatment before tillage. ercent solution of this product when Johnsongrass complete.
frost. Allow 7 or more using 22 fluid ounces of For burndown of Johnso the plants reach a height Spot treatment (partial of is 12 to 18 inches in heil Kikuyugrass. Spray when most kikuyu	days after appled this product prograss, apply to f 12 inches. control or suppright. Coverage so 1.5 - 2 ugrass is at leas	lication before tillage. er acre. 12 fluid ounces of this For this use, allow at livession)Apply a 0.7 p should be uniform and	Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before east 3 days after treatment before tillage. ercent solution of this product when Johnsongrass complete.
frost. Allow 7 or more using 22 fluid ounces of For burndown of Johnso the plants reach a height Spot treatment (partial of is 12 to 18 inches in heil Kikuyugrass Spray when most kikuyu after application before Knapweed	days after apple this product prograss, apply to 12 inches. control or suppright. Coverage s 1.5 - 2 ugrass is at leas tillage.	lication before tillage. er acre. 12 fluid ounces of this For this use, allow at livession)Apply a 0.7 p should be uniform and 3 - 40 t 8 inches in height (3-	Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before east 3 days after treatment before tillage. ercent solution of this product when Johnsongrass complete. 1.5% or 4-leaf stage of growth). Allow 3 or more days
frost. Allow 7 or more using 22 fluid ounces of For burndown of Johnso the plants reach a height Spot treatment (partial of is 12 to 18 inches in height Kikuyugrass Spray when most kikuyu after application before Knapweed Apply when most plants	days after apple this product prograss, apply to 12 inches. control or suppright. Coverage s 1.5 - 2 ugrass is at leas tillage.	lication before tillage. er acre. 12 fluid ounces of this For this use, allow at livession)Apply a 0.7 p should be uniform and 3 - 40 t 8 inches in height (3-	Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before east 3 days after treatment before tillage. ercent solution of this product when Johnsongrass complete. 1.5% or 4-leaf stage of growth). Allow 3 or more days
frost. Allow 7 or more using 22 fluid ounces of For burndown of Johnso the plants reach a height Spot treatment (partial of is 12 to 18 inches in heil Kikuyugrass Spray when most kikuyu after application before Knapweed Apply when most plants summer or fall.	days after appled this product prograss, apply to 12 inches. control or suppright. Coverage so 1.5 - 2 ugrass is at leastillage. 3 have reached to 1.5	lication before tillage. er acre. 12 fluid ounces of this For this use, allow at livession)Apply a 0.7 p should be uniform and 3 - 40 t 8 inches in height (3- 3 - 49 he late bud to flower st	Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before east 3 days after treatment before tillage. ercent solution of this product when Johnsongrass complete. 1.5% or 4-leaf stage of growth). Allow 3 or more days 1.5% age of growth. For best results, apply in late
frost. Allow 7 or more using 22 fluid ounces of For burndown of Johnso the plants reach a height Spot treatment (partial of is 12 to 18 inches in heil Kikuyugrass Spray when most kikuyu after application before Knapweed Apply when most plants summer or fall. Lantana Apply at or beyond the best of the strength of	days after appled this product prograss, apply to 12 inches. control or suppright. Coverage so 1.5 - 2 ugrass is at leastillage. 3 have reached to 1.5	lication before tillage. er acre. 12 fluid ounces of this For this use, allow at livession)Apply a 0.7 p should be uniform and 3 - 40 t 8 inches in height (3- 3 - 49 he late bud to flower st	Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before east 3 days after treatment before tillage. ercent solution of this product when Johnsongrass complete. 1.5% or 4-leaf stage of growth). Allow 3 or more days 1.5% age of growth. For best results, apply in late

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Milkweed, common

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth.

Muhly, wirestem

0.7 - 1.5

2

3 - 40

1.5%

Use 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre or in pasture, sod, or non-crop areas. Spray when the wirestem multy is 8 inches or more in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in the fall or spring prior to spring applications. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Mullein, common

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants are in the early bud stage.

Napiergrass

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Nightshade, silverleaf

1.5

3 - 10

1.5%

Applications should be made when at least 60 percent of the plants have berries. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost.

Nutsedge,

0.4 - 2

3 - 40

1 - 1.5%

purple or yellow

Apply 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre or apply a 1 to 1.5 percent solution for control of nutsedge plants and immature nutlets attached to treated plants. Treat when plants are in flower or when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets that have not germinated will not be controlled and may germinate following treatment. Repeat treatments will be required for long-term control of ungerminated tubers.

Sequential applications: 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre will also provide control. Make applications when a majority of the plants are in the 3- to 5-leaf stage (less than 6 inches tall). Repeat this application, as necessary, when newly emerging plants reach the 3- to 5-leaf stage. Subsequent applications will be necessary for long-term control.

For partial control of existing plants, apply 12 to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Treat when plants have 3 to 5 leaves and most are less than 6 inches tall. Repeat treatments will be required to control subsequent emerging plants or regrowth of existing plants.

Orchardgrass

0.7 - 1.5

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply 44 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Orchardgrass sods going to no-till corn: Apply 22 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to orchardgrass that is a minimum of 12 inches tall for spring applications and 6 inches tall for fall applications. Allow at least 3 days following application before planting. A sequential application of atrazine will be necessary for optimum results.

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1 - 1.5% Pampasgrass Pampasgrass should be at or beyond the boot stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control. -3 - 201.5% 2 - 3.3**Paragrass** Apply when most plants are in the early head stage. 10 - 402 - 3.31 - 1.5% **Phragmites** For partial control, and best results, treat during late summer or fall when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Treatment before or after this stage may lead to reduced control. Due to the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage or uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop. 1 - 1.5% Poison hemlock For hand held, apply as a spray-to-wet treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control. 3 - 401.5% Pokeweed, common Apply to actively growing plants up to 24 inches tall. Quackgrass 0.7 - 23 - 401.5% In annual cropping systems, or in pastures and sods followed by deep tillage: Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre, apply 44 fluid ounces of this product. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using the 22-fluid-ounce rate. Spray when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. In pastures or sods, use a moldboard plow for best results. In pastures, sods or non-crop areas where deep tillage does not follow application: Apply 44 to 64 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when the quackgrass is greater than 8 inches tall. Redvine _____ 0.5 - 1.55 - 10 1.5% For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre at each of two applications 7 to 14 days apart or

a single application of 44 fluid ounces per acre. Apply recommended rates in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre, Apply in late September or early October to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.

1.5% Reed, giant

Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer to fall.

1% Ryegrass, perennial 0.7 - 23 - 40

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In annual cropping systems apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Apply 22 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 44 fluid ounces of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons

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1. MAIN LABEL FOR FOOD CROP USES

of water per acre. In non-crop, or areas where annual tillage (no-till) is not practiced, apply 44 to 64 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when using Iquart of this product per acre.

Smartweed, swamp

2 - 3.3

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth. Also for control, apply 12 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall.

Sowthistle, perennial

1.5 - 2

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, moving or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Spurge, leafy

3 - 10

1.5%

For suppression, apply 12 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall. If moving has occurred prior to treatment, apply when most of the plants are 12 inches tall.

Starthistle, yellow

1.5

10 - 40

1.5%

Best results are obtained when applications are made during the rosette, bolting and early flower stages.

Sweet potato, wild

1.5%

For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be required.

Thistle, artichoke

1.5%

For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be required.

Thistle, Canada

1.5 - 2

3 - 40

1.5%

Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

For suppression in the spring, apply 22 fluid ounces of this product, or 12 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/2 pound of 2,4-D, in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Allow rosette regrowth to a minimum of 6 inches in diameter before treating. Applications can be made as long as leaves are still green and plants are actively growing at the time of application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Timothy

1.5 - 2

3 - 40

1.5%

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For best	results, appl	y when most plan	is have reached	the boot-to-head	stage of growth.
----------	---------------	------------------	-----------------	------------------	------------------

To	rn	ed	ng	ra	55

2.5 - 3.3

3 - 40

1.5%

For partial control, apply when most plants are at or beyond the seedhead stage of growth. Repeat applications will be required to maintain control. Fall treatments must be applied before frost.

Trumpetcreeper

1.5

5 - 10

1.5%

For partial control, apply in late September or October, to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.

Vaseygrass

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Velvetgrass

2 - 3.3

3 - 20

1.5%

Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.

Wheatgrass, western

1.5 - 2

3 - 40

1.5%

For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth.

15.0 WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE

Apply this product after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Unless otherwise directed, apply broadcast treatments in 3-40 gallons of water per acre. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, mowing or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

	Weed Species	Rate (QT/A)	Hand-Held % Solution		Comments	
	PC = Partial control	; C = Control				
	Alder	2 - 3	1%	ν.	С	
	Ash	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	•	PC	
	Aspen, quaking	1.5 - 2	1%		С	
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Bearmat (Bearclover)) 1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Beech	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Birch	1.5 - 2	1%	С
Blackberry	2 - 3	1%	С

Make applications after plants have reached full leaf maturity. Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer or fall. Applications may also be made after leaf drop and until a killing frost or as long as stems are green. After berries have set or dropped in late fall, blackberry can be controlled by applying a 0.7 percent solution of this product. For control of blackberries after leaf drop and until killing frost or as long as stems are green, apply 2 to 2.5 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

Blackgum	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	C
Bracken	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	С
Broom; French, Scotch		1 – 1.5%	C
Buckwheat, California		1 - 1.5%	PC

Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

Cascara	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Catsclaw		1%	PC
Ceanothus	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Chamise		1%	С

Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

Cherry; bitter,			
black, pin	1.5 - 2	1%	C
Coyote brush		1 – 1.5%	С

Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.

Dogwood	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Elderberry	1.5 - 2	1%	C
≕ Elm	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Eucalyptus		1.5%	С

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For control of eucalyptus resprouts, apply when resprouts are 6 to 12 feet tall. Ensure complete coverage. Avoid application to drought-stressed plants.

Florida holly (Brazilian Peppertree)	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC	
Gorse	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC	
Hasardia		1 - 1.5%	PC.	•
Thorough cov	erage of foliage is	necessary for best resul	IS. ·	
Hawthorn	1.5 - 2	1%	С	
Hazel	1.5 - 2	1%	С	
Hickory	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC	
Honeysuckle	2 - 3	1%	С .	
Hornbeam, American	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC	
Kudzu	2.5 - 3.3	1.5%	C	•
Repeat applica	tions may be requi	red to maintain control		
Locust, black	1.5 - 3	1 - 1.5%	PC ·	
Madrone resprouts		1.5%	PC.	
Apply to respre	outs that are 3 to 6	feet tall. Best results a	e obtained with spri	ng/early summer
Manzanita	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC	
Maple, red	1.5 - 3	1%	С	
• • • • • •		it least 50 percent of the es of this product per ac		developed. For partial
Maple, sugar		1%	C	. **
Apply when at I	east 50 percent of	the new.leaves are fully	developed.	
Monkey flower		J - 1.5%	PC	
Thorough cover	age of foliage is no	ecessary for best results	·	
Oak; black, white	1.5 - 3	1 - 1.5%	PC	
Oak, post	2 - 3	1%	С	

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Sweetgum

Swordfern

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1.5 - 2

1.5 - 3.3

Oak; northern,		1%	С		
Apply when a	at least 50 percent o	of the new pin leaves are	fully developed	d	
Oak; southern red	1.5 - 2	1%	С		
Persimmon	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC		
Pine	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	С		
Poison ivy/ Poison oak	2.5 - 3.3	1.5%	С		
Repeat applications green co.		ired to maintain control	. Fall treatments	must be applied bef	ore leaves
Poplar, yellow	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC		
Redbud, eastern	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	С		
Rose, multiflora	1.5	1%	С		
Treatments sh	nould be made prior	r to leaf deterioration by	leaf-eating inse	ects.	-
Russian olive	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC		
Sage, black		1%	С		
Thorough cov	verage of foliage is	necessary for best result	s.		
Sage, white	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC		
Sage brush, Califo	ornia	1%	С	٠,	•
Thorough cov	erage of foliage is	necessary for best result	S.		
Salmonberry	1.5 - 2	1%	С		
Salt-cedar	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	С		٠
Sassafras	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC		
Sourwood	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC		
Sumac; poison, smooth, winged	1.5 - 3	1 - 1.5%	PC 、		

1 - 1.5% -

PC



Tallowtree, Chinese -- 1% C

Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results

Tan oak resprouts -- 1.5% PC

Apply to resprouts that are less than 3 to 6 feet tall. Best results are obtained with fall applications.

Thimbleberry	1.5 - 2	1%	С
Tobacco, tree		1 - 1.5%	PC
Trumpetcreeper	1.5 - 2	1%	C
Vine maple	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Virginia creeper	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5%	C
Waxmyrtle, southern	1.5 - 3:3	1 - 1.5%	PC
Willow	2 - 3	1%	С

16.0 LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

This Company warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the Complete Directions for Use label booklet ("Directions") when used in accordance with those Directions under the conditions described therein. NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR MERCHANTABILITY IS MADE. This warranty is also subject to the conditions and limitations stated herein.

Buyer and all users shall promptly notify this Company of any claims whether based in contract, negligence, strict liability, other tort or otherwise.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage from use or handling which results from conditions beyond the control of this Company, including, but not limited to, incompatibility with products other than those set forth in the Directions, application to or contact with desirable vegetation, unusual weather, weather conditions which are outside the range considered normal at the application site and for the time period when the product is applied, as well as weather conditions which are outside the application ranges set forth in the Directions, application in any manner not explicitly set forth in the Directions, moisture conditions outside the moisture range specified in the Directions, or the presence of products other than those set forth in the Directions in or on the soil, crop or treated vegetation.

This Company does not warrant any product reformulated or repackaged from this product except in accordance with this Company's stewardship requirements and with express written permission from this Company.

For over-the-top uses on Roundup Ready crop varieties crop safety and weed control performance are not warranted by Monsanto when this product is used in conjunction with "brown bag" or "bin run" seed saved from previous year's production and replanted.

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Valor is a trademark of Valent USA Corporation

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EPA Reg. No. 524-LGT

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, (314) 694-4000.

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II. SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING FOR FOOD CROP USES

Table of Contents: Crop Supplemental labeling

	Name	Approval	
		Date*	
A	FOR USE IN DORMANT ALFALFA	26-Aug-1997	
В	FOR THE CONTROL OF ANNUAL WEEDS IN COASTAL	7-Nov-1995	
	BERMUDAGRASS PASTURES PRIOR TO SPRING GROWTH		
	OR IMMEDIATELY AFTER FIRST CUTTING		
\overline{C}	FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY WITHIN SOUTH	11-Dec-1996	
	DAKOTA. FOR NON-SELECTIVE CONTROL OF LISTED		
	ANNUAL WEEDS IN SMALL GRAIN CROPPING SYSTEMS	<u> </u>	
D	TANK MIX WITH Aim® FOR IMPROVED SYMPTOMS IN PRE-	16-Feb-2000	
	PLANT APPLICATIONS IN CORN, SOYBEANS OR WHEAT		
E	TANK MIX WITH RESOURCE® FOR IMPROVED SYMPTOMS	16-Feb-2000	
	IN PRE-PLANT APPLICATIONS IN CORN OR SOYBEANS		
F	FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY	29-Dec-2000	
G	FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN FRESNO COUNTY,	7-Nov-1995	
	CALIFORNIA ONLY (From February 15 through March 31 Only)		
H	FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN ARKANSAS ONLY	11-Feb-1997	
I	USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF ALFALFA WITH	16-Feb-2000	
	THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE		
J	USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF LETTUCE WITH	16-Feb-2000	
L	THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE		
K	USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF RICE WITH THE	11-Aug-1999	
	ROUNDUP READY® GENE		
L	FOR USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF WHEAT WITH	29-Sep-1999	
	THE ROUNDUP READY®GENE		
M	FOR CONTROLLING BARNYARDGRASS (ECHINOCHLOA	14-May-2001	
	CRUS-GALLI) IN RICE USING RENOVATION TREATMENTS	:	
	IN CALIFORNIA ONLY		igdash
N	FOR NEW COTTON LINES WITH THE ROUNDUP READY	11-Aug-1999	
	GENE – IN-CROP APPLICATIONS		
0	ADDITION OF SURFACTANT FOR APPLICATIONS WITH	11/30/99	
<u> </u>	[INSERT BRAND NAME]		
P	ADDITION OF SURFACTANT FOR APPLICATIONS WITH	11/30/99	
	[INSERT BRAND NAME] (Alternate version)	<u> · </u>	

^{*} Original approval of these uses with Roundup Ultra or Roundup UltraMAX herbicides.

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SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR [INSERT BRAND NAME] BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using [INSERT BRAND NAME] as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

[INSERT BRAND NAME HERE]

Herbicide

EPA Reg. No. 524-LGT

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION!

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, 314-694-4000.

[INSERT BRAND NAME] is a registered trademark of Monsanto Technology LLC.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY CROPS), DESTRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] for essential product performance information.

Read the "Limit of Warranty and Liability" in the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] before using. These terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

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A. FOR USE IN DORMANT ALFALFA

RECOMMENDATIONS

This product will control or suppress many weeds, including quackgrass, downy brome and cheatgrass in dormant alfalfa.

Apply 6 to 8 fluid ounces per acre of this product. Apply in the spring to alfalfa that is dormant. Applications should be made after spring temperatures have warmed enough to encourage resumption of weed growth, but prior to initiation of trifoliate leaf expansion of the alfalfa. Applications made after expansion of the first trifoliate leaf of the alfalfa will cause growth reduction and reduced crop yield.

Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying dormant alfalfa with [INSERT BRAND NAME].

Do not use this product where a slight yield reduction in the first cutting of alfalfa cannot be tolerated.

Do not make more than one application per year.

Allow 36 hours after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

Slight discoloration of the alfalfa may occur, but the alfalfa will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

Application of this product is limited to persons who have attended a Monsanto-approved training program.

Application of this product can cause crop injury. Any crop injury is the sole responsibility of the applicator.

B. FOR THE CONTROL OF ANNUAL WEEDS IN COASTAL BERMUDAGRASS PASTURES PRIOR TO SPRING GROWTH OR IMMEDIATELY AFTER FIRST CUTTING

RECOMMENDATIONS

This product may be applied at 12 fluid ounces per acre to control the weeds listed below and most other winter annual grass and broadleaf weeds in established coastal Bermudagrass pastures.

Annual bluegrass

Oats

Cheat

Ryegrass, Italian

Crabgrass ·

Sandbur, field

Henbit

Sunflower

Johnsongrass, seedling

Wheat

Little barley

Wild mustard

TIMING OF APPLICATION

<u>Applications prior to spring growth:</u> Apply this product in the late winter or early spring but before new coastal Bermudagrass growth begins in the spring. Applications to new growth can damage the Bermudagrass.

Remove domestic livestock from the pasture before making the application. Wait 60 days after making this application before grazing or harvesting the treated area.

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Applications following the first cutting: Apply this product after the first Bermudagrass cutting when the Bermudagrass has not yet begun to regrow. Applications made after regrowth has begun can damage the Bermudagrass.

Remove domestic livestock from the pasture before making the application. Wait 28 days after making this application before grazing or harvesting the treated area.

NOTE: ONLY ONE APPLICATION PER YEAR MAY BE MADE TO ANY ONE FIELD. A SPRING APPLICATION PRIOR TO GROWTH AND AN APPLICATION FOLLOWING THE FIRST CUTTING MAY NOT BE MADE ON THE FIELD DURING THE SAME YEAR.

C. FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY WITHIN SOUTH DAKOTA. FOR NON-SELECTIVE CONTROL OF LISTED ANNUAL WEEDS IN SMALL GRAIN CROPPING SYSTEMS

RECOMMENDATIONS

Refer to the [INSERT BRAND NAME] label for rate recommendations and weeds controlled.

For ground applications, use 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, use 2 to 3 gallons of water per acre.

ATTENTION

AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift, or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this herbicide can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5 miles per hour or when other conditions, including lesser wind velocities, will allow spray drift to occur. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift. AVOID APPLYING AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR PRESSURE.

NOTE: To prevent injury to adjacent desirable vegetation, appropriate buffer zones must be maintained.

Adjust boom height on ground equipment to prevent streaked, overlapped or uneven applications. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations that dispense spray as fine spray droplets.

In aerial applications, do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do ot increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure.

Ensure uniform application. Use appropriate marking devices when applying herbicides by air.

Avoid spraying when weeds are subject to moisture stress, when dust is on foliage, or when straw canopy covers the weeds.

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residue of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF PART.

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LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meats aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion.

D. TANK MIX WITH Aim® FOR IMPROVED SYMPTOMS IN PRE-PLANT APPLICATIONS IN CORN, SOYBEANS OR WHEAT

RECOMMENDATIONS

This tank-mixture will significantly enhance the speed of symptomatology appearance on certain weeds when applied as a pre-plant treatment prior to corn, Roundup Ready corn, soybeans, Roundup Ready soybeans or wheat. This mixture may be applied prior to planting or emergence of labeled crops. This mixture will not provide residual control of weeds that are un-emerged at the time of treatment.

Combine [INSERT BRAND NAME] (22 fluid ounces of product per acre) and Aim (0.144 ounce per acre) in the spray tank in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For best results, make applications to actively growing weeds. Ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2 percent by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may be added. The addition of 2,4-D or dicamba is not recommended.

SPECIFIC MIXING RECOMMENDATIONS

Option 1

- 1. Fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start the agitation.
- 2. Add Aim at 0.144 ounce per acre and mix thoroughly.
- 3. If desired add ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2 percent by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of spray.
- 4. Add [INSERT BRAND NAME] at 22 fluid ounces per acre and finish filling the spray tank with water.

Option 2

- 1. Fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start the agitation.
- 2. If desired add ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2 percent by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of spray.
- 3. Add [INSERT BRAND NAME] at 22 fluid ounces per acre.
 - 4. Prepare a slurry of Aim with water and add to the spray tank.

Read and follow the Aim label for additional application instructions and precautions.

Aim is a trademark of FMC Corporation.

E. TANK MIX WITH RESOURCE® FOR IMPROVED SYMPTOMS IN PRE-PLANT APPLICATIONS IN CORN OR SOYBEANS

RECOMMENDATIONS

This tank-mixture will significantly enhance the speed of symptomology appearance on certain weeds when applied as a pre-plant treatment prior to corn or soybeans. This mixture may be applied prior to planting or emergence of labeled crops. This mixture will not provide residual control of weeds that are un-emerged at the time of treatment.

Combine [INSERT BRAND NAME] (22 fluid ounces of product per acre) and Resource[®] (2.08 fluid ounces per acre) in the spray tank in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For best results, make applications to actively growing weeds. Ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2 percent by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may be added. The addition of 2,4-D or dicamba is not recommended.

SPECIFIC MIXING RECOMMENDATIONS

Option 1

1. Fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start the agitation.

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- 2. Add Resource at 2.08 fluid ounces per acre and mix thoroughly.
- 3. If desired add ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2 percent by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of spray.
- 4. Add [INSERT BRAND NAME] at 22 fluid ounces per acre and finish filling the spray tank with water.

Option 2

- 1. Fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start the agitation.
- 2. If desired add ammonium sulfate at 1 to 2 percent by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of spray.
- 3. Add [INSERT BRAND NAME] at 22 fluid ounces per acre.
- 4. Add Resource at 2.08 fluid ounces per acre to the spray tank.

Read and follow the Resource label for additional application instructions and precautions.

Resource is a trademark of Valent USA Corporation.

F. FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY

Aerial applications of this product are allowed in the following situations:

- 1. In fallow and reduced tillage systems prior to the emergence or transplanting of labeled crops.
- 2. In alfalfa and pasture renovation applications.
- Over-the-top applications in Roundup Ready corn and cotton. Refer to further label instructions for Roundup Ready corn and Roundup Ready cotton for specific application instructions for over-the-top applications in these crops.
- 4. Preharvest in alfalfa, corn, cotton, wheat, Roundup Ready corn and Roundup Ready cotton. Refer to [INSERT BRAND NAME] label instructions for Roundup Ready corn and Roundup Ready cotton for specific preharvest application instructions for each individual crop.

Do not plant subsequent crops other than those listed in the label booklet for 30 days following application.

When applied as recommended under the conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed in the label booklet.

When tank mixing this product with 2,4-D for aerial applications, only 2,4-D amine formulations may be used. This tank mixiure may be used for fallow and reduced tillage systems and alfalfa and pasture renovation applications only.

DO NOT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING MAXIMUM RATES WHEN MAKING APPLICATIONS BY AIR:

22 fluid ounces	44 fluid ounces
	Alfalfa
Com	
Roundup Ready® Corn	
	Cotton
	Roundup Ready [®] Cotton
	Fallow
	Reduced tillage systems
	Pastures
Wheat	

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Aerial Equipment

Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters.

AVOID DRIFT—DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are made near crops or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop, and/or near other desirable vegetation or annual crops.

- 1. Do not apply within 100 feet of all desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- 2. If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crop(s), do not apply within 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- 3. Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crop(s) may require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.
- 4. Do not apply when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour or when inversion conditions exist.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations that dispense spray as fine spray droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the air-stream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure. Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

Ensure uniform application—To avoid streaking, uneven, or over-lapped application, use appropriate marking devices. Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion.

G. FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA ONLY (From February 15 through March 31 Only)

Applicable Area

This supplement only applies to the area contained inside the following boundaries within Fresno County, California.

North: Fresno County line South: Fresno County line East: State Highway 99

West: Fresno County line

General Information

Always read and follow the label directions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application.

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Observe the following directions to minimize off-site movement during aerial application of this product. Minimization of off-site movement is the responsibility of the grower, Pest Control Advisor and aerial applicator.

Written Recommendations

A written recommendation MUST be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner 24 hours prior to the application. This written recommendation MUST state the proximity of surrounding crops, and that conditions of each manufacturer's product label and this label have been satisfied.

Aerial Applicator Training and Equipment

Aerial application of this product is limited to pilots who have successfully completed a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training program for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, critiqued in flight and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. Test and calibrate spray equipment at intervals sufficient to insure that proper rates of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use. Applicator must document such calibrations and testing. Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-ins constitutes such documentation, or other written records showing calculations and measurements of flight and spray parameters acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

Applications at Night—Do not apply this product by air earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and/or later than 30 minutes after sunset without prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

To report known or suspected misuse of this product, call 1-800-332-3111.

For additional information on the proper aerial application of this product, call 916-784-1718.

Note: For aerial application from April 1 through February 14, refer to the "FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY" supplemental label.

H. FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN ARKANSAS ONLY

USE DIRECTIONS

AVOID DRIFT. DO NOT APPLY INTO STILL AIR WHERE THERE IS A TEMPERATURE INVERSION LAYER LOW ENOUGH FOR FINE SPRAY PARTICLES TO BECOME SUSPENDED AND MOVE OUTSIDE THE TARGET AREA WHEN THE INVERSION LAYER MOVES. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION THAT FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT IS LIKELY TO CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the recommended rate of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

Use sufficient carrier volume and appropriate equipment set-up to form droplets large enough to avoid drift potential. Coarse droplets in the 300 to 500 (VMD) micron range are recommended.

Applications should typically be made with the nozzle release point at 8 to 15 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 75 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor. In many cases, reducing this distance to 65 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor will improve drift control without affecting the swath width.

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II. SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING FOR FOOD CROP USES

Nozzles must always discharge backward parallel with the air stream and never discharge downwards more than 45 degrees on fixed wing aircraft or forward of the prevailing airflow on rotary winged aircraft. Avoid the use of nozzles with wide-angle discharge.

Do not apply this product when winds are in excess of 10 mph.

Do not apply when there is a low-level inversion where fine spray particles could be suspended in still air and move outside the target area when the inversion layer moves. These conditions may occur when wind speeds are less than 2 mph.

Use the following guidelines when applications are made near crops or other desirable vegetation:

- 1. Do not apply within 100 feet of any desirable vegetation or crops.
- If wind up to 5 mph is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crops, do not apply within 500 feet upwind of the desirable vegetation or crops.
- 3. Winds blowing from 5 to 10 mph toward desirable vegetation or crops will likely require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.

I. USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF ALFALFA WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE

NOTE: THIS PRODUCT MAY BE USED FOR CONTROL OF NON-GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT ALFALFA IN PRODUCTION FIELDS OF ALFALFA CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE. SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH OF ALFALFA WILL RESULT IF ALFALFA VARIETIES THAT DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE ARE SPRAYED WITH THIS PRODUCT.

USE RECOMMENDATIONS

This product will control non-glyphosate tolerant alfalfa in seed production fields of alfalfa containing the Roundup Ready gene. Apply up to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray. Subsequent applications of up to 44 fluid ounces per acre each may be applied, if needed to control non-glyphosate tolerant alfalfa plants.

DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 5.3 QUARTS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE PER SEASON.

Application-timing—This product can be applied to Roundup Ready alfalfa from emergence to harvest.

Treated alfalfa or the resulting seed may not be used for food or feed. Do not feed or graze treated alfalfa. Do not process treated alfalfa or resulting seed for food or feed.

J. USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF LETTUCE WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE

NOTE: THIS PRODUCT MAY BE USED FOR CONTROL OF NON-GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT LETTUCE IN PRODUCTION FIELDS OF LETTUCE CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE. SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH OF LETTUCE WILL RESULT IF LETTUCE VARIETIES THAT DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE ARE SPRAYED WITH THIS PRODUCT.

USE RECOMMENDATIONS

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This product will control non-glyphosate tolerant lettuce in seed production fields of lettuce containing the Roundup Ready gene. Apply up to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray. A second application up to 44 fluid ounces per acre may be applied, if needed to control non-glyphosate tolerant lettuce plants.

DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 2.5 QUARTS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE PER SEASON.

Application timing-This product can be applied to Roundup Ready lettuce from emergence to harvest.

Treated lettuce may not be used for food or feed. Do not feed or graze treated lettuce. Do not process treated lettuce for food or feed.

K. USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF RICE WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE

NOTE: THIS PRODUCT MAY BE USED FOR CONTROL OF NON-GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT RICE IN PRODUCTION FIELDS OF RICE CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE. SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH WILL RESULT IF RICE VARIETIES THAT DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE ARE SPRAYED WITH THIS PRODUCT.

USE RECOMMENDATIONS

This product will control non-glyphosate tolerant rice in seed production fields of rice containing the Roundup Ready gene. Apply up to 44 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray. A second application up to 44 fluid ounces per acre may be applied, if needed to control non-glyphosate tolerant rice plants.

DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 2.5 QUARTS OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE PER SEASON.

Application timing -- This product can be applied to Roundup Ready rice from emergence to harvest.

Treated rice may not be used for food or feed. Do not feed or graze treated rice. Do not process treated rice for food or feed.

L. FOR USE ONLY FOR SEED PRODUCTION OF WHEAT WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE

NOTE: THIS PRODUCT MAY BE USED FOR CONTROL OF NON-GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT WHEAT IN PRODUCTION FIELDS OF WHEAT CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE. SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH WILL RESULT IF WHEAT VARIETIES THAT DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE ARE SPRAYED WITH THIS PRODUCT.

USE RECOMMENDATIONS

This product will control non-glyphosate tolerant wheat in seed production fields of wheat containing the Roundup Ready gene. Apply up to 22 fluid ounces of this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre

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as a broadcast spray. A second application up to 22 fluid ounces per acre may be applied, if needed to control non-glyphosate tolerant wheat plants.

DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 44 FLUID OUNCES OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE PER SEASON.

Application timing—This product can be applied to Roundup Ready wheat from emergence to harvest.

Treated wheat may not be used for food or feed. Do not feed or graze treated wheat. Do not process treated wheat for food or feed.

M. FOR CONTROLLING BARNYARDGRASS (ECHINOCHLOA CRUS-GALLI) IN RICE USING RENOVATION TREATMENTS IN CALIFORNIA ONLY

RECOMMENDATIONS

Renovation Treatment

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied as a renovation treatment in rice crops to control barnyardgrass infestations using ground broadcast spray or hand-held equipment. Renovation is defined as herbicide treatment that will produce crop and weed destruction in an entire field or contiguous area treated within a field. Follow the application methods and recommended treatment rates in the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] herbicide.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason. The rice straw and stubble from the treated area. including a 25-foot buffer zone on all sides, shall not be used for grazing, animal bedding or any feed purposes.

No Aerial applications are permitted for rice renovation using this supplemental label.

N. FOR NEW COTTON LINES WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE - IN-CROP APPLICATIONS

General Information

ATTENTION: MONSANTO RECOMMENDS THIS PRODUCT FOR USE ONLY OVER-THE-TOP OF OR DIRECTED ONTO IMPROVED COTTON VARIETIES THAT ARE DESIGNATED AS COTTON WITH THE ROUNDUP READY GENE. SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH OF COTTON WILL RESULT IF ANY COTTON VARIETIES NOT PROPERLY DESIGNATED AS HAVING THE ROUNDUP READY GENE ARE SPRAYED WITH THIS PRODUCT. AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, OR FRUIT OF CROPS, OR ANY DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES. OTHER THAN CROPS WITH THE ROUNDUP READY GENE, SINCE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION WILL RESULT.

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ROUNDUP READY COTTON VARIETIES MUST BE PURCHASED FROM AN AUTHORIZED LICENSED SEED SUPPLIER. THE DESIGNATION, "ROUNDUP READY", INDICATES THE COTTON VARIETY CONTAINS A PATENTED PROPRIETARY TRAIT.

Application Instructions

This product will control many troublesome weeds with over-the-top, post-directed, hooded sprayer, or preharvest applications in Roundup Ready cotton. See the APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES section of the [INSERT BRAND NAME] label booklet for more information.

Maximum Allowable Yearly Rates

Combined total per year for all applications
Preplant, Preemergence applications
Total over-the-top applications from cracking to layby
Total precision post-directed or hooded applications through layby
Maximum preharvest application rate

5.3 quarts per acre 3.3 quarts per acre

56 fluid ounces per acre

44 fluid ounces per acre

44 fluid ounces per acre

NOTE: Always plant into a weed free seedbed. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, always burn down existing weeds before cotton emerges. Apply a preplant burndown treatment of 12 to 32 fluid ounces per acre of this product.

Sprayer Preparation: It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before making applications of this product to Roundup Ready cotton. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) previously used. Cotton is very sensitive to many herbicides at extremely low concentrations and care should be taken to thoroughly clean all equipment prior to use.

There are no rotational crop restrictions following applications of this product.

Over-the-top applications: Up to 56 fluid ounces per sprayed acre of this product may be applied by aerial or ground broadcast application equipment postemergence to Roundup Ready cotton from the ground cracking stage until layby. The Annual and Perennial Weeds Rate Tables in the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] should be used to determine application rate. Any single over-the-top application should not exceed 44 fluid ounces per sprayed acre. Sequential applications of this product must be at least 7 days apart.

With ground broadcast equipment; apply this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat-fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 22 FLUID OUNCES PER ACRE OF THIS PRODUCT WHEN MAKING APPLICATIONS BY AIR. AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY GENE. Do not apply during low-level inversion conditions, when winds are gusty or under any other conditions that favor drift. Drift may cause damage to any vegetation contacted to which treatment is not intended. To prevent injury to adjacent desirable vegetation, appropriate buffer zones must be maintained.

<u>Post-directed or hooded applications:</u> In addition to the over-the-top applications, up to 44 fluid ounces per sprayed acre may be applied as a post-directed or hooded application to Roundup Ready cotton through layby. These application methods may be preferred when there is a need to direct the spray onto weeds that are growing under the crop canopy. Equipment should be used which directs the spray into the lower crop canopy so that weeds in the row are covered. For best results, make applications while weeds are small (less than 3

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inches). Sequential in-crop applications must be at least 7 days apart from any other in-crop application of this product.

ATTENTION: USE OF [INSERT BRAND NAME] IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF ROUNDUP READY COTTON, HOWEVER, VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LABEL SPECIFICATIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN UNANTICIPATED RESULTS INCLUDING YIELD LOSS.

Weeds controlled. For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, refer to the "ANNUAL and PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" sections of the label booklet. [INSERT BRAND NAME] applied at 22 to 44 fluid ounces per acre will control or suppress the growth of the following perennial weeds and reduce crop competition: yellow and purple nutsedge, rhizome johnsongrass, common Bermudagrass, silverleaf nightshade, trumpet creeper, and redvine. Fall preharvest applications may be required for control of these perennial weeds.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides may result in reduced weed control, or may cause crop injury and are not recommended for applications where the spray contacts the cotton plant.

Some weeds with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require sequential applications of this product for control.

Preharvest applications: This product may be applied for preharvest annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast treatment to Roundup Ready cotton any time after layby up to 7 days prior to harvest. This product may be tank mixed with DEFTM 6, FolexTM, Ginstar, or PrepTM to enhance cotton leaf drop. Allow a minimum of 7 days between final application and harvest. No more than 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre may be applied preharvest (between layby and seven days prior to harvest). Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces of this product per acre by air. NOTE: This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready cotton. Do not apply [INSERT BRAND NAME] preharvest to cotton grown for seed.

<u>Precautions/Restrictions</u>: The combined total application from crop emergence until harvest must not exceed 5.3 quarts per acre. Allow a minimum of 7 days between final application and harvest. Tank mixtures with other herbicides may result in reduced weed control, or may cause crop injury and are not recommended for applications where the spray contacts the cotton plant. Do not apply [INSERT BRAND NAME] preharvest to cotton grown for seed.

O. ADDITION OF SURFACTANT FOR APPLICATIONS WITH [INSERT BRAND NAME]

Although not generally required, surfactant may be added to spray solutions at water carrier volumes above 30 gallons per acre or application rates below 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre.

Nonionic surfactants which are labeled for use with herbicides may be used. Do not reduce rates of this product when adding surfactant. When adding additional surfactant, a rate of 0.25 to 0.5 percent surfactant concentration (1 to 2 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) when using surfactants which contain at least 70 percent active ingredient or a 1 percent surfactant concentration (4 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) for those surfactants containing less than 70 percent active ingredient is recommended. Read and carefully observe surfactant cautionary statements and other information appearing on the surfactant label.

When applied as recommended under the conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed in the label booklet.

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DO NOT add buffering agents or pH adjusting agents to the spray solution when [INSERT BRAND NAME] is the only pesticide used. DO NOT ADD SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR APPLICATIONS OVER-THE-TOP OF ROUNDUP READY CROPS AND PREHARVEST TO COTTON.

P. ADDITION OF SURFACTANT FOR APPLICATIONS WITH [INSERT BRAND NAME] (Alternate version)

Although not generally required, surfactant may be added to this product. However, surfactant addition is recommended at water carrier volumes above 30 gallons per acre or rates below 16 fluid ounces per acre.

Monionic surfactants which are labeled for use with herbicides may be used. Do not reduce rates of this product when adding surfactant. When adding additional surfactant, a rate of 0.25 to 0.50 percent surfactant concentration (1 to 2 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) when using surfactants which contain at least 70 percent active ingredient or a 1 percent surfactant concentration (4 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) for those surfactants containing less than 70 percent active ingredient is recommended. Read and carefully observe surfactant cautionary statements and other information appearing on the surfactant label.

When applied as recommended under the conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed in the label booklet.

DO NOT add buffering agents or pH adjusting agents to the spray solution when [INSERT BRAND NAME] is the only pesticide used. DO NOT ADD SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR APPLICATIONS OVER-THE-TOP OF ROUNDUP READY CROPS AND PREHARVEST TO COTTON.

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III. MAIN LABEL FOR INDUSTRIAL, TURF, ORNAMENTAL USES

.[INSERT BRAND NAME]

The complete broad-spectrum postemergence professional herbicide for industrial, turf and ornamental weed control.

Complete Directions for Use

EPA Reg. No. 524-LGT

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION IS LIKELY TO RESULT.

Read the entire label before using this product.

Use only according to label instructions.

Container Label Statement (5 gallons or smaller):

This container is not to be sold to homeowners for residential use.

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product can only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label or in separately published Monsanto Supplemental Labeling.

Not all products recommended on this label are registered for use in California. Check the registration status of each product in California before using.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" statement at the end of the label before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION. SEE INDIVIDUAL CONTAINER LABEL FOR REPACKAGING LIMITATIONS.

Refillable Container Label Statement

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION. IT IS INTENDED THAT REPACKAGING BE ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH A MONSANTO REPACKAGING OR TOLL REPACKAGING AGREEMENT.

Non-Refillable Container Label Statement:

THIS IS AN END-USE PRODUCT. MONSANTO DOES NOT INTEND AND HAS NOT REGISTERED IT FOR REFORMULATION OR REPACKAGING

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1.0	INGRE	DIENTS			
ACT	IVE IN	GREDIENT:			
*Gly	phosate,	N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its potassium salt	-+		48.8%
отн	ER INC	REDIENTS	,		51.2%
					100.0%
	•				
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Optional alternate statement: OTHER INGREDIENTS (including 10 percent surfactant):

*Contains 660 grams per litre or 5.5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its potassium salt. Equivalent to 540 grams per litre or 4.5 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,683,958; 5,703,015; 6,063,733; 6,121,199; 6,121,200. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

2.0 IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS

 FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION OR ASSISTANCE IN USING THIS PRODUCT, CALL TOLL-FREE.

1-800-332-3111.

2. IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, OR FOR MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL COLLECT, DAY OR NIGHT.

(314)-694-4000

3.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION!

CAUSES MODERATE EYE IRRITATION.

HARMFUL IF INHALED.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.

FIRST AID: Cal	l a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES _	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye
IF ON SKIN	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.
IF INHALED	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.



Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. This product is identified as [INSERT BRAND NAME], EPA Registration No. 524-LGT. You may also contact (314) 694-4000, collect day or night, for emergency medical treatment information.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes, socks, chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistant Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations:

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

3.2 Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

3.3 Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY

TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, shoes plus socks and chemical resistant gloves (EPA Chemical Resistance Category A) 8 mils in thickness or greater composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber.

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried to prevent transfer of this product onto desirable vegetation.

4.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state, or local procedures.

Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

FOR REFILLABLE PORTABLE CONTAINERS:

Do not reuse this container except for refill in accordance with a valid Monsanto Repackaging or Toll Repackaging Agreement. If not refilled or returned to the authorized repackaging facility, triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

FOR METAL CONTAINERS (non-aerosol):

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

FOR BULK CONTAINERS:

Triple rinse emptied bulk container. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or dispose of in a manner approved by state and local authorities.

FOR PLASTIC 1-WAY CONTAINERS & BOTTLES:

Do not reuse container. Triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

FOR DRUMS:

Do not reuse container. Return container per the Monsanto container return program. If not returned, triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

5.0 GENERAL INFORMATION (How This Product Works)

Product Description: This product is a postemergent, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid containing surfactant and no additional surfactant is needed or recommended.

Optional alternate statement: It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid containing 10 percent surfactant and no additional surfactant is needed or recommended.

Time to Symptoms: This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds may not occur for \hat{T} days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant which advances to complete browning of above-ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

Mode of Action in Plants: The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme found only in plants and microorganisms that is essential to formation of specific amino acids.

Cultural Considerations: Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

Rainfastness: Heavy rainfall soon after application may wash this product off of the foliage and a repeat application may be required for adequate control.

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No Soil Activity: Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by this product. Weeds germinating from seed after application will not be controlled. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or rootstocks of perennials will not be affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow.

Tank Mixing: This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control, follow a label-approved herbicide program. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly recommended in this label. Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials not recommended on this label may result in reduced performance.

Annual Maximum Use Rate: The combined total of all treatments must not exceed 7 quarts of this product per acre per year. The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredient, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rates.

ATTENTION

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS (EXCEPT AS SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL ROUNDUP READY CROPS), DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product increases when winds are gusty, as wind velocity increases, when wind direction is constantly changing or when there are other meteorological conditions that favor spray drift. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift. AVOID APPLYING AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR PRESSURE.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences.

6.0 MIXING

Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

NOTE: REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED, SUCH AS VISIBLY MUDDY WATER OR WATER FROM PONDS AND DITCHES THAT IS NOT CLEAR.

6.1 Mixing with Water

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the recommended amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix well. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. Use approved anti-

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back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent.

6.2 Tank Mixing Procedure

When tank mixing, read and carefully observe label directions, cautionary statements and all information on the labels of all products used. Add the tank-mix product to the tank as directed by the label. Maintain agitation and add the recommended amount of this product.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation may be required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

Keep by-pass line on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh.

Always predetermine the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Refer to the "TANK MIXING" section of "GENERAL INFORMATION" for additional precautions.

6.3 Mixing for Hand-Held Sprayers

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

Spray Solution

Amount of [INSERT BRAND NAME]

Desired Volume	0.4%	0.7%	1%	1.5%	4%	7%
l gal	1/2 oz	1 oz	1-1/3 oz	2 oz	5 oz	9 oz
25 gal	0.8 pt	0.8 ģt	l qt	1-1/2 gt	4 qt	7 qt
100 gai	1.6 qt	3.2 qt	l gal	1-1/2 gal	4 gai	7 gal

2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

For use in backpack, knapsack or pump-up sprayers, it is suggested that the recommended amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

6.4 Colorants or Dyes

Agriculturally approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilution. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

2.0 APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

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SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

AVOID DRIFT, EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended.

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are is responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops.

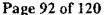
- 1. The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

Importance of droplet size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see the Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversion sections of this label).

Controlling droplet size

- Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with the higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure: Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream, will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.



- Boom Length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan
 or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application Height: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the
 largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest
 height that is safe reduces the exposure of the droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.).

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sunsets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive areas

This product should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

7.1 Aerial Equipment

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THIS LABEL.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA, REFER TO THE FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS IN THAT STATE FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS.

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This product plus, dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

Use the recommended rates of this herbicide in 3 to 25 gallons of water per acre.

Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

Ensure uniform application -- To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion. To prevent corrosion of exposed parts, thoroughly wash aircraft after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. Landing gear is most susceptible.

7.2 Ground Broadcast Equipment

Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzles to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat-fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

7.3 Hand-Held or High-Volume Equipment

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For applications made on a spray-to-wet basis, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff. Use coarse sprays only.

For control of weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS" section of "WEEDS CONTROLLED", apply a 0.4 percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or unless otherwise specified, use a 0.7 percent solution. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds.

For best results, use a 1.5 percent solution on harder-to-control perennials, such as Bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

For low volume directed spray applications, use a 4 to 7 percent solution of this product for control or partial control of annual weeds, perennial weeds, or woody brush and trees. Spray coverage should be uniform with at least 50 percent of the foliage contacted. Coverage of the top one half of the plant is important for best results. To ensure adequate spray coverage, spray both sides of large or tall woody brush and trees, when foliage is thick and dense, or where there are multiple sprouts.

7.4 Selective Equipment

This product may be applied through recirculating spray systems, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars, after dilution and thorough mixing with water, to listed weeds growing in any non-crop site specified on this label.

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A recirculating spray system directs the spray solution onto weeds growing above desirable vegetation, while spray solution not intercepted by weeds is collected and returned to the spray tank for reuse.

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION, AS SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH IS LIKELY TO OCCUR.

Applicators used above desired vegetation should be adjusted so that the lowest spray stream or wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation is likely to result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatment may be necessary.

Shielded and hooded applicators

A shielded or hooded applicator directs the herbicide solution onto weeds, while shielding desirable vegetation from the herbicide Use nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area. Keep shields on these sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegetation. EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

Wiper applicators and sponge bars

A wiper or sponge applicator applies the herbicide solution onto weeds by rubbing the weed with an absorbent material containing the herbicide solution. Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation. Operate this equipment at ground speeds no greater than 5 mph. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to ensure adequate wiper saturation. Better results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.

Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Adjust height of applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds. Keep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that, on sloping ground, the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of a wiper applicator.

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a 1-day period, as reduced activity may result from use of leftover solutions. Clean wiper parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

For Rope or Sponge Wick Applicators--Solutions ranging from 25 to 50 percent of this product in water may be used.

For Panel Applicators and pressure-feed systems--Solutions ranging from 25 to 100 percent of this product in water may be used.

When applied as recommended, this product CONTROLS the following weeds:

Corn, volunteer

Sicklepod

Panicum, Texas

Spanishneedles

Rye, common

Starbur, bristly

Shattercane

When applied as recommended, this product SUPPRESSES the following weeds:

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Beggarweed, Florida Ragweed, common Bermudagrass Ragweed, giant Dogbane, hemp Smutgrass Sunflower Dogfennel Thistle, Canada Guineagrass Thistle, musk **Johnsongrass** Vaseygrass Milkweed Velvetleaf Nightshade, silverleaf

Pigweed, redroot

7.5 Injection Systems

This product may be used in aerial or ground injection spray systems. It may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this product with the undiluted concentrate of other products when using injection systems unless specifically recommended.

7.6 CDA Equipment

The rate of this product applied per acre by controlled droplet application (CDA) equipment must not be less than the amount recommended in this label when applied by conventional broadcast equipment. For vehicle-mounted CDA equipment, apply 2 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

CDA equipment produces a spray pattern that is not easily visible. Extreme care must be exercised to avoid spray or drift contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage or destruction is likely to result.

8.0 SITE AND USE RECOMMENDATIONS

Detailed instructions follow alphabetically, by site.

Unless otherwise specified, applications may be made to control any weeds listed in the annual, perennial and woody brush tables. Refer also to the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section.

8.1 Cut Stumps

Cut stump treatments may be made on any site listed on this label. This product will control many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

Alder Saltcedar
Eucalyptus Sweetgum
Madrone Tan oak
Oak Willow
Reed, giant

DO NOT MAKE CUT STUMP APPLICATIONS WHEN THE ROOTS OF DESIRABLE WOODY BRUSH OR TREES MAY BE GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

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8.2 Forestry site preparation

This product is recommended for the control or partial control of woody brush, trees and herbaceous weeds in forestry. This product is also recommended for use in preparing or establishing wildlife openings within these sites and maintaining logging roads.

This product is recommended for use in site preparation prior to planting any tree species, including Christmas trees, eucalyptus, hybrid tree cultivars and silvicultural nursery sites.

APPLICATION RATES AND TIMING

		SPRAY
		VOLUME
APPLICATION	[INSERT BRAND NAME]	GAL/A
BROADCAST		
Aerial	1.5 to 6.5 quarts per acre	5 to 30
Ground	1.5 to 6.5 quarts per acre	10 to 60
SPRAY-TO-WET Handgun, Backpack,	0.7 to 1.5 percent by volume	spray-to-wet
LOW VOLUME DIRECTED SPRAY Handgun, Backpack,	4 to 7 percent by volume	partial coverage*

*For low volume directed spray applications, coverage should be uniform with at least 50 percent of the foliage contacted. Coverage of the top one-half of the plant is important for best results.

Use higher rates of this product within the recommended range for control or partial control of woody brush, trees and hard-to-control perennial herbaceous weeds. For best results, apply to actively growing woody brush and trees after full leaf expansion and before fall color and leaf drop. Increase rates within the recommended range for control of perennial herbaceous weeds any time after emergence and before seedheads, flowers or berries appear.

Use the lower rates of this product within the recommended range for control of annual herbaceous weeds and actively growing perennial herbaceous weeds after seedheads, flowers or berries appear. Apply to the foliage of actively growing annual herbaceous weeds any time after emergence.

This product has no herbicidal or residual activity in the soil. Where repeat applications are necessary, do not exceed 7 quarts of this product per acre per year.

TANK MIXTURES

Tank mixtures of this product may be used to increase the spectrum of vegetation controlled. When tank mixing, read and carefully observe the label claims, cautionary statements and all information on the labels of all products used. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the mixture.

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PRODUCT

NOTE: For forestry site preparation, make sure the tank-mix product is approved for use prior to planting the desired species. Observe planting interval restrictions.

Any recommended rate of this product may be used in a tank mix with the following products for forestry site preparation.

PRODUCT	BROADCASI RATE
Arsenal Applicators Concentrate	2 to 16 fluid ounces per acre
Escort™	1/2 to 3 1/2 fluid ounce per acre
Chopper™	4 to 32 fluid ounce per acre
Garlon 4	1 to 4 quarts per acre
OustTM	1 to 4 ounces per acre
PRODUCT	SPRAY-TO-WET RATES
Arsenal Applicators Concentrate	1/32 to 1/2 percent by volume

PRODUCT LOW VOLUME DIRECTED SPRAY RATES

Arsenal Applicators Concentrate 1/8 to 1/2 percent by volume

For control of herbaceous weeds, use the lower recommended tank mixture rates. For control of dense stands or tough-to-control woody brush and trees, use the higher recommended rates.

Do not apply this product as an over-the-top broadcast spray for forestry conifer or hardwood release.

8.3 General Non-crop Areas and Industrial Sites

Use in areas such as airports, Christmas tree farms, ditch banks, dry ditches, dry canals, fencerows, golf courses, industrial sites, lumber yards, manufacturing sites, office complexes, ornamental nurseries, parking areas, petroleum tank farms and pumping installations, railroads, roadsides, sod or turf seed farms, storage areas, substations, warehouse areas, other public areas, and similar industrial and non-crop sites.

General weed control, Trim-and-edge and Bare ground

This product may be used in general non-crop areas. It may be applied with any application equipment described in this label. This product may be used to trim-and-edge around objects in non-crop sites, for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation and to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub beds or ornamental plantings. This product may be used prior to planting an area to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), or prior to laying asphalt or beginning construction projects.

Repeated applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground.

This product may be tank mixed with the following products. Refer to these products' labels for approved non-crop sites and application rates.

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BROADCAST RATE



ARSENALTM

CLARITY

BARRICADE™ 65WG

DIURON

ENDURANCE™

ESCORT™ GARLON™ 3A

GARLON 4 KARMEX™ DF

KROVAR™ I DF

MANAGE®

OUST

PENDULUM™ 3.3 EC

PENDULUM WDG

PLATEAUTM

PRINCEPTMDF

PRINCEP™ LIQUID RONSTAR™ 50WP

SAHARATM

SIMAZINE

SURFLANTM

TELARTM

VANOUISH™

2.4-D

This product plus dicamba tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

When applied as a tank mixture for bare ground, this product provides control of the emerged annual weeds and control or partial control of emerged perennial weeds, woody brush and trees.

For control or partial control of the following perennial weeds, apply 22 to 44 fluid ounces of this product plus 2 to 4 ounces of Oust per acre.

Bahiagrass

Bermudagrass

Broomsedge Dallisgrass

Dock, curly

Johnsongrass

Poorjoe

Quackgrass

Vaseygrass Vervain, blue

Dogfennel

Fescue, tall

Chemical mowing - Perennials

This product will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Use 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass, quackgrass or reed canarygrass covers. Use 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre.

Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

Chemical mowing - Annuals

For growth suppression of some annual grasses, such as annual ryegrass, wild barley and wild oats growing in coarse turf on roadsides or other industrial areas, apply 3 to 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Applications should be made when annual grasses are actively growing and before the seedheads are in the boot stage of development. Treatments may cause injury to the desired grasses.

Bromus species and Medusahead in Pastures and Rangelands 🦠

Bromus species. This product may be used to treat downy brome (Bromus tectorum), Japanese brome (Bromus japonicus), soft chess (Bromus mollis) and cheatgrass (Bromus secalinus) found in industrial, rangeland and pasture sites. Apply 6 to 12 fluid ounces of this product per acre on a broadcast basis.

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For best results, treatment should coincide with early seedhead emergence of the most mature plants. Delaying the application until this growth stage will maximize the emergence of other weedy grass flushes. Applications should be made to the same site each year until seed banks are depleted and the desirable perennial grasses can become reestablished on the site.

Medusahead. To treat medusahead, apply 12 fluid ounces of this product per acre as soon as plants are actively growing, and prior to the 4-leaf stage. Applications may be made in the fall or spring.

Applications to brome and medusahead may be made using ground or aerial equipment. Aerial applications for these uses may be made using fixed wing or helicopter equipment. For aerial applications, apply in 2 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For applications using ground equipment, apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. When applied as directed in this label, there are no grazing restrictions.

Dormant turfgrass

This product may be used to control or suppress many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant Bermudagrass and bahiagrass turf. Treat only when turf is dormant and prior to spring greenup.

Apply 6 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Apply the recommended rates in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Use only in areas where Bermudagrass or bahiagrass are desirable ground covers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated.

Treatments in excess of 12 fluid ounces per acre may result in injury or delayed greenup in highly maintained areas, such as golf courses and lawns. DO NOT apply tank mixtures of this product plus Oust in highly maintained turfgrass areas. For further uses, refer to the "ROADSIDES" section of this label, which gives rates for dormant Bermudagrass and bahiagrass treatments.

Actively growing Bermudagrass

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing Bermudagrass. DO NOT apply more than 12 fluid ounces of this product per acre in highly maintained turfgrass areas. DO NOT apply tank mixtures of this product plus Oust in highly maintained turfgrass areas. For further uses, refer to the "ROADSIDES" section of this label, which gives rates for actively growing Bermudagrass treatments. Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated.

Turfgrass Fenovation, seed, or sod production

This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turfgrass areas or establishing turfgrass grown for seed or sod. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting or sodding to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses such as Bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide the best control. Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turfgrass management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray.

Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow translocation into underground plant parts.

Desirable turfgrasses may be planted following the above procedures.

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Hand-held equipment may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation growing in existing turfgrass. Broadcast or hand-held equipment may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.

Do not feed or graze turfgrass grown for seed or sod production for 8 weeks following application.

8.4 Habitat Management

Habitat restoration and management

This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management and natural areas, including rangeland and wildlife refuges. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad-spectrum vegetation control requirements. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat management and enhancement.

Wildlife food plots

This product may be used as a site preparation treatment prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage to allow translocation into underground plant parts.

8.5 Injection and Frill (Woody Brush and Trees)

This product may be used to control woody brush and trees by injection or frill applications. Apply this product using suitable equipment that must penetrate into the living tissue. Apply the equivalent of 1/25 fluid ounce (1 mL) of this product per each 2 to 3 inches of trunk diameter at breast height (DBH). This is best achieved by applying a 50 to 100 percent concentration of this product either to a continuous frill around the tree or as cuts evenly spaced around the tree below all branches. As tree diameter increases in size, better results are achieved by applying diluted material to a continuous frill or more closely spaced cuttings. Avoid application techniques that allow runoff to occur from frilled or cut areas in species that exude sap freely. In species such as this, make the frill or cuts at an oblique angle to produce a cupping effect and use a 100 percent concentration of this product. For best results, application should be made during periods of active growth and after full leaf expansion. This product will control many species, some of which are listed below:

	Control	Partial Control
	Oak	Black gum
	Poplar	Dogwood
	Sweetgum	Hickory
	Sycamore	Maple, red

8.6 Ornamentals, Plant Nurseries, and Christmas Trees

Post-directed, Trim-and-edge

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This product may be used as a post-directed spray around established woody ornamental species such as arborvitae, azalea, boxwood, crabapple, eucalyptus, euonymus, fir, Douglas fir, jojoba, hollies, lilac, magnolia, maple, oak, poplar, privet, pine, spruce and yew. This product may also be used to trim and edge around trees, buildings, sidewalks and roads, potted plants and other objects in a nursery setting.

Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material. THIS PRODUCT IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-

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TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN ORNAMENTALS AND CHRISTMAS TREES. Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of established ornamental species.

Site preparation

This product may be used prior to planting any ornamental, nursery or Christmas tree species.

Wipers

This product may be used through wick or other suitable wiper applicators to control or partially control undesirable vegetation around established eucalyptus or poplar trees. See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label for further information about the proper use of wiper applicators.

Greenhouse/Shadehouse

This product may be used to control weeds growing in and around greenhouses and shadehouses. Desirable vegetation must not be present during application and air circulation fans must be turned off. Do not use in residential greenhouses.

8.7 Railroads

All of the instructions in the "GENERAL NON-CROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section apply to railroads.

Bare ground, Ballast and Shoulders, Crossings, and Spot Treatment

This product may be used to maintain bare ground on railroad ballast and shoulders. Repeat applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground. This product may be used to control tall-growing weeds to improve line-of-sight at railroad crossings and reduce the need for mowing along rights-of-way. For crossing applications, up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used. This product may be tank mixed with the following products for ballast, shoulder, spot, bare ground and crossing treatments:

ARSENAL	KROVAR I DI
CLARITY	OUST
DIURON	SAHARA
ESCORT	SPIKETM
GARLON3A	TELAR
GARLON 4	VANQUISH
HYVAR™ X	2,4-D

Brush control

This product may be used to control woody brush and trees on railroad rights-of-way. Apply 2.5 to 7 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray, using boom-type or boomless nozzles. Up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used. Apply a 0.7 to 1.5 percent solution of this product when using high-volume spray-to-wet applications. Apply a 4 to 7 percent solution of this product when using low volume directed sprays for spot treatment. This product may be mixed with the following products for enhanced control of woody brush and trees:

ARSENAL ESCORT GARLON 4 TORDON™ K

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GARLON 3A

Bermudagrass release

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing Bermudagrass. Apply 12 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

Bahiagrass Johnsongrass
Bluestem, silver Trumpetcreeper
Fescue, tall Vaseygrass

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust. If tank-mixed, use no more than 12 to 32 fluid ounces of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the Oust label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

Bahiagrass Fescue, tall
Blackberry Johnsongrass
Bluestem, silver Poorjoe
Broomsedge Raspberry
Dallisgrass Trumpetcreeper
Dewberry Vaseygrass
Dock, curly Vervain, blue
Dogfennel

Use only on well-established Bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may occur.

8.8 Roadsides

All of the instructions in the "GENERAL NON-CROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section apply to roadsides.

Shoulder treatments

This product may be used on road shoulders. It may be applied with boom sprayers, shielded boom sprayers, high-volume off-center nozzles, hand-held equipment, and similar equipment.

Guardrails and other obstacles to mowing

This product may be used to control weeds growing under guardrails and around signposts and other objects along the roadside.

Spot treatment

This product may be used as a spot treatment to control unwanted vegetation growing along roadsides.

Tank mixtures

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III. MAIN LABEL FOR INDUSTRIAL TURF, AND ORNAMENTAL USES

This product may be tank-mixed with the following products for shoulder, guardrail, spot and bare ground treatments:

> CLARITY DIURON ENDURANCE ESCORT KROVAR I DF

OUST PENDULUM 3.3 EC

SAHARA SIMAZINE SURFLAN TELAR VANOUISH PENDULUM WDG

2,4-D

PRINCEP LIQUID

RONSTAR 50WP

PRINCEP DF

See the "GENERAL NON-CROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section of this label for general instructions for tank mixing.

Release of Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass

Dormant applications

This product may be used to control or partially control many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant Bermudagrass or bahiagrass. Treat only when turf is dormant and prior to spring greenup. This product may also be tank-mixed with Oust for residual control. Tank mixtures of this product with Oust may delay greenup.

For best results on winter annuals, treat when plants are in an early growth stage (below 6 inches in height) after most have germinated. For best results on tall fescue, treat when fescue is at or beyond the 4- to 6-leaf stage.

Apply 6 to 44 fluid ounces of this product per acre alone or in a tank mixture with 1/4 to 1 ounce per acre of Oust. Apply the recommended rates in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Use only in areas where Bermudagrass or bahiagrass are desirable ground covers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated. To avoid delays in green up and minimize injury, add no more than 1 ounce of Oust per acre on Bermudagrass and no more than 1/2 ounce of Oust per acre on bahiagrass and avoid treatments when these grasses are in a semi-dormant condition.

Actively growing Bermudagrass

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing Bermudagrass. Apply 12 to 32 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

> Bahiagrass Bluestem, silver Fescue, tall

Johnsongrass Trumpetcreeper Vaseygrass

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust. If tank-mixed, use no more than 12 to 22 fluid ounces of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the Oust label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

> Bahiagrass Bluestem, silver

Fescue, tall Johnsongrass

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Broomsedge Poorjoe

Dallisgrass Trumpetcreeper

Dock, curly Vaseygrass

Dogfennel Vervain, blue

Use only on well-established Bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications of the tank mix in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may occur.

Actively growing bahiagrass

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full green up or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 3 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 3 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

A tank mixture of this product plus Oust may be used. Apply 4 fluid ounces of this product plus 1/4 ounce of Oust per acre 1 to 2 weeks following an initial spring mowing. Make only one application per year.

8.11 Utility sites

In utilities, this product is recommended for use along electrical power, pipeline and telephone rights-of-way, and in other sites associated with these rights-of-way, such as substations, roadsides, railroads or similar rights-of-way that run in conjunction with utilities.

This product is also recommended for use in preparing or establishing wildlife openings within these sites, maintaining access roads and for side trimming along utility rights-of-way.

Tank Mixtures

Tank mixtures of this product may be used to increase the spectrum of control for herbaceous weeds, woody brush and trees. When tank mixing, read and carefully observe the label claims, cautionary statements and all information on the labels of all products used. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the mixture. Any recommended rate of this product may be used in a tank mix.

For control of herbaceous weeds, use the lower recommended tank mixture rates. For control of dense stands or tough-to-control woody brush and trees, use the higher recommended rates.

NOTE: For side trimming treatments, it is recommended that this product be used alone or in tank mixture with Garlon 4.

PRODUCT	BROADCAST RATE	USE SITES
Arsenal 2WSL	6 to 32 fluid ounces per acre	Utility Sites
Escort	I to 2 ounces per acre	Utility Sites
Garlon 3A*, Garlon 4	l to 4 quarts per acre	Utility Sites/ Side Trimming
Oust	1 to 4 ounces per acre	Utility Sites
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PRODUCT	SPRAY-TO-WET RATES	USE SITES
Arsenal 2WSL	1/16 to 1/8 percent by volume	Utility Sites
Escort	1 to 2 ounces per acre	Utility Sites
PRODUCT	LOW VOLUME DIRECTED SPRAY RATES	USE SITES
Arsenal 2 WSL	1/8 to 1/2 percent by volume	Utility Sites
Escort	1 to 2 ounces per acre	Utility Sites

^{*} Ensure that Garlon 3A is thoroughly mixed with water according to label directions before adding this product. Have spray mixture agitating at the time this product is added to avoid spray compatibility problems.

Bare Ground and Trim-and-edge

This product may be used in utility sites and substations for bare ground, trim-and-edge around objects, spot treatment of unwanted vegetation and to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub beds or ornamental plantings. This product may be used prior to planting a utility site to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), or beginning construction projects.

Repeated applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground.

This product may be tank mixed with the following products. Refer to these products' labels for approved noncrop sites and application rates.

ARSENAL PLATEAU™

BANVEL PRINCEP™DF

BARRICADE™ 65WG PRINCEP™ LIQUID

DIURON RONSTAR™ 50WP

ENDURANCE™ SAHARA™

ESCORT SIMAZINE

GARLON 3A SURFLAN™

9.0 WEEDS CONTROLLED

Always use the higher rate of this product per acre within the recommended range when weed growth is heavy or dense or weeds are growing in an undisturbed (noncultivated) area.

Reduced results may occur when treating weeds heavily covered with dust. For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment.

Refer to the following label sections for recommended rates for the control of annual and perennial weeds and woody brush and trees. For difficult to control perennial weeds and woody brush and trees, where plants are

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growing under stressed conditions, or where infestations are dense, this product may be used at 4 to 7 quarts per acre for enhanced results.

9.1 Annual Weeds

Use 22 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are less than 6 inches in height or runner length and 32 to 86 fluid ounces per acre if weeds are over 6 inches in height or runner length or when weeds are growing under stressed conditions.

For spray-to-wet applications, apply a 0.4 percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or for smaller weeds growing under stressed conditions, use a 0.7 to 1.5 percent solution. Use the higher rate for tough-to-control species or for weeds over 24 inches tall.

WEED SPECIES

Annoda, spurred

Barley*

Barnyardgrass*

Bittercress*

Black nightshade*

Bluegrass, annual*

Bluegrass, bulbous*

Bassia, fivehook

Brome, downy*

Brome, Japanese*

Browntop panicum*

Buttercup*

Carolina foxtail*

Carolina geranium

Castor bean

Cheatgrass*

Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora)

Chervil*

Chickweed*

Cocklebur*

Copperleaf, hophornbeam

Corn*

Corn speedwell*

Crabgrass*

Dwarfdandelion*

Eastern mannagrass*

Eclipta*

Fall panicum*

Falsedandelion*

Falseflax, smallseed*

Fiddleneck

Field pennycress*

Filaree

Fleabane, annual*

**Heabane, hairy (Conyza bonariensis)*

Fleabane, rough*

Florida pusley

Foxtail*

Goatgrass, jointed*



Goosegrass

Grain sorghum (milo)*

Groundsel, common*

Hemp sesbania

Henbit

Horseweed/Marestail (Conyza canadensis)

Itchgrass*

Johnsongrass, seedling

Junglerice

Knotweed

Kochia

Lamb's-quarters*

Little barley*

London rocket*

Mayweed

Medusahead*

Morningglory (Ipomoea spp)

Mustard, blue*

Mustard, tansy*

Mustard, tumble*

Mustard, wild*

Oats

Pigweed*

Plains/Tickseed coreopsis*

Prickly lettuce*

Puncturevine

Purslane, common

Ragweed, common*

Ragweed, giant

Red rice

Russian thistle

Rye*

Ryegrass*

Sandbur, field*

Shattercane*

Shepherd's-purse*

Sicklepod

Signalgrass, broadleaf*

Smartweed, ladysthumb*

Smartweed, Pennsylvania*

Sowthistle, annual

Spanishneedles

Speedwell, purslane*

Sprangletop*

Spurge, annual

Spurge, prostrate*

Spurge, spotted*

Spurry, umbrella*

Starthistle, yellow

.Sunkgrass*

Sunflower*

Teaweed/ Prickly sida

Texas panicum*

Velvetleaf ·

Virginia copperleaf

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Virginia pepperweed*
Wheat*
Wild oats*
Witchgrass*
Woolly cupgrass*
Yellow rocket

9.2 Perennial Weeds

Best results are obtained when perennial weeds are treated after they reach the reproductive stage of growth (seedhead initiation in grasses and bud formation in broadleaves). For non-flowering plants, best results are obtained when the plants reach a mature stage of growth. In many situations, treatments are required prior to these growth stages. Under these conditions, use the higher application rate within the recommended range.

Ensure thorough coverage when using spray-to-wet treatments using hand-held equipment. When using hand-held equipment for low volume directed spot treatments, apply a 4 to 7 percent solution of this product.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Weed Species	Rate (QT/A)	Hand-Hel d % Solution	
Alfa)fa*	0.7	1.5	
	2.5	l.5	
Alligatorweed*	1.5 - 2.5	1 - 1.5	
Anise (fennel)	2 - 3.3	1.5	
Bahiagrass (A analyzana a la)	2 - 3.3		
Beachgrass, European (Ammophila arenaria)	-	3.5	
Bentgrass*	1.	1.5	
Bermudagrass	3.3	1.5	
Bermudagrass, water (knotgrass)	1	1.5	
Bindweed, field	2.5 - 3.3	1.5	
Bluegrass, Kentucky	1.5	1.5	
Blueweed, Texas	2.5 - 3.3	1.5	
Brackenfern	2 - 2.5	1	
Bromegrass, smooth	1.5	1.5	
Bursage, woolly-leaf		1.5	
Canarygrass, reed	1.5 - 2	1.5	
Cattail	2 - 3.3	1.5	
Clover; red, white	2 - 3.3	1.5	
Cogongrass	2 - 3.3	1.5	4
Dallisgrass	2 - 3.3	1.5	
Dandelion	2 - 3.3	1.5	
Dock, curly	2 - 3.3	1.5	
Dogbane, hemp	2.5	1.5	
Fescue (except tall)	2 - 3.3	1.5	
Fescue, tall	1 - 2 .	1.5	
German ivy	1.5 - 2.5	1 - 1.5	
Guineagrass	2	1	

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^{*}When using field broadcast equipment (aerial applications or boom sprayers using flat-fan nozzles) these species will be controlled or partially controlled using 12 fluid ounces of this product per acre. Applications must be made using 3 to 10 gallons of carrier volume per acre. Use nozzles that ensure thorough coverage of foliage and treat when weeds are in an early growth stage.

		•
Horsenettle	2 - 3.3	1.5
Horseradish	2.5	1.5
Iceplant	1.5	£.5 - 2
Jerusalem artichoke	2 - 3.3	1.5
Johnsongrass	1.5 - 2	1
Kikuyugrass	1.5 - 2	1.5
Knapweed	2.5	1.5
Lantana	••	i
Lespedeza	2 - 3.3	1.5
Milkweed, common	2	1.5
Muhly, wirestern	1.5	1.5
Mullein, common	2 - 3.3	1.5
Napiergrass	2 - 3.3	1.5
Nightshade, silverleaf	1.5	1.5
Nutsedge; purple, yellow	2	1 - 1.5
Orchardgrass	1.5	1.5
Pampasgrass	2 - 3.3	1 - 1.5
Paragrass	2 - 3.3	1.5
Pepperweed, perennial	2.5	1.5
Phragmites*	2 - 3.3	1 - 1.5
Poison hemlock	1.5 - 2.5	1 - 1.5
Quackgrass	1.5 - 2	1.5
Redvine*	1.5	1.5
Reed, giant	2.5 - 3.3	1.5
Ryegrass, perennial	1.5 - 2	1
Smartweed, swamp	2 - 3.3	i.5
Spurge, leafy*		1.5
Sweet potato, wild*		1.5
Thistle, artichoke	1.5 - 2	1 - 1.5
Thistle, Canada	1.5 - 2	1.5
Timothy	1.5 - 2	1.5
Torpedograss*	2.5 - 3.3	1.5
Trumpetcreeper*	1.5 - 2	1.5
Vaseygrass	2 - 3.3	1.5
Velvetgrass	2 - 3.3	1.5
Wheatgrass, western	1.5 - 2	1.5

^{*}Partial control

9.3 Woody Brush and Trees

Apply this product after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Ensure thorough coverage when using spray-to-wet treatments using hand-held equipment. When using hand-held equipment for low volume directed-spray spot treatments, apply a 4 to 7 percent solution of this product.

Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, moving or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous

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species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

Weed Species	Broadcast Rate (QT/A)	Hand-Held Spray-to-Wet % Solution	
Alder .	2 - 2.5	1	
Ash*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	
Aspen, quaking	1.5 - 2	1	
Bearclover (Bearmat)*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	
Beech*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	
Birch	1.5 - 5.5	1 - 1.5 1	
Blackberry	2 - 2.5	1	
Blackgum	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	
Bracken	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	
Broom; French, Scotch	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	•
Buckwheat, California*	1.5 - 2.5	1 - 1.5	
Cascara*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	
Catsclaw*		l	
Ceanothus*	-1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	
Chamise*	1.5 - 3.3	1	
Cherry; bitter, black, pin	1.5 - 2	1	
Coyote brush	2 - 2.5	1 - 1.5	
Deerweed	1.5 - 3.3	1	
Dogwood*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	
Elderberry	1.5	1	
Elm*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	
Eucalyptus		1.5	
Gorse*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	
Hasardia*	1.5 - 2.5	1 - 1.5	
Hawthorn	1.5 - 2	ì	•
Hazel	, 1.5	1 .	
Hickory*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	
Honeysuckle	2 - 2.5	i	
Hornbeam, American*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	
Kudzu	2.5	1.5	
Locust, black*	1.5 - 2.5	1 - 1.5	
Madrone resprouts*		1.5	
Manzanita*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	
Maple, red	1.5 - 2.5	1	
Maple, sugar		1	
Monkey flower*	1.5 - 2.5	1 - 1.5	
Oak; black, white*	1.5 - 2.5	I - 1.5	
Oak, post	2 - 2.5	1	
Oak; northern, pin	1.5 - 2.5	i	
Oak, Scrub*	1.5 - 2.5	1	
-Oak, southern red	1.5 + 2.5	1	
Peppertree, Brazilian (Florida holly)*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	
Persimmon*	1.5 + 3.3	1 - 1.5	
Pine .	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5	
	2.5 - 3.3	1-4.5	
Poison ivy	4.3 - 3.3	1	

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Poison oak	2.5 - 3.3	1.5
Poplar, yellow*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5
Redbud, eastern	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5
Rose, multiflora	1.5	1
Russian olive*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5
Sage, black	1.5 - 2.5	1
Sage, white*	1.5 - 2.5	1 - 1.5
Sage brush, California	1.5 - 2.5	1
Salmonberry	1.5	1
Saltcedar*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5
Sassafras*	1.5 - 3.3	l - 1.5
Sourwood*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5
Sumac, laurel, poison, smooth, sugarbush, winged*	1.5 - 2.5	1 - 1.5
Sweetgum	1.5 - 2	1
Swordfern*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5
Tallowtree, Chinese		1
Tan oak resprouts*		1.5
Thimbleberry	1.5	· 1
Tobacco, tree*	1.5 - 2.5	1 - 1.5
Toyon*	-	1.5
Trumpetcreeper	1.5 - 2	1
Vine maple*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5
Virginia creeper	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5
Waxmyrtle, southern*	1.5 - 3.3	1 - 1.5
Willow -	2	I
Yerbasenta*	<u> </u>	1.5

^{*}Partial control

10.0 LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Monsanto Company warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the Complete Directions for Use label booklet ("Directions") when used in accordance with those Directions under the conditions described therein. NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR MERCHANTABILITY IS MADE. This warranty is also subject to the conditions and limitations stated herein.

Buyer and all users shall promptly notify this Company of any claims whether based in contract, negligence, strict liability, other tort or otherwise.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage from use or handling which results from conditions beyond the control of this Company, including, but not limited to, incompatibility with products other than those set forth in the Directions, application to or contact with desirable vegetation, unusual weather, weather conditions which are outside the range considered normal at the application site and for the time period when the product is applied, as well as weather conditions which are outside the application ranges set forth in the Directions, application in any manner not explicitly set forth in the Directions, moisture conditions outside the moisture range specified in the Directions, or the presence of products other than those set forth in the Directions in or on the soil, crop or treated vegetation.

This Company does not warrant any product reformulated or repackaged from this product except in accordance with this Company's stewardship requirements and with express written permission from this Company.



THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE LIMIT OF THE LIABILITY OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OTHER TORT OR OTHERWISE) SHALL BE THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID BY THE USER OR BUYER FOR THE QUANTITY OF THIS PRODUCT INVOLVED, OR, AT THE ELECTION OF THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF SUCH QUANTITY, OR, IF NOT ACQUIRED BY PURCHASE, REPLACEMENT OF SUCH QUANTITY. IN NO EVENT SHALL THIS COMPANY OR ANY OTHER SELLER BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES.

Upon opening and using this product, buyer and all users are deemed to have accepted the terms of this LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY which may not be varied by any verbal or written agreement. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

[INSERT BRAND NAME], Manage, Monsanto and Vine symbol are trademarks of Monsanto Technology LLC.

Escort, Hyvar, Karmex, Krovar, Oust, and Telar are trademarks of E.I. duPont de Nemours & Co. Inc. Garlon, Spike, Surflan and Tordon are trademarks of Dow AgroSciences
Barricade, Endurance, Princep and Vanquish are trademarks of Sygenta Group
Ronstar is a trademark of Aventis Group.

Arsenal, Pendulum, Plateau, and Sahara are trademarks of BASF Corporation

III. MAIN LABEL FOR INDUSTRIAL, TURF, AND ORNAMENTAL USES

This product is protected by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,683,958; 5,703,015; 6,063,733; 6,121,199; 6,121,200. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).

EPA Reg. No. 524-LGT

In case of an emergency involving this product, or for medical assistance,

Call Collect, day or night, (314) 694-4000.

©[DATE] MONSANTO COMPANY ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI, 63167 U.S.A.

IV. SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING FOR INDUSTRIAL, TURF, & ORNAMENTAL USES

Table of Contents: Industrial, Turf, and Ornamental Supplemental labeling

	Name	Approval
		Date*
Α	FOR USE FOR SELECTIVE WEED CONTROL ON [INSERT	29-Sep-1999
	BRAND NAME TOLERANT PURE GOLD® TALL FESCUE	·
	AND AURORA GOLD [®] FINE FESCUE SELECTIONS.	
В	[INSERT BRAND NAME] HERBICIDE AND TANK	1-Apr-1996
	MIXTURES FOR NON-CROP AREAS, INCLUDING RAILROAD	
	RIGHTS-OF-WAY, SUBSTATIONS, AIRPORTS, INDUSTRIAL	
	PLANTS, ROADSIDES, STORAGE AREAS AND SIMILAR]
	SITES	
С	AERIAL APPLICATIONS IN CALIFORNIA	I-Apr-1996

^{*} Original approval of these uses with Roundup Pro herbicide.

SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FOR [INSERT BRAND NAME] BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE USE DIRECTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING.

When using [INSERT BRAND NAME] as permitted according to this supplemental labeling, read and follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label booklet provided with the pesticide container and on this supplemental labeling. This supplemental labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

[INSERT BRAND NAME HERE]

Herbicide

EPA Reg. No. 524-LGT

Keep out of reach of children.

CAUTION!

In case of an emergency involving this product, Call Collect, day or night, 314-694-4000.				
[INSERT BRAND NAME] is a trademark of Monsanto Technology LLC.				
DIRECTIONS FOR USE				
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.				
This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of herbicide application.				
AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.				
See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING" sections of the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] for essential product performance information.				
Read the "Limit of Warranty and Liability" in the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] before using. These terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if these terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.				
© [DATE] MONSANTO COMPANY ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63167				

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1-13

A. FOR USE FOR SELECTIVE WEED CONTROL ON [INSERT BRAND NAME] TOLERANT PURE GOLD® TALL FESCUE AND AURORA GOLD® FINE FESCUE SELECTIONS.

[INSERT BRAND NAME] Tolerant Tall Fescue Selections For Seed Production

Use this product on [INSERT BRAND NAME] tolerant tall and fine fescue grown for seed production only.

This product may be applied at rates of 3 to 12 fluid ounces per acre as a postemergence spray on [INSERT BRAND NAME] tolerant tall fescue selections. See the label booklet for application instructions, rate recommendations, weeds controlled and proper growth stage of weeds.

When applied postemergence, this product will control or suppress the following weeds: annual bluegrass mustards, downy brome, cheatgrass, chickweed, pennycress, fleabane, shepherd's-purse, sowthistle, wild oat, dandelion, quackgrass, and Canada thistle. See the [INSERT BRAND NAME] tabel booklet for a complete list of weeds controlled or suppressed.

NOTE: The recommended rate for this use will limit the level of control of certain species of weeds.

NOTE: Some crop discoloration and yellowing may occur at higher rates of application with INSERT BRAND NAME] tolerant tall and fine fescue selections. Reduction in stand of these selections may occur under stress conditions.

Timing Of Applications

Applications can be made 6 weeks after germination and to established crops after growth resumes in the Fall until onset of dormancy and in the Spring after dormancy break until 60 days prior to harvest.

Avoid spraying during or within two weeks after periods when air temperatures fall below 25°F.

Remove domestic livestock from the seed production field prior to application. Wait 60 days after making this application before grazing or harvesting the treated area.

NOTE: Only two applications per crop growth cycle may be made to any one site. If two applications are required, only one Fall and one Spring application may be made during one 12 month cycle.

B. [INSERT BRAND NAME] HERBICIDE AND TANK MIXTURES FOR NON-CROP AREAS, INCLUDING RAILROAD RIGHTS-OF-WAY, SUBSTATIONS, AIRPORTS, INDUSTRIAL PLANTS, ROADSIDES, STORAGE AREAS AND SIMILAR SITES

Do not allow spray mixtures of this herbicide to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since injury or destruction may occur. Do not apply when wind or other conditions favor drift.

See the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of the [INSERT BRAND NAME] label booklet for rate secommendations. For difficult to control species, where dense stands occur, or where conditions for control are not ideal, 4 to 7 quarts per acre of this product may be used for improved results.

TANK MIXTURES

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Version: Mar 2002 UNMARKED

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This product provides control of the emerged weeds listed in the label booklet. When applied as a tank mixture, the following herbicides will provide preemergence and/or postemergence control of the weeds listed in the individual product labels.

The following list of products may be tank mixed with this product. Any recommended rate of this product may be used in a tank mixture with these products.

Tank-mix Product	Rate per Acre
Arsenal TM *	0.5 to 4 pints
Banvel	1 to 4 pints
2,4-D	0.5 to 1 pound
Garlon [™] 3A	1 to 6 pints
Garlon 4	I to 6 pints
Diuron	4 to 8 pounds
Diuron + 2,4-D	4 to 8 pounds + 0.5 to 1 pound
Diuron + Garlon 3A	4 to 10 pounds + 1 to 2 pints
Diuron + Garlon 4	4 to 10 pounds + 1 to 2 pints
Hyvar™ X	4 to 8 pounds
Hyvar X + 2,4-D	4 to 8 pounds + 0.5 to 1 pound
Hyvar X + Garlon 3A	4 to 8 pounds + 1 to 2 pints
Hyvar X + Garlon 4	4 to 8 pounds + 1 to 2 pints
Krovar TM 1 DF	4 to 6 pounds
Krovar I DF + 2,4-D	4 to 6 pounds + 0.5 to 1 pound
Krovar I DF + Garlon 3A	4 to 6 pounds + 1 to 2 pints
Krovar I DF + Garlon 4	4 to 6 pounds + 1 to 2 pints
Oust [™]	2 to 6 ounces
Oust + 2,4-D	2 to 6 ounces + 0.5 to 1 pound
Oust + Garlon 3A	2 to 6 ounces + 1 to 2 pints
Oust + Garlon 4	2 to 6 ounces + 1 to 2 pints
Spike TM 80W	2 to 5 pounds
Spike 80W + 2,4-D	2 to 5 pounds + 0.5 to 1 pound
Spike 80W + Garlon 3A	2 to 5 pounds + 1 to 2 pints
Spike 80W + Garlon 4	2 to 5 pounds + 1 to 2 pints

^{*}Arsenal is not approved for use in the state of California.

Refer to the individual product labels for specific non-crop sites, rates, carrier volumes and precautionary statements.

Read and carefully observe the label claims, cautionary statements, recommended use rates and all other information on the labels of all products used in these tank mixtures. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

Maintain good agitation at all times during the mixing process. Ensure that the tank-mix products are well mixed with the spray solution before adding this product.

Mix only the quantity of spray solution that can be used during the same day. Tank mixtures allowed to stand overnight may result in reduced weed control.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

When used in combination as recommended by Monsanto Company, the liability of Monsanto shall in no manner extend to any damage, loss or injury not solely and directly caused by the inclusion of the Monsanto product in such combination use.

Read "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" in the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] before using this product. Those terms apply to this supplemental labeling and, if those terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

C. AERIAL APPLICATIONS IN CALIFORNIA

Aerial applications of this product are allowed in the following situations:

- Prior to the emergence or transplanting of labeled crops
- 2. Aid to burning for establishment and maintenance of fuel breaks
- 3. Establishing fire perimeters and black lines
- Aid to prescribed burning
- Along fire roads
- Range conversion
- 7. Habitat restoration and management
- 8. Wildlife food plots

Apply 22 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts of this product in 5 to 15 gallons of water per acre using aerial (helicopter only) applications.

To broaden the spectrum of control, Garlon[™] 4 may be tank mixed with this product at the rate of 0.5 to 2 quarts per acre. The rate of Garlon should not exceed 1/2 the rate of this product (e.g. 1 quart of Garlon to 2 quarts of this product) for best results.

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

AVOID DRIFT - DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH WILL ALLOW DRIFT. DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are made near crops or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop, and/or near other desirable vegetation or annual crops.

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Master Label MON 78270

TMArsenal is a trademark of American Cyanamid Company.

TMBanvel is a trademark of Sandoz Crop Protection Corporation.

[™]Garlon and Spike are trademarks of Dow AgroSciences LLC

TMHyvar, Krovar and Oust are trademarks of E. I duPont de Nemours and Company.

- 1. Do not apply within 100 feet of any desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- 2. If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crop(s), do not apply within a minimum of 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- 3. Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crop(s) may require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.
- 4. Do not apply when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour or when inversion conditions exist.
- 5. APPLY BY AIR ONLY TO NONRESIDENTIAL AREAS.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which dispense spray as fine spray droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure. Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

Ensure uniform application - To avoid streaking, uneven, or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion. To prevent corrosion of exposed parts, thoroughly wash aircraft after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. Landing gear are most susceptible.

Read the "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" in the label booklet for [INSERT BRAND NAME] before using this product. Those terms apply to this supplemental labeling and if those terms are not acceptable, return the product unopened at once.

Garlon™ is a trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

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EPA FORD 4470-43 G-781

MONSANTO COMPANY
600 13TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 660
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005
http://www.monsanto.com

March 25, 2002

Document Processing Center (AMEND)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

MON 78270 Herbicide (EPA File Symbol 524-LGT)

Amended Confidential Statement of Formula

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

In the original application to register "MON 78270 Herbicide" (EPA File Symbol 524-LGT), Monsanto included a CSF dated 5-Sep-2001. That was subsequently revised in favor of one Basic and one Alternate CSF, both dated 21-Jan-2002. On 21-Mar-2002, we have received a letter and Product Chemistry review from the Agency pointing out specific deficiencies that must be amended prior to product approval. This letter addresses those points, and the attached amended CSFs should resolve all issues. When approved, the enclosed basic CSF and one alternate CSF will supercede the earlier proposals submitted, and serve as the only approved CSFs for this product.

The following table describes how we have modified the CSF proposal to address each deficiency.

Issue	EPA Reference	Monsanto response
LCL values	Letter point 2a and 4;	Agree. The 21-Jan-2002 CSFs have
	Review conclusion 2A.	overcome this issue. No LCLs
		remain for intentionally added
	<u> </u>	ingredients. A LCL remains

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		only for one unintended impurity.
Inert names in wrong	Letter point 2b.	Agree. Monsanto has moved all inert
column	Review conclusion 2B.	brand names to column 10.
Three inert names not	Letter point 2c.	Additional information is provided in
cleared	Review conclusion 2C	the attachment to demonstrate that
	plus Confidential	these materials are exempt from food
	Appendix.	tolerance.
Storage Stability data	Letter point 3.	Monsanto accepts this condition.
	Review conclusions 3.	

The Agency's 21-Mar-2002 letter also contained issues related to the product labeling that are addressed in an accompanying letter.

We believe the enclosed changes have resolved the problems with this CSF, so that the product can be approved simultaneously with the "MON 78623 57% Technical Solution" (524-LGE) from which it is derived.

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202-383-2878) or by direct phone (314-694-1582), fax (314-694-4028), or electronic mail at stephen.j.wratten@monsanto.com.

Sincerely,

Stephen J. Wratten Manager, Registrations

cc: M. C. Gray

MON 78270 Revised CSFs March.doc

Please read instructions on r	everse before complet	ing form.		1	Form Appro	ved. C	OMB No.	. 2070-0	060. App	roval Expires 2-28-95
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. Company/Product Numbe		•		2. EPA Pro		er	kins			sed Classification
. Company/Product (Name) Monsanto () <u>Co./ MON 78270 H</u>	lerbicide		PM#	25	ı			Non	e Restricted
i. Name and Address of App Monsanto Company 600 13 th St., N.W., Su Washington, DC 2000 Check if this is a new ac	ite 660 5	d e)		6.Expedite product is si						ction 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my g to:
Officer with a la a field at			Sect	ion – II						
Notification - Explain	onse to Agency tetter of betow. nal page(s) if necessar	y. {For section	n I and Secti	Ag "M4	al printed la ency letter d e Too" Appli ner – Explair	lated cation		se to		
Submission of revised Confid	dential Statement of Fo	rmula (CSF).		- 111	 _					<u></u>
. Material This Product Will	Be Packaged In:		Seci	ion – III						
thild-Resistant Packaging Yes' No Certification must be submitted	Unit Packaging Yes No If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgl.	No. per Container	Y		aging o. per onlainer	2.	Pla GI	Contai etal astic ass per her (Spi		
Location of Net Contents Ir		4. Size(s) Re	etail Contain	er .	5.	On	ion of La	abel Din		roduct
Manner in Which Label is A	Affixed to Product	Lithogr Paper of Stencil	glued		Other					
				on – IV			_			
Contact Point (Complete its	ems directly below for i	dentification of		o be contacte	d, if necessa	ary, to	process	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		(lasting days of the
^{ame} Marsha (C. Gray, Ph.D.		Title	Regulator	y Manage	∍r		1 seleb		(Include Area Code) 383-2878
I certify that the statement I acknowledge that any k both under applicable lav	nowingly false or miste	ading stateme	ettachments ent may be p		•		, -	1 9.		ete Application ceived (Stamped)
Signature Signature	Uniter			anager, Re	gistrations	5				
Typéd Name / Stepher	ı J. Wratten	Í	5. Date A	Лагсh 25, 2	002					

White - EPA File Copy (original)

PA Form 8570-1 (Rev. 3-94) Previous editions are obsolete.



MONSANTO COMPANY
600 13TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 660
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005
http://www.monsanto.com

March 25, 2002

Document Processing Center (AMEND) Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C) U. S. Environmental Protection Agency Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

MON 78270 Herbicide (EPA File Symbol 524-LGT)

Amended Label Text for Approval

Notification of Alternate Brand Name: MON 007 Herbicide

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

Monsanto has filed an application dated 5-Sep-2001 to register the new herbicide product named above, based on the potassium salt of glyphosate as the active ingredient. We have received your letter dated 21-Mar-2002 indicating two deficiencies related to the label. The new Master Label attached to this letter should overcome these concerns.

I also note that herein Monsanto wishes to declare an alternate brand name for this product: "MON 007 Herbicide", which is included in the attached label.

The following table describes how we have modified the CSF proposal to address each deficiency.

Issue	EPA Letter Reference	Monsanto response
PPE for 30% spray	Letter point 6.	Agree. Monsanto has deleted this
dilutions		statement in the two indicated places.
Child Resistant	Letter point 7.	Monsanto proposes an alternate
Package column	Review conclusion 2B.	solution instead of a certification. All

label references to residential uses
have been removed. See attached
explanation.

The Agency's 21-Mar-2002 letter also contained issues related to the Confidential Statement of Formula that are addressed in an accompanying letter.

For your review, one "MARKED" version of the new label proposal is included along with three "UNMARKED" copies. The "MARKED" version, as indicated in the footnote, shows the changes between this proposal and the earlier version you have reviewed. The important ones are those that pertain to removal of the "residential uses" from this registration. (see attached explanation).

We note that other minor formatting corrections were made in anticipation of preparing a final printed label as follows (page numbers are for MARKED version):

- Verifying consistency between the application methods listed in the "TYPES OF APPLICATIONS" paragraphs in each section with the bold sub-section headers within that section. See for instance page 19 of 121: "spot treatment" is a label sub-section had been omitted from the list, and has now been added. Similar changes were made in several places.
- Page 24 of 121. The final sentence under "PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS" for Herbs and Spices was a cut and paste errors, as there are no transplanted crops below to which this statement refers.
- Page 28 of 121. Technical experience has now convinced us that tomatoes are too sensitive for hooded or sprayer treatments, so we now choose to voluntarily eliminate that use.
- Page 33 to 37 of 121. A "TYPES OF APPLICATIONS" paragraph has been inserted throughout these sections to cross reference Section 9.0, so as to have the label be consistent with the format of Sections 8.1 to 8.11. This will reinforce the allowed application methods to growers.
- Page 34 of 121. Improve clarity of Florida and Texas Citrus application instructions.
- Page 35 of 121. Consistent use of the term "Directed Sprays" compared to Section 9.0 "TYPES OF APPLICATIONS".
- Ve Page 42 of 121. Incorporate the paragraph CDPR has required concerning printing of the Roundup Ready Canola use in the booklet until CDPR approves that use.
- Page 46 to 47 of 121. Incorporate the same CDPR language for soybeans and remove the previous NOTE. When CDPR approve the Roundup Ready soybean use, this language will allow immediate introduction there without reprinting booklet labels.
 - Page 62 to 64 of 121. Correct grammar relating to "Partial Control".

Page 64 to 68 of 121. Substitute "C" for "For Control" and "PC for "For Partial Control" in the Woody Brush table so that it will fit better into the narrow printed booklet pages.

Spelling of "shadehouse" to one word throughout.

Monsanto appreciates the opportunity to make these label revision now before approval, so that production of final printed labeling can be streamlined when approval occurs this spring.

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202-383-2878) or by direct phone (314-694-1582), fax (314-694-4028), or electronic mail at stephen.j.wratten@monsanto.com.

Sincerely,

Stephen J. Wratten Manager, Registrations

cc: M. C. Gray

MON 78270 Amend.doc

Child Resistant Packaging: Explanation of Proposed Label Changes

- 1. After Review of 40 CFR 157.20, 157.21, 157.22, and 157.24, Monsanto concurs that the combination of the inhalation toxicity findings (MRID 45504804) and the inclusion of residential uses requires the use of child-resistant packaging for MON 78270 Herbicide.
- 2. This product is designed as an Agricultural Use herbicide, with some additional uses on non-agricultural industrial sites. The mention of residential uses in Part III of the Master Label pertaining to Industrial, Turf, and Ornamental was not a key focus for this product. There is no intention to market this product to homeowner customers for use around the home.
- 3. The container compatibility testing that Monsanto has completed regarding container and closure integrity when in contact with the MON 78270 formulation has not been conducted using child-resistant packages. Our stewardship and business commitments cannot permit commercialization of packages that have not passed such internal testing, and we cannot therefore certify that child resistant packaging will be used at this time.
- 4. Therefore, Monsanto has chosen to make label revisions to eliminate the conclusion that the product is labeled for "Residential Uses", according to the 40 CFR 157.21 definition. These changes consist of:
 - a. Complete deletion of Part III.8.7 Parks, Recreational, and Residential Areas. (Page 103 of 121 in MARKED version).
 - b. Rearrangement of the Table of Contents, Part III, Page 86 of 121.
 - c. Deletion in Part III.8.3 (Page 99 of 121) to uses at "apartment complexes", "recreational areas", "residential areas", "schools", and "parks".
 - d. Insertion of a restriction into Directions for Use in greenhouses as follows: "Do not use in residential greenhouses". This occurs in Part III.8.6 (Page 103 of 121) and in Part 1.12.2 (Page 49 of 121).
- 5. We have searched the rest of the proposed label text to ensure that there are no remaining Directions for Use that specify application using the words "residential", "residence", "park", "school", "house", "home", "garden", "apartment", or "daycare".
- 6. Finally, to provide additional safeguards, in light of 40 CFR 157.24(a)(2), Monsanto agrees to place a statement on all container labels for package sizes smaller than 5 gallons stating: "This container is not to be sold to homeowners for residential use." (Pages 2 and 85 of 121). Because the child-resistant packaging requirement only pertains to smaller container sizes (less than 5 gallons) that could reasonable be expected to be stored in residential sites, this container-specific labeling will doubly ensure against sale into this segment.
- 7. Monsanto is confident that the combination of removing such residential application sites and prohibiting sale of smaller containers to homeowners for residential use will achieve the goal of keeping the product away from small children.

1)

Please read instructions on re	verse before completing form.		Form Approved.	OMB No. 20	70-0060.	Approval Expires 2-28-95	
⊕ ЕРА	United Sta Environmental Prot Washington, D	ection Agency	, <u> </u>	Registra Amendr Other		OP287966P Identifier Number 287966	
	Application	on for Pesticid	e - Section	1			
	EPA Registration 524-LGT	2. EPA F	Product Manager A. Tompkins		3. Pro	pposed Classification	
Company/Product (Name) Monsanto C	o./ MON 78270 Herbicide	PM #	25			lone Restricted	
5. Name and Address of Appli Monsanto Company 600 13 th St., N.W., Suite Washington, DC 20005 Check if this is a new add	e 660	6.Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to:					
	<u> </u>	Section - II	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Notification – Explain b	inse to Agency letter dated	n 1 and Section II.)	Final printed labels Agency letter dated 'Me Too" Applicatio Other – Explain belocities tification of alternate	ow.		ON 007 Herbicide.	
		Section - III	<u> </u>				
Material This Product Will I	Be Packaged In:						
Child-Resistant Packaging Yes' No Certification must be submitted	Water Soluble Pa Yes No If "Yes" Package wgt.	No Plastic Glass If "Yes" No. per Paper					
3. Location of Net Contents Int Label Contain	, , ,	tail Container Various 5. Location of Label Directions On Label On Labeling accompanying product					
6. Manner in Which Label is Al	ffixed to Product Lithog Paper Stenci	glued	Other plastic	sleeve	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	
		Section - IV					
_ 	ms directly below for identification o		cted, if necessary,				
Name Marsha C	C. Gray, Ph.D.	Title Regula	atory Manager			No. (Include Area Code) 202) 383-2878	
I acknowledge that any ki both under applicable law	Certific its I have made on this form and all mowingly false or misleading statem . .	attachments thereto ar lent may be punishable			6	Date Application Received (Stamped)	
2. Signature	Notes		Registrations				
4. Typed Name / Stephen J. \	Wratten, Ph.D.	5. Date March 25, 2002					

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Yellow - Applicant Copy

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Information Management Division (2137), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 40 Do not send the completed form to this address.		
Certification with Respec	t to Citation of	Data
Applicant's/Registrant's Name, Address, and Telephone Number Monsanto Co. 600 13th Street, N.W., Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005 202-783-2460	EPA Registration Number/File Symbol 524 - xxx 457 537	
Active Ingredient(s) and/or representative test compound(s) Glyphosate		Date Sep 5, 2001
General Use Pattern(s) (list all those claimed for this product using 40 CFR Part 15) Terrestrial food, terrestrial non-food	8) 	Product Name MON 78270 Herbicide
NOTE: If your product is a 100% repackaging of another purchased EPA-register aubmit this form. You must submit the Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA For		for all the same uses on your label, you do not need to
1 am responding to a Oata-Call-In Notice, and have included with this form a be used for this purpose).	a list of companies s	ent offers of compensation (the Data Matrix form should
SECTION I: METHOD OF DATA SUP	PORT (Check one n	nethod only)
I am using the cite-all method of support, and have included with this form a list of companies sent offers of compensation (the Data Matrix form should be used for this purpose).	under the	ng the selective method of support (or cite-all option e selective method), and have included with this form a ed tist of data requirements (the Data Matrix form must be
SECTION II: GENERAL	OFFER TO PAY	
Required if using the cite-all method or when using the cite-all option under the sele. I hereby offer and agree to pay compensation, to other persons, with regard to		
SECTION III: CERT	TIFICATION	·
I certify that this application for registration, this form for reregistration, or trapplication for registration, the form for reregistration, or the Data-Call-In response. It is application is supported by all data in the Agency's files the substantially similar product, or one or more of the ingredients in this product; and (2) requirements in effect on the date of approval of this application if the application sou uses. I certify that for each exclusive use study cited in support of this registration the written permission of the original data submitter to cite that study.	n addition, if the cite- at (1) concern the pri is a type of data tha ght the initial registra	-all option or cite-all option under the selective method is operties or effects of this product or an identical or at would be required to be submitted under the data ation of a product of identical or similar composition and
I certify that for each study cited in support of this registration or reregistrat submitter; (b) I have obtained the permission of the original data submitter to use the compensation have expired for the study; (d) the study is in the public literature; or (e) offered (l) to pay compensation to the extent required by sections 3(c)(1)(F) and/or 3(amount and terms of compensation, if any, to be paid for the use of the study.	study in support of to I have notified in wr	his application; (c) all periods of eligibility for iting the company that submitted the study and have
I certify that in all instances where an offer of compensation is required, collaboration accordance with sections 3(c)(1)(F) and/or 3(c)(2)(B) of FIFRA are available and will evidence to the Agency upon request, I understand that the Agency may initiate action FIFRA.	be submitted to the	Agency upon request. Should I fail to produce such
certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachm knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or impriso	nents to it are true, priment or both und	accurate, and complete. I acknowledge that any der applicable law.
Signature Tan Williams	Date 5-Sept-01	Typed or Printed Name and Title Stephen J. Wratten, Manager Registration

007070287

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008070387

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send the form to this address.							
	DA	TA MATRIX					
Date Sep 5, 2001			EPA Reg No./File Symbol 524-xxx 46	7	Page 1of		
	ddress Monsanto Company 660 Washington, DC 20005 202-783-2460		Product MON 78270 Herbicide				
Ingredient Glyphosate	000 Washington, DC 20003 202-763-2400		NON 70270 RECOTCIO				
Guideline Reference Number	Guideline Study Name	MRIÐ Number	Submitter	Status	Note		
860.1100; 860.1200	Administrative Materials in Support of Registration of MON 78270 Herbicide	This Submission	Monsanto	OWN			
830 Series	Product Chemistry Data to Support the Registration of MON 78270 Herbicide	This Submission	Monsanto	OWN	<u> </u>		
870.1100	An Acute Oral Toxicity Study in Rats with	This Submission	Monsanto	OWN			
870.1200	An Acute Dermal Toxicity Study in Rats with MON 78270	This Submission	Monsanto	OWN	<u> </u>		
870.1300	An Acute Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with MON 78270	This Submission	Monsanto	OWN			
		<u> </u>		+	+		
Signature DMM	Water State of the		Name and Tille Manager, Registriation Stephen J. Wratten		Date 5:5001.01		

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send the form to this address.		•			
	DA'	TA MATRIX			
Date Sep 5, 2001			EPA Reg No./File Symbol 524-жин 🗸 (GT_	Page 2of
Applicant's/Registrant's Name & Ac	ddress Monsanto Company		Product	_,,,,	
600 13th Street, N.W., Suite	660 Washington, DC 20005 202-783-2460		MON 78270 Herbicide		
Ingredient Glyphosate	55	<u> </u>			
Guideline Reference Number	Guideline Study Name	MRID Number	Submitter	Status	Note
870.2400	A Primary Eye Irritation Study in Rabbits with MON 78270	This Submission	Monsanto	OWN	1
·					
870.2500	A Primary Skin Irritation Study in Rabbits with MON 78270	This Submission	Monsanto	OWN	1
·				<u> </u>	
870.2500	A Primary Skin Irritation Study in Rebbits with 30% Dilution of MON 78270	This Submission	Monsanto	OWN	1
870.2600	A Dermal Sensitization Study in Guinea	This	Monsanto	OWN	<u> </u>
	Pigs with MON 78270 - Modified Buehler Design	Submission		+	†
	For all other data requirements for glyphosate please refer to the Data Matrix	-	Monsanto	OWN	<u> </u>
	included in Section C of the present submission	+	IR-4 Public Literature	PER PL	+
Signature Signature	Statistics and Bases versions qualishly Submit only Bases version		Name and Title Manager, Registriction Stephen J. Wratten	1	Date 5. Sept. 0

EPA Firm 8579 35 (9-97) Electronic and Paper versions available. Submit only Paper version.

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Part II Petition for Registration of a New Pesticide Product MON 78270 Herbicide

Table 1. Information on Regulatory Status of Inert Ingredients

CROSS REFERENCE NUMBER: 2

This cross reference number is used on this place holder page in place of the following whole page(s) which are located at the indicated page and section reference.

DELETED PAGE(S):

Located in Confidential Attachment.

Page Reason for Deletion Cross Reference Pages FIFRA Ref.
in Confidential Attachment

17 of 187 Identity of 7 of 11 10(d)(1)(c)
Inert Ingredients

Table 2. Composition Information for Inert Ingredients

CROSS REFERENCE NUMBER: 3

This cross reference number is used on this place holder page in place of the following whole page(s) which are located at the indicated page and section reference.

DELETED PAGE(S):

Located in Confidential Attachment.

Page	Reason for Deletion	Cross Reference Pages in Confidential Attachment	FIFRA Ref.
18 of 187	Identity of Inert Ingredients	9, 10, & 11 of 11	10(d)(1)(c)

Section C Data Reference List

The following Data Matrix lists the study data supporting MON 78270

Herbicide and the MON 78623 58% Technical Concentrate (524-LGE)

Glyphosate Manufacturing Use product used in it.

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PRODUCT	i							i l
CHEMISTRY40 CFR	-	. 1			İ	MONSANTO		
158.150-158.190		i i	DATA	EPA MRID	SUBMIT	DOCUMENT		. 1
(830 Series)	NO.	STUDY NAME	REQ'D	NUMBER	DATE	NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS

NO.	ISTUDY NAME	REQ'D	NUMBER	DATE	NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
(DECAN)	JCT IDENTITY:	***		***		"	
0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000			41228201	08/30/1989	R.D. 953	M	OWN
61-1	Product Identity & Disclosure of Ingredients (MP)	+				Monsanto	OWN
\$600a	Product Identity & Disclosure of Ingredients (MP)	+	161333	06/30/1986	R.D. 690	Monsanto	OWN
######################################	Product Identity & Disclosure of Ingredients (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
	Product Identity & Disclosure of Ingredients (524-LGE)	+	45381101	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
61-2	Beginning Materials and Manufacturing Process (MP)	+	41228201	08/30/1989	R.D. 953	Monsanto	OWN
	Beginning Materials and Manufacturing Process (MP)	+	161333	06/30/1986	R.D. 690	Monsanto	OWN
	Beginning Materials and Manufacturing Process (MP)	+	45317301	01/26/2001	R.D. 1526	Monsanto	OWN
	Beginning Materials and Manufacturing Process (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
	Beginning Materials and Manufacturing Process (524-LGE)	+	45381101	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto 🕆	OWN
61-3	Formation of Impurities (MP - TGAI)	+	41228201	08/30/1989	R.D. 953	Monsanto	OWN
	Formation of Impurities (MP - TGAI)	+	161333	06/30/1986	R.D. 690	Monsanto	OWN
	Formation of Impurities (MP - TGAI)	+	41228202	08/30/1989	R.D. 953	Monsanto	OWN
	Formation of Impurities (MP - TGAI)	+	45317301	01/26/2001	R.D. 1526	Monsanto	OWN
	Formation of Impurities (524-xxx)	+	this submission	•	R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
	Formation of Impurities (524-LGE)	. +	45381101	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
ANALY	SIS AND CERTIFICATION OF INGREDIENT	9					****
62-1	Preliminary Analysis (MP - TGAI)	+	161333	06/30/1986	R.D. 690	Monsanto	OWN
	Preliminary Analysis (MP - TGAI)	+	41228202	08/30/1989	R.D. 953	Monsanto	OWN
	Preliminary Analysis (MP - TGAI)	+	41228201	08/30/1989	R.D. 953	Monsanto	OWN
	Preliminary Analysis (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
	Preliminary Analysis (524-LGE)	+	45381101	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
62-2	Certification of Limits (MP - TGAI)	+	41228202	08/30/1989	R.D. 953	Monsanto	OWN
	Certification of Limits (MP - TGAI)	+	161333	06/30/1986	R.D. 690	Monsanto	OWN
	Certification of Limits (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
	Certification of Limits (524-LGE)	+	45381101	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN

PRODUCT CHEMISTRY40 CFR 158,150-158,190 (830 Series)

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•	l	'	DATA	EPA MRID	SUBMIT	DOCUMENT		
	NO.	STUDY NAME	REQ'D	NUMBER	DATE	NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
	62-3	Analytical Methods for Enforcement of Limits (MP - TGAI)	+	41228202	08/30/1989	R.D. 953	Monsanto	OWN
		Analytical Methods for Enforcement of Limits (MP - TGAI)	+	161333	06/30/1986	R.D. 690	Monsanto	OWN
		Analytical Methods for Enforcement of Limits (MP - TGAI)	+	45317301	01/26/2001	R.D. 1526	Monsanto	OWN
		Analytical Methods for Enforcement of Limits (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
		Analytical Methods for Enforcement of Limits (524-LGE)	+	45381101	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
P	HYSIC	AL AND CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS:						
		Color (MP & TGA†)	+	161333	06/30/1986	R.D. 690	Monsanto	OWN
		Color (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
		Color (524-LGE)	+	45381101	03/28/2001	RID, 1533	Monsanto	OWN
	63-3	Physical State (MP & TGAI)	+	161333	06/30/1986	R.D. 690	Monsanto	OWN
		Physical State (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
		Physical State (524-LGE)	+	45381101	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
	63-4	Odor (MP & TGAt)	+	161333	06/30/1986		Monsanto	OWN
\$ ************************************		Odor (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
		Odor (524-LGE)	+	45381101	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
	63-5	Melting Point (TGAI)	+	51977	06/01/1976	R.D. 102	Monsanto	OWN
		Boiling Point (TGAI)	NR					
eecch	63-7	Density, Bulk Density or Specific Gravity (MP & TGAI)	+	161333	06/30/1986	R.D. 690	Monsanto	OWN
		Density, Bulk Density or Specific Gravity (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
	•	Density, Butk Density or Specific Gravity (524-LGE)	+	45381101	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
	63-8		+	161333	06/30/1986	R.D. 690	Monsanto	OWN
****	63-9	,	+	41096101	05/10/1989	R.D. 924	Monsanto	OWN
	M	Vapor Pressure (524-333)	+	43434505	10/10/1994	R.D. 1276	Monsanto	OWN
		Dissociation Constant (TGAI or PAI)	+	161333	06/30/1986	R.D. 690	Monsanto	OWN
		Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient (PAI)	+	108192	06/05/1978	R.D. 181	Monsanto	OWN
20.44		2 pH (MP & TGAI)	+	152385	07/30/1984	R.D. 542	Monsanto	OWN
		pH (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN



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PRODUCT]			
CHEMISTRY40 CFR		·				MONSANTO		
158.150-158.190			DATA	EPA MRID	SUBMIT	DOCUMENT		<u> </u>
	NO.	STUDY NAME	REQ'D	NUMBER	DATE	NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
		pH (524-LGE)	+	45381101	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
#426C	•	Stability (TGAt)	. +	152385	07/30/1984	R.D. 542	Monsanto	OWN
		Oxidizing or Reducing Action (MP)	· +	161333	06/30/1986	R.D. 690	Monsanto	OWN
**************************************		Oxidizing or Reducing Action (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN.
		Oxidizing or Reducing Action (524-LGE)	+	45381101	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
	63-15	Flammability (MP)	+	161333	06/30/1986	R.D. 690	Monsanto	OWN
		Flammability (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
		Flammability (524-LGE)	+	45381101	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
		Explodability (MP)	+	161333	06/30/1986	R.D. 690	Monsanto	OWN
		Explodability (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
		Explodability (524-LGE)	+	45381101	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	ÓМИ
:	63-17	Storage Stability (MP)	+	152385	07/30/1984	R.D. 542	Monsanto	OWN
		Storage Stability (524-xxx)	+	in progress				
÷:		Storage Stability (524-LGE)	+	in progress				
1470:03.87		Viscosity (MP)	NR	, -				
0		Viscosity (524-xxx)	.	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
3.40		Viscosity (524-LGE)	+	45381101	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
	63-19	Miscibility (MP)	NA					
		Miscibility (524-xxx)	NR					
		Miscibility (524-LGE)	NR		. "			
	63-20	Corrosion Characteristics (MP)	+	161333	06/30/1986	R.D. 690	Monsanto	OWN
		Corrosion Characteristics (524-xxx)	+	in progress				
		Corrosion Characteristics (524-LGE)	+	in progress				
	63-21	Dielectric Breakdown Vollage						
		Dielectric Breakdown Voltage (524-xxx)	NR					
		Dielectric Breakdown Voltage (524-LGE)	ŅR					
94000	64-1	Submittal of Samples (PAI)						

Data Matrix: Glyphosate, MON 78623 58% Technical Solution, and MON 78270

EPA Reg. Nos. 524-421 / -LGE/ -xxx

TOXICOLOGY 40 CFR 158.340 (870 Series)

<u> </u>	T	1	<u> </u>		MONSANTO		
		DATA	EPA MRID	SUBMIT	DOCUMENT	·	-
NO.	STUDY NAME	REO'D	NUMBER	DATE	NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS

ACUTE	TESTING:						100 0000
	Oral LD50 - Rat (MP & TGAI)	+	41400601	02/06/1990	R.D. 976	Monsanto	OWN
	Oral LD50 - Rat (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
	Ora! LD50 - Rat (524-LGE)	+	45381102	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
	Dermal LD50 (MP & TGAI)	+	41400602	02/06/1990	R.D. 976	Monsanto	OWN
	Dermal LD50 (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
	Dermal LD50 (524-LGE)	+	45381103	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
81-3	Inhalation LC50 - Rat (MP & TGAI)	NR					
	Inhalation LC50 - Rat (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
	Inhalation LC50 - Rat (524-LGE)		waiver request	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
81-4	Primary Eye Irritation - Rabbit (MP)	+	41400603	02/06/1990	R.D. 976	Monsanto	OWN
	Primary Eye Irritation - Rabbit (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
	Primary Eye Irritation - Rabbit (524-LGE)	+	45381104	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
	Primary Dermal Irritation (MP)	+	41400604	02/06/1990	R.D. 976	Monsanto	OWN
	Primary Dermal Irritation (524-xxx) - 30%	÷	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
	Primary Dermal Irritation (524-xxx)		this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
	Primary Dermal Irritation (524-LGE)	+	45381105	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
81-6	Dermal Sensitization (MP)	(NR)	137138	12/20/1983	R.D. 515	Monsanto	OWN
	Dermal Sensitization (524-xxx)	+	this submission		R.D. 1550	Monsanto	OWN
	Dermal Sensitization (524-LGE)	+	45381106	03/28/2001	R.D. 1533	Monsanto	OWN
	Acute Delayed Neurotoxicity - Hen (TGAI)	NR					
	Acute Delayed Neurotoxicity - Hen (EP)	(NR)	54494	12/22/1976	R.D. 108	Monsanto	OWN
SUBCH	IRONIC TESTING:					122.3.2	
82-1	90-Day Feeding - Rodent (TGAI)	+	40559401	03/16/1988	R.D. 860	Monsanto	OWN
	90-Day Feeding - Nonrodent (TGAI)	+	40557	01/15/1973	R.D. 40	Monsanto	OWN
82-2	21-Day Dermał (TGAI)	+	98460	03/22/1982	R.D. 413	Monsanto	OWN
	21-Day Dermal (EP)	+	67045	01/15/1973	R.D. 40	Monsanto	OWN
			67046	01/15/1973	R.D. 40	Monsanto	OWN
	•						

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<u> </u>				T	MONSANTO	[· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		DATA	EPA MRID	SUBMIT	DOCUMENT		
NO.	STUDY NAME	REQ'D	NUMBER	DATE	NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
	1		108128	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
82-3	90-Day Dermal (TGAI)	NR					
82-4	90-Day Inhalation - Rat (TGAI)	NR					
82-5	90-Day Neurotoxicity - Hen (TGAI)	NR					
	90-Day Neurotoxicity - Mammal (TGAI)	NR					
CHRON	VIC TESTING:						
83-1	Chronic Feeding - Rodent (TGAI)	+	41643801	09/26/1990	R.D. 1014	Monsanto	OWN
			41728701	12/17/1990	A.D. 1014	Monsanto	OWN
	Chronic Feeding - Nonrodent (TGAI)	+	153374	10/17/1985	R.D. 636	Monsanto	OWN
	•		162912	08/11/1986	R.D. 698	Monsanto	OWN
83-2	Oncogenicity Study - Rat (TGAI)	+	41643801	09/26/1990	R.D. 1014	Monsanto	OWN
			41728701	12/17/1990	R.D. 1014	Monsanto	OWN
	Oncogenicity Study - Mouse (TGAI)	+	130406	07/29/1983	R.D. 480	Monsanto	OWN
	•		150564	10/07/1985	R.D. 635	Monsanto	OWN
			153376	10/28/1985	R.D. 643	Monsanto	OWN
83-3	Teratology - Rat (TGAI)	+	46362	05/13/1980	R.D. 300	Monsanto	OWN
	Teratology - Rabbit (TGAI)	+	46363	05/13/1980	R.D. 300	Monsanto	OWN
	Reproduction, 2-Generation (TGAI)	+	41621501	08/30/1990	R.D. 1013	Monsanto	OWN
MUTAG	AENICITY TESTING:						
84-2	Gene Mutation (TGAI)	+	78619	04/20/1979	R.D. 236	Monsanto	OWN
			132681	11/04/1983	R.D. 504	Monsanto	OWN
			137640	02/09/1984	R.D. 504	Monsanto	OWN
			78620	04/20/1979	R.D. 236	Monsanto	OWN
	Chromosomal Aberration (TGAI)	+	46364	05/13/1980	R.D. 300	Monsanto	OWN
			132682	11/04/1983	R.D. 504	Monsanto	OWN
			132683	11/04/1983	R.D. 504	Monsanto	OWN
			132684	11/04/1983	R.D. 504	Monsanto	OWN
			132685	11/04/1983	R.D. 504	Monsanto	OWN
84-4	Other Mechanisms of Mulagenicity (TGAI)	+	132686	11/04/1983	R.D. 504	Monsanto	OWN

Data Matrix: Glyphosate, MON 78623 58% Technical Solution, and MON 78270

EPA Reg. Nos. 524-421 / -LGE/ -xxx

TOXICOLOGY 40 CFR 158.340 (870 Series)

		41 1				MONSANTO		
	1		DATA	EPA MRID	SUBMIT	DOCUMENT		
NO	STUDY	NAME	REO'D	NUMBER	DATE	NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
				132680	11/04/1983	R.D. 504	Monsanto	OWN
SPE	DIAL TEST	ING.						
85	-1 General N	detabolism (PAIRA)	+	40767101	08/11/1988	A.D. 877	Monsanto	OWN
				40767102	08/11/1988	R.D. 877	Monsanto	OWN
85	-2 Dermal P	enetration	(NR)	137139	12/20/1983	R.D. 515	Monsanto	OWN
		•		137140	12/20/1983	R.D. 515	Monsanto	OWN
86	-1 Domestic	Animal Safety	NR					

WILDLIFE &
AQUATICS
40 CFR 158.490
(850 Series)

NO.	STUDY NAME	DATA REQ'D	EPA MRID NUMBER	SUBMIT DATE	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
CSE ROOM							200.0000000000000000000000000000000000
90399900 (VA)	AND MAMMALIAN TESTING			00/01/1070			
	Avian Oral LD50 (TGAI)	+	108204	03/01/1978		Monsanto	OWN
71-2	Avian Dielary LC50 (TGAI)	+	108107	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
	Avian Dielary LC50 (EP)		44465701	01/19/1998	R.D. 1399	Monsanto	OWN
			44465702	01/19/1998	R.D. 1399	Monsanto	OWN
71-3	Wild Mammal Toxicity (TGAI)	NR					
71-4	Avian Reproduction (TGAI)	+	108207	11/13/1978	R.D. 211	Monsanto	OWN
			111953	11/13/1978	R.D. 211	Monsanto	OWN
71-5	Simulated / Actual Field Testing -	NR	-		•		
QUAT	IC ORGANISM TESTING						
72-1	Freshwater Fish LC50 (TGAI)	+	108112	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
	•		136339	11/28/1978	R.D. 215	Monsanto	OWN
	Freshwater Fish LC50 (MUP)		44715409	12/10/1998	R.D. 1406	Monsanto	OWN
72-1	Freshwater Fish LC50 (TEP)	+	108112	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
			70894	03/30/1981	R.D. 350	Monsanto	OWN
			70895	03/30/1981	R.D. 350	Monsanto	OWN
			70896	03/30/1981	R.D. 350	Monsanto	OWN
			70897	03/30/1981	R.D. 350	Monsanto	OWN
			40579201	03/25/1988	R.D. 862	Monsanto	OWN
			40579202	03/25/1988	R.D. 862	Monsanto	OWN
			40579203	03/25/1988	R.D. 862	Monsanto	OWN
72-2	Acute LC50 Freshwater Invertebrates (TGAI)	+	136338	11/28/1978	R.D. 215	Monsanto	OWN
	Acute LC50 Freshwater Invertebrates (TEP)	+	108109	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	70893	03/30/1981	R.D. 350	Monsanto	OWN
			44715410	12/10/1998	R.D. 1406	Monsanto	OWN
72-3	Acute LC50 Estuarine and Marine	+	108110	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
		т	108111	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN

Data Matrix: Glyphosate, MON 78623 58% Technical Solution, and MON 78270

EPA Reg. Nos. 524-421 / -LGE/ -xxx

WILDLIFE & AQUATICS 40 CFR 158,490 (850 Series)

NO.	STUDY NAME	DATA REQ'D	EPA MRID Number	SUBMIT DATE	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
	Organisms (TGAt)		136339	11/28/1978	R.D. 215	Monsanto	OWN
73-4	Fish Early Life Stage and	+	124761	12/20/1982	R.D. 453	Monsanto	OWN
	Aquatic invertebrate Life-Cycle (TGAI)		124762	12/20/1982	R.D. 453	Monsanto	OWN
			124763	12/20/1982	R.D. 453	Monsanto	OWN
72-5	Fish - Life-Cycle (TGAI)	+	108172	12/22/1978	R.D. 220	Monsanto	OWN
72-6	Aquatic Organism Accumulation (TGAI)	+	111942	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
	•		94971	02/26/1982	R.D. 407	Monsanto	OWN
			108173	12/22/1978	R.D. 220	Monsanto	OWN
			41228301	09/05/1989	R.D. 955	Monsanto	OWN
			41228302	09/05/1989	R.D. 955	Monsanto	OWN
72-7	Simulated or Actual Field Testing (TEP)	NR					

Data Matrix: Glyphosate, MON 78623 58% Technical Solution, and MON 78270

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PLANT PROTECTION 40 CFR 158.540 (850 Series)

[· ·	1			[
	·	ļ			MONSANTO		
	N 1	DATA	EPA MRID	SUBMIT	DOCUMENT		
NO.	STUDY NAME	REQ'D	NUMBER	DATE	NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS

121-1 Target Area Phytotoxicity (TEP) NONTARGET AREA PHYTOTOXICITY	.NR					
TIER I:						
122-1 Seed Germination/Seedling Emergence (TGAI)	+	40159301	04/10/1987	R.D. 767	Monsanto	OWN
122-1 Vegetative Vigor (TGAI)	(1)					
122-2 Aquatic Plant Growth (TGAI) TIER II:	(2)					
123-1 Seed Germination/Seedling Emergence (TGAI)	·· NR					
123-1 Vegelative Vigor (TGAI)	+	43088701	01/17/1994	R.D. 1219	Monsanto	OWN
123-2 Aquatic Plant Growth (TGAI)	+	40236901	06/12/1987	R.D. 779	Monsanto	OWN
		40236902	06/12/1987	R.D. 778	Monsanto	OWN
•		40236903	06/12/1987	R.D. 781	Monsanto	OWN:
		40236904	06/12/1987	R.D. 782	Monsanto	OWN
,		40236905	06/12/1987	R.D. 783	Monsanto	OWN
TIER III:						
124-1 Terrestrial Field (TEP)	NR					
124-2 Aquatic Field (TEP)	NR					

⁽¹⁾ Tier I Vegetative Vigor studies were combined with Tier II Vegetative Vigor studies.

⁽²⁾ Tier I Aquatic Plant Growth studies were combined with Tier II Aquatic Plant Growth studies.

NONTARGET INSECT 40 CFR 158.590 (850 Series)

Ì					MONSANTO		
1	· 1	DATA	EPA MRID	SUBMIT	DOCUMENT		ļ
NO.	STUDY NAME	REQ'D	NUMBER	DATE	NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS

POLLINATORS:						
141-1 Honeybee Acute Contact Toxicity (TGAI)	+	108108	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
Honeybee Acute Contact Toxicity (EP)		44465703	01/19/1998	R.D. 1399	Monsanto	OWN
141-2 Honeybee - Toxicity of Residues	. NR					
on Foliage (TEP)						
141-4 Honeybee Subacute Feeding Study (TEP)	(1)					
141-5 Field Testing for Pollinators (TEP)	NR					
AQUATIC INSECTS:					•	1000
142-1 Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Insects	(2)		20 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	and the second s	1	
142-2 Aquatic Insect Life-Cycle Study	(2)					
142-3 Simulated or Actual Field Testing	(2)					
for Aquatic Insects						
PREDATORS AND PARASITES:				3 99		
143-1 thru 143-3	(2)	***************************************				***************************************

- (1) Reserved pending development of test methodology.
- (2) Reserved pending (urther evaluation to determine what and when data should be required, and to develop appropriate test methods.

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REENTRY PROTECTION 40 CFR 158.390 (875 Series)

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1	<u> </u>	•			MONSANTO		
		DATA	EPA MRID	SUBMIT	DOCUMENT		
NO.	STUDY NAME	REQ'D	NUMBER	DATE	NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS

REENTRY PROTECTION: 132-1 Foliar Dissipation (TEP)	NA	
132-1 Soil Dissipation (TEP)	NR	
133-3 Dermal Exposure (TEP)	NR	
133-4 Inhalation Exposure (TEP)	NR	•

Data Matrix: Glyphosate, MON 78623 58% Technical Solution, and MON 78270

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ENVIRONMENTAL FATE 40 CFR 158.290 (835 Series)

	<u> </u>	 							
			1	1			MONSANTO		
		7) 1		DATA	EPA MRID	SUBMIT	DOCUMENT		
NO.	STUDY NAME	i	1	REO'D	NUMBER	DATE	NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
DEGRADATION STUDIES - LAB						
161-1 Hydrolysis (TGAI or PAIRA)	+	108192	06/05/1978	R.D. 181	Monsanto	OWN
Hydrolysis (MUP)		44715408	12/10/1998	R.D. 1406	Monsanto	OWN
PHOTODEGRADATION:						
161-2 In Waler (TGAI or PAIRA)	+	41689101	11/01/1990	R.D. 1020	Monsanto	OWN
161-3 On Soil (TGAI or PAIRA)	+	41355101	12/18/1989	R.D. 972	Monsanto	OWN
161-4 in Air (TGAI or PAIRA)	NR					
METABOLISM STUDIES - LAB						
162-1 Aerobic Soil (TGAI or PAIRA)	+	41742901	01/03/1991	R.D. 1031	Monsanto	OWN
		43272501	06/24/1992 3	I.D. 1031 Supp	Monsanto	OWN
162-2 Anaerobic Soil (TGAI or PAIRA)	NA					
162-3 Anaerobic Aquatic (TGAI or PAIRA)	+	41723701	12/07/1990	R.D. 1029	Monsanto	OWN
		42372502	06/24/1992 3	l.D. 1029 Supp	Monsanto	OWN
162-4 Aerobic Aquatic (TGAI or PAIRA)	+	41723601	12/07/1990	R.D. 1030	Monsanto	OWN
		42372503	06/24/1992	R.D. 1030 Supj	Monsanto	OWN
AOBILITY STUDIES:						
163-1 Leaching and Adsorption/Desorption	+	39938	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
(TGAI or PAIRA)		108192	06/05/1978	R.D. 181	Monsanto	OWN
		64703	12/16/1980	R.D. 335	Monsanto	OWN
163-2 Volatility - Lab (TEP)	NR					
163-3 Volatility - Field (TEP)	· NR					
DISSIPATION STUDIES - FIELD						
164-1 Soil (TEP)	. +	39939	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
		39940	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
		162910	08/06/1986	R.D. 696	Monsanto	OWN
•		162922	08/07/1986	R.D. 697	Monsanto	OWN
		41096103	05/10/1989	R.D. 924	Monsanto	OWN
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ENVIRONMENTAL FATE 40 CFR 158.290 (835 Series)

NO. STUDY NAME	DATA REQ'D	EPA MRID NUMBER	SUBMIT DATE	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
		42765001	05/03/1993	R.D, 1165	Monsanto	OWN
164-2 Aquatic Sediment (TEP)	+	39942	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
		40881601	11/09/1988	R.D. 898	Monsanto	OWN
		42383201	06/29/1992	R.D. 898 Supp	Monsanto	OWN
164-3 Forestry (TEP)	+	84657	09/29/1981	R.D. 379	Monsanto	OWN
		93922	02/01/1982	R.D. 379	Monsanto	OWN
		162923	06/17/1983	R.D. 379	Monsanto	OWN
•		134008	11/18/1983	R.D, 506	Monsanto	OWN
		162923	08/07/1986	R.D. 697	Monsanto	OWN
		41552801	06/02/1990	R.D. 993	Monsanto	OWN
164-4 Combination and Tank Mixes	NR					
164-5 Soil, Long-Term (TEP)	NR					
DUMULATION STUDIES						
165-1 Rotational Crops - Confined (PAIRA)	+	41543201	06/29/1990	R.D. 991	Monsanto	OWN
		41543202	06/29/1990	R.D. 991	Monsanto	OWN
		42372504	06/24/1992	R.D. 991,Sup	Monsanto	OWN
165-2 Rolational Crops · Field (TEP)	. +	108159	10/14/1977	R.D. 141	Monsanto	OWN
165-3 Irrigated Crops (TEP)	+	40541305	02/23/1988	R.D. 856	Monsanto	OWN
165-4 in Fish (TGAI or PAIRA)	+	108173	12/22/1978	R.D. 220	Monsanto	OWN
165-5 In Aquatic Non-target Organisms (TEP)	+				Monsanto	OWN

Data Matrix: Glyphosate, MON 78623 58% Technical Solution, and MON 78270

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RESIDUE CHEMISTRY 40 CFR 158.240 (860 Series)

			<u>'</u>		MONSANTO		
	1 1	DATA	EPA MRID	SUBMIT	DOCUMENT		
NO.	STUDY NAME i	REQ'D	NUMBER	DATE	NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS

	<u> </u>						
RESIDUE CI	HEMISTRY						
171-2	Chemical Identity (TGA1)	+	41228201	08/30/1989	R.D. 953	Monsanto	OWN
171-3	Directions for Use	(1)					
NATURE OF	THE RESIDUE:						
171-4(a)	Piants (PAIRA)	+	Appendix A			*********************	
171-4(b)	Livestock (PAIRA and Plant Metabolites)	+	40541301	02/23/1988	R.D. 856	Monsanto	OWN
		+	40541302	02/23/1988	R.D. 856	Monsanto	OWN
RESIDUE M	ETHODOLOGY:						
Terrena Carrena Para Carrena C	Residue Analytical Method - Plants (TGA) and	ı			,		······································
171-4(c)	Metabolites)	+	108231	07/24/1979	R.D. 251	Monsanto	OWN
			164729	10/20/1986	R.D. 707	Monsanto	NWO
			40502601	01/29/1988	R.D. 849	Monsanto	OWN
	Residue Analytical Method - Animals (TGA) and						
171-4(d)	Metabolites)	+	40541303	02/23/1988	R.D. 856	Monsanto	OWN
							•
	Residue Analytical Method - Water (TGAI and						
171-4	Metabolites)	+	159419	05/19/1986	R.D. 677	Monsanto	OWN
			40502605	01/29/1988	R.D. 848	Monsanto	OWN
171-4(e)	Storage Stability (PAI)(In Plants, Animal Products, a	+	40502605	01/29/1988	R.D. 848	Monsanto	OWN
		+	40532004	02/23/1988	R.D. 855	Monsanto	OWN
		+	41472002	04/02/1990	R.D. 977	Monsanto	OWN
		+	41573501	07/25/1990	R.D. 1005	Monsanto	OWN
3.2.4.2.4.1.4.1.1.1.1.1.1	PARTURATABUT.	+	41940701	07/12/1991	R.D. 1051	Monsanto	OWN
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	E OF THE RESIDUE:		Annondiy D				
171-4(k)	Crop Field Trials (TEP)	+	Appendix B				
171-4(l)	Processed Food/Feed (EP)	. +	Appendix B				

RESIDUE CHEMISTRY 40 CFR 158.240 (860 Series)

NO.	STUDY NAME	DATA RÉQ'D	EPA MRID NUMBER	SUBMIT DATE	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS	
4=4 445	Manager Manage							
171-4(j)	Meat/Milk/Poultry/Eggs (TGAI or Plant Metabolites)	+	108115	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN	
			40532001	02/23/1988	R.D. 855	Monsanto	OWN	
			40532002	02/23/1988	R.D. 855	Monsanto	OWN	
			40532003	02/23/1988	R.D. 855	Monsanto	OWN	
			40532004	02/23/1988	R.D. 855	Monsanto	OWN	
171-4(f)	Potable Water (EP)	+	Appendix C					
171-4(g)	Fish (EP)	±	Appendix D					
171-4(h)	Irrigated Crops (EP)	+	Appendix B				•	
171-4(l)	Food Handling (EP)	NR			•			
171-5	Reduction of Residue	NR			•			
171-6	Proposed Tolerances	(2)						
171-7	Reasonable Grounds in Support of the Petition	(3)						
(1)	Directions for Use are contained in Product Labels or Section B of Petitions							
(2)	Proposed Tolerances are contained in Section F of Petitions							
(3)	Reasonable Grounds in Support of the Petition are co	ontained in Sec	ction G of Petitions					

Data Matrix: Glyphosate, MON 78623 58% Technical Solution, and MON 78270

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RESIDUE CHEMISTRY 40 CFR 158.240 (860 Series)	NO.	STUDY NAME	DATA REQ'D	EPA MRID NUMBER	SUBMIT Date	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
RESIDUE CHEMISTRY APPENDIX A	999,909,990,990,900000,900,000,00	FTHE RESIDUE: PLANTS						
	171-4(a)	Corn Roundup Ready® Corn		137903 47778 43712701	07/12/1974 07/12/1974 06/29/1995	R.D. 51 R.D. 51 R.D. 1306	Monsanto Monsanto Monsanto	OWN OWN OWN
		Wheat		137903 47778	07/12/1974 07/12/1974	R.D. 51 R.D. 51	Monsanto Monsanto	OWN
÷		Soybeans Roundup Ready® Soybeans		137903 47778 43330601	07/12/1974 07/12/1974 07/22/1994	R.D. 51 R.D. 51 R.D. 1260	Monsanto Monsanto Monsanto	OWN OWN OWN
A SOUTH A SOUT		Cotton		137903 47778	07/12/1974 07/12/1974	R.D. 51 R.D. 51	Monsanto Monsanto	OWN
S S		Roundup Ready® Cotton		44279301	05/19/1997	R.D. 1371	Monsanto	OWN
.1		Grapes		38981	10/04/1974		Monsanto	OWN
		Citrus		41165	01/19/1976		Monsanto	OWN
		Coffee		51983	06/01/1976	-	Monsanto	OWN
		Sugarcane		61558	03/01/1976		Monsanto	OWN
		Pome Fruit		108129	09/01/1976		Monsanto	OWN

Data Matrix: Glyphosate, MON 78623 58% Technical Solution, and MON 78270

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RESIDUE CHEMISTRY 40 CFR 158.240 (860 Series)

NO.	STUDY NAME	DATA REQ'D	EPA MRID NUMBER	SUBMIT DATE	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
	Forage Grass and Legumes		108147	04/28/1978		Monsanto	OWN
	Sugar Beets		108152	12/09/1977		Monsanto	OWN
	Grapes		38771	10/04/1974	R.D. 53	Monsanto	OWN
	Nut Crops		111945	11/30/1976	R.D. 110	Monsanto	OWN
	AHalfa	•	108133	12/31/1976		Monsanto	OWN
	Vegelables		108159	10/15/1977		Monsanto	OWN
•	Roundup Ready® Canola		44541201	04/03/1998	R.D. 1408	Monsanto	OWN

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Data Matrix: Glyphosate, MON 78623 58% Technical Solution, and MON 78270

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•								
RESIDUE CHEMISTRY 40 CFR 158.240 (860 Series)	NO.	STUDY NAME	DATA REQ'D	EPA MRID Number	SUBMIT DATE	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
RESIDUE CHEMISTRY					X.			
V/X-VC-00000000000000000000000000000000000	IÁGNITUD	E OF THE RESIDUE: CROPS/IRRIGA	TED CRÓPS	S AND PROCE	SSED COM	MODITES		
50.000 (600 (100) (1000 (1000 (1000 (1000 (1000 (1000 (1000 (1000 (1000 (100) (1000 (100) (1000 (1000 (100) (1000 (1000 (100) (1000 (100) (1000 (100) (1000 (100) (1000 (100) (1000 (100) (1000 (100) (1000 (100) (1000 (100) (1000 (100) (1000 (100) (1000 (100) (1000 (100) (1000 (100) (100) (1000 (100) (1000 (100) (100) (1000 (100) (1000) (1000 (100) (10	erraran erran e	I) ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES GROUP:						
•		Beets, garden						
		Carrots		108159	10/14/1977	R.D. 141	Monsanto	OWN
		Radishes						
		Potaloes		39381	09/25/1975		Monsanto	OWN
				108159	10/14/1977	R.D. 141	.Monsanto	OWN
				108151	12/09/1977	R.D. 148	Monsanto	OWN
				40785302	07/29/1988	R.D. 878	Monsanto	OWN
				41947001	07/15/1991	R.D. 1053	Monsanto	OWN
<i>:</i>		•		41947002	07/15/1991	R.D. 1053	Monsanto	OWN
				43906101	01/22/1996	R.D. 1338	Monsanto	OWN
		Processed Polato Commodities		40785302	07/29/1988	R.D. 878	Monsanto	OWN
, ,		Processed Potato Commodities			01/23/1966			
)				43906101	01/22/1990	R.D. 1338	Monsanto	OWN
		Sugar Beets		108159	10/14/1977	R.D. 141	Monsanto	OWN
				108151	12/09/1977	R.D. 148	Monsanto	OWN
				39381	09/25/1975		Monsanto	OWN
				40785304	07/29/1988	R.D. 878	Monsanto	OWN
				43315703	07/19/1994	R.D. 1236	Monsanto	OWN
		Roundup Ready® Sugar Beets		44331601	07/11/1997	R.D. 1384	Monsanto	OWN
				44331602	07/11/1997	R.D. 1384	Monsanto	OWN
				44331603	07/11/1997	R.D. 1384	Monsanto	OWN

Sweet Potatoes

RESIDUE

NO.	STUDY NAME	DATA REQ'D	EPA MRID Number	SUBMIT	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
	Turnip		40835201	10/03/1988	3204	IR-4	PER
171-4(k,I) Leaves of root and tuber vegetables (GROUP:					
	Sugar Beet Tops		39381	09/25/1975		Monsanto	OWN
	, -		108159	10/14/1977	R.D. 141	Monsanto	NWO
	Roundup Ready® Sugar Beets		44331601	07/11/1997	R.D. 1384	Monsanto	OWN
	Carrot Tops		108159	10/14/1977	R.D. 141	Monsanto	OWN
171-4(k,l) BUŁB VEGETABLE GROUP:				•		
	Onions, Leeks, Garlic		40783101	08/08/1988	3205, -06, -07	IR-4	PER
171-4(k,I) LEAFY VEGETABLES (EXCEPT BRASSICA VEG	ETABLES) GR	OUP:				
171-4(k, I) LEAFY VEGETABLES (EXCEPT BRASSICA VEG Celery	ETABLES) GRO	OUP: 40578001		3209	IR-4	PER
171-4(ETABLES) GRO			3209 3208	IR-4 IR-4	PER PER
171-4(Celery	ETABLES) GRO	40578001	10/14/1977			
	Celery Spinach	ETABLES) GR	40578001 40578002	10/14/1977	3208	IR-4	PER
	Celery Spinach Letluce	ETABLES) GR	40578001 40578002	10/14/1977	3208	IR-4	PER
	Celery Spinach Lettuce k.i) BRASSICA LEAFY VEGETABLES GROUP:	ETABLES) GR	40578001 40578002 108159		3208 R.D. 141	IR-4 Monsanto	PER OWN
	Celery Spinach Letluce k,!) BRASSICA LEAFY VEGETABLES GROUP: Cabbage	ETABLES) GR	40578001 40578002 108159	10/14/1977	3208 R.D. 141 R.D. 141	IR-4 Monsanto Monsanto	PER OWN
171-4(Celery Spinach Lettuce k.i) BRASSICA LEAFY VEGETABLES GROUP: Cabbage Broccoli	ETABLES) GR	40578001 40578002 108159 108159 40802801	10/14/1977 08/18/1988	3208 R.D. 141 R.D. 141 3210	IR-4 Monsanto Monsanto IR-4	PER OWN OWN PER



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NO.	STUDY NAME	DATA REQ'D	EPA MRID Number	SUBMIT DATE	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
10.	OTOOT HAME	HEGD	44837502	05/21/1999	R.D. 1481	Monsanto	OWN
	Lentils			00/21/1000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Peas		108159	10/14/1977	R.D. 141	Monsanto	OWN
	Peas (dry)		44407501		6139	IR-4	PER
	Peas (import)		43807201	09/27/1995	R.D. 1312	Monsanto	OWN
	(,,		42312804	05/01/1992	R.D. 1092	Monsanto	OWN
	Dry Beans - Canada		44837501	05/20/1999	R.D. 1481	Monsanto	OWN
	_,		44837502	05/20/1999	R.D. 1481	Monsanto	OWN
	Snap Beans		108159	10/14/1977	R.D. 141	Monsanto	OWN
	Soybeans/Soybean Processing Commodities		123953	11/12/1973	R.D. 47	Monsanto	OWN
			38908	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
			33954	12/19/1975	R.D. 86	Monsanto	OWN
			61555	03/01/1976	R.D. 92	Monsanto	OWN
			108153	06/17/1977	R.D. 132	Monsanto	OWN
			24503	12/12/1977	R.D. 145	Monsanto	OWN
			108203	07/06/1978	R.D. 187	Monsanto	OWN
			84936	10/21/1981	R.D. 380	Monsanto	OWN
			156793	02/21/1986	R.D. 617	Monsanto	OWN
			43260401	05/27/1994	R.D. 1232	Monsanto	OWN
			43260402	05/27/1994	R.D. 1232	Monsanto	OWN
			43260403	05/27/1994	R.D. 1232	Monsanto	OWN
71-4(k,I) FOLIAGE OF LEGUME VEGETABLES GROUP:						
	Bean Vines and Hay				•		
	Lentil Forage and Hay						
	Soybean Forage and Hay		123953	11/12/1973	R.D. 47	Monsanto	OWN

38908

07/12/1974

R.D. 51

OWN

Monsanto

RESIDUE
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(860 Series)

NO.	STUDY NAME	DATA REQ'D	EPA MRID Number	SUBMIT DATE	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
			33954	12/19/1975	R.D. 86	Monsanto	OWN
			61555	03/01/1976	R.D. 92	Monsanto	OWN
		•	108153	06/17/1977	R.D. 132	Monsanto	OWN
			108203	07/06/1978	R.D. 187	Monsanto	OWN
			84936	10/21/1981	R.D. 380	Monsanto	OWN
			156793	02/21/1986	R.D. 617	Monsanto	OWN

171-4(k,l) FRUITING VEGETABLES (EXCEPT CURCURBITS) GROUP:

171-4(k,f) CURCURBITS VEGETABLES GROUP

171-4(k,l) CITRUS FRUITS GROUP:

Citrus/Citrus Processed Commodities	44496	01/19/1976	R.D. 88	Monsanto	OWN
	39142	01/19/1976	R.D. 89	Monsanto	OWN
	40159401	04/10/1987	R.D. 766	Monsanto	OWN
171-4(k,l) POME FRUITS GROUP:	108129	09/01/1976	R.D. 108	Monsanto	OWN
	108186	09/01/1976	R.D. 107	Monsanto	OWN
171-4(k,l) STONE FRUTS GROUP:					
Plums	40785301	07/29/1988	R.D. 878	Monsanto	OWN
	43315701	07/19/1994	R.D. 1236	Monsanto	OWN

171-4(k,l) SMALL FRUITS AND BERRIES GROUP:

Blackberries



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NO.	STUDY NAME	DATA REQ'D	EPA MRID NUMBER	SUBMIT	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
	Blueberries						
	Cranberries		53002	09/10/1980	R.D. 314	IR-4	PER
			40779101	08/02/1988	3505	IR-4	PER
	Grapes/Raisins		38770	10/04/1974	R.D. 53	Monsanto	OWN
			108132	12/31/1976	R.D. 118	Monsanto	OWN
			40785303	07/29/1988	R.D. 878	Monsanto	OWN
	·		43315702	07/19/1994	R.D. 1236	Monsanto	OWN
	Raspberries						
	Strawberries						
171-4(k,I) TREE NUTS:						
	Almond, Almond Hulls, Macadamia, Pecan, Walnut		111945	11/30/1976	R.D. 109	Monsanto	OWN
			42155301	01/03/1992	R.D. 1043	Monsanto	OWN
			42155302	01/03/1992	R.D. 1043	Monsanto	OWN
171-4(k,I) cereal grains group:						
	Barley	•	38908	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
	·		108203	07/06/1978	R.D. 187	Monsanto	OWN
	Barley (import)		42312801	05/01/1992	R.D. 1092	Monsanto	OWN
	• , , ,		42312802	05/01/1992	R.D. 1092	Monsanto	OWN
			43807202	09/27/1995	R.D. 1312	Monsanto	OWN
			43827802	09/27/1995	R.D. 1312	Monsanto	OWN
			43845401	09/27/1995	R.D. 1312	Monsanto	OWN
	Corn Grain		123953	11/12/1973	R.D. 47	Monsanto	OWN
			38908	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
			00000	017101017	11,0,01	111011011110	0,,,,

RESIDUE

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RESIDUE	
CHEMISTRY 4	40
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NO.	STUDY NAME	DATA REQ'D	EPA MRID NUMBER	SUBMIT DATE	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
	joros (mile)		130807	10/12/1983	R.D. 486	Monsanto	OWN
			144722	10/10/1984	R.D. 555	Monsanto	OWN
			40502601	01/29/1988	R.D. 849	Monsanto	OWN
			43342001	08/15/1994	R.D. 1192	Monsanto	OWN
			44646601	09/01/1998	R.D. 1434	Monsanto	OWN
	Grain Sorghum Processed Products		40502603	01/29/1988	R.D. 849	Monsanto	OWN
			41472001	04/02/1990	R.D. 977	Monsanto	OWN
			43342002	08/15/1994	R.D. 1192	Monsanto	OWN
	Wheat Grain		123953	11/12/1973	R.D. 47	Monsanto	QWN
			38908	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
			108203	07/06/1978	R.D. 187	Monsanto	OWN
	•		122715	12/02/1982	R.D. 460	Monsanto	OWN
			150835	11/13/1984	A.D. 561	Monsanto	OWN
			41484301	04/16/1990	R.D. 983	Monsanto	OWN
	Roundup Ready® Wheat		45174701	07/19/2000	R.D. 1512	Monsanto	OWN
	Wheat Milled Products		150835	11/13/1984	R.D. 561	Monsanto	OWN

171-4(k,l) FORAGE, FODDER, AND STRAW OF CEREAL GRAINS GROUP:

Barley Forage, Hay, and Straw	38908	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
	108203	07/06/1978	R.D. 187	Monsanto	OWN
Corn Forage, Silage, and Fodder	123953	11/12/1973	R.D. 47	Monsanto	OWN
	38908	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
	49054	12/19/1975	R.D. 85	Monsanto	OWN
	48284	05/15/1975	R.D. 80	Monsanto	OWN
	23336	12/12/1977	R.D. 144	Monsanto	OWN
	23268	12/12/1977	R.D. 150	Monsanto	OWN

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[MONSANTO		
1	4 :	DATA	EPA MRID	SUBMIT	DOCUMENT		
NO.	STUDY NAME	REQ'D	NUMBER	DATE	NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
			108203	07/06/1978	R.D. 187	Monsanto	OWN
			37687	03/30/1979	R.D. 231	Monsanto	OWN
			130807	10/12/1983	R.D. 486	Monsanto	OWN
	•		40502602	01/29/1988	R.D. 848	Monsanto	OWN
			43655701	05/19/1995	R.D. 1237	Monsanto	OWN
			43712702	06/29/1995	R.D. 1306	Monsanto	OWN
			45066901	03/16/2000	R.D. 1501	Monsanto	OWN
			45077401	03/23/2000	R.D. 1502	Monsanto	OWN
	Oat Forage, Hay, and Straw		38908	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
			108203	07/06/1978	R.D. 187	Monsanto	OWN
	Rice Straw		38908	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
	Sorghum Forage, Fodder, Silage, and Hay		38908	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
			108203	07/06/1978	R.D. 187	Monsanto	OWN
			109271	04/09/1982	R.D. 410	Monsanto	OWN
	•		103375	06/04/1982	R.D. 423	Monsanto	OWN
			130807	10/12/1983	R.D. 486	Monsanto	OWN
			144722	10/10/1984	R.D. 555	Monsanto	OWN
			40502601	01/29/1988	R.D. 849	Monsanto	OWN
	Wheat Forage, Hay, and Straw		123953	11/12/1973	R.D. 47	Monsanto	OWN
			38908	07/12/1974	R.D. 51	Monsanto	OWN
			108203	07/06/1978	R.D. 187	Monsanto	OWN
			122715	12/02/1982	R.D. 460	Monsanto	OWN
			150835	11/13/1984	R.D. 561	Monsanto	OWN
			41484301	04/16/1990	R.D. 983	Monsanto	OWN
			45174701	07/19/2000	R.D. 1512	Monsanto	OWN
171-4(k,I) GRASS FORAGE, FODDER, AND HAY GROUP:	•	108147	04/28/1978	R.D. 175	Monsanto	OWN
			53004	09/12/1980	R.D. 313	Monsanto	OWN

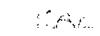


Data Matrix: Glyphosate, MON 78623 58% Technical Solution, and MON 78270

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RESIDUE	
CHEMISTRY	40
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O.	STUDY NAME	DATA REQ'D	EPA MRID Number	SUBMIT DATE	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATU
····		!	76805	05/08/1981	R.D. 359	Monsanto	OWN
			45089401	03/27/2000	R.D. 1494	Monsanto	OWN
71-4(1	k,l) NONGRASS ANIMAL FEEDS GROUP:						
	Alfalfa Seed and Hay		108133	12/31/1976	R.D. 117	Monsanto	OW
	Clover, trefoil, lespodeza		108147	04/28/1978	R.D. 175	Monsanto	OWI
			53004	09/12/1980	R.D. 313	Monsanto	OW
			76805	05/08/1981	R.D. 359	Monsanto	OW
			40541304	02/23/1988	R.D. 856	Monsanto	OW
•			43077001	12/16/1993	R.D. 1190	Monsanto	OW
			45365401	03/21/2001	R.D. 1531	Monsanto	OW
71-4(k,I) MISCELLANEOUS COMMODITIES						
	Acerola						
	Asparagus		108144	02/17/1978	R.D. 157	Monsanto	OW
			40642401	04/04/1988	3212	IR-4	PE
	Avocados		108149	11/15/1977	R.D. 147	Monsanto	OW
			108164	07/07/1978	R.D. 189	Monsanto	OW
	Bananas (including Plantains)		108175	06/14/1979	R.D. 244	Monsanto	OW
	Breadfruit		41049401	1989	3474	IR-4	PE
	Canistel		41049401	1989	3474	IR-4	PE
	Canola /Oilseed Rape / Processing		42312803	05/01/1992	R.D. 1092	Monsanto	OW
	-	•	43807203	09/27/1995	R.D. 1312	Monsanto	OW
	Roundup Ready® Canola		44528801	04/03/1998	R.D. 1408	Monsanto	OW
			44528802	04/03/1998	R.D. 1408	Monsanto	OW
			44528803	04/03/1998	R.D. 1408	Monsanto	OW
			44528804	04/03/1998	R.D. 1408	Monsanto	OW
	Coconut, Coconut Oil			03/09/1982	R.D. 411	Monsanto	OW



1770-0187

RESIDUE CHEMISTRY 40 CFR 158.240 (860 Series)

NO.	STUDY NAME	DATA REQ'D	EPA MRID NUMBER	SUBMIT DATE	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
	Peanuts/Peanut Forage and Hay	, ,,,,,,,	28856	02/18/1980	R.D. 289	Monsanto	OWN
	•		144341	09/12/1984	R.D. 552	Monsanto	OWN
			40750702	06/20/1988	R.D. 875	Monsanto	OWN
	Peanul Processed Commodities		144341	09/12/1984	R.D. 552	Monsanto	OWN
			40750702	06/20/1988	R.D. 875	Monsanto	OWN
	Pineapple		43824301	10/18/1995	R.D. 1325	IR-4	PER
	·		43824302	10/18/1995	R.D. 1325	IR-4	PER
	Pistachio Nuts		111945	11/30/1976	R.D. 110	Monsanto	OWN
	Sapole		41049401	1989	3474	IR-4	PER
	Soursop		41049401	1989	3474	IR-4	PER
	Sugarcane		61558	03/01/1976	R.D. 93	Monsanto	OWN
			108140	06/21/1976	R.D. 104	Monsanto	OWN
			136876	03/01/1978	R.D. 163	Monsanto	OWN
			108168	08/25/1978	R.D. 197	Monsanto	OWN
	Sugarcane Processed Commodities		108140	06/21/1976	R.D. 104	Monsanto	OWN
	Tea, Instant Tea		78823	06/30/1981	R.D. 369	Monsanto	OWN

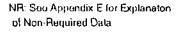
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Data Matrix: Glyphosate, MON 78623 58% Technical Solution, and MON 78270

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RESIDUE CHEMISTRY 40 CFR 158.240 (860 Series) RESIDUE	NO.	STUDY NAME	DATA REQ'D	EPA MRID NUMBER	SUBMIT DATE	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
CHEMISTRY	AĞNITUDE	OF THE RESIDUE: POTABLE WATE	A					
	171-4(f)	er de la despresa de la compactación de la compacta		39381	09/25/1975		Public Doc. 1	PL
	.,			36224	09/25/1975		Monsanto	OWN
		Flooded Levees		39381	09/25/1975		Monsanto	OWN
				36224	09/25/1975		Monsanto	OWN
				2224	00/05/1075		5 11 5 5	S1
,		Ponds		39381	09/25/1975		Public Doc.2	PL
				36224	09/25/1975		Monsanto	OWN
÷		Polable Water Treatment		36224	09/25/1975		Monsanto	OWN .
•		Ditchbank / Flowing Water		108173	12/22/1978		Monsanto	OWN
· /		Shoreline / Impounded Water		108173	12/22/1978		Monsanto	OWN
		Total Area / Impounded Water		108173	12/22/1978		Monsanto	OWN
		Whole Cross-Section / Flowing Water 1 R.D. Comes. USDA/ARS. Prosser, Washington.		77238	06/29/1981		Monsanto	OWN



2 R.D. Blackburn, WSDA/ARS, Fort Lauderdale, Florida,



Printed: 07/19/2001

Data Matrix: Glyphosate, MON 78623 58% Technical Solution, and MON 78270

EPA Reg. Nos. `524-421 / -LGE / -xxx

. 1							024-4217	LOL / -AAA
RESIDUE CHEMISTRY 40 CFR 158.240 (860 Series)	NO.	STUDY NAME	DATA REQ'D	EPA MRID Number	SUBMIT DATE	MONSANTO DOCUMENT NUMBER	SUBMITTER	STATUS
RESIDUE CHEMISTRY								
\$2000000000000000000000000000000000000	MAGNITUD	E OF THE RESIDUE: FISH						
5,9,0,000	171-4(g)	ACCUMULATION STUDIES	(((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((280666000000000000000000000000000000000
		Rainbow Trout		108173	12/22/1978	R.D. 200	Monsanto	OWN
		•		36229	09/25/1975	?	Monsanto	OWN
		Largemouth Bass		108173	12/22/1978	R.D. 200	Monsanto	OWN
		Large notal bass		36229	09/25/1975	?	Monsanto	OWN
				00220	00/25/10/0	,	WONSarno	OWN
		Channel Cattish		108173	12/22/1978	R.D. 200	Monsanto	OWN
				94971	02/26/1982	R.D. 407	Monsanto	OWN
ن ن		·		36229	09/25/1975	?	Monsanto	OWN
1740:0287		Bluegiil Sunfish		36229	09/25/1975	?	Monsanto	OWN
위 ()		Dialogiii Dullion		76491	11/12/1973	R.D. 47	Monsanto	OWN
<u> </u>				41228301	09/05/1989	R.D. 955	Monsanto	OWN
∞		•		41228302	09/05/1989	R.D. 955	Monsanto	OWN
		Craylish		108173	12/22/1978	R.D. 200	Monsanto	OWN
				132170	06/15/1983	R.D. 478	Monsanto	OWN
				155120	11/22/1985	R.D. 646	Monsanto	OWN
		Mollusks		108173	12/22/1987	R.D. 200	Monsanto	OWN
				128690	06/15/1983	R.D. 478	Monsanto	OWN
				154311	11/22/1985	R.D. 646	Monsanto	OWN

:	ło.	Study Name	EXPLANATION
APPENDIX §		EXPLANATION OF DATA NOT REQUIRED TO SUPPO	RT: REGISTRATION
40 CFR 158.15	-190	PRODUCT CHEMISTRY	
ŧ	3-6	Boiling Point (TGAI)	Data is required only if the technical material is a liquid at room temperature. Glyphosate is a solid.
8	33-18	Viscosity (MP)	Data is required if the material is a liquid. Glyphosate is a solid,
6	3-19	Miscibility (MP)	Data is required if the material is an emulsifiable liquid. Glyphosate is a water-soluble solid.
6	3-19	Miscibility (EP)	Data is required is the product is an emulsiliable liquid. Roundup herbicide is a ready-to-use liquid, not to be diluted.
6	3-21	Dielectric Breakdown Vollage (EP)	Data is required for liquid products that are used around electrical equipment. When Roundup is applied as a herbicide there is virtually no circumstance where it would be in contact with electrical equipment.
40 CFR 158.34	0	TOXICOLOGY	
8	11-3	Inhalation LC50 - Rat (MP & TGAI)	Requirement waived by EPA on 1/5/88.
8	11-6	Dermal Sensitization (MP)	Data is required if repealed contact with human skin is expected. Glyphosate is not used in a manner where such contact is likely.
8	i1-7	Acute Delayed Neuroloxicity - Hen (TGAI)	Not required unless test material is an organophosphate, or a metabolite or degradation product which causes acetyl cholinesterase depression, or is structurally related to a substance that causes delayed neurotoxicity. Glyphosale does not trigger this.
. 6	12-3	90-Day Dermal (TGAI)	Data are needed if product used for purposeful dermal application to, or prolonged exposure of, human skin; or if pesticidal use will result in comparable exposure (e.g., swimming pool) or if other study criteria are met. Glyphosate does not trigger this
. 8) 2-4	90-Day Inhalation - Rat (TGAI)	Data is required if the use may result in repeated inhalation exposure at a concentration likely to be toxic. The use pattern for glyphosate does not warrant this testing.
. 8	2-5	90-Day Neurotoxicity - Hen (TGAI)	Data is required if acute delayed neurotoxicity test showed neuropathy or neurotoxicity, or if closely related structurally to a compound which can induce these effects. Glyphosate does not cause acute neurotoxicity.
8	2-5	90-Day Neurotoxicity - Mammat (TGAI)	Data is required if acute oral, dermal or inhalation studies showed neuropathy or neurotoxicity. Glyphosate does not trigger this testing.
	-		Required on a case-by-case basis. The known properties of glyphosate and the registered uses do not warrant this testing.
	APPENDIX 5 40 CFR 158 34 6 40 CFR 158 34 8	40 CFR 158 15 • 190 63-6 63-18 63-19 63-19 63-21 40 CFR 158 340 81-3 81-6 81-7 82-3 / 82-4 82-5	APPENDIX 6 EXPLANATION OF DATA NOT REQUIRED TO SUPPO. 40 CFR 158 15 190 PRODUCT CHEMISTRY 63-6 Boiling Point (TGAI) 63-18 Viscosity (MP) 63-19 Miscibility (MP) 63-19 Miscibility (EP) 63-21 Dielectric Breakdown Voltage (EP) 40 CFR 158.340 TOXICOLOGY 81-3 Inhalation LC50 - Rat (MP & TGAI) 81-6 Dermal Sensitization (MP) 81-7 Acute Delayed Neuroloxicity - Hen (TGAI) 82-3 90-Day Dermal (TGAI) 82-4 90-Day Inhalation - Rat (TGAI) 82-5 90-Day Neuroloxicity - Hen (TGAI) 82-5 90-Day Neuroloxicity - Hen (TGAI) 82-5 90-Day Neuroloxicity - Mammal (TGAI) 82-5 90-Day Neuroloxicity - Mammal (TGAI) 82-5 90-Day Neuroloxicity - Mammal (TGAI)

المعادلة الم	No.	Study Name	EXPLANATION
APPENDIX	Œ	EXPLANATION OF DATA NOT REQUIRED TO SUPPO	NOT DEGISTRATION
AN LENDIA	'	EARLANATION OF DATA NOT REGAINED TO SUFFE	
	71-3	Wild Mammal Toxicity (TGAI)	Tests are required on a case-by-case basis depending on the results of lower tier studies such as acute and subacute testing, intended use pattern, and pertinent environmental properties. Results from other glyphosate studies have not triggered this.
	71-5	Simulated and Actual Field Testing	Data are required on a case-by-case basis depending on the results of lower tier studies such as acute and subacute Mammats and Birds (TEP) testing, intended use pattern, and environmental properties. Results from other glyphosate studies do not trigger.
		,	
,	72-7	Simulated or Actual Field Testing - Aquatic Organisms (TEP)	Results of tier one and tier two studies with Roundup and glyphosate demonstrate that these materials have a low level of toxicity to aquatic species. Results from other studies have not triggered this requirement.
40 CFR 158	1,540	PLANT PROTECTION	
	121-1	Target Area Phylotoxicity (TEP)	Data are required only for Special Review and certain public health situations.
	123-1	Tier II Seed Germination / Seedling Emergence (TGAI)	Required if >25% detrimental effect in one or more plant species was found in the corresponding Tier I test. Glyphosale does not trigger this requirement.
	124-1	Tier ill Terrestrial Field (TEP)	Required if >25% detrimental effect in one or more plant species was found in the corresponding Tier It test. Glyphosate does not trigger this requirement.
	124-2	Tier III Aquatic Field (TEP)	Required if >50% detrimental effect on any plant species was found in the corresponding Tier II test. Glyphosate does not trigger this requirement.
40 CFR 158	3.590	NONTARGET INSECT	
anterioren errorane	141-2	Honeybee - Toxicity of Residues on Foliage (TEP)	As data from acute study indicate very low toxicity, no further testing is required.
	151-5	Field Testing for Pollinators (TEP)	As data from acute study indicate very low toxicity, no further testing is required.
40 CFR 158	3.390	REENTRY PROTECTION	
			Glyphosate is applied to undesirable grass and broadleaf weeds to control or otherwise mitigate their growth or compelition with crops, turf or ornamentals. It is unlikely that people would contact such treated
	132-1 th	rough 133-4	vegetation on a regular or extended basis.
40 CFR 150	3,290	ENVIRONMENTAL FATE	
	161-4	Photodegradation in Air (TGAI or PAIRA)	Waived by the Agency on May 15, 1992.
	162-2	Anaerobic Soil (TGAI or PAIRA)	Not required if anaerobic aquatic metabolism study has been conducted.
	163-2	Volatility - Lab (TEP)	Waived by the Agency on May 15, 1992.
	163-3	Volaülity - Field (TEP)	Waived by the Agency on May 15, 1992.

EPA Reg. Nos. 524-421 / -LGE / -xxx

	No.	Study Name	<u> </u>	EXPLANATION
APPENDIX E		EXPLANATION OF DATA	NOT REQUIRED TO SUPPO	REGISTRATION The Agency has not requested any specific studies. However, glyphosate tank mix residue data are
	164-4	Combination and Tank Mixes		available under the 40 CFR 158.240 Residue Data section of this data package.
40 CFR 158.2		Soil Dissipation, Long-Term (T RESIDUE CHEMISTR		Required if pesticide residues do not dissipate readily in soil. Glyphosate has a sufficiently short half-life in soil that this study has not been required.
	171-4	Food Handling (EP)		Data on residues in food or feed in food handling establishments are required whenever a pesticide is to be used in food/feed handling establishments. Glyphosate end-use products are not used in such establishments.
	171-5	Reduction of Residue		Reduction of residue is required when the assumption of tolerance level residues results in an unsafe level of exposure. The registered uses of glyphosate do not trigger this requirement.





UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

MAR 2 1 2002

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mr. Stephen J. Wratten Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, NW, Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005

Dear Mr. Wratten:

Subject: MON 78270 Herbicide EPA File Symbol 524-LGT

Your Letters Dated September 5, 2001 and January 21, 2002

The scientific review and evaluation of the information submitted in support of the above product have been completed. This product is not acceptable for registration at this time. The following are a summary of conclusions and/or comments. Copies of reviews are enclosed for your records.

- 1. The product chemistry data submitted corresponding to guideline reference 830 Series Subgroup A and Subgroup B (Physical/ Chemical properties) satisfy the data requirements of 40 CFR 158.150 to 158.190 are acceptable, except for the one-year storage stability (830.6317), corrosion characteristics (830.6320), and the CSF for the basic formulation.
- 2. The CSF dated 9/5/01 is not acceptable for the following reasons:
- b. The names of the inert ingredients are not included in the proper column (#10) of the CSF. The names of all ingredients used in the formulation must be inserted into column #10 of the CSF. Column #11 is only for Suppliers name and address.
- c. Three inert ingredients so not appear to be cleared by the Agency. In the data submitted for these inert ingredients, the chemical names do not match with the CAS number provided. Additional information is needed. Refer to confidential appendix of the enclosed product chemistry review for details.
- 3. Submission of the one year storage stability (830.6317) and corrosion characteristics (830.6320) studies will be required as a condition of registration.
- 4. Comment 2a was addressed by the revised CSFs dated 1/21/02. A revised CSF must be submitted addressing comments 2b and 2c, prior to registration.



- 5. The acute toxicology data submitted are acceptable and place this product in toxicity category III for acute inhalation, primary eye irritation, and primary skin irritation and category IV for acute oral and acute dermal toxicity. This product is not a dermal sensitizer. The 30% dilution primary skin irritation study is acceptable.
- 6. Under the Personnel Protective Equipment on both pages 6 and 87, delete the following statement.
- -Applicators, when handling a spray solution whose concentration is 30% of this product or less, must wear the above PPE, except that gloves are required during application.--
- 7. This product requires Child Resistant Packaging since the acute inhalation LC₅₀ for both male and female rats is between 0.77 mg/L and 2.21 mg/L (observed) and there are residential uses on the label. Submit a certification statement certifying that this product is packaged in child resistant packaging.

Further action will await resolvement of above comments, registration of EPA Registration No. 524-LGE, and inclusion of the potassium salt into the glyphosate tolerance expression.

Sincerely,

James A. Tompkins
Product Manager 25
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505C)

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MONSANTO COMPANY
600 13TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 660
WASHINGTON, O.C. 20005
PHONE (202) 783-2460
FAX (202) 783-2468
http://www.monsanto.com

January 11, 2002

Document Processing Center (AMEND)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

MON 78270 Herbicide (EPA File Symbol 524-LGT)

Amended Label Text for Review

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

Monsanto has filed an application dated 5-Sep-2001 to register the new herbicide product named above, based on the potassium salt of glyphosate as the active ingredient. On 12-Dec-2001, Monsanto met with the Agency to discuss certain issues in advance of the final review process for this and several other pending potassium glyphosate formulations. EPA offered several suggestions pertaining to formatting and text preferences in labels. Monsanto now submits a modified version of the MON 78270 herbicide label incorporating those changes. One MARKED and three UNMARKED copies are provided. We request that this newer label be reviewed for approval in place of the version submitted with the original application.

Minor inconsequential changes between the present and the original versions concerning formatting, grammar, spelling improvements are not highlighted. Only changes that could have material impact on the Directions for Use are identified in the MARKED copy. None of these involve differences in application rates, timing, or use sites.

The chief changes are the following:

Deletion of the words "hot line number" from the First Aid box in Section I.3.1 and III.3.1.
 Monsanto health and safety staff felt that this was an inappropriate identifier, since the phone number provided goes first to Monsanto Security or Customer Response, who then refer exposure calls to a poison control center; this was not viewed as a true "hot line" system.

- Modification of the glove statement in the PPE Sections and Agricultural Use boxes of both main labels to refer to EPA Category A and an 8-mil thickness, as we discussed on 12-Dec.
- Deletion of the toxicology, volatility, and environmental fate information from General Information Section 1.5.0 and III.5.0, as EPA has specified in recent reviews of other labels.
- Inclusion of a cross reference chart in Section I.6.0 of the crop label to aid users in understanding the relative volumes of MON 78270 herbicide for an equal acid equivalent rate compared to products about which they are familiar. A similar chart was judged favorably by users when Roundup UltraMAX was introduced, and Monsanto believes it helps remind users to use lower product volumes when mixing spray solutions.
- Include a reference to both state and county-specific labeling (ie, Fresno County) on page 13 of 120 at the request of CDPR.
- Remove California reminder statement on tank mix partners at several locations. CDPR now believes the overarching statement on page 2 of 120 is sufficient.
- Add advisory language (p. 26 of 120) concerning the potential for weed control antagonism when tank mixtures burn foliage before glyphosate can be adsorbed.
- Add increased cautionary language (p. 28 30 of 120) for growers of vegetable crops who use selective equipment or plastic mulch in order to help prevent crop injury.
- Although not MARKED, the water gallonage column in Section I.15.0 was deleted in favor of the single 3rd paragraph sentence; nearly all tabular entries had previously recommended 3 - 40 gallons, so the same information could be communicated more simply as shown.
- Rename the co-herbicide in Section II.D (Supplemental label for Tank Mixing) to "Aim" rather than "MON 46598". This label was initially used in a market test, and is now considered fully commercialized; the composition of the partner product remains the same but now we wish to use the commercial brand name.
- Reformat the crop aerial restrictions in Section II.F pertaining to maximum rate limitations in California into tabular form. These limits are to reduce drift potential, and are crop specific.
- Include Sections II.O and II.P, thereby adding via Supplemental Labeling the opportunity to permit surfactant tank mix additions at high gallonage and low use rates when surfactant from the product will be very dilute. These labels will be considered "otherwise directed" in reference to the surfactant statement in Section 1.5.0, paragraph 2.

Monsanto appreciates the opportunity to make these label revision now before approval, so that production of final printed labeling can be streamlined when approval occurs this spring.

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202-383-2878) or by direct phone (314-694-1582), fax (314-694-4028), or electronic mail at stephen.j.wratten@monsanto.com.

Sincerely.

Stephen J. Wratten

Manager, Registrations

M. C. Gray cc:

MON 78270 Amend.doc



United States			70-0060	
Environmental Protection Ag Washington, DC 20450	эпсу	Registra X Amenda Other		OPP Identifier Number 287932
Application for	Pesticide - Secti	ion I		<u> </u>
1. Company/Product Number 524-LGT	2. EPA Product Mana Mr. James T	-	3. Pr	oposed Classification
A. Company/Product (Name) MON 78270 Herbicide	PM# 25		X	None Restricted
Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W., Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005 Check if this is a new address	(b)(i), my.product is to: EPA Reg. No	similar or ident		FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) mposition and labeling
	Product Name		•	·
Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated	Agency lette "Me Too" Aj Other - Explainment II.)	pplication.		
Sei	tion - III			
Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:				
Yes Yes No. per If "Yes" No. per If "Y	Yes No No. per container	2. Type of	Container Metal Plestic Glass Peper Other (S	pacify)
3. Location of Nat Contents Information 4. Size(s) Retail Cont	ine <i>t</i>	5. Location of Lab On Label		ns panying product
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product Lithograph Paper glued Stenciled	Other			
Sec	tion - IV			···
1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of ind	vidual to be contacted, i	f necessary, to pri	ocess this	application.)
Name Dr. Marsha Gray Re	gistration Mana	ger	•	No. (Include Area Code)
				8, Date Application

5. Date

Stephen J. Wratten, Ph.D.

January 11, 2002

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE and INSTRUCTIONS

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.85 hour per response, including time for reviewing instructions; searching existing data sources, gethering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send completing the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch, (2136), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, Washington, DC 20460.

INSTRUCTIONS: This form is to be used for all applications for new registration, and use reregistration, amendment, resubmission, to applications for notifications, final printed labeling, reregistration, etc. In order to process an application for a new registration submitted on this form, the following material must accompany the application:

- 1. Certification with Respect to Citation of Data (EPA Form 8570-29). [If not exempted by 40 CFR 152.81 (b) (4)];
- 2. Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4);
- 3. Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA Form 8570-27);
- 4. Five copies of draft labeling;
- 5. Three copies of any date submitted;
- 6. Authorization letter where applicable;
- 7. Matrices where applicable.

Submission of Labeling - Labeling should first be submitted in the form of draft labels with all applications for new registration. Such draft labels may be in the form of typed label text on 8.5 x 11 inch paper for submission or a mockup of the proposed label. If prepared for mockup, it should be constructed in a way as to facilitate storage in an 8.5 x 11 inch file. Mockup labels significantly smaller than 8.5 x 11 inches should be mounted on x 11 inch paper for submission.

Submission of Data - Data submitted in support of this application must be submitted in accordance with PR Notice 86-5.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the instructions listed below before completing this application. First determine the type of registration action, listed in Block A, for which you are submitting this application. For applications submitted in connection with New Registration actions, Sections 1, 111, and IV must be completed by the applicant. For applications submitted in connection with amended reregistration actions, resubmissions, notifications, reregistrations, etc., Sections 1, 11, and IV must be completed by the applicant.

Block A - Check the appropriate action for which you are submitting this form.

SECTION I - This section must be completed, as applicable, for all registration actions.

- Company/Product Number Insert your Company Number, if one has been assigned by EPA. This number may have been assigned to you as a
 basic registrant, a distributor, or as an establishment. If your product is registered, insert the Product Number.
- 2. EPA Product Manager If known, fill in the name and PM number of the EPA Product Manager.
- 3. Proposed Classification Specify the proposed classification of this product.
- 4. Product Name Enter the complete product name of this pesticide as it will appear on the label. The name must be specific to this product only. Duplication of names is not parmitted among products of the same company. Do not include any brand name or company line designations.
- 5. Name and Address of Applicant The name of the firm or person and address shown in your application is the person or firm to whom the registration will be issued. If you are acting in behalf of another party, you must submit authorization from that party to act for them in registration matters. An applicant not residing in the United States must have an authorized agent residing in the United States to act for them in all registration matters. The name and complete mailing address of such an agent must accompany this application.
- Expedited Review FIFRA section 3 (c) 3 (B) provides for expedited review of applications for registration, or amendments to existing registrations, that are similar or identical to other posticide products that are currently registered with the EPA. In order for your application to be eligible for expedited review, you must provide us with the EPA Registration Number and product name of the product you believe is similar to or identical to your product. The product must be similar or identical in both formulation and labeled uses.

<u>SECTION II</u> - This section must be completed for all applications submitted to amend the registration only of a currently registered product (Amendment), for a resubmission in response to an Agency latter, for notifications to the Agency, for the submission of final printed labeling, for reregistration and for any other action that partains to a <u>specific EPA-registered product</u>. This section is <u>not to be</u> used for a new application for registration.

1. Subject of submission - Check the applicable block and provide the Agency letter date if appropriate. Provide a brief explanation of the purpose(s) for the submission, such as "the addition of a site, past or crop (specify)"; "amend the Confidential Statement of Formula by..."; "reregistration submission"; "general label revision of use directions." Attach a separate page if additional space is needed;

SECTION III (Packaging and Container Information) - This Section must be completed for all applications submitted in connection with new registration or applicable amendments.

- Type of Packaging Check the appropriate block if your product will be packaged in the indicated packaging types.
 Indicate the size of the individual packets and number per retail container.
- 2. Type of Retail Container Indicate type of container in which product will be marketed.
- 3. Location of Net Contents Indicate the location of the net contents information for your product.
- 4. Size(s) of Retail Container Specify the net contents of all retail containers for your product.
- 5. Location of Use Directions Indicate the location of the use directions for your product,
- 6. Manner in which label is affixed to product Indicated the method product label is attached to retail container.

SECTION IV (Contact Point) - This Section must be completed for all applications for Registration actions, i.e., new products registration, resubmission, "me-too," reregistration, etc.

1-5. Self-explanatory.

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6. EPA Use Only.

MONSANTO COMPANY
600 13TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 660
WASHINGTON, O.C. 20005
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FAX (202) 783-2468
http://www.monsanto.com

Jan. 21, 2002

Document Processing Center (AMEND)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C)
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

CSF mit acquite

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins

Team Leader (25)

Subject:

MON 78270 Herbicide (EPA File Symbol 524-LGT)

Amended Confidential Statements of Formula

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

At our meeting on 12-Dec-2001, the Agency provided Monsanto with further direction on structuring CSF entries for minor ingredients that may or may not always be included in a product. Specifically, we learned that a Lower Certified Limit (LCL) was not as acceptable as establishing alternate versions of that CSF with and without the ingredient.

I have implemented that direction on the enclosed CSFs related to our pending registration for the above-mentioned End Use Product containing potassium glyphosate. I enclose two copies each of one basic and one alternate CSF for Agency review and approval. These CSFs contain the same ingredients in the same levels as requested in our original Sept-2001 product application file, and differ only by proposing two versions, one with and one without two specific minor components. I emphasize that the testing associated with the product application was conducted with these components present as in the Basic version, so their removal in the Alternate version should not be cause for

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Mr. Tompkins Page 2 21-Jan-2002

concern. Through this action, Monsanto seeks to ensure against any last minute difficulties that could delay the final approval.

Note that both CSFs still list LCLs for an unintentional contaminant that could be present occasionally at low levels but ordinarily would be absent.

When approved, the enclosed basic and alternate CSFs will supercede the earlier proposal submitted with the original product application.

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202-383-2878) or by direct phone (314-694-1582), fax (314-694-4028), or electronic mail at stephen.j.wratten@monsanto.com.

Sincerely,

Stephen J. Wratten

Manager, Registrations

cc: M. C. Gray

MON 78270 Revised CSFs.doc

Please read instructions on reverse before completing form.	Form Approved, OMB No. 2070-0060
United States Environmental Protection Washington, DC 204	Registration OPP Identifier Number Amendment 227236
Application	on for Pesticide - Section I
1. Company/Product Number. 524-LGT	2. EPA Product Manager Mr. James Tompkins
4. Company/Product (Name) MON 78270 Herbicide	PM# X None Restricted
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W., Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005	6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No.
Check if this is a new address	Product Name
	Section - II
Amendment - Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated Notification - Explain below.	Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated "Me Too" Application. Other - Explain below.
Amended Confidential Statement of Form	Section - III
1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:	
Child-Resistent Peckeging Yes* No No No No No No, per Certification must be submitted Unit Packaging Yes No. per Container	Water Soluble Packaging Yes No If "Yes" Package wgt No. per Package wgt Other (Specify)
3. Location of Net Contents Information 4. Size(s) Re	tail Container 5. Location of Label Directions On Label On Labeling accompanying product
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product Lithog Paper Stence	gluad
	Section - IV
1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification	on of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this explication.)
Name Dr. Marsha Gray	Title Registration Manager Telaphone No. (Include Area Code) (202) 783-2460
Certifical formula to the statements in the made on this form and fracknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading state both under applicable law.	l all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. Received

4. Typed Name Stephen J. Wratten, Ph.D.

Manager, Registrations

January 21, 2002

5. Dete

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE and INSTRUCTIONS

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.85 hour persponse, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and riewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including ggestions for reducing this burden, to Chief, Information Policy Branch; (2136), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW, ashington, DC 20460.

STRUCTIONS: This form is to be used for all applications for new registration, end use reregistration, amendment, resubmission, to applications notifications, final printed labeling, reregistration, etc. In order to process an application for a new registration submitted on this form, the lowing material must accompany the application:

- 1. Certification with Respect to Citation of Data (EPA Form 8570-29). [if not exempted by 40 CFR 152.81 (b) (4)];
 - 2 Confidential Statement of Formula (EPA Form 8570-4):
 - 3. Formulator's Exemption Statement (EPA Form 8570-27);
 - 4. Five copies of draft labeling;
 - 5. Three copies of any data submitted;
- 6. Authorization letter where applicable;
- Matrices where applicable.

ibmission of Labeling - Labeling should first be submitted in the form of draft labels with all applications for new registration. Such draft labels may be the form of typed label text on 8.5 x 11 inch paper for submission or a mockup of the proposed label. If prepared for mockup, it should be instructed in a way as to facilitate storage in an 8.5 x 11 inch file. Mockup labels significantly smaller than 8.5 x 11 inches should be mounted on a first inch paper for submission.

Ibmission of Data - Data submitted in support of this application must be submitted in accordance with PR Notice 86-5.

PECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the instructions listed below before completing this application. First determine the type of registration tion, listed in Block A; for which you are submitting this application. For applications submitted in connection with New Registration actions, Sections III, and IV must be completed by the applicant. For applications submitted in connection with amended reregistration actions, resubmissions, diffications, reregistrations, etc., Sections I, II, and IV must be completed by the applicant.

ECTION I - This section must be completed, as applicable, for all registration actions.

Company/Product Number - Insert your Company Number, if one has been assigned by EPA. This number may have been assigned to you as a basic registrant, a distributor, or as an establishment. If your product is registered, insert the Product Number.

EPA Product Manager - If known, fill in the name and PM number of the EPA Product Manager.

Proposed Classification - Specify the proposed classification of this product.

Product Name - Enter the complete product name of this pesticide as it will appear on the label. The name must be specific to this product only. Duplication of names is not permitted among products of the same company. Do not include any brand name or company line designations.

Name and Address of Applicant - The name of the firm or person end address shown in your application is the person or firm to whom the registration will be issued. If you are acting in behalf of another party, you must submit authorization from that party to act for them in registration matters. An applicant not residing in the United States must have an authorized agent residing in the United States to act for them in all registration matters. The name and complete mailing address of such an agent must accompany this application.

Expedited Review - FIFRA section 3 (c) 3 (8) provides for expedited review of applications for registration, or amendments to existing registrations; that are similar or identical to other pesticide products that are currently registered with the EPA. In order for your application to be eligible for expedited review, you must provide us with the EPA Registration Number and product name of the product you believe is similar to or identical to your product. The product must be similar or identical in both formulation and labeled uses.

ECTION II - This section must be completed for all applications submitted to amend the registration only of a currently registered product Amendmentl, for a resubmission in response to an Agency letter, for notifications to the Agency, for the submission of final printed labeling, for pregistration and for any other action that pertains to a specific EPA-registered product. This section is not to be used for a new application for registration.

Subject of submission - Check the applicable block and provide the Agency letter date if appropriate. Provide a brief explanation of the purpose(s) for the submission, such as "the addition of a site, past or crop (specify)"; "amend the Confidential Statement of Formula by..."; "reregistration submission"; "additional space is needed.

ECTION III (Packaging and Container Information) - This Section must be completed for all applications submitted in connection with new gistration or applicable emendments.

- Type of Packaging Check the appropriate block if your product will be packaged in the indicated packaging types.
- Edicate the size of the individual packets and number per retail container.
- Type of Setall Containor Indicate type of container in which product will be marketed.
- Constian of Net Contents Indicate the location of the net contents information for your product.
- Size (5) of Retail Container Specify the net contents of all retail containers for your product.
- Location of Use Directions Indicate the location of the use directions for your product.
- . Manner in which label is affixed to product Indicated the method product label is attached to retail container.

ECTION IV (Contact Point) - This Section must be completed for all applications for Registration actions, i.e., new products registration, submission, *me-≀oo, ruregistration, etc.

Self-explanatory.
 EPA Use Only.

SUBJECT: PRODUCT CHEMISTRY REVIEW OF MP [] EP [X]

DP BARCODE No.: D278541 REG./File Symbol No.: 524-LGT

Monates

PRODUCT NAME: MON 78270 Herbicide

FROM: Shyam Mathur, Chemist

Product Chemistry Team

Technical Review Branch/RD (7505C)

TO: J

Jim Tompkins, PM 25

Herbicide Branch/RD(7505C)

INTRODUCTION:

The registrant has submitted product chemistry data to support the registration of the subject end-use product. The product chemistry data were submitted under MRID No. 455038-01. The source of the AI MON 78623 58% Technical solution (EPA File Symbol No. 524-LGE, Glyphosate K salt) is under process of registration with the Agency. The registrant has also indicated the presence of N-Nitroso-glyphosate (NNG) with upper limit of 1 ppm.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

- 1. The subject product contains MON 78623 58% Technical solution (EPA File Symbol No. 524-LGE, Glyphosate Potassium salt 58%) as the active ingredient with product label claim of 48.8%.
- 2. The CSF for the basic formulation(dated 09-05-01) is filled out correctly and completely. It is in compliance with PR Notice 91-2 and agree with the label claim nominal concentration. However the submitted corresponding the guideline reference to 830.1550 (Product Identity) and 830.1750 (Certified limits) do not data requirements of 40CFR§158.155 and 158.175 the respectively, since the registrant has proposed values for the lower certified limits for two inert ingredients. The intentionally added inert ingredients can not have lower certified limits.
- 3. The data submitted corresponding to the guideline reference 830.1650 (Description of formulation process) and 830.1670 (Discussion on the formation of impurities) satisfy the data requirements of 40CFR158.165 and 158.167 respectively.
- 4. The data submitted corresponding to guideline reference 830.1700 (Preliminary analysis) satisfy the data requirements of 40CFR §158.170.
- 5. The data submitted corresponding to the guideline reference 830.1800(Enforcement of analytical method)satisfy the data requirements of 40CFR§158.180.

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SUBJECT: PRODUCT CHEMISTRY REVIEW OF MP [] EP [X]

DP BARCODE No.: D278541 REG./File Symbol No.: 524-LGT

PRODUCT NAME: MON 78270 Herbicide

6. The data submitted corresponding to guideline reference color (830.6302), odor (830.6304), Physical state(830.6303), density (830.7300), pH (830.7000), Oxidation/Reduction (830.6314), Flammability (830.6315), Explodability (830.6316), Viscosity (830.7100), Miscibility(830.6319), and Dielectric breakdown voltage (830.6321) satisfy the data requirements of 40CFR§158.190

7. The registrant has stated that one year storage stability (830.6317) and corrosion characteristics (830.6320) under warehouse conditions and stored in commercial packaging will be initiated.

CONCLUSIONS:

The TRB has reviewed the product chemistry data submitted for the subject end-use product and has concluded that:

- 1. The product chemistry data submitted corresponding to guideline reference 830 Series Subgroup A and Subgroup B (Physical/Chemical properties) satisfy the data requirements of 40CFR§158.150 to 158.190 and are acceptable, except for one year storage stability (830.6317), corrosion characteristics(830.6320), and CSF for basic formulation.
- 2. The CSF for basic formulation (dated 09-05-01) is filled out completely and is in compliance with PR Notice 91-2. The nominal concentration of the AI concurs with the product label claim. The CSF for basic formulation is not acceptable for following reasons:
- (A). The registrant has proposed values for lower certified limits in cases of two intentionally added inert ingredients. The intentionally added inert ingredients can not have LCL.
- (B). The names of the inert ingredients are not included in the proper column(#10) of the CSF. The registrant must insert the names of all the ingredients used in the formulation in the Column # 10 of the CSF. The Column # 11 is only for Suppliers name & Address for all the ingredients. Put address for all the ingredients.
- (C). Three inert ingredients used in the formulation are not cleared by the Agency. The registrant must provide chemical composition of these ingredients which must include the chemical names, CAS numbers and percentages of each component of these inert ingredients. For the names of uncleared inert ingredients, please refer to Confidential Appendix. Notable of Mail 02

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PRODUCT CHEMISTRY REVIEW OF MP [] EP [X]

DP BARCODE No.: D278541 REG./File Symbol No.: 524-LGT

PRODUCT NAME: MON 78270 Herbicide

- 3. The results of one year storage stability (830.6317) and corrosion characteristics (830.6320) studies must be submitted to the Agency on completion.
- 4. The registration of the end-use product MON 78270 Herbicide is subject to the approval and registration of the source of the active ingredient, MON 78623 58% Technical solution (File Symbol No. 524-LGE) by the Agency.

	OUCT CHEMISTRY REVIEW OF MP [] EP [X]
	ARCODE No.: D278541 REG./File Symbol No.: 524-LGT
PROD	UCT NAME: MON 78270 Herbicide
DATE	: 01-14-02
1.	Reviewer: S.B. Mathur 2. Company: Monsanto Technology LLC
3.	Type of Submission: Registration [X] Reregistration [New [X] Resubmission [X] Amendment [] "ME-TOO" [Alternate Formulation [] Experimental Use Permit [Other (Specify)
4.	If "Me-TOO" Registration, this product is [] is not [] similar or substantially similar to EPA's Reg. No.:
	If not, comment in Confidential Appendix A on the differences between the registered and the new source where significant
CONF	IDENTIAL STATEMENT OF FORMULA
5.	Type of formulation and the sources of active ingredients: • Non-integrated formulation system
6.	• Integrated formulation system
	Formulation intended for food use under 40CFR§180.1001: • yes [X] • no [] • Some are cleared, others are not [] Cleared under list: • c[] • d[X] • e [] Are there any limitations for use as an inert under 40CFR§180. 1001? • yes [] • no [], If yes, specify
6 (b)	Formulation intended for non-food use: • yes [] • no [X] • Some are cleared, others are not []
6 (c)	Clearance by the FDA of certain formulations under 21CFR§170 to 199. Examples: (a) indirect food additives, such as food contact surface sanitizers; adhesives, coatings, paper and paperboard products that may contact food in packaging or holding; and (b) substances generally recognized as safe (GRAS).
	• yes [] • no [] • Some are cleared, others are not [] If yes, the entire formulation is cleared under 21CFR§

- 7. The density, pH, and flammability values given on the CSF are identical with those of GRN 830.7300(density), 830.7000(pH), and 830.6315(Flammability), respectively:

 yes [X]
 no []
- 8. The nominal concentrations (NC) of the active ingredients and the upper and lower certified limits (UCL & LCL) are as follows:

	······································	<u>by weight</u>		
Active ingredient(s))	NC NC	UCL LCL	
MON 78623 Tech Solun (58%)	524-LGE	84.16 (48.8)	(50.3) (47.3)	

9. The calculated NCs, based on the pure active ingredients (PAI), are identical to those on the label:

ves [X]
no []

PRODUCT LABEL

- 11. The chemical names of the active ingredients on the label are identical to those on the CSF: yes [X] no []
- 12. The appropriate physical and chemical hazards statement regarding flammability or explosive characteristics of the product are given on the label:

 yes []
 no []
 not applicable [X]
- 13. The storage and disposal instructions for the pesticide and container are in compliance with PR Notice 84-1 for household use products or PR Notice 83-3 for all other uses:

 yes [X]
 no []

PRODUCT CHEMISTRY DATA (SERIES 830 Subgroup A & Subgroup B)

14. <u>Chemical IDs/Manufacture/</u> <u>Analytical Information</u> New Guideline:830	Data Required Fulfilled	MRID No.
1550. Chemical Identity(CSF)	U	09-05-01
1600. Beginning Materials 1650. Formulation Process	Y Y	455048-01
1670. Discussion of Impurities	Y	н п
1700. Preliminary Analysis	Y	п
1750. Certified Limits(CSF)	U	09-05-01
1800. Enforcmnt. of Anal Method	Y	455048-01 HPLC with UV

15. Physical/Chemical Properties New Guideline No. 830	Data Required Fulfilled	Value or Qualitat. Descrip.	MRID No.
6303. Physical State	Y	Liquid	455048-01
7300. Density/Bulk Den.	Y	11.31 lbs/g	14 44
7000. pH	Y	4.79	п п
6314. Oxid/Red Action	Y	See Note 1	,, ,,
6315. FlammFlsh Pt.	Y	>200°F	++ ++
6315. Flame Exten.	NA .		t) II
6316. Explodability	Y	Not explosive	11 rr
6317. Storage Stablty.	PR 92-5	I	II 11
7100. Viscosity	Y	See Note 2	пн
6319. Miscibility	NA		" "
6320. Corrosion Charac	I	I	" "
6321. Dielec.Bkd.Vltg	NA		11 11

Exptanations: Y = The Requirements Were Fulfitted; N = The Requirements Were Not Fulfitled; NA = Not Applicable; G = Data Gap; U = Requires Upgrading; I = Incomplete or in Progress; W = Waived.

Note 1.830.6314. Oxi/Red.: Oxidized by 1% Pot. Permanganate, Reduced by Zn, No reaction by NH4H2PO4.

Note 2. 830.7100. Viscosity: 20C: (cPs/RPM): 75.7/6; 75.5/12; 76.2/30

40C: (cPs/RPM): 52.3/6; 52.0/12; 51.3/30

Used Brookfield Model DV-II Digital Viscometer

CONFIDENTIAL APPENDIX

PRODUCT CHEMISTRY REVIEW OF MP [] EP [X]

DP BARCODE No.: D278541 REG./File Symbol No.: 524-LGT

PRODUCT NAME: MON 78270 Herbicide

1. Names of the inert ingredients for which LCLs have been proposed:



2. Names of the inert ingredients not cleared by the Agency:



In the data submitted for these inert ingredients, the chemical names do not match with the CAS numbers provided.



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

December 26, 2001

MEMORANDUM

Subject:

MON 78270 Herbicide

EPA Reg. No. 524-LGT DP Barcode: D278542

Case No:071205 PC Code:103613

From:

Tracy Keigwin

Technical Review Branch

Registration Division (7505C)

برداك

To:

Vickie Walters

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505C)

Applicant:

Monsanto Co.

800 N. Lindbergh Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63167

FORMULATION FROM LABEL:

Active Ingredient(s):		<u>% by wt.</u>
Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its potassium salt	·	48.8
Inert Ingredient(s)	· Total:	<u>51.2</u> 100.00

ACTION REQUESTED: PM requests review of acute toxicity data for EPA File Symbol 524-LGT.

BACKGROUND: Monsanto Company has submitted seven acute toxicity studies in support of registration of MON78270, EPA Reg. No. 524-LGT. The studies were assigned the following MRID numbers:

Acute oral toxicity	MRID 45504802
Acute dermal toxicity	MRID 45504803
Acute inhalation toxicity	MRID 45504804
Primary eye irritation	MRID 45504805
Primary skin irritation*	MRID 45504806
Dermal sensitization	MRJD 45504808

^{*}An additional Primary Skin Irritation Study was also submitted utilizing a <u>30% dilution of MON 78270</u>. This was assigned an MRID of 45504807

The studies were conducted at Springborn Laboratories, Inc., Spencerville, Ohio.

RECOMMENDATIONS: The seven studies have been reviewed and are classified as acceptable.

The acute toxicity profile for EPA Reg. No. 524-LGT is as follows:

Acute oral toxicity	. IV	Acceptable	MRID 45504802
Acute dermal toxicity	IV	Acceptable	MRID 45504803
Acute inhalation toxicity	III	Acceptable	MRID 45504804
Primary eye irritation	III	Acceptable	MRID 45504805
Primary skin irritation*	lII	Acceptable	MRID 45504806
Dermal sensitization	No	Acceptable	MRID 45504808

The acute toxicity category for the additional Primary Skin Irritation Study utilizing a 30% dilution of MON 78270 is as follows:

Second Primary Skin Irritation S	tudy		
(30% dilution of MON 78270)	ΙV	Acceptable	MRJD45504807

NOTE TO PM: This product requires <u>Child Resistant Packaging (CRP)</u> since the acute Inhalation LC₅₀ for both male and female rats is between 0.77 mg/L and 2.21 mg/L (observed) and there are residential uses on the label.

LABELING: Based on the toxicity profile above, the following are the precautionary and first aid statements for this product as obtained from the Label Review System.

Label Review System

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals:

CAUTION

Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Handlers must wear:
Long sleeved shirt and pants
Shoes and socks
Chemical resistant gloves (such as nitrile or butyl) gloves

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Wash hands before eating, drinking chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

FIRST AID

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center for treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-xxx-xxxx for emergency medical treatment information.

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DATA EVALUATION RECORD

STUDY TYPE: ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY TESTING (870,1100 formerly §81-1)

Product Manager: 25 Reviewer: Tracy Keigwin

TEST MATERIAL PURITY: 39.6% glyphosate acid (a.e.) [48.5% potassium salt of glyphosate], Lot # - GLP-0101-10834-F/ID - S01.011.3044, Light amber liquid.

<u>CITATION</u>: Bonnette, Kimberly L. (2001) An acute oral toxicity study in rats with MON 78270. Springborn Laboratories, Inc., Spencerville, Ohio. SLI Study Number 3044.835. June 14, 2001. MRID 455048-02. Unpublished

SPONSOR: Monsanto Company, 800 N. Lindbergh Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63141

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: This study assessed the acute oral toxicity of MON 78270 in Sprague Dawley rats when administered as a single oral dose (limit test). Five male and 5 female Sprague-Dawley®SD® rats were used in the study. The males were 9 weeks of age and ranged in weight from 300-334 g. The females were also 9 weeks of age and ranged in weight from 192-234 g. The source for all animals was Harlan Sprague Dawley, Inc. On day "0" of the study a single dose of 5000 mg/kg (dose volume 3.79 ml/kg) of MON78270 was administered by gavage to both sexes. Animals were observed daily and weighed weekly for 14 days post dosing. Animals found dead were also weighed. A gross necropsy examination was performed on all limit test animals at time of death or scheduled euthanasia (day 14).

Oral LD50 in Males is greater than 5000 mg/kg (observed); Oral LD50 in Females is greater than 5000 mg/kg.

MON 78270 is classified as Tox category IV for acute oral toxicity based on the observed LD₃₀ value in both sexes.

One female died on day 2 of the study. Clinical abnormalities which occurred during the study included breathing abnormalities, decreased food consumption, soft/mucoid stools, few/small feces, urine/fecal stain, and dark material around the facial area. Body weight gain was noted for all surviving animals.

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At necropsy the most notable observations occurred in the female that died. These abnormalities included reddened areas of the cecum, abnormal content of the digestive tract and the kidney, depressed discolored areas on the kidney, slight dilated pelvis associated with the left kidney, blackish-purple areas on the spleen, foci on the thymus and calculi present in the urinary bladder. No significant findings were observed in the remaining animals at necropsy on study day 14.

This study is classified as Acceptable (870.1100) and satisfies the guideline requirement for an acute oral study in the rat.

COMPLIANCE: Signed and dated GLP, Quality Assurance and Confidentiality statements were provided.

RESULTS

D(/1-)	Number of Deaths/Number Tested				
Dosage (mg/kg)	Males Females Combined				
5000	0/5	1/5	1/10		

OBSERVATIONS: One female died on day 2 of the study. Clinical abnormalities which occurred during the study included breathing abnormalities, decreased food consumption, soft/mucoid stools, few/small feces, urine/fecal stain, and dark material around the facial area. Body weight gain was noted for all surviving animals.

GROSS NECROPSY: At necropsy the most notable observations occurred in the female that died. These abnormalities included reddened areas of the cecum, abnormal content of the digestive tract and the kidney, depressed discolored areas on the kidney, slight dilated pelvis associated with the left kidney, blackish-purple areas on the spleen, foci on the thymus and calculi present in the urinary bladder. No significant findings were observed in the remaining animals at necropsy on study day 14.

DATA EVALUATION RECORD

STUDY TYPE: ACUTE DERMAL TOXICITY TESTING (870.1200 formerly §81-2)

Product Manager: 25 Reviewer: Tracy Keigwin

TEST MATERIAL PURITY: 39.6% glyphosate acid (a.e.) [48.5% potassium salt of glyphosate], Lot # - GLP-0101-10834-F/ID - S01.011.3044, Light amber liquid.

<u>CITATION:</u> Bonnette, Kimberly L. (2001) An acute dermal toxicity study in rats with MON 78270. Springborn Laboratories, Inc., Spencerville, Ohio. SLI Study Number 3044.837. June 14, 2001. MRID 455048-03. Unpublished

SPONSOR: Monsanto Company, 800 N. Lindbergh Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63141

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: This study assessed the acute dermal toxicity of MON 78270 in Sprague Dawley rats when administered as a single dermal dose (Limit test). Five male and 5 female Sprague-Dawley®SD® rats were used in the study. The males were 10 weeks of age and ranged in weight from 315-354 g. The females were also 10 weeks of age and ranged in weight from 198-225 g. The source for all animals was Harlan Sprague Dawley, Inc. On the day prior to study initiation, fur was removed from approximately 10% of the body surface area (BSA) of the animal. On day "0" the 4 corners of the clipped area were marked with an indelible marker and a single dose of 5000 mg/kg (dose volume 3.79 ml/kg) of the MON 78270 was applied to the skin for 24 hours. A 4-ply porous gauze dressing backed with a plastic wrap held the test article against the skin and binding materials placed over the trunk and test area to secure the substance against the skin and prevent removal or ingestion of the test material by the subject animal. After 24 hours the test article was removed and animals were observed for erythema and edema on day 1 and daily thereafter (days 2-14). General health and mortality checks were performed twice daily (morning and evening). A gross necropsy examination was performed on all selected animals at time of scheduled euthanasia (day 14).

The Dermal LD50 for Males is greater than 5000 mg/kg (observed); Oral LD50 for Females is > 5000 mg/kg (observed)

MON 78270 is classified as Tox category IV for acute dermal toxicity based on the observed LD₅₀ values in both sexes.

No animals died during the study. Clinical abnormalities which occurred during the study included few feces and dark material around the facial area. Dermal irritation was noted at the site of the test material application. A slight body weight loss was noted for 4 of the male animals during the 0 to 7 day interval of the test. All animals exceeded their initial body weight by day 14 (study termination).

There were no significant gross internal findings on study date14.

This study is classified as Acceptable (870.1200) and satisfies the guideline requirement for an acute dermal study in the rat.

COMPLIANCE: Signed and dated GLP, Quality Assurance and (No)Confidentiality statements were provided.

RESULTS

Decease (magling)	Number of Deaths/Number Tested				
Dosage (mg/kg)	Males	Females	Combined		
5000	0/5	0/5	0/10		

OBSERVATIONS: No animals died during the study. Clinical abnormalities which occurred during the study included few feces and dark material around the facial area. Dermal irritation was noted at the site of the test material application. A slight body weight loss was noted for 4 of the male animals during the 0 to 7 day interval of the test. All animals exceeded their initial body weight by day 14 (study termination).

GROSS NECROPSY: There were no significant gross internal findings on study date 14.



DATA EVALUATION RECORD

STUDY TYPE: ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY TESTING (870.1300 formerly §81-3)

Product Manager: 25 Reviewer: Tracy Keigwin

TEST MATERIAL PURITY: 39.6% glyphosate acid (a.e.) [48.5% potassium salt of glyphosate], Lot # - GLP-0101-10834-F/ID - S01.011.3044, Light amber liquid.

<u>CITATION</u>: Bonnette, Kimberly L. (2001) An acute Nose-only inhalation toxicity study in rats with MON 78270. Springborn Laboratories, Inc., Spencerville, Ohio. SLI Study Number 3044.838. June 19, 2001. MRID 455048-04. Unpublished.

SPONSOR: Monsanto Company, 800 N. Lindbergh Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63141

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: This study assessed the acute inhalation toxicity of MON 78270 in Sprague Dawley rats. Test subjects were exposed to four hour nose only inhalation exposures of 0.77 mg/L and 2.21mg/L. Ten male and 10 female Sprague-Dawley®SD® rats were used in the study. The males were 9-11 weeks of age and ranged in weight from 306 - 353 g. The females were 9 - 12 weeks of age and ranged in weight from 211 - 241g. The source for all animals was Harlan Sprague Dawley, Inc. On day "0" selected animals were placed in exposure tubes and the tubes inserted into a Unifab 100L nose-only inhalation chamber. The testing substance was aerosolized to analytical exposure levels of 0.77 mg/L and 2.21 mg/L. Five male and 5 female rats were tested at each exposure level for a period of 4 hours. After exposure, animals were observed daily and weighed weekly. Necropsy examination was performed on the selected animals either at time of death or scheduled euthanasia (day 14).

The acute Inhalation LC₅₀ for both male and females is between 0.77 mg/L and 2.21 mg/L (observed)

MON 78270 is classified as Tox Category III for acute inhalation based on the observed LC₅₀ in both sexes.



At 0.77 mg/L, all animals survived. At 2.21 mg/L, 5 animals died on day 2, 1 on day 4 and 2 on day 11. There were many significant clinical abnormalities noted in the test animals. These abnormalities included urine/fecal stain, wobbly gait, breathing abnormalities (congested breathing, labored breathing, gasping, shallow breathing, rapid or slow breathing), ocular lesions, decreased defecation, hunched posture, apparent hypothermia, dehydration, soft stools, small (in size) feces, rough haircoat, unkempt appearance, decreased activity, dark material around the facial area, dilated pupils, eyelids partially closed, nasal discharge, decreased food consumption and scabbing in nose region. Additionally, there was a body weight loss noted in almost all of the male and female rats at the 0.77 mg/L analytical exposure level and in 2 of the females at the 2.21 analytical exposure level. With the exception of one of the females at the 0.77 mg/L level, surviving animals at least maintained or (in some cases) gained weight by study termination (day 14).

There were significant gross internal findings in the animals that died. These included distended intestine/stomach, dark red lungs and abnormal contents in the digestive tract. There were no significant abnormalities in the surviving animals at necropsy on study day 14.

This study is classified as Acceptable (870.1300) and satisfies the guideline requirement for an acute inhalation study in the rat.

<u>COMPLIANCE</u>: Signed and dated GLP, Quality Assurance and (No)Confidentiality statements were provided

RESULTS

Exposure Concentration (mg/L)	Number of Deaths/Number Tested				
(Analytical Exposure Level)	Males	Females	Combined		
0.77	0/5	0/5	0/10		
2.21	5/5	3/5	8/10		

Death occurred by study day 11

9

Chamber atmosphere

Exposure Concentration (mg/L) (Analytical Exposure Level)	MMAD (μm)	GSD
0.77	2.5	± 1.6
2.21	2.8	± 1.8

Chamber Environment (nose only)

	Analytical Exposure Level (mg/L)		
	0.77	2.21	
Chamber volume (L)	100	. 100	
Mean Airflow Rate (L/min)	23.5 -	27.0	
Temperature (°F)	71-72	72-73	
Relative Humidity (%)	39-44	39-40	

OBSERVATIONS: At 0.77 mg/L, all animals survived. At 2.21 mg/L, 5 animals died on day 2, 1 on day 4 and 2 on day 11. There were many significant clinical abnormalities noted in the test animals. These abnormalities included urine/fecal stain, wobbly gait, breathing abnormalities (congested breathing, labored breathing, gasping, shallow breathing, rapid or slow breathing), ocular lesions, decreased defecation, hunched posture, apparent hypothermia, dehydration, soft stools, small (in size) feces, rough haircoat, unkempt appearance, decreased activity, dark material around the facial area, dilated pupils, eyelids partially closed, nasal discharge, decreased food consumption and scabbing in nose region. Additionally, there was a body weight loss noted in almost all of the male and female rats at the 0.77 mg/L analytical exposure level and in 2 of the females at the 2.21 analytical exposure level. With the exception of one of the females at the 0.77 mg/L level, surviving animals at least maintained or (in some cases) gained weight by study termination (day 14).



GROSS NECROPSY: There were significant gross internal findings in the animals that died. These included distended intestine/stomach, dark red lungs and abnormal contents in the digestive tract. There were no significant abnormalities in the surviving animals at necropsy on study day 14.

1 1



DATA EVALUATION RECORD

STUDY TYPE: PRIMARY EYE IRRITATION STUDY (870.2400 formerly §81-4)

Product Manager: 25 Reviewer: Tracy Keigwin

TEST MATERIAL PURITY: 39.6% glyphosate acid (a.e.) [48.5% potassium salt of glyphosate], Lot # - GLP-0101-10834-F/ID - S01.011.3044, Light amber liquid.

CITATION: Bonnette, Kimberly L. (2001) A Primary Eye Irritation Study in Rabbits With MON 78270. Springborn Laboratories, Inc., Spencerville, Ohio. SLI Study Number 3044.825. June 13, 2001. MRID 455048-05. (Unpublished.

SPONSOR: Monsanto Company, 800 N. Lindbergh Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63141

effects of MON 78270 in the eyes of New Zealand White rabbits. The test was performed on 1 male (age 13 weeks, 2.9 kg) and 2 females (age 13 weeks, 2.9 - 3.2 kg). The source for all animals was Myrtle's Rabbitry, Thompson Station, TN. On day "0" of the study 0.1 mL of the test article was instilled into the conjunctival sac of the right eye of the selected animals. The eyelids were held together for approximately one second in order to limit any loss of the testing. The left eyes of the selected animals were untreated to serve as a control. After the 24 hour observation, the test substance was removed from the eye (when possible) using a saline wash. Test and control eyes were examined for signs of irritation at 1, 24, 48 and 72 hours and up to 10 days after dosing. Animals were observed for health/mortality twice daily (morning and afternoon). Animals were euthanized following their final observation interval. Note that the relative humidity exceeded the preferred range (30-70%) on two occasions during this study, but this did not affect the outcome of the study.

MON78270 is placed in Tox category III since there were signs of corneal involvement or irritation that cleared within 7 days or less.

One out of 3 rabbits tested positive for corneal opacity at 1, 24 and 48 hours. Iritis occurred in 2 of the 3 rabbits at 1 hour, and then 1 out of 3 rabbits at 24 hours. After 24 hours there were no positive observations of iritis. All 3 animals tested positive for conjunctivitis at the 1 hour interval. Two out of 3 test animals continued to test positive for conjunctivitis at 24 hours, resolving by 72 hours.

This study is classified as Acceptable (870.2400) and satisfies the guideline requirement for a primary eye irritation study in the rabbit.

<u>COMPLIANCE</u>: Signed and dated GLP, Quality Assurance and (No)Confidentiality statements were provided.

RESULTS

A summary of the noted effects is listed (below)

	Number "positive"/number tested Hours					
Observations						
	1	24	48	72		
Corneal Opacity	1/3	1/3	1/3	0/3		
Iritis	2/3	1/3	0/3	0/3		
Conjunctivae:						
Redness*	0/3	1/3	1/3	0/3		
Chemosis*	3/3	1/3	0/3	0/3		
Discharge*	0/3	0/3	0/3	0/3		

^{*}Score of 2 or more required to be considered "positive."

OBSERVATIONS: One out of 3 rabbits tested positive for corneal opacity at 1, 24 and 48 hours. Iritis occurred in 2 of the 3 rabbits at 1 hour, and then 1 out of 3 rabbits at 24 hours. After 24 hours there were no positive observations of iritis. All 3 animals tested positive for conjunctivitis at the 1 hour interval. Two out of 3 test animals continued to test positive for conjunctivitis at 24 hours, resolving by 72 hours.

DATA EVALUATION RECORD

STUDY TYPE: PRIMARY DERMAL IRRITATION TESTING (870.2500 formerly §81-2)

Product Manager: 25 Reviewer: Tracy Keigwin

TEST MATERIAL PURITY: 39.6% glyphosate acid (a.e.) [48.5% potassium salt of glyphosate], Lot # - GLP-0101-10834-F/ID - S01.011.3044, Light amber liquid.

CITATION: Bonnette, Kimberly L. (2001) A Primary Skin Irritation Study in Rabbits with MON 78270. Springborn Laboratories, Inc., Spencerville, Ohio. SLI Study Number 3044.839. June 14, 2001. MRID 455048-06. Unpublished

SPONSOR: Monsanto Company, 800 N. Lindbergh Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63141

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: This study assessed the potential for irritating or corrosive effects of MON 78270 in New Zealand White rabbits. Three male rabbits were used in the study ranging in age from 12 - 17 weeks and 2.5 - 2.9 kg. The source for all animals was Myrtle's Rabbitry, Thompson Station, TN. On the day prior to study initiation, fur was removed from the dorsal trunk area of the selected animals with animal clippers. On day "0" 0.5 ml of the test substance was applied to a an area of skin of approximately I" x 1". The test substance was administered underneath a 1" x 1" gauze patch and binding materials placed over the patch to secure the substance against the skin and prevent removal or ingestion of the test material by the subject animal. After a 4 hour period of exposure, all binding materials were removed and the corners of the test site outlined with an indelible marker. Any residual test article was removed via a gauze moistened with deionized water followed by a dry gauze. Following patch removal animals were observed and scored for erythema and edema at 1 hour, 24 hours, 48 hours, 72 hours and up to 14 days after patch removal. Animals were observed for health/mortality twice daily (morning and afternoon).

MON 78270 is classified as Tox Category III based on the presence of moderate irritation at 72 hours

The Primary Dermal Irritation Index (PDII) = 2.17. Very slight to well-defined erythema was noted at all 3 dose sites and very slight edema at 2 of the 3 sites one hour after patch removal. This degree of irritation persisted through 72 hours when 3 out of the 3 sites showed well defined erythema with very slight edema at 2 of the 3 sites. All sites were free of dermal irritation by day 14.

This study is classified as Acceptable (870.2500) and satisfies the guideline requirement for a Primary Dermal Irritation study in the rabbit.

COMPLIANCE: Signed and dated GLP, Quality Assurance and (No)Confidentiality statements were provided.

RESULTS: The Primary Dermal Irritation Index (PDII) = 2.17. A summary of the noted effects is listed (below)

Rabbit	Observations		Hours			Days		
		1	24	48	72	Day 7	Day 10	Day 14
R4812/M_	Erythema	1	2	2	2	1	0	0
	Edema	!	0	0	0	0	0	0.
R4804/M	Erythema	2	1	2	2	2	1	0
	Edema	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
R4244/M	Erythema	2	2	2	2	I	0	0
	Edema	0	0	0	l	0	0	0

OBSERVATIONS: The Primary Dermal Irritation Index (PDII) = 2.17. Very slight to well-defined erythema was noted at all 3 dose sites and very slight edema at 2 of the 3 sites one hour after patch removal. This degree of irritation persisted through 72 hours when 3 out of the 3 sites showed well defined erythema with very slight edema at 2 of the 3 sites. All sites were free of dermal irritation by day 14.

DATA EVALUATION RECORD

STUDY TYPE: PRIMARY DERMAL IRRITATION TESTING (870.2500 formerly §81-2) **NOTE:** This study is a 30% Dilution of MON 78270

Product Manager: 25 Reviewer: Tracy Keigwin

TEST MATERIAL PURITY: 39.6% glyphosate acid (a.e.) [48.5% potassium salt of glyphosate], Lot # - GLP-0101-10834-F/ID - S01.011.3044, Light amber liquid. (MON 78270 prepared as a 30% dilution in deionized water for dosing. Target concentration =30%, Analytical concentration =34.2%)

CITATION: Bonnette, Kimberly L. (2001) A Primary Skin Irritation Study in Rabbits with 30% MON 78270. Springborn Laboratories, Inc., Spencerville, Ohio. SLI Study Number 3044.858. July 27, 2001. MRID 455048-07. Unpublished.

SPONSOR: Monsanto Company, 800 N. Lindbergh Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63141

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: This study assessed the potential for irritating or corrosive effects of a 30% Dilution of MON 78270 in New Zealand White rabbits. New Zealand White rabbits (age 13 weeks, weight 2.6 - 2.9 kg) were used. The source for all animals was Myrtle's Rabbitry, Thompson Station, TN. On the day prior to study initiation, fur was removed from the dorsal trunk area of the selected animals with animal On the day prior to study initiation, fur was removed from the dorsal trunk area of the selected animals with animal clippers. On day "0" 0.5 ml of the test substance was applied to a an area of skin of approximately I" x 1". The test substance was administered underneath a 1" x 1" gauze patch and binding materials placed over the patch to secure the substance against the skin and prevent removal or ingestion of the test material by the subject animal. After a 4 hour period of exposure, all binding materials were removed and the corners of the test site outlined with an indelible marker. Any residual test article was removed via a gauze moistened with deionized water followed by a dry gauze. Following patch removal animals were observed and scored for envthema and edema at 1 hour, 24 hours, 48 hours, 72 hours and up to 14 days after patch removal. Animals were observed for health/mortality twice daily (morning and afternoon).

The 30% dilution of MON 78270 is classified as Tox Category IV based on the presence of no irritation at 72 hours

The Primary Dermal Irritation Index (PDII) = 0.42. Very slight erythema was noted in all 3 animals, in 2 of the 3 for the first hour and in 1 animal through 48 hours. No edema was noted in any of the animals.

This study is classified as Acceptable (870.2500) and satisfies the guideline requirement for a Primary Dermal Irritation study in the rabbit.

COMPLIANCE: Signed and dated GLP, Quality Assurance and Confidentiality statements were provided.

RESULTS: A summary of the noted effects is listed below. The Primary Dermal Irritation Index (PDII) = 0.42. Erythema was noted in all 3 animals, in 2 of the 3 for the first hour and in 1 animal through 48 hours. No edema was noted in any of the animals.

Rabbit	Observations	Hours					
		1	24	48	72		
R0328/M	Erythema	l	0	0	0		
	Edema	0	0	0	0		
R0329/M	Erythema	1	0	0	0	}	
	Edema	0	0	0	0		
R0330/M	Erythema	1	1	1	0		
	Edema	0	Ó	0	0		



DATA EVALUATION RECORD

STUDY TYPE: PRIMARY DERMAL SENSITIZATION TESTING (870.2600 formerly §81-2)

Product Manager: 25 Reviewer: Tracy Keigwin

TEST MATERIAL PURITY: 39.6% glyphosate acid (a.e.) [48.5% potassium salt of glyphosate], Lot # - GLP-0101-10834-F/ID - S01.011.3044, Light amber liquid.

CITATION: Bonnette, Kimberly L. (2001) A Dermal Sensitization Study in Guinea Pigs with MON 78270 (Modified Buehler Design). Springborn Laboratories, Inc., Spencerville, Ohio. SLI Study Number 3044.840. June 13, 2001. MRID 455048-08. Unpublished

SPONSOR: Monsanto Company, 800 N. Lindbergh Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63141

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: This study assessed the dermal sensitization potential of MON 78270 in Hartley-derived albino guinea pigs (Modified Buehler Design). Fifteen male Hartley-derived albino guinea pigs (age 7 weeks, weight 350-426 g) and 15 female Hartley-derived albino guinea pigs (age 8 weeks, weight 318-398) were selected for testing purposes. The source for all animals was Hilltop Lab animals, Inc. Scottdale, PA. This study was divided into 3 "Induction" doses at day 0, 7, and 14 days, followed by a challenge dose at day 28. Ten test animals of each sex were weighed and their left sides shaved with animal clippers the day prior to each induction dose. At each induction a dose of 0.3 mL (100% concentration) of the test substance was applied and allowed to remain for approximately 6 hours. This was repeated once per week for a total of 3 doses. The animals rested for 2 weeks. The day prior to the challenge dose the animals were again weighed and their right side shaved with animal clippers. An additional 5 male animals and 5 female animals were weighed and shaved to serve as a challenge control group. On day 28 of the study chambers were attached to the test and control animals and a dose of 0.3 mL (100% concentration) of MON78270 applied for a 6 hour challenge exposure. Reactions were scored 24 and 48 hours after each induction and after the challenge. Animals were observed for health/mortality twice daily (morning and afternoon). Note that the animal relative humidity range exceeded the preferred range on 3 occasions during the study, however this did not affect the outcome of the study. A positive control study using ∝-Hexylcinnamaldehyde was conducted within six months of the main study to validate the test system.

MON 78270 is classified as a non sensitizer based on the results in this study.

Slight patchy erythema (grade \pm) was observed at 5 of the 20 test animal sites during the induction phase. Following the challenges, no dermal responses were noted in either the test animal group or the naive control group. The results of the \propto -Hexylcinnamaldehyde positive control study were appropriate.

This study is classified as Acceptable (870,2600) and satisfies the guideline requirement for a Primary Dermal Sensitization Study in the guinea pig.

COMPLIANCE: Signed and dated GLP, Quality Assurance and Confidentiality statements were provided.

PROCEDURE: Fifteen male Hartley-derived albino guinea pigs (age 7 weeks, weight 350-426 g) and 15 female Hartley-derived albino guinea pigs (age 8 weeks, weight 318-398) were selected for testing purposes. The source for all animals was Hilltop Lab animals, Inc. Scottdale, PA. This study was divided into 3 "Induction" doses at day 0, 7, and 14 days, followed by a challenge dose at day 28. Ten test animals of each sex were weighed and their left sides shaved with animal clippers the day prior to each induction dose. At each induction a dose of 0.3 mL (100% concentration) of the test substance was applied and allowed to remain for approximately 6 hours. This was repeated once per week for a total of 3 doses. The animals rested for 2 weeks. The day prior to the challenge dose the animals were again weighed and their right side shaved with animal clippers. An additional 5 male animals and 5 female animals were weighed and shaved to serve as a challenge control group. On day 28 of the study chambers were attached to the test and control animals and a dose of 0.3 mL (100% concentration) of MON78270 applied for a 6 hour challenge exposure. Reactions were scored 24 and 48 hours after each induction and after the challenge. Animals were observed for health/mortality twice daily (morning and afternoon). Note that the animal relative humidity range exceeded the preferred range on 3 occasions during the study, however this did not affect the outcome of the study. A positive control study using \alpha-Hexylcinnamaldehyde was conducted within six months of the main study to validate the test system.

RESULTS: Slight patchy erythema (grade \pm) was observed at 5 of the 20 test animal sites during the induction phase. Following the challenges, no dermal responses were noted in either the test animal group or the naive control group. The results of the ∞ -Hexylcinnamaldehyde positive control study were appropriate.

ACUTE TOX ONE-LINERS

1. **DP BARCODE**: D278542

2. PC CODE: 103613

3. CURRENT DATE: 26/DEC/2001

4. TEST MATERIAL: MON 78270 - 39.6% glyphosate acid (a.e.) [48.5% potassium

salt of glyphosate]

Study/Species/Lab Study # /Date	MRID	Results	Tox Cat.	Core Grade
Acute oral toxicity/rat Springborn Laboratories, Inc., 3044 835/June 14, 2001	45504802	LD ₅₀ > 5000 mg/kg (males and females combined)	IV	A
Acute dermal toxicity/rat Springborn Laboratories, Inc., 3044.837/June 14, 2001	45504803	LD ₅₀ > 5000 mg/kg (males and females combined)	IV	A
Acute inhalation toxicity/rat Springborn Laboratories, Inc., 3044.838/June 19, 2001	45504804	LC _{so} > 0.77 mg/L, < 2.21 mg/L (males and females combined)	III	А
Primary eye irritation/rabbit Springborn Laboratories, Inc., 3044.825/June 13, 2001	45504805	Moderate irritant	III	A
Primary dermal irritation/rabbit Springborn Laboratories, Inc., 3044.839/June 14, 2001	45504806	PDII =2.17, Moderate irritant	III	A
Primary dermal irritation 30% Dilution / rabbit Springborn Laboratories, Inc., 3044.858/July 27, 2001	45504807	PDII=0.42, not an irritant	IV	A
Dermal sensitization/guinea pig Springborn Laboratories, Inc., 3044.840/June 13, 2001	45504808	Not a sensitizer	_	A

Core Grade Key: A =Acceptable, S = Supplementary, U = Unacceptable, V = Self Validated



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

MAS 2 1 1002

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mr. Stephen J. Wratten Monsanto Company 600 13th Stréet, NW, Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005

Dear Mr. Wratten:

Subject: Roundup Ultra Herbicide

EPA Pesticide Petition No. 0F6130 (Grasses)

EPA Pesticide Petition No. 0F6195 (Non-Grass Animal Feeds) EPA Pesticide Petition No. 1F6273 (Roundup Ready Wheat)

MON 78623 58% Technical Solution

EPA File Symbol 524-LGE

MON 78270 Herbicide

EPA File Symbol 524-LGT \vee

MON 78460 Herbicide

EPA File Symbol 524-LGO

MON 78271 Herbicide

EPA File Symbol 524-LGI

EPA Pesticide Petition No. 1F6295

Applications Dated March 28, July 19, 2000; March 21, 28, 2001; September 18, 2001, and January 9, 2002

The scientific review and evaluation of the information submitted in support of the subject petitions have been completed. The following are a summary of our conclusions and/or comments. Refer to enclosed copies of reviews for detailed discussion.

- 1. The proposed use directions for grasses are not adequate. A revised Section B must be submitted specifying a 0-day PGI and PHI for the proposed postemergence use on grass forage and include a 30-day plant back restriction for rotational crops.
- 2. The proposed use directions for non-grass animal feeds are not adequate. A revised Section B must be submitted specifying a 30-day plant back restriction for rotational crops.
- 3. The proposed use directions for Roundup Ready Wheat are not adequate. A revised Section B must be submitted stating that the maximum combined application rate is 4.875 lb ae /A/ season when more than one type of application (preemergence, postemergence, or preharvest) is made and include a 30-day plant back restriction for rotational crops. Specifically, the maximum use pattern for Roundup Ready Wheat consists of the following: 160 ounces (oz) of Roundup Ultra as preplant/preemergence application + 16 oz postemergence over-the-top + 32 oz preharvest application=208 oz total.
- 4. The nature of the residue in and plants and livestock are adequately understood.
- 5. Adequate analytical methods are available.

- 6. No additional storage stability data are required.
- 7. The crop field trials for glyphosate in grass forage and hay are acceptable and satisfy the guideline requirements. The available data support the proposed tolerance of 300 ppm for the grass forage, fodder and hay group.
- 8. The submitted field trial data for wheat is acceptable and satisfies the guideline requirements for this use only. Additional field trial data to represent regions in which winter wheat is typically grown will be required for any expanded use to include winter wheat.
- 9. Available data indicate the residues of glyphosate will not exceed the currently established tolerance of 100 ppm for grain, cereal, stover, and straw group. The data supports the proposed tolerance of 10 ppm on wheat forage and hay. The data also indicate no discernable difference in glyphosate residue levels could be attributed to the wheat strain tested.
- 10. The available data indicate that a tolerance of 6.0 ppm is needed for wheat grain. A revised Section F must be submitted.
- 11. Insufficient data were submitted to support removal of the restriction against the use of additives (nonionic surfactants and ammonium sulfate) from the label. Treatment 5 provided data representative of the proposed use pattern including additives for wheat forage only. These data indicate an increase in average glyphosate residue levels of approximately 20% above what is obtained without additive use. Prior to removal of the additive restriction, additional data would be required reflecting use of additives in applications made according to the respective maximum proposed use patterns for wheat hay, grain, and straw. Thus, the current label restriction against the use of additives is appropriate and should be retained for wheat uses.
- 12. The crop field trials for nongrass animal feed (alfalfa and clover) are acceptable and support the proposed tolerance of 400 ppm for glyphosate per se in/on the animal feed, non grass group.
- 13. The submitted processed food/feed study is acceptable and indicates that residues occurring in wheat processed commodities will be covered by the existing tolerance of 20 ppm for wheat, milling fractions (except flour) and the proposed 100 ppm tolerances for aspirated grain fractions.
- 14. Because rotational crop data have not been submitted in support of a 0-day plant back interval (PBI) for rotational crops, the "30-day PBI for crops on which the use of glyphosate is not registered " must be placed back on the label.
- 15. The request to include the potassium salt to the glyphosate tolerance expression is acceptable.

Further action will await submission of revised sections F and B. Refer to enclosed reviews for details.

Sincerely,

James A. Tompkins J Product Manager 25 Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505C)





MOTISANTO COMPARY
600 13TH STREET, NW
SUITE 660
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005
http://www.monsanto.com

Sept. 5, 2001

Hand Delivered

Office of Pesticide Programs
Document Processing Center (APPL)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room 266A, Crystal Mall #2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202

Attention:

Mr. James A. Tompkins (7505C)

Team Leader (25)

LGT

Subject:

MON 78270 Herbicide (EPA Reg. No. 524-xxx)

Request for Registration of a New Pesticide Product

Data Submission: R.D. No. 1550

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

Monsanto herein submits 9 volumes of information as R.D. 1550 in support of our Application to Register a new pesticide product identified as MON 78270 Herbicide, a formulated end-use product containing the potassium salt of glyphosate for use to control weeds in food crop and non-food sites.

R.D. 1550 includes one volume of administrative information, followed by eight volumes of product chemistry, and acute mammalian toxicity data. Proposed labels for use, the Confidential Statement of Formula, an Application for Pesticide Registration and other associated administrative materials can be found in Volume 1, along with explanatory information on the basis of the label and CSF. For your administrative use, I also enclose attached to this letter three (3) additional copies label contained in Volume 1.

I should note that the proposed label for MON 78270 is identical to the recently submitted Master Label for Roundup Ultra / Roundup Pro under EPA Reg. No. 524-475, with

Mr. Tompkins Page 2 Sept. 5, 2001

adjustments made in application rates to keep the amount of glyphosate acid equivalents applied constant.

Monsanto also requests approval of the potassium salt manufacturing-use product, MON 78623 58% Technical Solution (EPA File Symbol 524-LGE), which will be used to prepare MON 78270 Herbicide, as well as Pesticide Petition 1F6295, which will establish a residue definition in 40 CFR 180.364 (a) that includes "potassium" as an allowed salt form of glyphosate for the purposes of food tolerances. An application to register this manufacturing-use product was submitted in March 2001. Its approval and the tolerance regulations change are necessary to support the present registration application.

If you have any questions on this matter please feel free to contact me through Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202-383-2878) or by direct phone (314-694-1582), fax (314-694-4028), or electronic mail at stephen.j.wratten@monsanto.com.

Sincerely,

Stephen J. Wratten

Manager, Registrations

. in 1940

CC:

RD 1550 MON 78270 cov.doc

M. C. Gray

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs

MONSANTO COMPANY 700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH ST LOUIS, MO 63198

Report of Analysis for Compliance with PR Notice 86-5

Thank you for your transmittal of 09/11/01. Our staff has completed a preliminary analysis of the material. The results are provided as follows:

Your submittal was found to be in full compliance with the standards for submission of data contained in PR Notice 86-5. A copy of your bibliography is enclosed, annotated with Master Record ID's (MRIDs) assigned to each document submitted. Please use these numbers in all future references to these documents. Thank you for your cooperation. If you have any questions concerning this data submission, please raise them with the cognizant Product Manager, to whom the data have been released.

TRANSMITTAL DOCUMENT

SUBMITTED BY

Monsanto Co. 800 N. Lindbergh Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63167

REGULATORY ACTION IN SUPPORT OF WHICH THE PACKAGE IS SUBMITTED

Support the Application for Registration of MON 78270 Herbicide

DATA GUIDELINES

Series 61, 62, and 63 [OPPTS Series 830]

81-1, 81-2, 81-3, 81-4, 81-5, 81-6 [OPPTS Series 870,1200 - 870,2600]

TRANSMITTAL DATE

Sept. 5, 2001

SUBMISSION NUMBER

R.D. 1550

LIST OF SUBMITTED DATA:

Volume	Monsanto Study Number	Author	Title
1	R.D. 1550	Wrauen, Stephen J.	Administrative Materials in Support of Registration of MON 78270 Herbicide.
			MRID Admin.
2	MSL-17415	Gunter, C. A	Product Chemistry Data to Support the Registration of MON 78270 Herbicide
			MRID 45504801

خ	\$B-2001-045	Bonnette, Kimberly L	An Acute Oral Toxicity Study in Rats with MON 78270
			MRID 45504802
1	SB-2001-046	Bonnette. Kimberly L	An Acute Dermal Toxicity Study in Rats with MON 78270
			MRID 45504803
5	SB-2001-047	Bonnette, Kimberly L	An Acute Nose-Only Inhalation Toxicity Study in Rats with MON 78270
			Rais with MON 78270
			and the second
			MRID 45504804
6	SB-2001-010	Bonnette, Kimberly L	A Primary Eye Irritation Study is Rabbits with MON
			78270
			MRID 45504805
			MRID 43304003
7	SB-2001-048	Bonnette, Kimberly L	A Primary Skin Irritation Study in Rabbits with MON 78270
			MRID 45504806
8	SB-2001-095	Bonnette, Kimberly L	A Primary Skin Irritation Study in Rabbits with 30%
			Dilution of MON 78270
			MRID 45504807
9	SB-2001-049	Bonnette, Kimberly L	A Dermal Sensitization Study in Guinea Pigs with
			MON 78270 - Modified Buehler Design
			45504808
-		H1 1/11 les	MRID 43304800
COMP	ANY OFFICIAL:	LUDW/UU/	
		Stephen J. Wratten	
		Manager, Registrations	
	ANY NAME:	Monsanto Co. Dr. Marsha C. Gray (202)	1-783-7878

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

9/13/2001

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Monsanto Company 600 13th Street NW, Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005

PRODUCT NAME: MON 78270 Herbicide COMPANY NAME: Monsanto Company OPP IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: 286601

EPA FILE SYMBOL: 524-LGT EPA RECEIPT DATE: 9/12/01

SUBJECT: RECEIPT OF APPLICATION FOR A NEW REGISTRATION

DEAR REGISTRANT:

The Office of Pesticides Programs has received your application for a new registration and it has passed an administrative screen for completeness.

Please note that this is only a notification of receipt of our application. This is only the first step in the application process, and does NOT constitute approval.

If you have any questions, please contact Product Manager 25, James Tompkins at (703)-305-5697.

Sincerely,

Front End Processing Staff Information Services Branch

Information Resources & Services Division

NIFT	Form Approved. OMB No. 2070-0060				
United States Environmental Protection Age Washington, DC 20460	X Registration OPP Identifier Number				
Application for	Pesticide - Section I				
. Company/Product Number 524-XXX- LCT	2. EPA Product Manager Mr. James Tompkins None Restricted				
N. Company/Product (Name) MON 78270 Herbicide	PM8 25 V				
Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Monsanto Company 600 13th Street, N.W., Suite 660 Washington, DC 20005	6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No				
Check if this is a new address	Product Name				
Sec	tion - II				
Amendment - Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated Notification - Explain below.	Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated "Me Too" Application. Other - Explain below.				
Sec	tion - III				
1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:					
Yes Yes No. per If "Yes" No. per	Soluble Packaging Yes No No S" No. per ge wgt container 2. Type of Container Metal Plastic Glass Paper Other (Specify)				
3. Location of Net Contents Information 4, Size(s) Retail Cont Label Container	iner 5. Location of Lebel Directions On Label On Labeling accompanying product				
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product Lithograph Other Stenciled					
Section - IV					
1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of ind	vidual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)				
Name Title Dr. Marsha Gray Re	Telephone No. (Include Area Code) gistration Manager (202) 783-2460				
Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attact I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement r	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

3. Title

5. Date

4. Typed Name Stephen J. Wratten, Ph.D. Manager, Registrations

September 5, 2001

Section B

MON 78270 Herbicide

Directions for Use

Proposed Master Labeling Text	20 - 13	37
Explanation of Label Text Source	. 138 - 14	43

Explanation of Label Statements

The proposed label originated from approved uses for Roundup Ultra herbicide (524-475), Roundup Pro Herbicide (524-475), and Roundup UltraMAX herbicide (524-512), modified as needed for the individual properties of MON 78270 Herbicide in consideration of the guidance provided by the EPA Label Manual. The proposed label is organized as a "Master Label", to facilitate updating and expansion as new uses are approved in the future. It includes:

Part I – primary labeling text for crop uses

Part Π – Supplemental labeling for crop uses

Part III – Primary labeling text for non-crop uses

Part IV – Supplemental labeling for non-crop uses

This is the same basic label as we will propose as a Master label for other glyphosate herbicides.

There are <u>no</u> uses or use sites proposed for MON 78270 Herbicide that are not already approved by EPA for glyphosate-containing herbicides. The application rates proposed herein are essentially the same as presently approved for glyphosate herbicides, when compared on an acid equivalent basis. The stated maximum use rates throughout this label <u>do not exceed</u> those already allowed and labeled for these uses on an acid equivalent basis.

Ingredients statements. The chemical name for glyphosate is used, according to PR Notice 97-5. The terminology "Other Ingredients" in accordance with PR Notice 97-6 is used. The content statements in grams per liter and pounds per gallon of glyphosate potassium salt are derived from the product's density (1.3555 g/mL or 11.311 lb/gal) and the nominal percentages by weight specified in the CSF in accordance with Pesticide Regulation Notice 91-2:

🗂 Calculated in terms of glyphosate potassium salt content 🔍

glyphosate potassium salt ($0.58 \times (0.4881 \times 11.311 \text{ lb/gal}) = 5.52$	1 5.521 lb/gal x 453.8 g/lb ÷ 3.785
0.8416) = 0.4881% [round]		L/gal = 661.9 [round to 660 g/L]
48.8%] by weight	l and the same and are in the same and the s	Light do no (notified to door grad)

Calculated in terms of glyphosate acid content ...

glyphosate acid (0.4881 x	(0.3983 x 11.31 lb/gal) = 4.505	4.505 lb/gal x 453.8 g/ib ÷ 3.785
(0.8161*) = 0.3983 [round to	lb/gal [round to 4.5 lb/gal]	L/gal = 540.1 [round to 540 g/L]
39.8%] by weight		

^{*}ratio of molecular weights of glyphosate acid: glyphosate potassium salt (169.08 / 207.17) is 0.8161.

Precautionary Text. Acute toxicity studies (Volumes 3 - 9 of this submission) showed:

870.1100	Acute oral	IV .
870.1200	Acute dermal	IV
870.1300	Acute inhalation	III
870.2400	Eye irritation	m
870.2500	Skin irritation – product concentrate as sold	Ш
870.2500	Skin irritation – 30% aqueous dilution	IV
870.2600	Sensitization	No

On the basis of these findings, using the EPA's Label Review Manual, Chapter 8, precautionary statements and personal protective equipment statements were included. The appropriate signal word is CAUTION! Based on the pending PR Notice 2001-1 ("First Aid Statements on Pesticide Product Labels"), the new format for First Aid Statements and boxed format are used.

A Note to Physician was <u>not</u> included because there is no known antidote for the effects of this active ingredient, acute poisoning is not expected based on the favorable toxicity testing, and there are no characteristic symptoms of poisoning which should be highlighted. PR Notice 2001-1 indicates that a Note to Physician is only required when the product is rated in Category I.

In addition to the standard six acute toxicology studies conducted on MON 78270 herbicide concentrate, Monsanto has conducted and submitted a second skin irritation study using a 30:70, MON 78270:water, dilution to represent the most concentrated application solution that is likely to be used by applicators. The result of this dilution study showed that such a 30% water solution was non-irritating to the skin (Category IV). Based on that finding, we propose to include the following sentence in the label in addition to the PPE statement required for handling the product concentrate:

"Applicators, when handling aqueous spray solutions in which the concentration of this product is 30% or less, must wear the PPE specified above, except that gloves are not required during such application."

We believe that this statement provides appropriate precautionary guidance to applicators. Wearing gloves during spray applications can be uncomfortable and awkward when handling complex spray equipment and motor-driven machinery. Applicators generally do not like such a requirement, although they recognize the need for gloves when mixing and loading. When data can be developed to show that gloves during application are unnecessary, it is reasonable to remove this requirement as we propose. EPA's Label Manual (Chapter 8, page 22 of 23) provides for including additional precautionary label language pertaining to use dilutions as long as data are provided to support the statements.

Some uses of MON 78270 Herbicide are within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS); it is intended for spraying in either agricultural or non-agricultural situations. As a result, the Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and personal hygiene statements are formatted and organized in the label according to the instructions in Pesticide Regulation Notice 93-7 rather than as outlined in the Label manual. In addition, according to direction from EPA Product Manager 25, the term "waterproof gloves" as specified in PR-93-7 has been changed in the label to "chemical resistant gloves greater than 14 mils in thickness composed of materials such as butyl rubber, natural rubber,

neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber"

Environmental Hazards. The standard text from the Label Manual, which is also consistent with the Glyphosate RED (1993), has been used.

<u>Physical or Chemical Hazards</u>. The only hazard to be notified it the possibility of reaction of glyphosate solutions with steel to release hydrogen gas. The text is standard on all glyphosate product labels.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Agricultural Use. Because most of the proposed uses of MON 78270 Herbicide are within the scope of WPA, an Agricultural Use box is included. A Non-Agricultural Use box is also included because some of the uses fall outside the WPS scope. Based on the policy described in 60 FR 21965 and in Pesticide Regulation Notice 95-3, this product requires a 4-hour Reentry Interval (REI) because it contains only glyphosate active ingredient and the acute toxicity qualifies for a CAUTION signal word. The Ag Use box includes that requirement, along with the appropriate reentry PPE, including the new glove statement discussed above.

Storage and Disposal. It is intended that MON 78270 Herbicide will be distributed in various plastic jugs or drums, both refillable and non-refillable, as well as in bulk trucks, bulk tanks, and large refillable shuttle mini-bulk drums. Appropriate language for these various container types is included in the proposed primary labeling, and will be relocated to the appropriate container label for manufacturing. This label text is based on the already approved directions in other related glyphosate herbicides and in the Label Review Manual, Chapter 13.

General Information. The information in this section, Parts I and III, is that found on the Roundup Ultra Herbicide and Roundup Pro labels.

Mixing and Spraying instructions.

The proposed text is adapted from Roundup Ultra and Roundup Pro Herbicides, incorporating the recently adopted language from the Spray Drift Task Force, which the Agency has recommended for inclusion in other glyphosate-based agricultural herbicides. Some of the precautionary information for use of selective equipment (hooded sprayers and wipers) has been expanded and modified to provide growers the best up-to-date information to avoid crop damage.

Use Rates:

MON 78270 Herbicide is similar to Roundup Ultra, Roundup Pro, Roundup UltraMAX, and Roundup Pro Concentrate Herbicides, except that it has a higher concentration of glyphosate in the form of its potassium salt. The maximum allowed volume-based application rates throughout the proposed label have been reduced from those of the traditional 3 lb glyphosate acid equivalent per gallon product line according to the amount of glyphosate acid active ingredient loading in MON 78270 Herbicide (4.5 lb per gallon). The maximum rates proposed are therefore targeted to be 66% of those approved for Roundup Ultra and Roundup Pro Herbicides [356 g/L \div 540 g/L = 0.659] on a volume basis. The maximum annual application rates (Part I, Sections 5; Part III, Section 5) for crop and non-crop situations have been reduced to 5.3 quarts per acre and 7.0 quarts per acre, respectively. The maximum percentage concentration for hand-held sprayers (Part I, Section 6.3 Table; Part III Section 6.3 Table) has been reduced to 7%. The maximum single treatment rates recommended in the Weed Rate Tables (Part I, Sections 13, 14, and 15) have been reduced to 3.3 quarts per acre. Similarly, the stated maxima at various other points in the label, particularly in the Roundup Ready® Section and in the preharvest crop treatments have all been converted using the 0.66 multiplier.

<u>Use Sites</u>: Use sites are within the set of uses approved for Roundup Ultra Herbicide, Roundup UltraMAX Herbicide, and Roundup Pro Herbicide (524-475) as mentioned above.

<u>Limit of Warranty and Liability</u>. Monsanto indicates herein a preference, but not an enforceable requirement, that this product be used for reformulation or repackaging only with Monsanto's permission, and further indicates that uses outside this preference will not be warranted.

Supplemental Labels. Supplemental labels are included in Parts II and IV of the Master label. Primarily these are instructions that are geographically limited or which are for very specialized uses such as seed production of new glyphosate-tolerant varieties that very few customers would need. Specifically, aerial labels for application in California, Fresno County, and Arkansas are included there and referenced in the main label. The text is identical to that presently approved for Roundup Ultra Herbicide, except that the use rates are scaled using the 0.66 factor as above.

Section D Residue Removal Procedures

Residue Removal Procedures
The proposed uses of MON 78270 Herbicide are not expected to lead to crop residues above established food tolerances, so no residue removal procedures are needed.

Section E Effectiveness Data

Effectiveness Data
Monsanto requests that the Administrator waive the requirement of efficacy data under provision 3(c)(5) of FIFRA as amended.

Section F
Tolerances

Tolerances

The present residue definition in 40 CFR 180.364 (a) should be amended to include potassium as an allowed form of glyphosate for application to food crops. Pesticide Petition 1F6295 was filed in March, 2001, proposing that change. That petition should be granted in order to approve this registration application for MON 78270 herbicide.

The use instructions proposed for MON 78270 herbicide involve treatment of food and feed crops at rates and timings that are equivalent to the use rates for other glyphosate herbicides comprised of isopropylamine, ethanolamine, and ammonium salts of glyphosate, as well as products including glyphosate in its acid form. It is believed that the water solutions of glyphosate and surfactant that are sprayed for weed control are essentially the same, regardless of the accompanying positive ion. Once in or on the plant, the two ions are completely dissociated and will behave independently, so that the ultimate food residues, if any, are independent of the salt form applied. For that reason, the existing food tolerances, based primarily on studies conducted with the isopropylamine salt of glyphosate, are numerically sufficient to cover the proposed uses of MON 78270 herbicide, once the residue definition is revised.

Section G Reasonable Grounds

Reasonable Grounds to Support of the Registration of MON 78270 Herbicide

Monsanto herein is applying for registration of an end-use herbicide product MON 78270 Herbicide. The active ingredient in this product will be glyphosate in the form of its potassium salt. MON 78270 herbicide will use the manufacturing-use product MON 78623 58% Technical Solution (EPA File Symbol 524-LGE) as a source for the active ingredient. A registration application for MON 78623 58% Technical Solution was filed dated 28-Mar-2001, along with Pesticide petition 1F6295 proposing to include potassium as an allowed for of glyphosate for food uses. The registration of MON 78623 58% Technical Solution and the granting of Pesticide Petition 1F6295 are needed to support the present application.

MON 78270 herbicide has significant benefits for growers, distributors, and the environment compared to other glyphosate herbicides. Primarily, these are storage, pumping, compatibility, and handling characteristics of the concentrated product that facilitates its safe and effective use by distributors, retailers and growers. These benefits are discussed in more detail below.

With regard to agronomic performance, preliminary greenhouse and field testing has shown that MON 78270 herbicide, based on potassium glyphosate, offers weed control and crop safety that is not different from Roundup Ultra or Roundup UltraMAX commercial herbicides in side-by-side trials. In the 2001 summer season, additional work has been undertaken to reinforce this preliminary conclusion. However, based on the initial findings, we propose herein that labeling for MON 78270 will be the same as those for existing products when compared on an equivalent glyphosate acid basis.

Benefits of potassium-glyphosate based herbicides

Convenience to growers of a more concentrated product – MON 78270 herbicide
 contains 50% more glyphosate acid per gallon than Roundup Ultra herbicide.

- Environmental benefit realized by employing the potassium salt of glyphosate in place
 of organic amines potassium is an abundant natural element in surface soils and
 sediments, minimizing the need to produce and apply synthetic counterions.
- Because MON 78270 is more concentrated, fewer containers, trucks, train cars, and storage facilities are required to transport a given amount of weed control to the use sites.
- MON 78270 Herbicide has low viscosity compared to isopropylamine- or ethanolamine-based products, and therefore it can be pumped more rapidly in bulk systems. This is a benefit to dealers and growers handling large volumes of product.
- MON 78270 Herbicide does not crystallize or thicken unacceptably at low temperatures, and therefore dealers or users do not have to be concerned about these matters which can sometimes occur with concentrated products based on organic amines.
- Because it does not use a flammable organic amine counterion, there is less fire risk during manufacture.
- Potassium hydroxide is an extremely widely used industrial chemical that is available
 from many sources, so that it does not require any special manufacturing capacity to
 support the production of organic amines for the glyphosate herbicide business.

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